

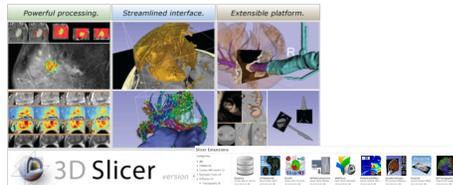
The 3DSlicer Open Source Software Platform for Segmentation, Registration, Quantitative Imaging, and 3D Visualization of Multi-Modal Image Data

Sonia Pujol, Ph.D., Steve Pieper, Ph.D., Andriy Fedorov, Ph.D., Ron Kikinis, M.D.

About 3D Slicer

3D Slicer is a multi-platform, free, open source and extensible software package for visualization and medical image computing. The software platform is community created for the purpose of subject specific medical image analysis and visualization.

- Multi-modality imaging including, MRI, CT, US, nuclear medicine, and microscopy
- Multi organ from head to toe
- Bidirectional interface for devices
- Expandable and interfaced to multiple toolkits



History: Slicer was initiated as a Masters thesis project between the Surgical Planning Laboratory at the Brigham and Women's Hospital and the MIT Artificial Intelligence Laboratory in 1998. Slicer has been downloaded over 100,000 thousand times worldwide. A variety of publications were enabled by the Slicer software. A new, completely re-architected version of Slicer was developed and released in 2007. Subsequently, version 3.2 was released in May of 2008, version 3.4 was released in May of 2009, version 3.6 of Slicer was released in November of 2010, version 4.0 was released in November of 2011, version 4.1 was released in June of 2012, version 4.2 was released in November 2012. The newest version of Slicer is version 4.3.

License: Slicer executables and source code are available under a BSD-style, free open source licensing agreement under which there are no reciprocity requirements, no restrictions on use, and no guarantees of performance. Slicer leverages a variety of toolkits and software methodologies that have been labeled the NA-MIC kit. For more information, please visit <http://wiki.na-mic.org/Wiki/index.php/NA-MIC-Kit>

Disclaimer: 3D Slicer is not FDA approved or CE marked, and is for research use only.

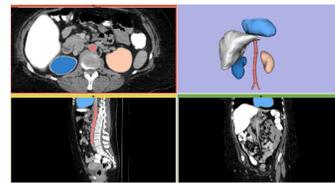
The Slicer Extension Manager allows the integration of special-purpose code to the platform.

Slicer 4 download statistics



Segmentation & Registration

Segmentation is required for defining features of interest in imaging data for quantification and analysis.



3D Slicer has a variety of interactive and automated segmentation methods:

- support for manual contouring and editing
- region growing and level sets
- graph cuts with gesture support
- skull stripping and hierarchical brain segmentation for morphological studies

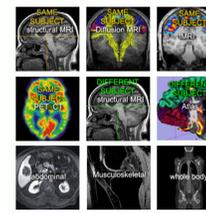
The desktop application provides interactive visualization of the results and an intuitive GUI.

Timeseries analysis and multi-subject analysis require good registration of imaging data acquired at different times, on different scanners, and across modalities.

Slicer also provides a variety of registration methods and resources to support versatile applications:

- Deformation models: rigid, affine, non-rigid, fluid
- Algorithm types: fiducial-, surface-, intensity-based
- Image types: scalar, vector, tensor

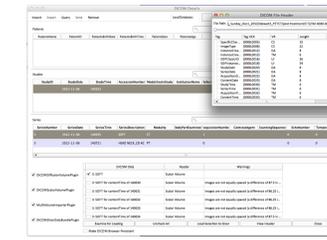
Google "na-mic registration documentation" for the extensive collection of Slicer registration cases and recipes



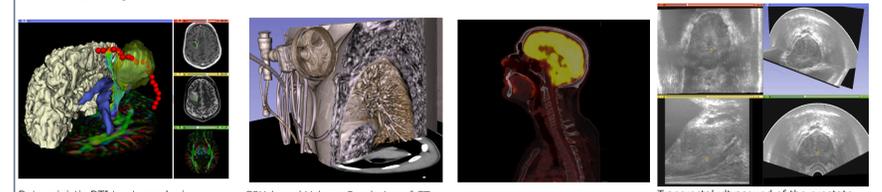
Some of the registration applications covered in the 3D Slicer extensive Registration Case Library.

Multi-modality Visualization

3D Slicer integrates standard radiological viewing capabilities for MR, CT, PET and Ultrasound data in multiple image file formats, including DICOM. A combined visualization of multiple imaging modalities and derived data can provide clinician scientists with an integrated understanding of anatomy and pathology.



- Support of 2-, 3- and 4-D image data visualization (reformats, volume rendering)
- modality-independent (MR, CT, PET, US and more)
 - DICOM data exchange interoperability
 - parameter maps and VOIs
 - surface models & glyphs
 - measurement tools & annotations
 - charts



Deterministic DTI tractography in a neurosurgical case. GPU-based Volume Rendering of CT scan of the thorax. PET/CT combined visualization. Transrectal ultrasound of the prostate performed using Public Library for Ultrasound imaging (PLUS) <https://www.assembla.com/spaces/plus/wiki>

Quantitative Analysis

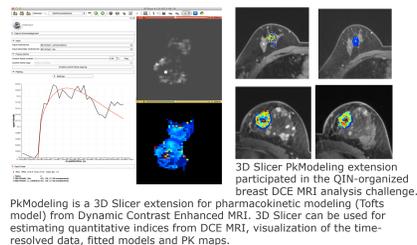
Many hundreds of imaging biomarkers are used in clinical practice, drug discovery and development. A free and open source platform can improve access to standard methods of image quantification and rapidly translate experimental methods into the clinical research setting for validation and refinement.

- 3D Slicer includes tools to quantify:
- PET/CT studies (SUV body weight)
 - Tumor growth (experimental)
 - Tumor response to treatment (measurements for RECIST)
 - DCE-MRI (pharmacokinetics)



Quantitative Image Informatics for Cancer Research (QIICR) tools and standards support for cancer imaging biomarker development:

- Motivated by active projects of NCI Quantitative Imaging Network (QIN)
- User-oriented tools for quantitative assessment of treatment response in glioblastoma, head and neck, and prostate cancer
- Improved support of DICOM to facilitate sharing of the results



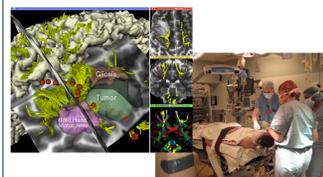
PKModeling is a 3D Slicer extension for pharmacokinetic modeling (Tofts model) from Dynamic Contrast Enhanced MRI. 3D Slicer can be used for estimating quantitative indices from DCE MRI, visualization of the time-resolved data, fitted models and PK maps.

Clinical Research Applications

3D Slicer has been used in clinical research, with IRB clinical protocols appropriately created and managed. The extensible architecture of the software allows the development of specialized packages such as SlicerRT for radiotherapy research, and SlicerIGT for image-guided therapy.

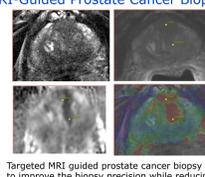
In image-guided therapy (IGT) research, Slicer is frequently used to construct and visualize collections of MRI data that are available pre- and intra-operatively, and to display the tracked spatial position of surgical instruments.

Image-Guided Neurosurgery



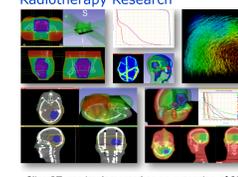
3D Slicer has been used extensively for brain tumor resection planning and guidance during the surgery. Integration of 3D Slicer with the surgical navigation BrainLab system allows to track surgical instruments in real-time, and transfer the position to 3D Slicer. This enables intra-operative context-dependent visualization of the critical structures in the proximity of the surgical tool. This project is a joint collaboration between BWH, Yale University and BrainLab.

MRI-Guided Prostate Cancer Biopsy



Targeted MRI guided prostate cancer biopsy attempts to improve the biopsy precision while reducing the number of tissue samples that need to be collected. This is achieved by first using diagnostic multi-parametric MRI to highlight the suspicious areas. The biopsy procedure takes place in the MR bore. Deformable registration is used to fuse the diagnostic image data to the intra-procedural configuration of the gland.

Radiotherapy Research



SlicerRT was implemented as an extension of 3D Slicer for Radiotherapy Research. The feature set of SlicerRT was defined through consensus discussions with a large pool of RT researchers, including both radiation oncologists and medical physicists. Slicer RT functionalities include importing and loading DICOM-RT data, computing and displaying dose volume histograms, creating accumulated dose volumes, comparing dose volumes, visualizing isodose lines and surfaces.

Community, Learning & Support

To support user and developer communities and the effective translation of tools into the clinical research setting, the 3D Slicer Project provides many outreach materials and activities including:

- Hands-on Training Workshops
- Tutorial Materials & datasets
- DataStore extension for easy upload and download from database of anonymed datasets
- Reference Style Documentation
- User and developer mailing lists
- Project week events for Developers

