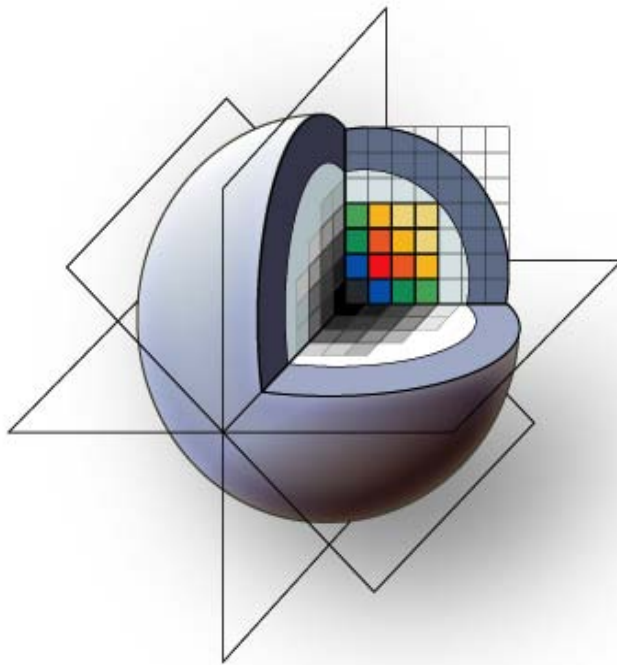




Slicer3 Training Tutorial

Robot-assisted MRI-guided prostate biopsy using 3D Slicer



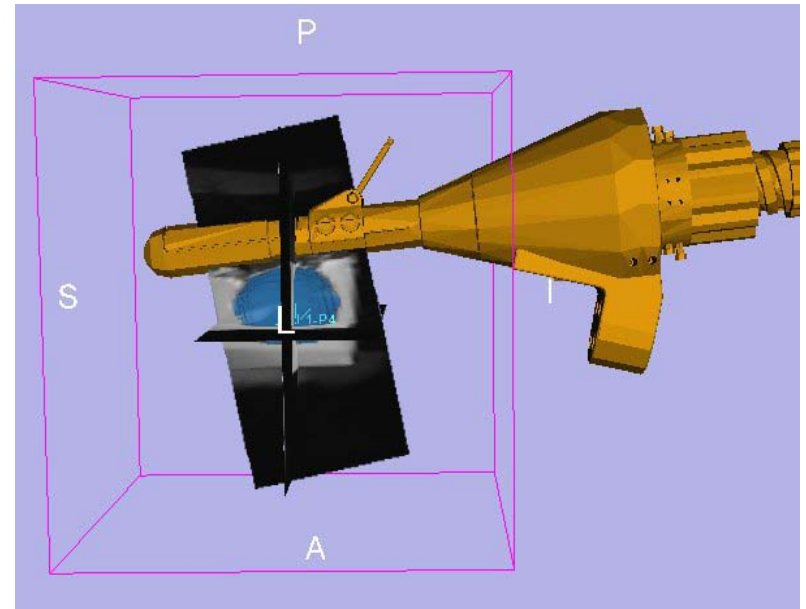
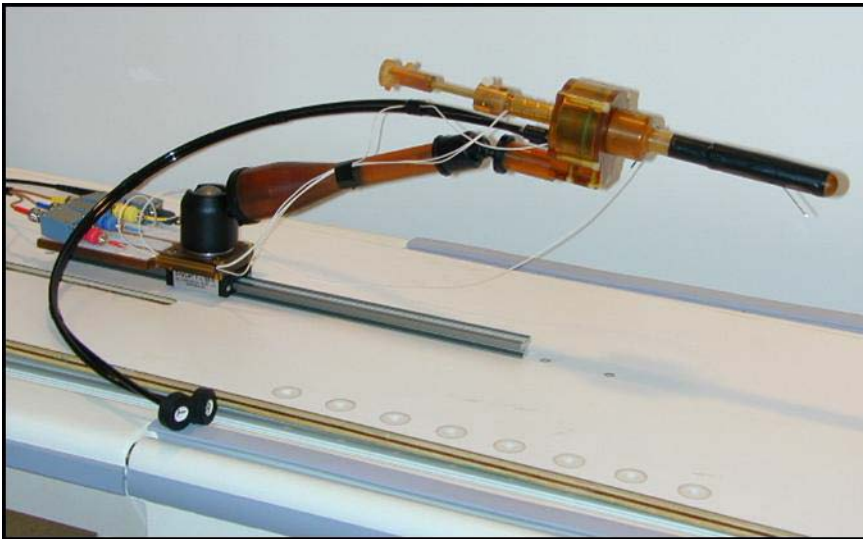
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Nobuhiko Hata, Gabor Fichtinger

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Learning Objective

This tutorial demonstrates how to perform a MRI-guided robot-assisted prostate biopsy and seed placement using 3D Slicer. It is **not necessary** to have access to a **robotic device** or an **MRI scanner** to complete the tutorial.





Prerequisites

This tutorial assumes that you have already completed the tutorial **Data Loading and Visualization**. Tutorials for Slicer3 are available at:

<http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/index.php/Slicer3.4:Training>

Sample dataset can be downloaded from:

<http://hdl.handle.net/1926/1619>

The following image series are needed for this tutorial:

- Sag 3POINT PLAN (calibration image)
- T2 AXIAL (planning image)
- Needle Ax (needle insertion confirmation image)
- AX SEED CONFIRMATION (seed placement confirmation image)



MRI-guided prostate biopsy: clinical background

- Prostate cancer, most common cancer in men
- Core needle biopsy definitive diagnostic for prostate cancer
- TRUS has been “Gold standard” for guiding biopsy
- MRI/MRS offers high sensitivity for localizing tumor
- Robotic access required inside scanner^{1,2}

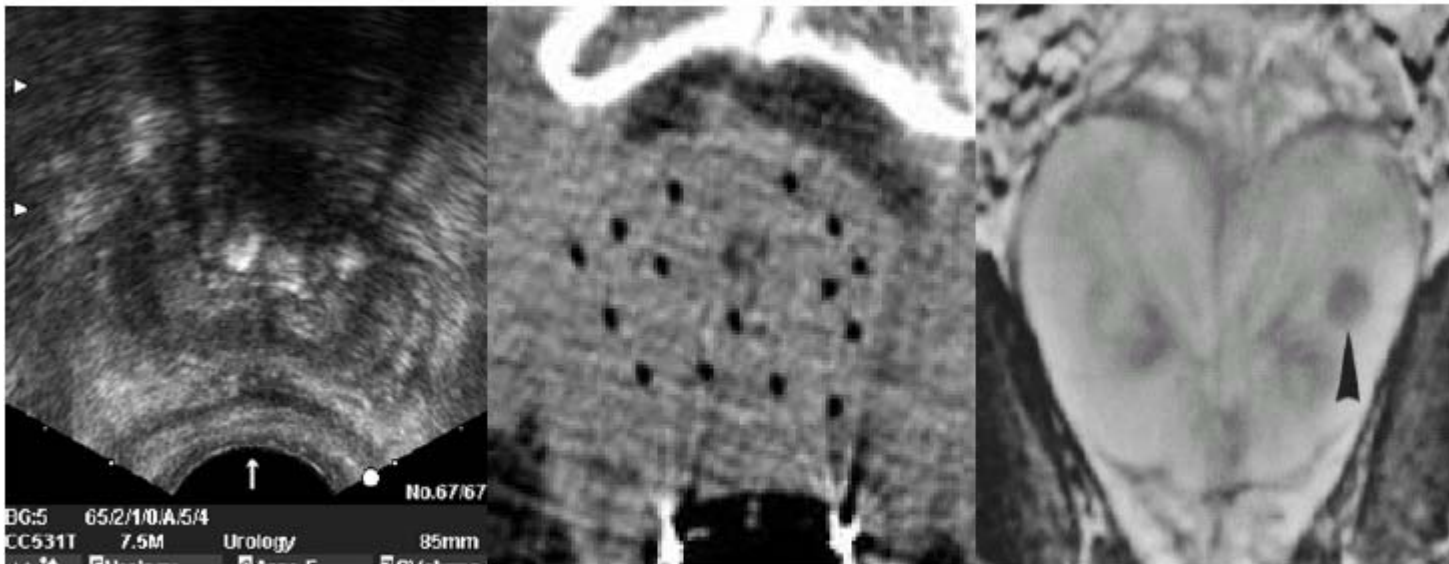
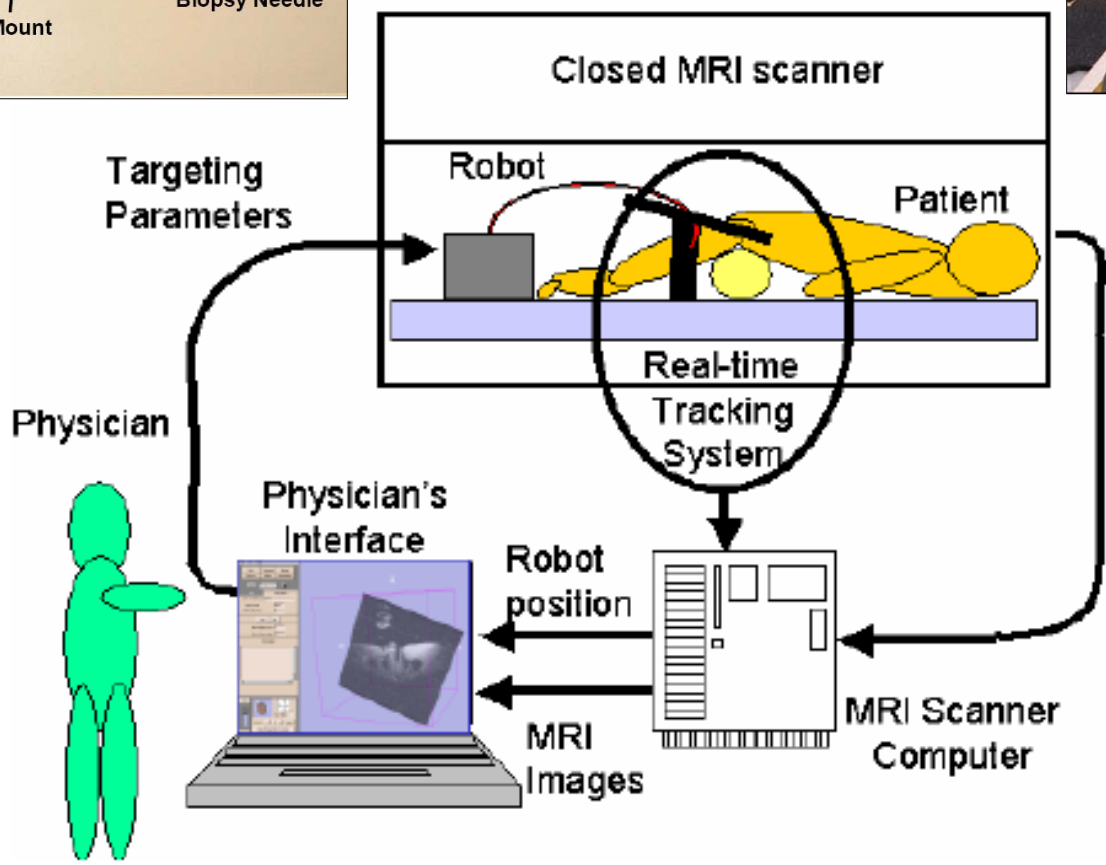
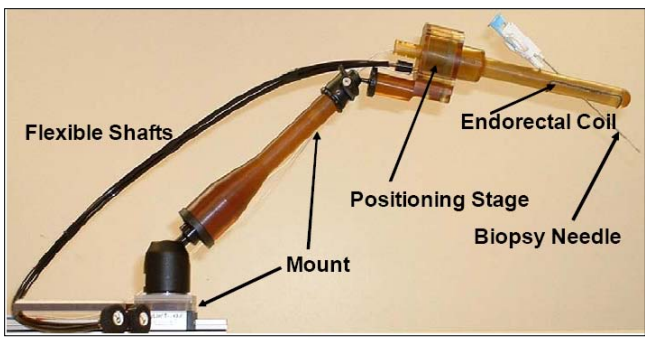


Figure 1.1: Prostate images from ultrasound, CT, and MRI

Systems overview





More information

Detailed information about the transrectal procedure:

[1] Krieger A, Susil RC, Menard C, Coleman JA, Fichtinger G, Atalar E, Whitcomb LL, Design of A Novel MRI Compatible Manipulator for Image Guided Prostate Intervention, IEEE Trans. Biomed. Eng. 2005; 52(2):306-313

[2] Susil RC, Ménard C, Krieger A, Coleman JA, Camphausen K, Choyke P, Ullman K, Smith S, Fichtinger G, Whitcomb LL, Coleman NC, Atalar E, Transrectal Prostate Biopsy and Fiducial Marker Placement in a Standard 1.5T MRI Scanner, J Urol. 2006 Jan;175(1):113-20



Clinical workflow

1. Acquire a calibration volume, calibrate/register robot to MR coordinate system
 2. Acquire targeting volume, pick/mark biopsy or seed targets
 3. Perform needle insertion
 4. Acquire verification volume (with needle still in place)
 5. Verify the needle position
-

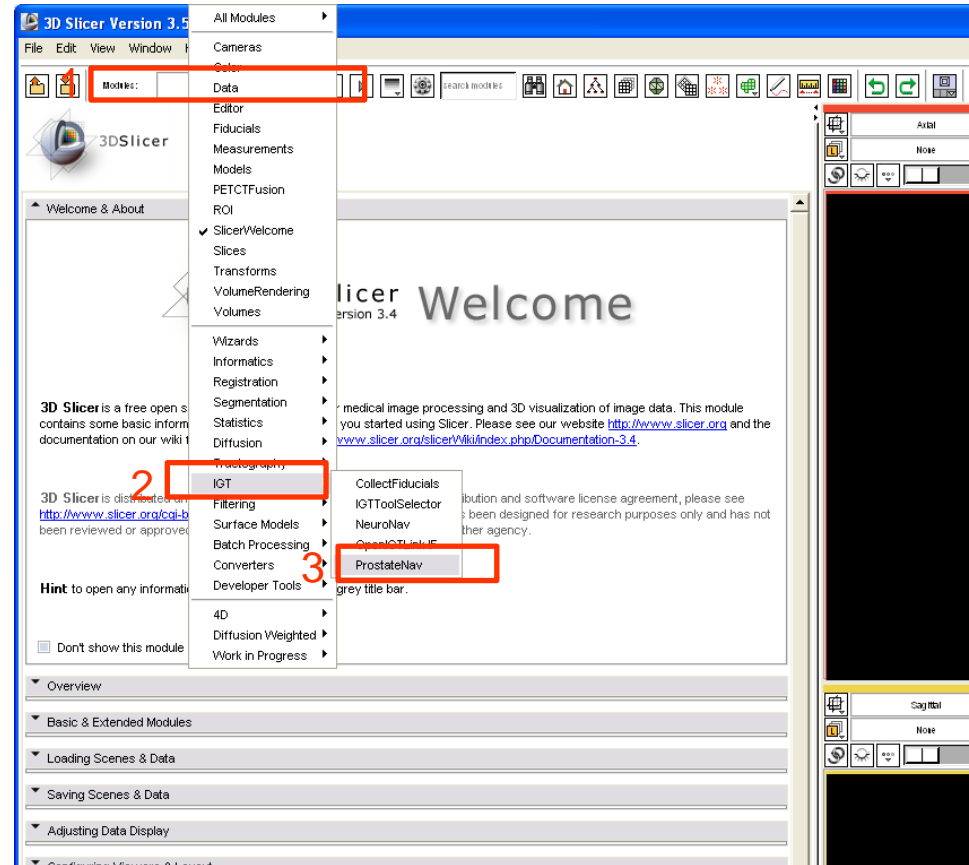
Set up and calibration

Start the ProstateNav module

When 3D Slicer is started it shows the Welcome window on the left.

To see the user interface of the prostate biopsy navigation module:

- 1 – Click on the “Modules” list
- 2 – Click on the “IGT”
- 3 – Click on the “ProstateNav”

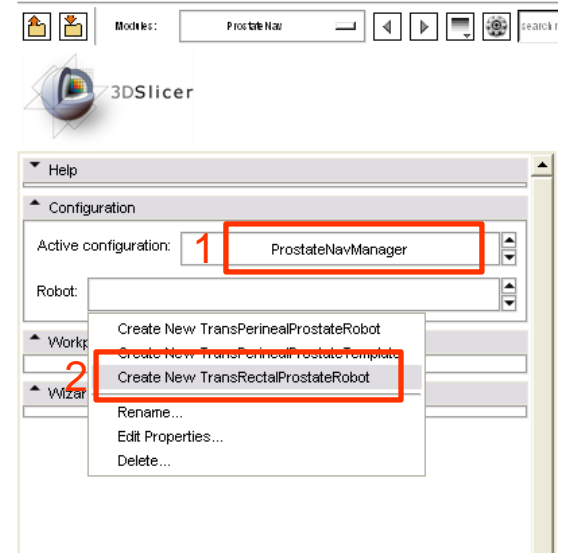


Select a robot device

Before starting the procedure the needle guidance device has to be set up.

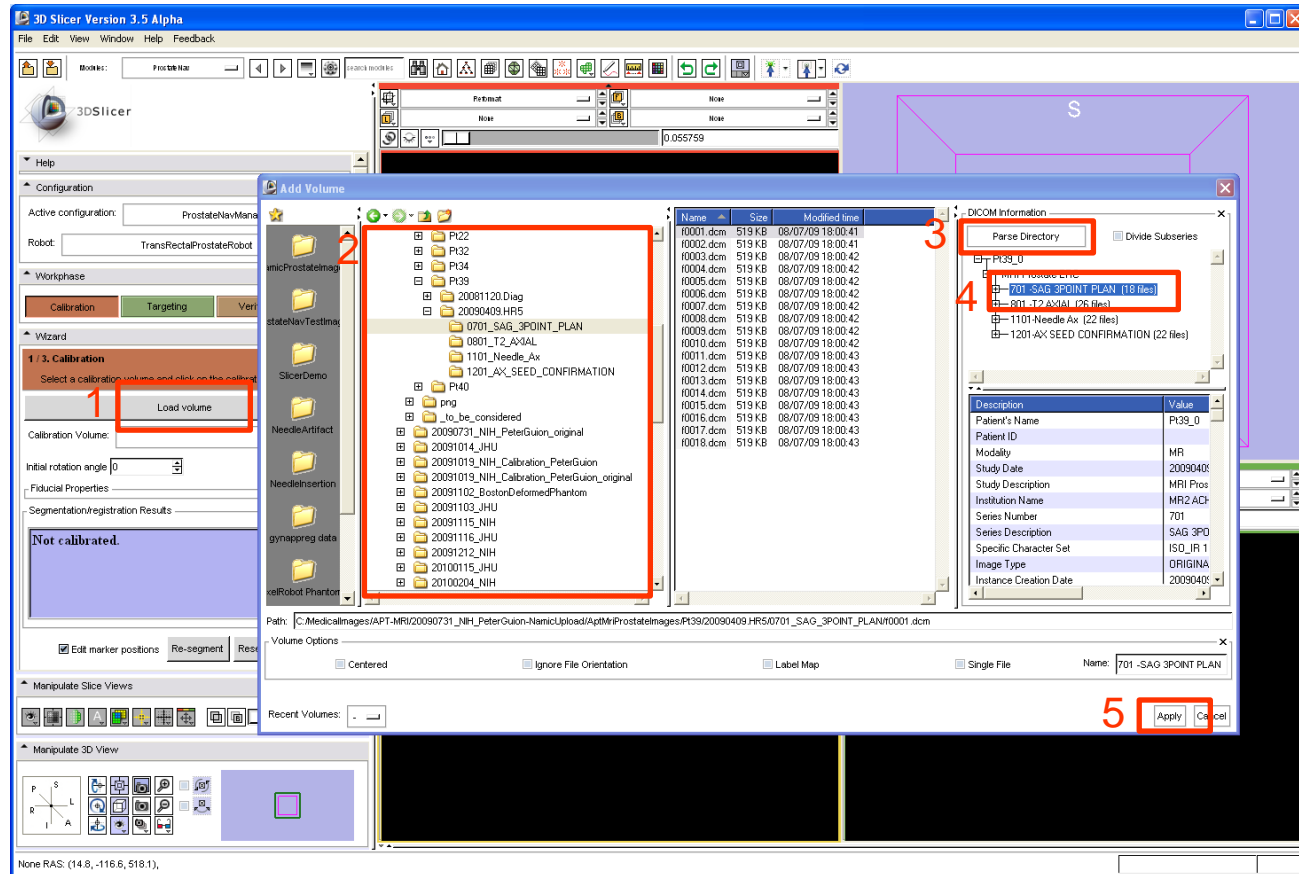
- 1 – Click on the “Active configuration” list and select “Create New ProstateNavManager” to create a new ProstateNavManager node. All the calibration, planning, targeting, and verification information will be saved into this node.
- 2 – Click on the “Robot” list and select the device that will be used for the needle insertion. This tutorial presents the workflow for the transrectal robotic device, so choose the “Create New TransRectalProstateRobot” item

When the robotic device is selected then the Workphase and Wizard windows are updated to show the transrectal procedure workflow steps.



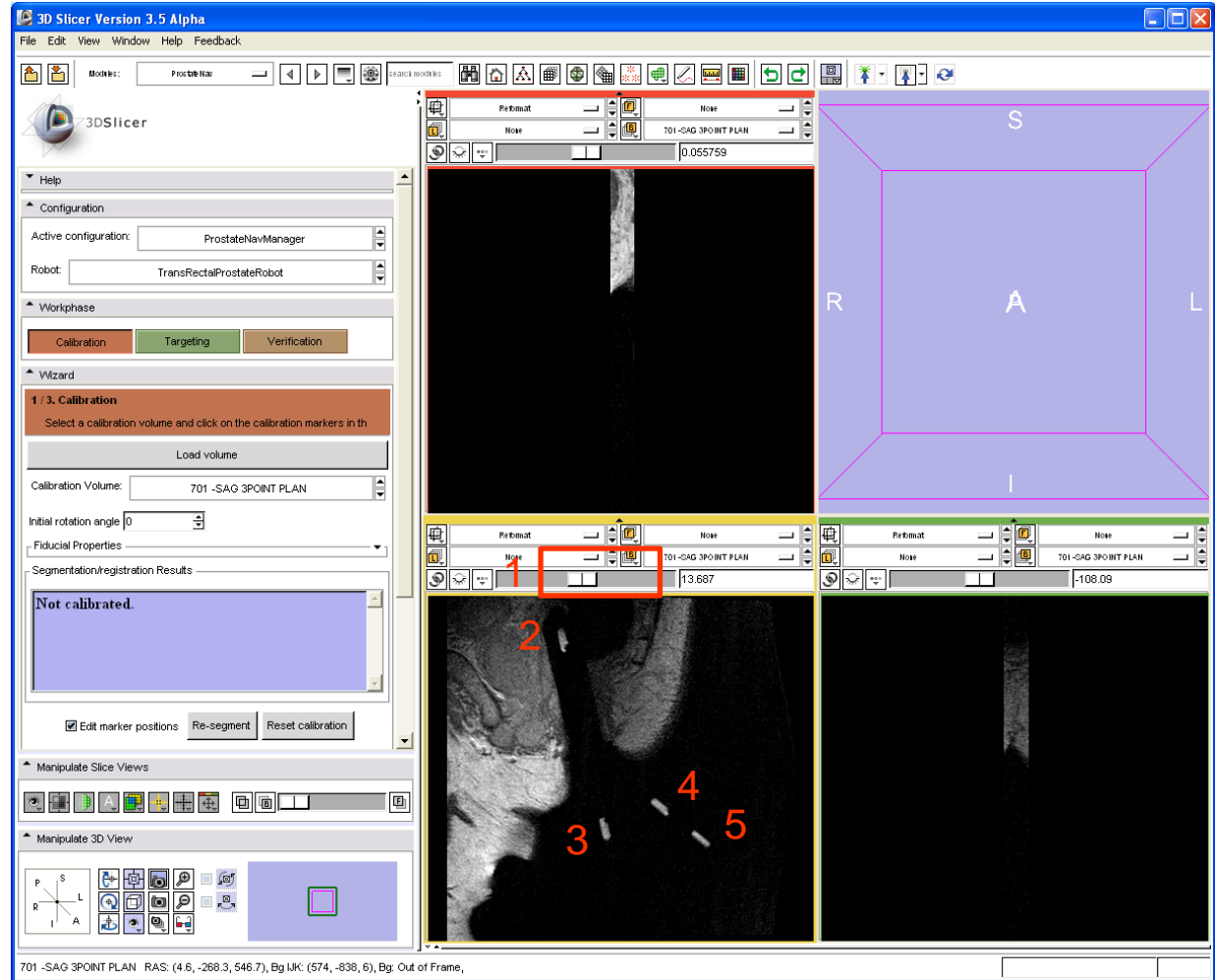
Load calibration image

- 1 – Click on the “Load volume” button
- 2 – Select the image folder in the folder tree
- 3 – Click on “Parse directory”
- 4 - Select the calibration image: “701 Sag 3Pt Plan”
- 5 - Click “Apply”



Mark calibration fiducials

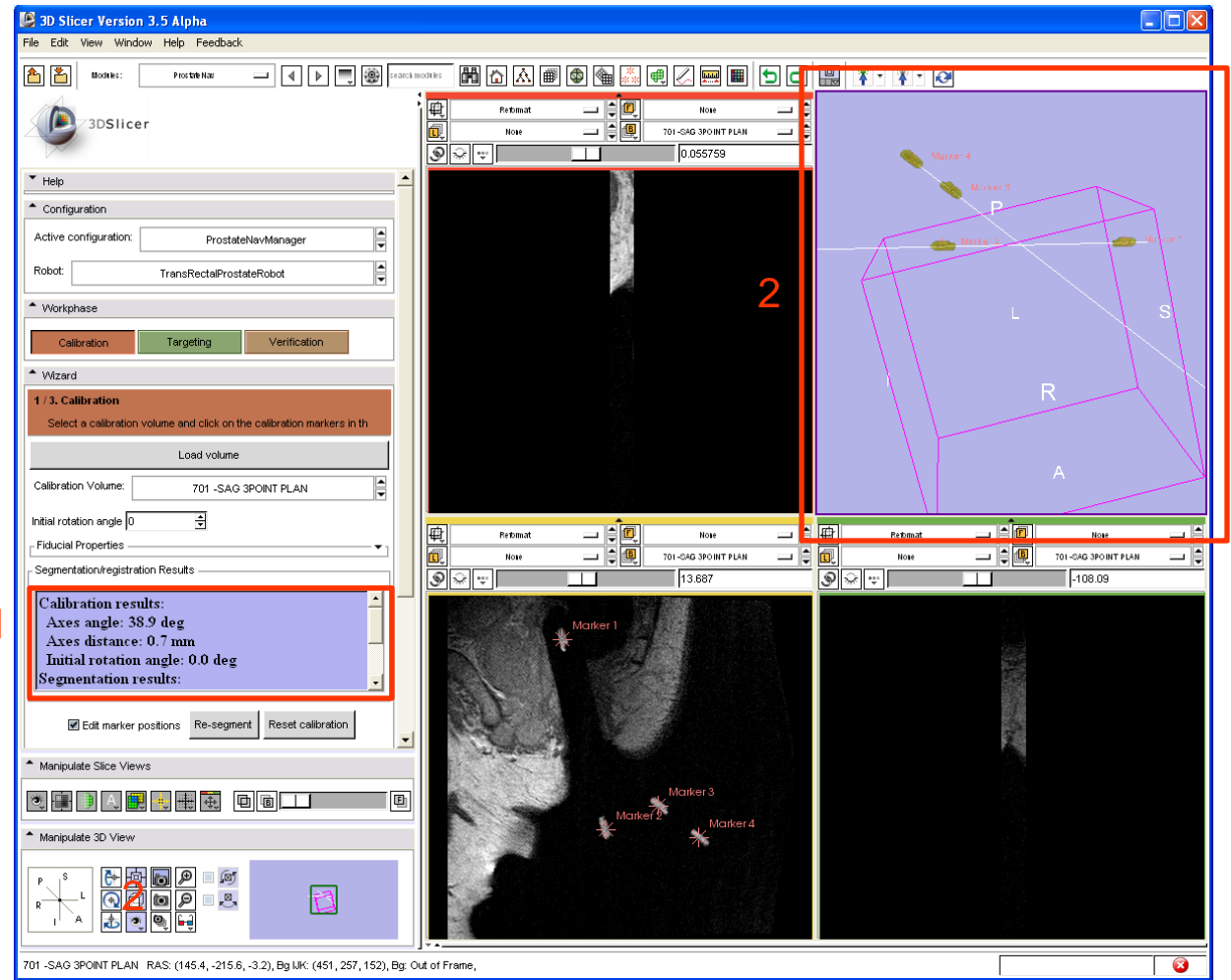
- 1 – Select a slice where the fiducials are visible by using the slider above the image and/or using the mouse wheel
- 2..5 – In any of slice views, click near the center of each marker



Review calibration results

1 – Numerical results displayed (axes angle, distance)

2 – The segmented fiducials are shown in the 3D viewer window.



Refine calibration results



If either the numerical results or the displayed marker segmentation indicates that the calibration might be inaccurate (large axes distance, axes angle different from 37 deg, marker contours are uneven or incomplete), then calibration can be refined:

A – Click on the small arrow next to “Fiducial Properties” to show the

B – segmentation parameters

Fiducial size: W/H/D = width/height/depth of the region around the clicked point where automatic marker detection is performed.

Fiducial radius: only voxels that are closer to the axis than this radius will be included in the automatic marker detection region.

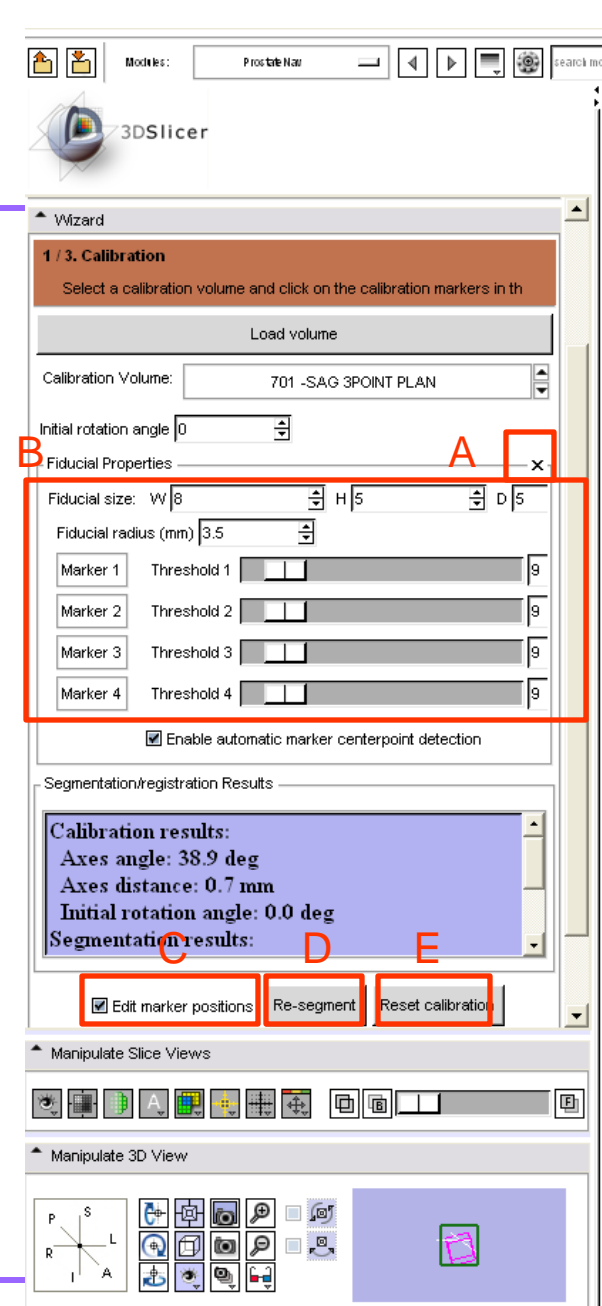
Threshold: marker segmentation threshold

Enable automatic marker centerpoint detection: If enabled, then marker center will be automatically detected, near the clicked position, using the fiducial size, radius, and threshold parameters. If disabled then the clicked positions will be used as marker centerpoint positions.

C – Edit marker positions: enable this checkbox to set the mouse mode so that clicks on the image places fiducial markers

D – Re-segment: click to re-run automatic marker detection algorithm after changing segmentation parameters

E – Reset calibration: removes calibration markers



Target planning and needle insertion

Load targeting image

1 – Click on the “Targeting” button to move to the planning and targeting workflow step

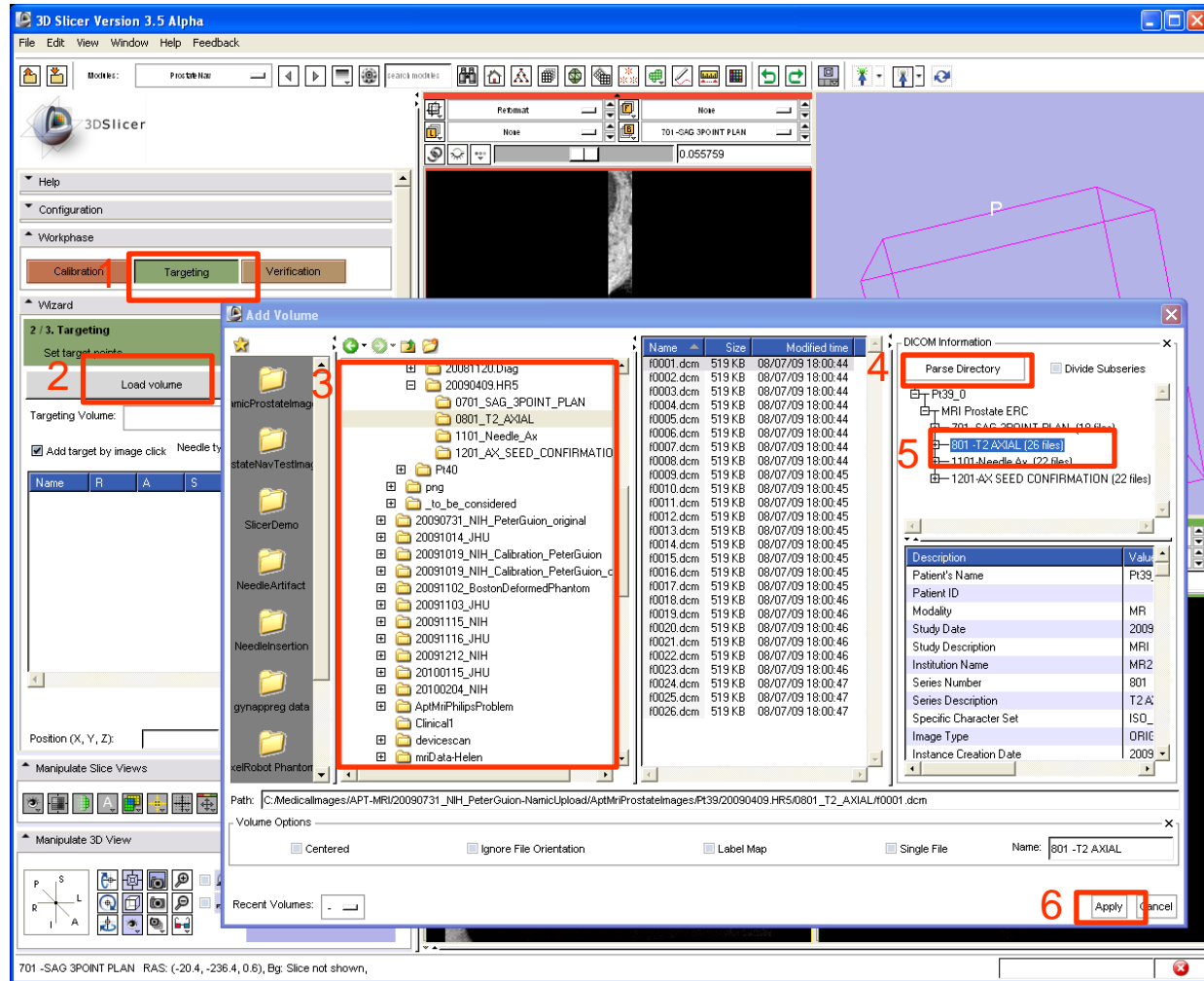
1 – Click on the “Load volume” button

2 – Select the image folder in the folder tree

3 – Click on “Parse directory”

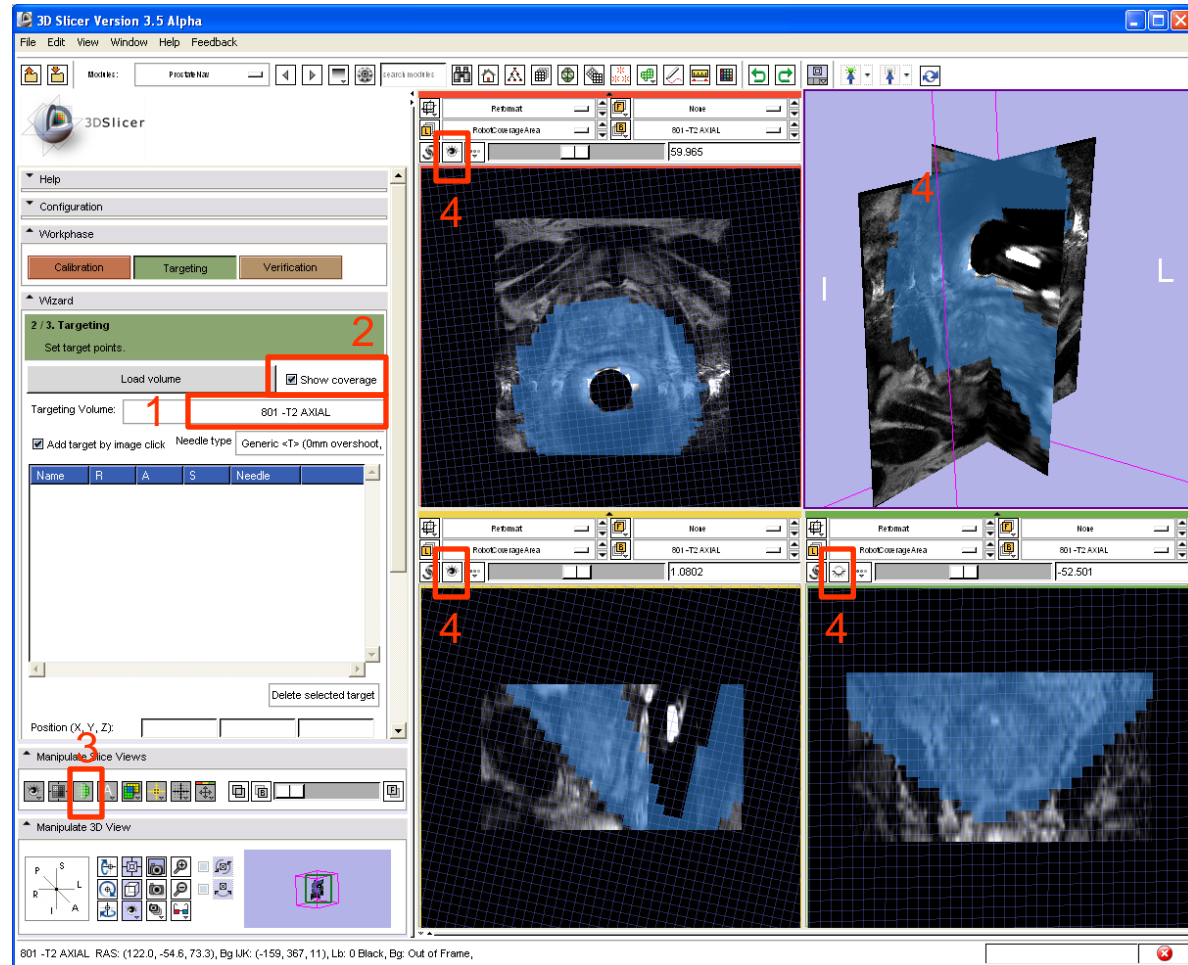
4 - Select the targeting image: “801 - T2 AXIAL Plan”

5 - Click “Apply”



Prepare target planning

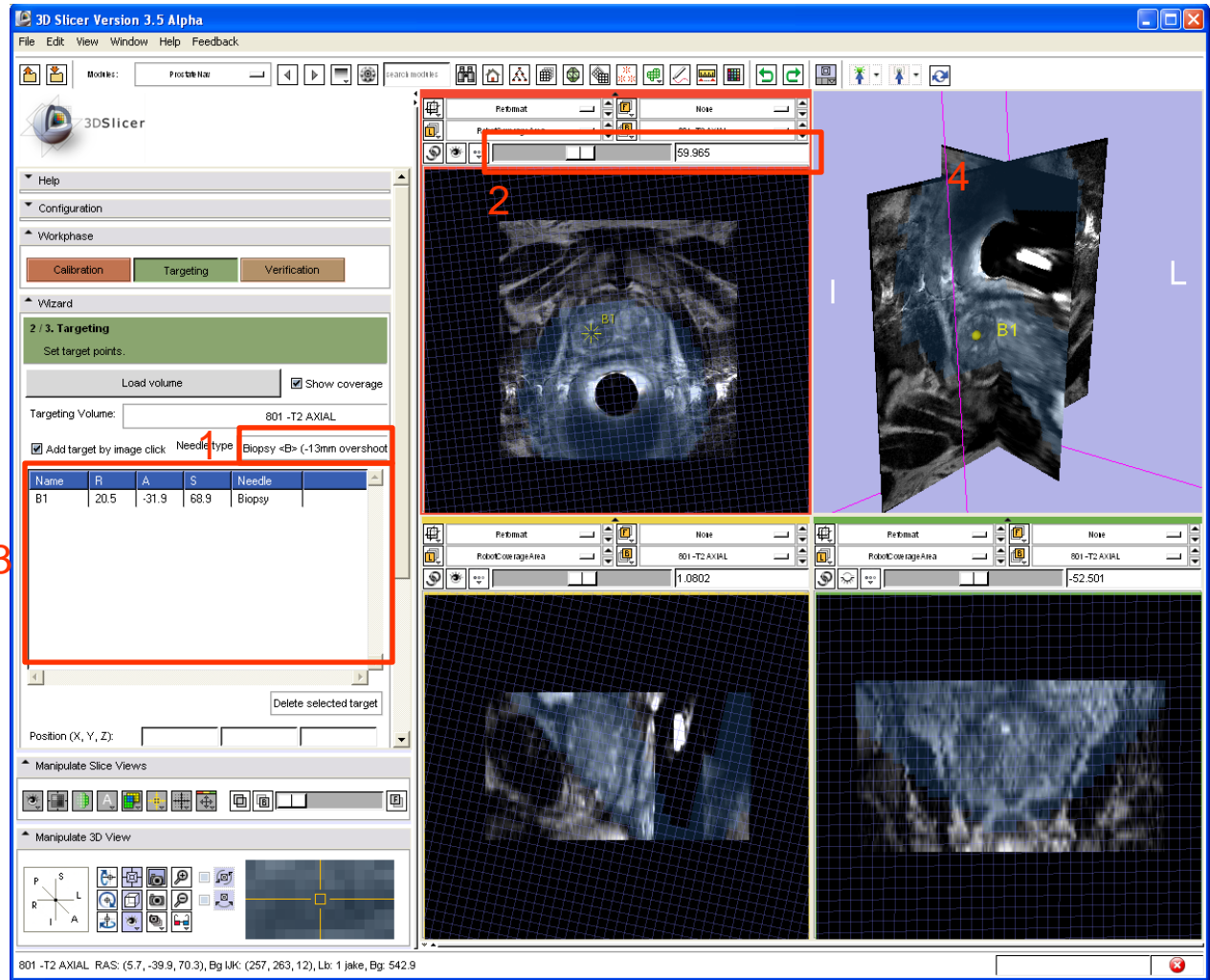
- 1 – Select the targeting volume (801 – T2 AXIAL)
- 2 – Click “Show coverage” and browse through the slices to verify that the device can reach all the desired target areas (displayed as a blue overlay)
- 3 – Click on the label layer opacity icon and move the slider to adjust coverage area display opacity
- 4 – Click the “eye” icons to show/hide a slice in the 3D viewer



Define targets

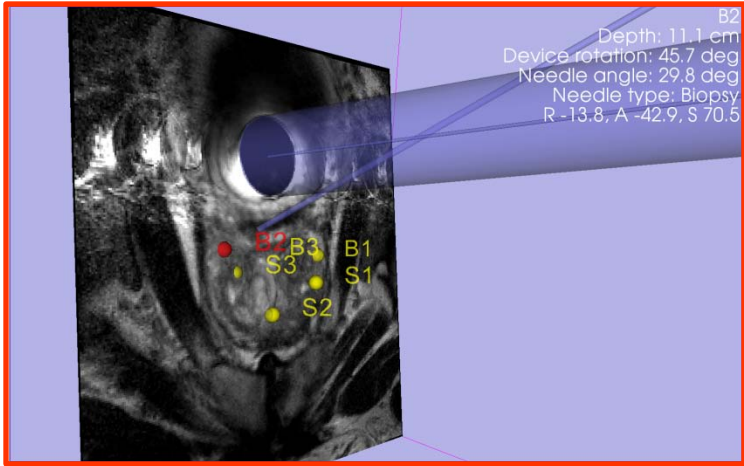
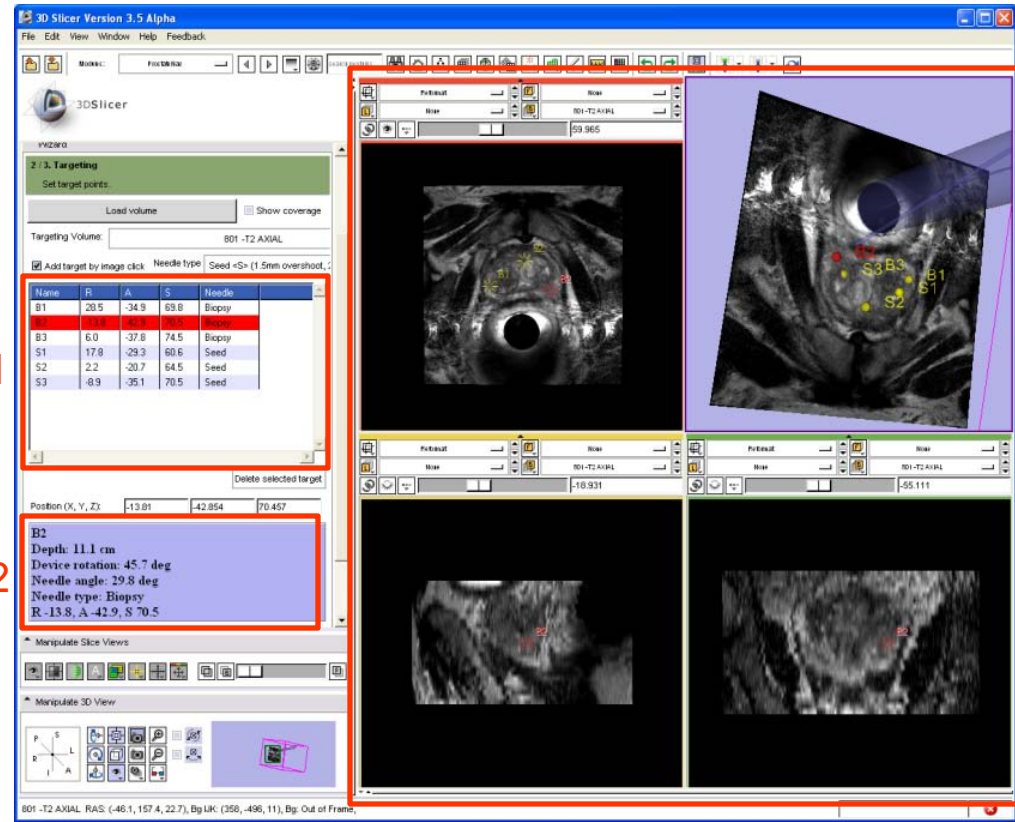
Perform the following steps for each target:

- 1 – Select the needle type
- 2 – Navigate to desired slice in any of three views, and pick a target by clicking
- 3 – Target and its targeting parameters populated in the list (double-click on any of the position value to enter a specific R/A/S coordinate value)
- 4 – Target point is displayed in the 3D view



Needle insertion

- 1 – Click on a target in the target list
- 2 – Targeting parameters are shown below the target list
- 3 – The target and needle trajectory is displayed in all the slice views and in the 3D view
- 4 – 3D view and targeting parameters are displayed in the secondary (procedure room) monitor

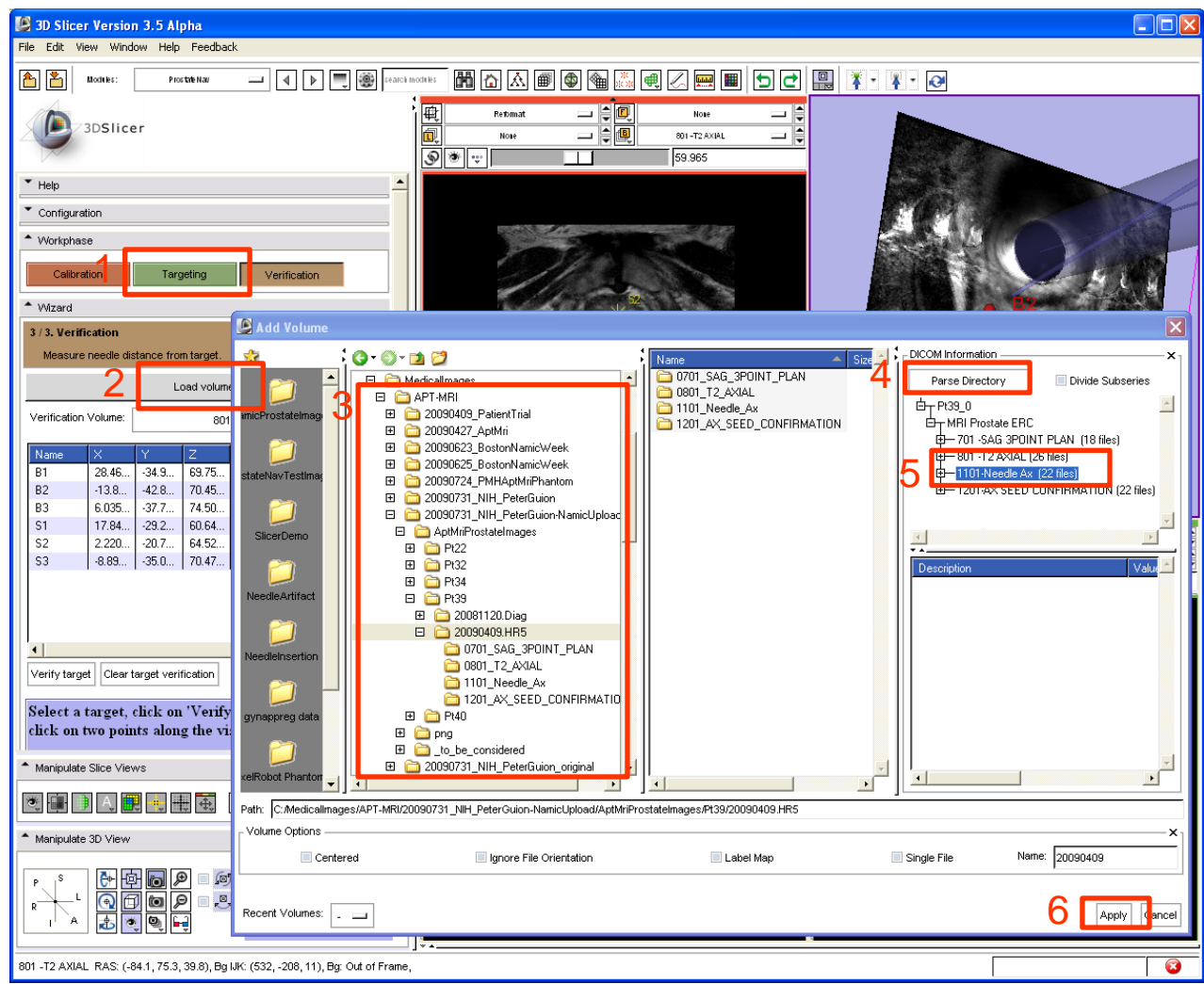


3 The robot is motorized, one has to manually set the displayed targeting parameters on the robot manipulator and insert the needle.

Verification

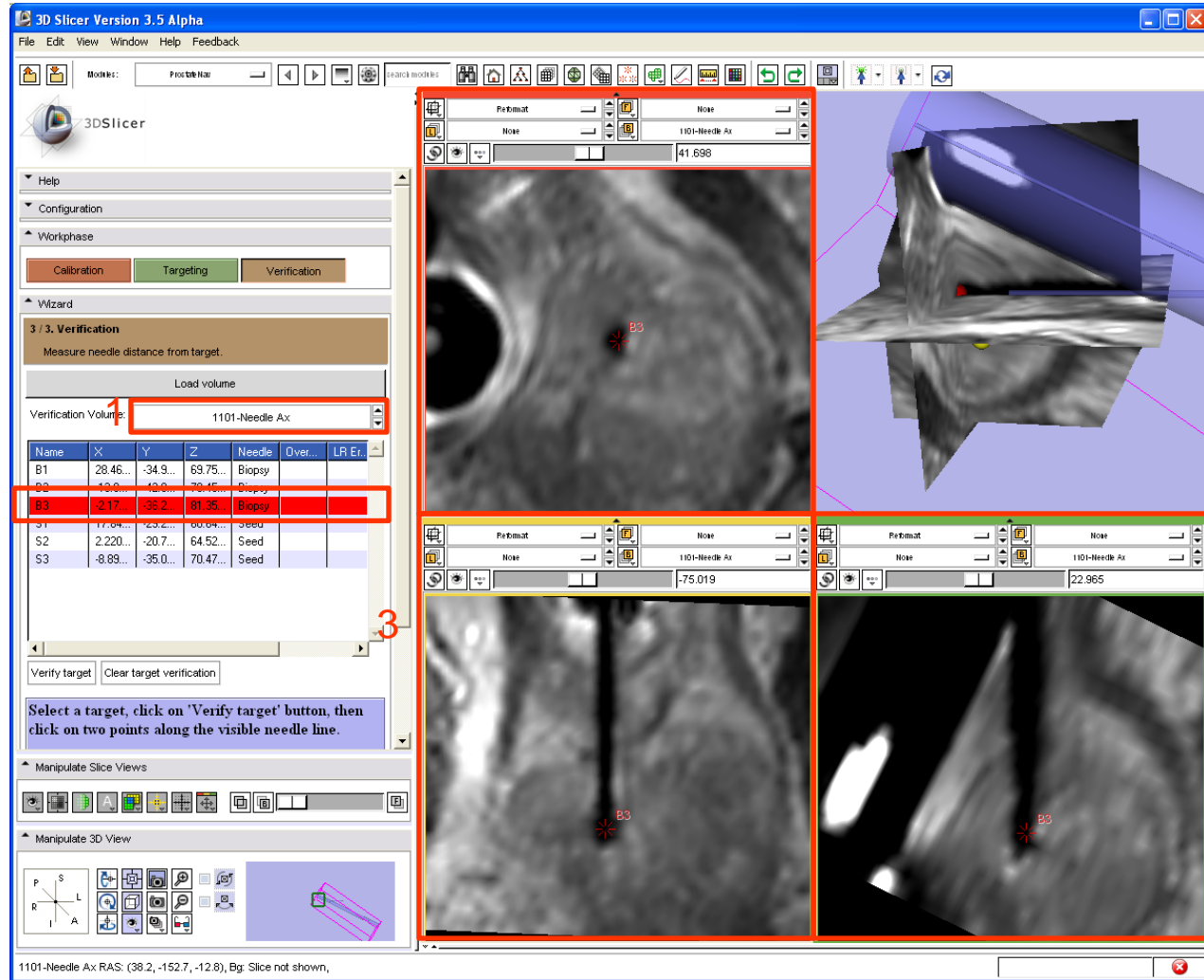
Load verification image

- 1 – Click on the “Verification” button to move to the verification workflow step
- 1 – Click on the “Load volume” button
- 2 – Select the image folder in the folder tree
- 3 – Click on “Parse directory”
- 4 - Select the verification image: “1101-Needle Ax”
- 5 - Click “Apply”



Verify target visually

- 1 – Select the verification image (where the needle is visible)
- 2 – Click on the target in the target list that corresponds to the needle in the image
- 3 – Three orthogonal slices are shown in the slice viewers, reformatted to be aligned with the planned needle trajectory



3D Slicer Version 3.5 Alpha

File Edit View Window Help Feedback

Model: ProstateHar

3DSlicer

Help
Configuration
Workphase
Calibration Targeting Verification
Wizard
3 / 3. Verification
Measure needle distance from target.
Load volume
Verification Volume: 1101-Needle Ax

Name	X	Y	Z	Needle	Over...	LR Er...
B1	28.46...	-34.9...	63.75...	Biopsy		
B2	43.6...	-42.0...	78.45...	Biopsy		
B3	-2.17...	36.2...	81.35...	Biopsy		
S1	17.04...	-23.2...	60.04...	Seed		
S2	2.220...	-20.7...	64.52...	Seed		
S3	-8.89...	-35.0...	70.47...	Seed		

Verify target Clear target verification

Select a target, click on 'Verify target' button, then click on two points along the visible needle line.

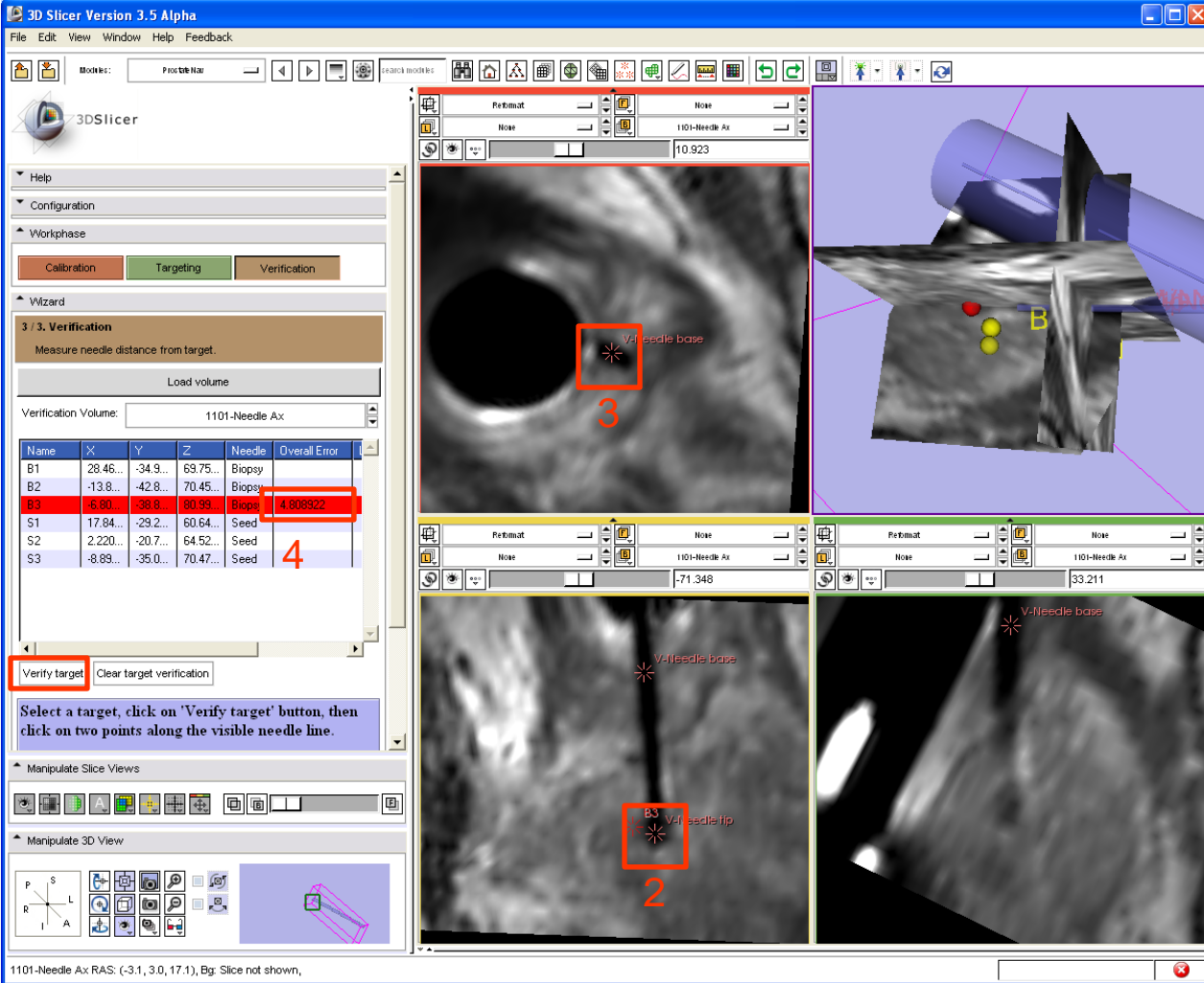
Manipulate Slice Views
Manipulate 3D View

1101-Needle Ax RAS: (38.2, -152.7, -12.8), Bg: Slice not shown,

Verify a target quantitatively

To quantitatively evaluate the targeting error:

- 1 – Click on “Verify target”
- 2, 3 – Click on the centerline of the needle at two different positions (anywhere along the needle, as far as possible from each other)
- 4 – The distance of the needle centerline from the target point is displayed in the target list



3D Slicer Version 3.5 Alpha

File Edit View Window Help Feedback

3DSlicer

3 / 3. Verification

Measure needle distance from target.

Load volume

Verification Volume: 1101-Needle Ax

Name	X	Y	Z	Needle	Overall Error
B1	28.46...	-34.3...	63.75...	Biopsy	
B2	-13.8...	-42.8...	70.45...	Biopsy	
B3	6.80...	-28.8...	60.99...	Biopsy	4.808322
S1	17.84...	-29.2...	60.64...	Seed	
S2	2.220...	-20.7...	64.52...	Seed	
S3	-8.89...	-35.0...	70.47...	Seed	

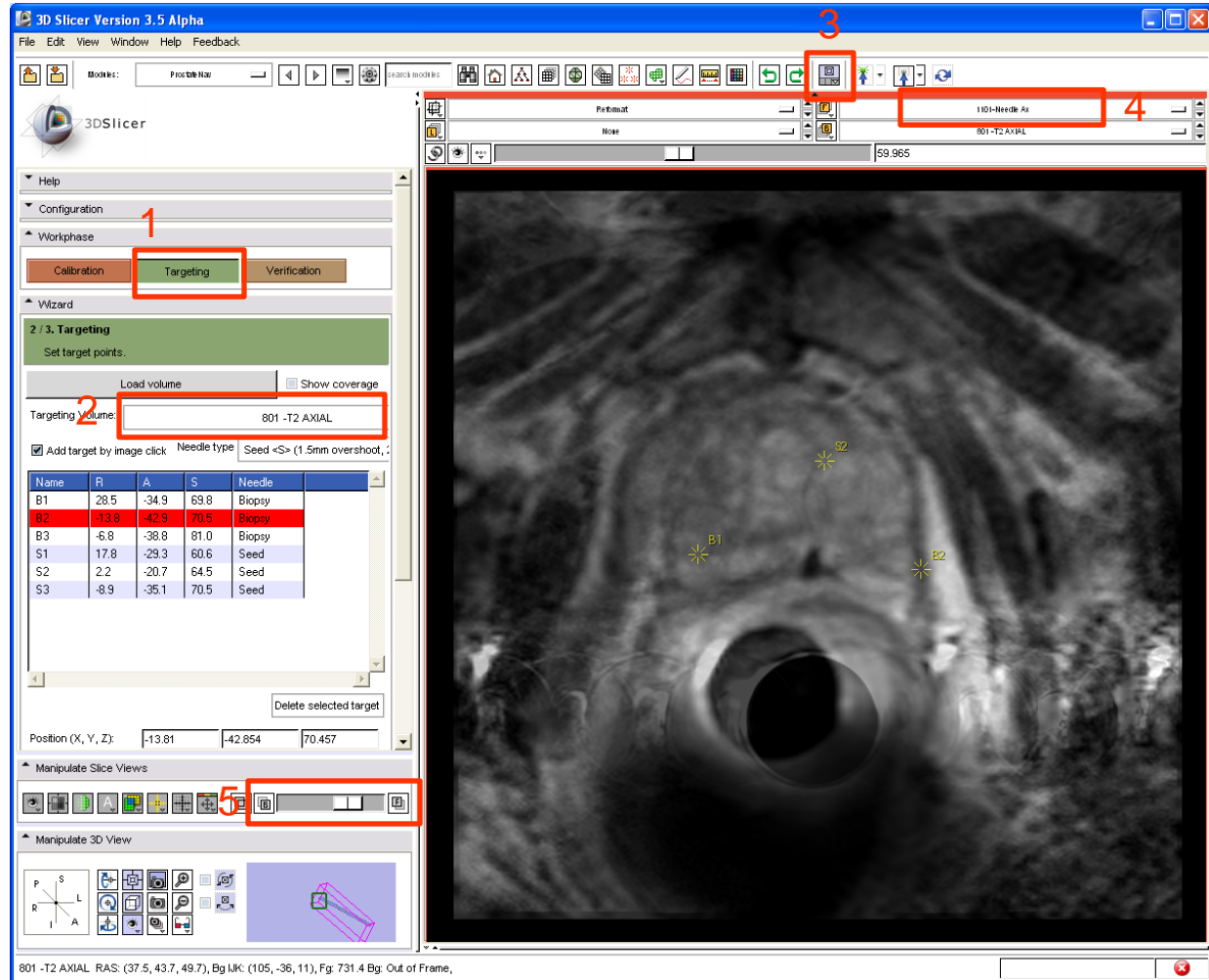
Verify target Clear target verification

Select a target, click on 'Verify target' button, then click on two points along the visible needle line.

1101-Needle Ax RAS: (-3.1, 3.0, 17.1), Bg: Slice not shown,

Evaluate patient motion

- 1 – Click on “Targeting”
- 2 – Re-select the targeting image to show it in the slice viewers
- 3 – Select the “Red slice only layout” to see a maximized view of the axial slice
- 4 – Select the latest acquired image to be in the foreground
- 5 – Use the slider to fade between the targeting and the latest image to see if there was any significant patient motion





Conclusion

- End-to-end application for performing a MRI-guided prostate intervention using 3D Slicer is presented
- Complete workflow is implemented in the ProstateNav module, many advanced visualization and data exploration functions are available (implemented in the core and other plug-in modules)
- The NA-MIC kit's open-source environment allows quick prototyping of clinical applications



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