

NCBC Collaboration

1 R01 EB008171-01A1

3D Shape Analysis for Computational Anatomy

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Computational Functional Anatomy
is the study of structure and
function of populations in
anatomical coordinates.

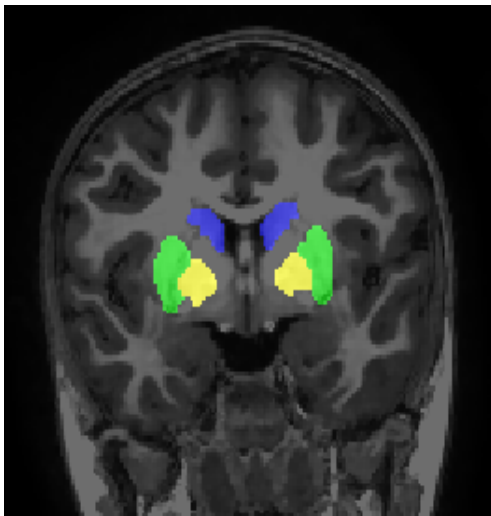
One thing that is hard is that
Anatomical coordinates are curved.

We compute statistics using Gaussian random fields on the response variables and complete orthonormal bases indexed over the anatomical coordinates.

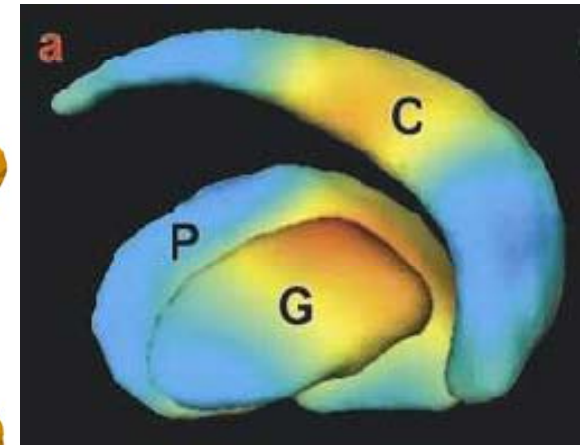
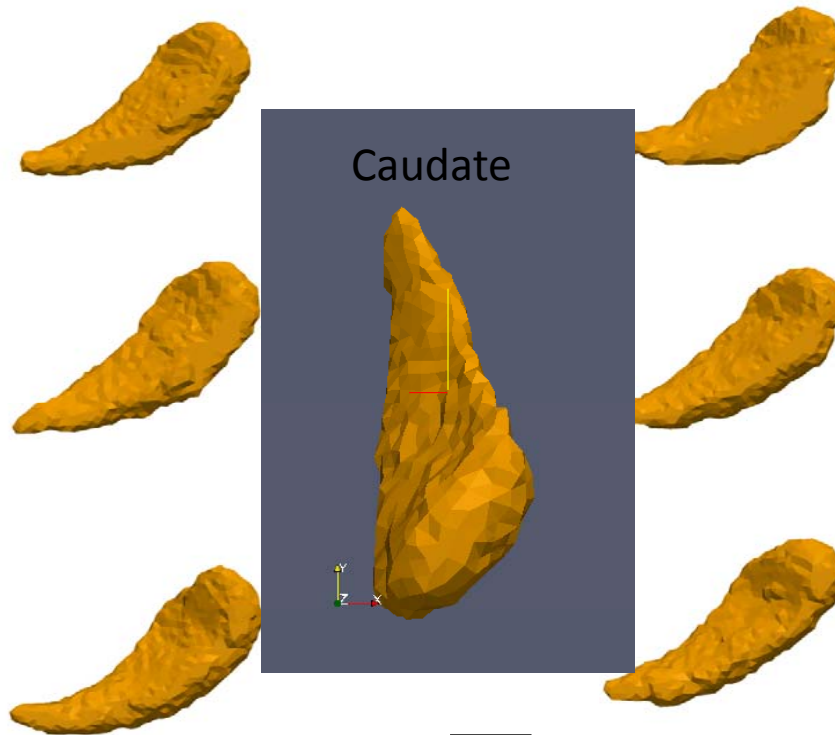
The Statistical Paradigm

Shape Encoded on
Template Surface
Structures via
Random Field
Models

MRI Target



Caudate Template Injected
into Targets



Template



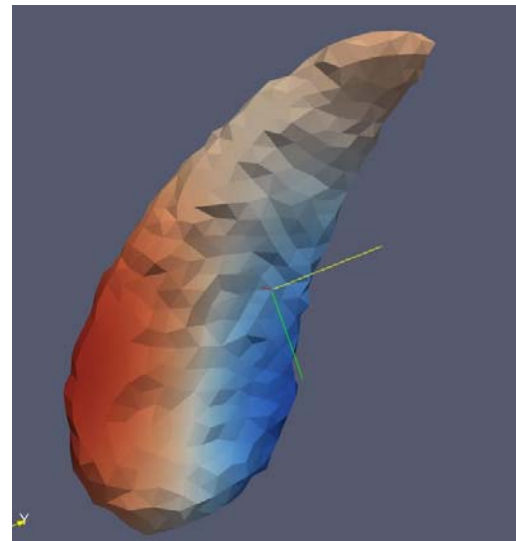
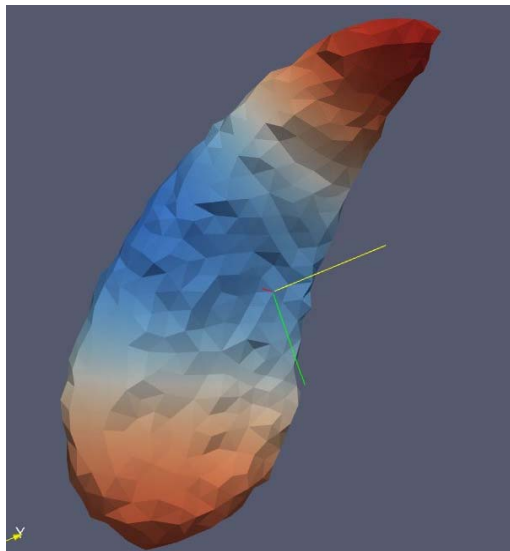
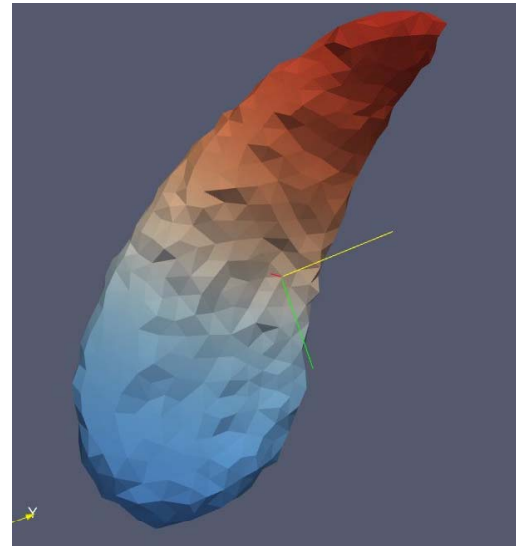
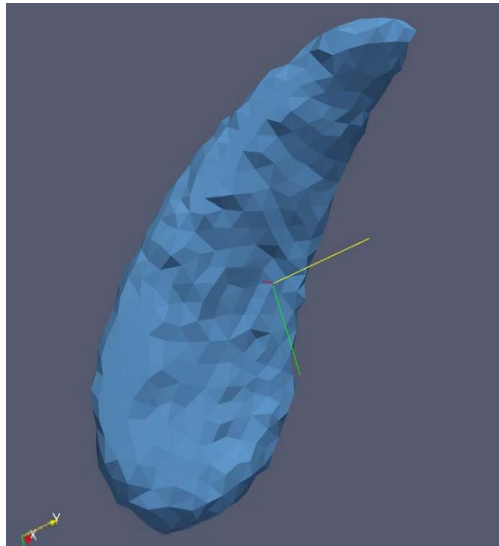
- caudate
- hippocampus
- pallidus
- putamen
- thalamus
- ventricle

$$F = \sum_k$$

F_k
structure-function
response-variables

ϕ_k
Laplace-Beltrami or
PCA Basis

Laplace-Beltrami Operator Orthonormal Base



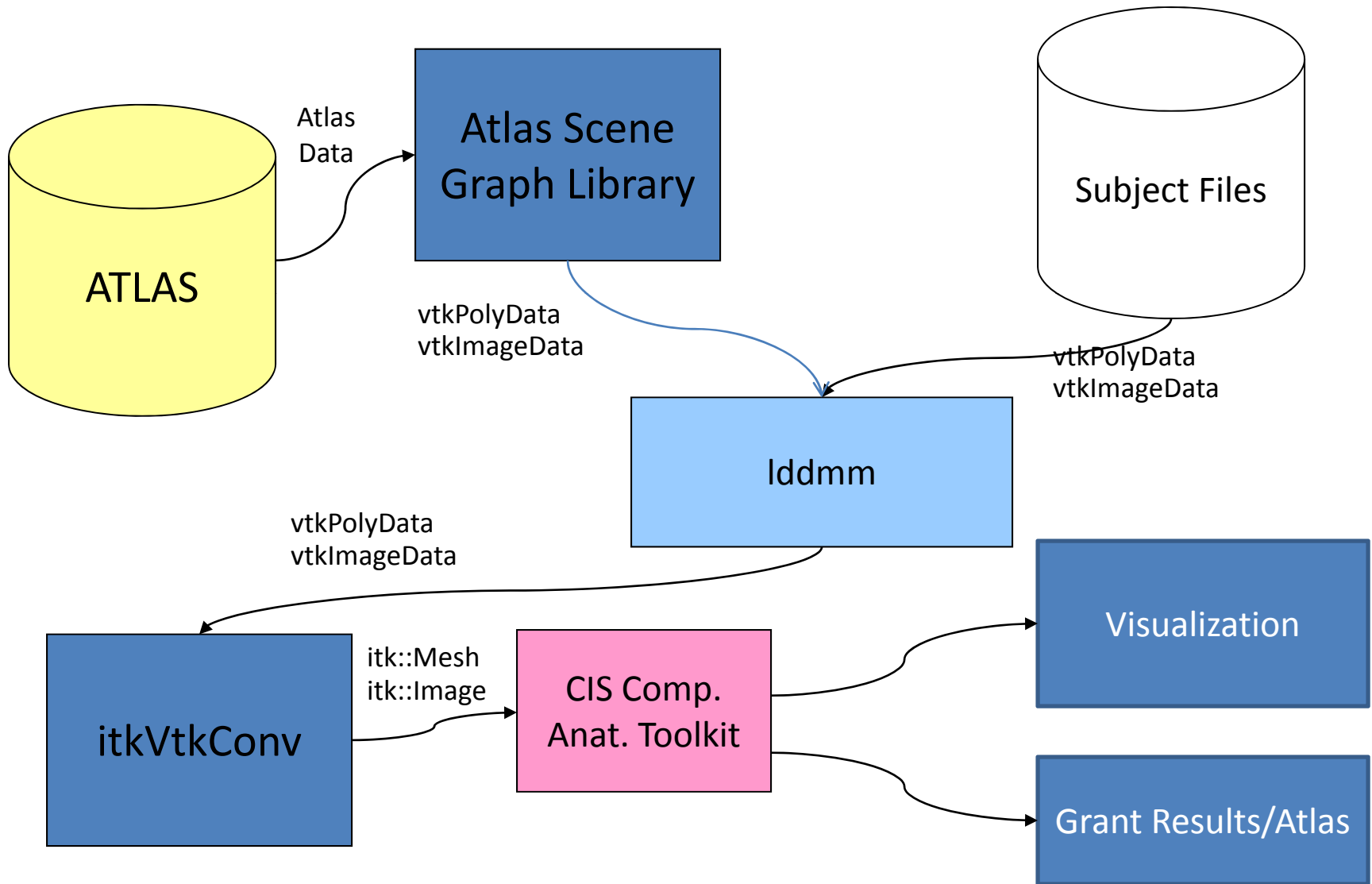
Computational Anatomy Analysis Toolkit

CIS Contribution to ITK

Years 1&2

- Laplace Beltrami
- PCA

NCBC Pipeline Data Flow

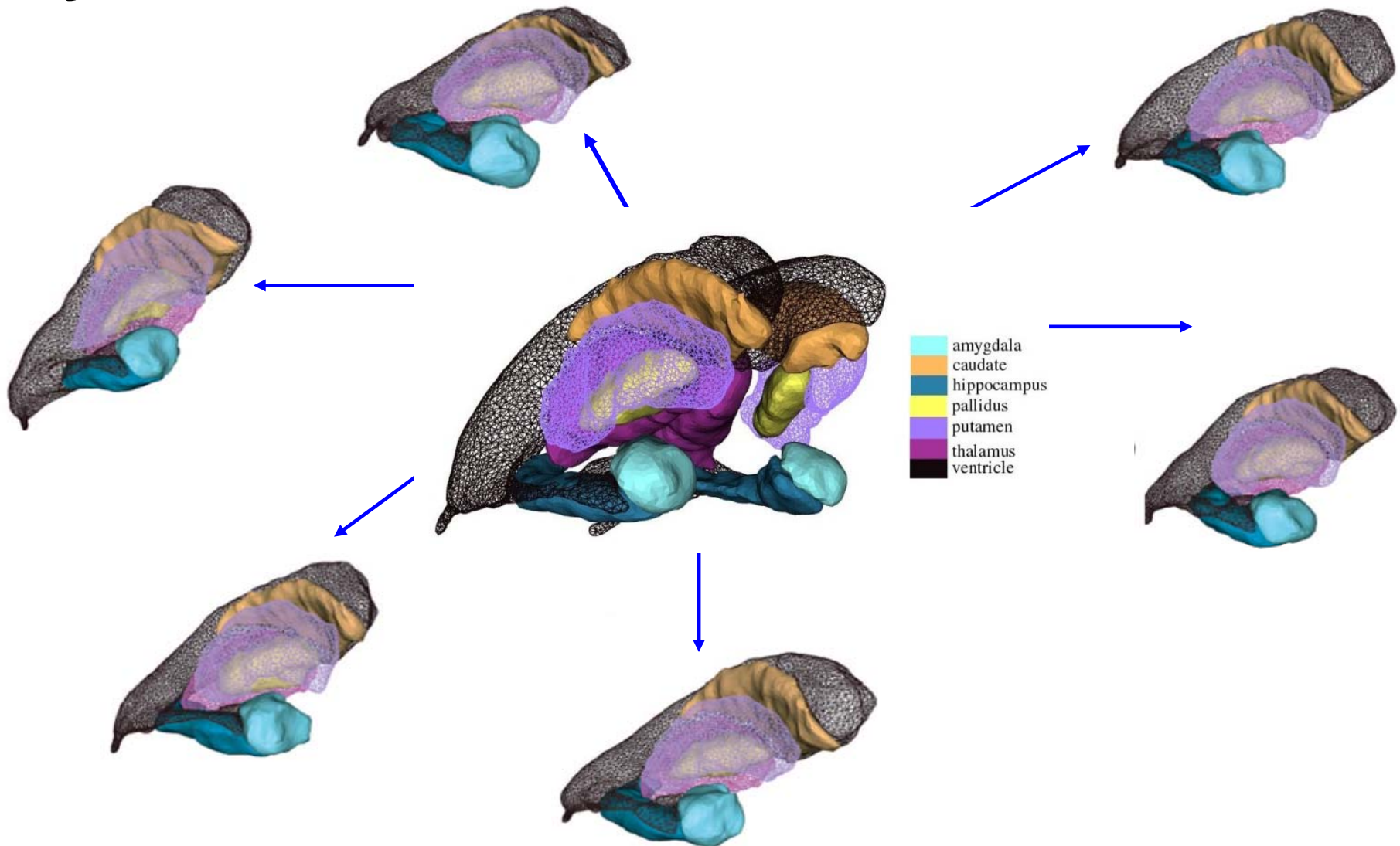


CA Analysis Example cont.:

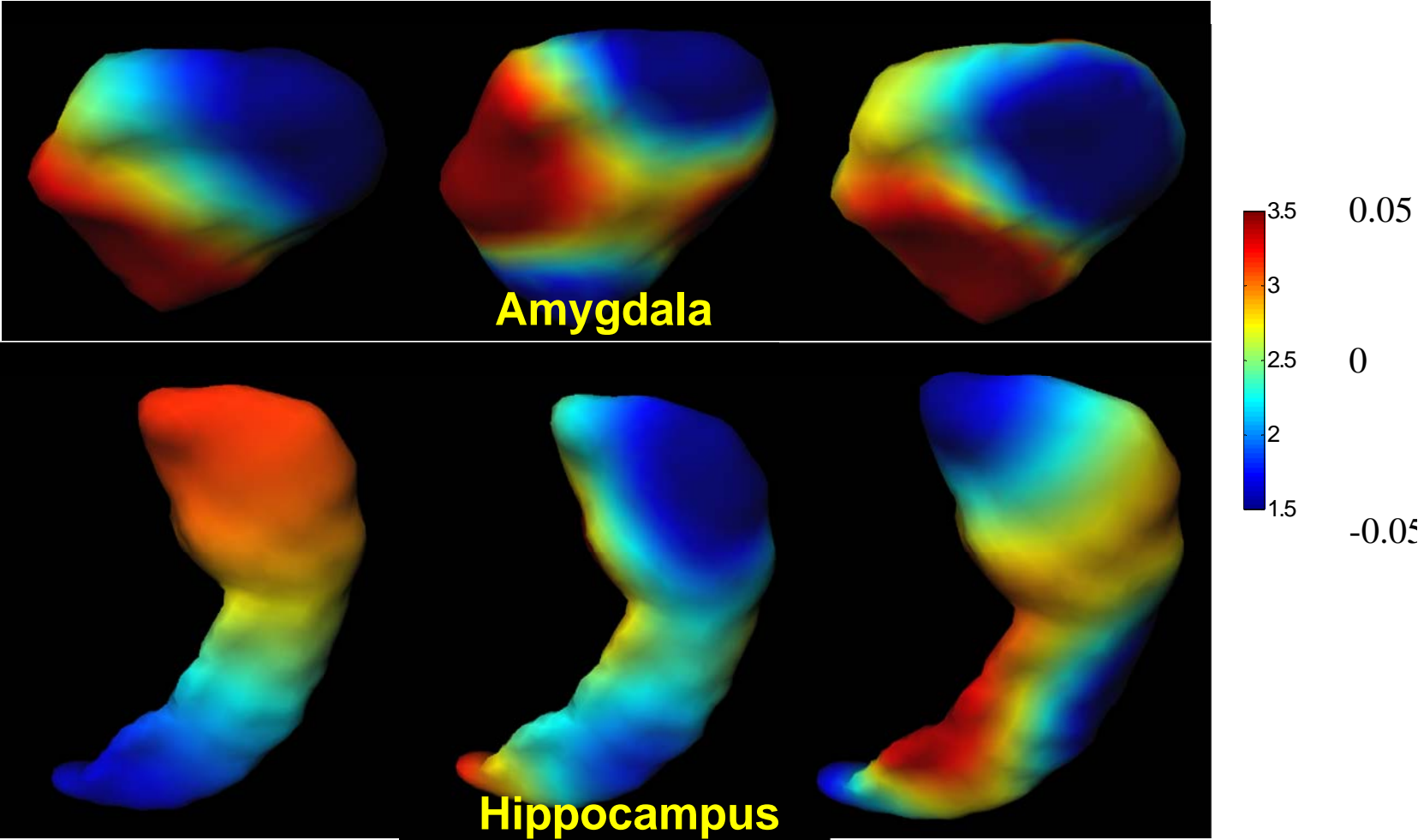
Laplace-Beltrami Operator

- Implement as
`itk::QuadEdgeMeshToQuadEdgeMeshFilter`
- Eventually add to `itk::` under `BasicFilters`
- Use existing `itk` and `vnl` functions (i.e., no new dependencies such as `ARPACK`)
- Add capability for closed and open surfaces
- Add capability for PCA base

The CFA Program: Calculate Bijections Between Anatomical Coordinate Systems



Surface Harmonics

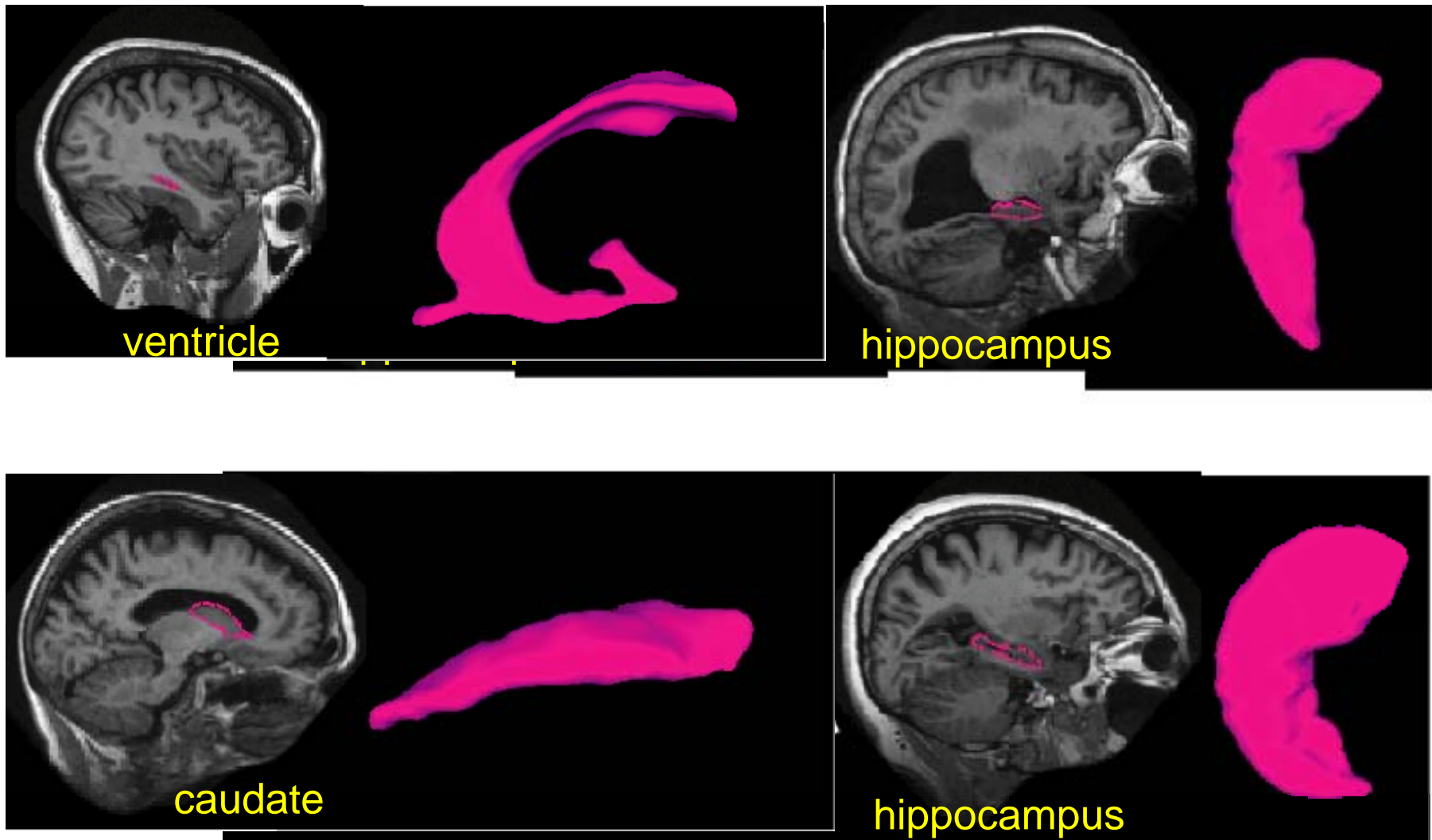


LB Basis 1

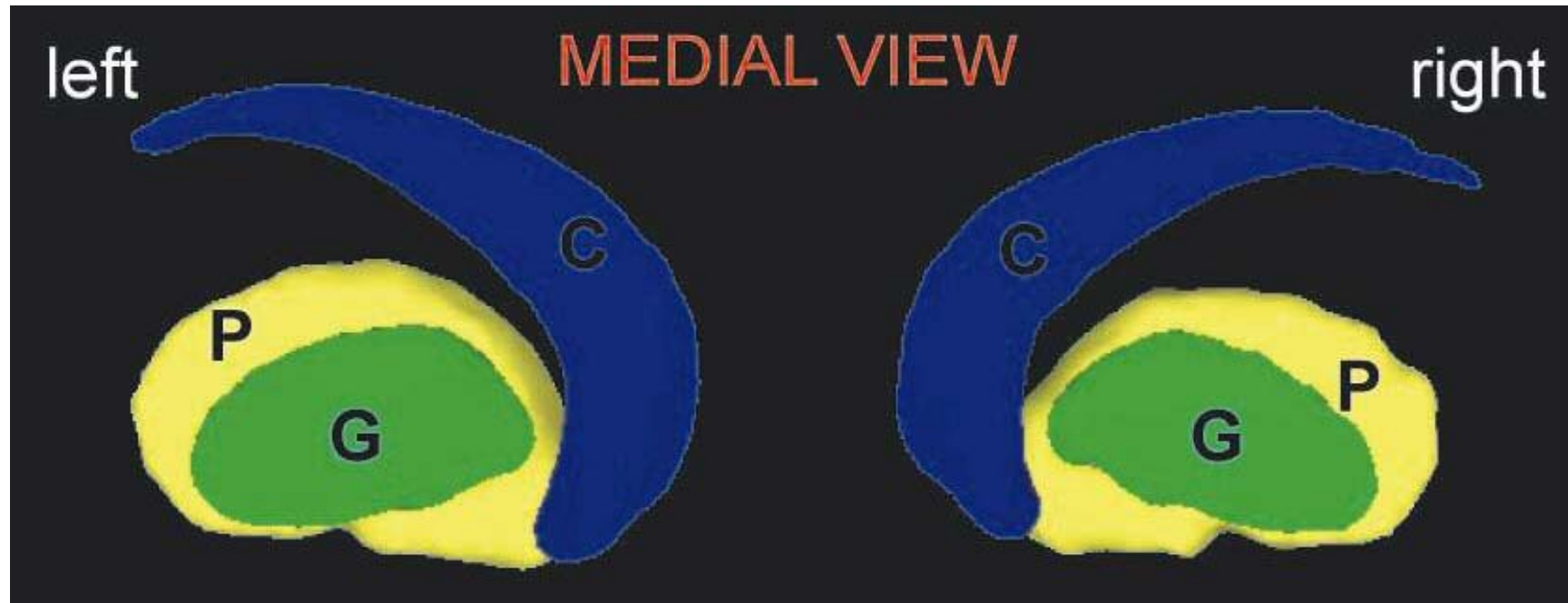
LB Basis 2

LB Basis 3

Template Injection into Populations



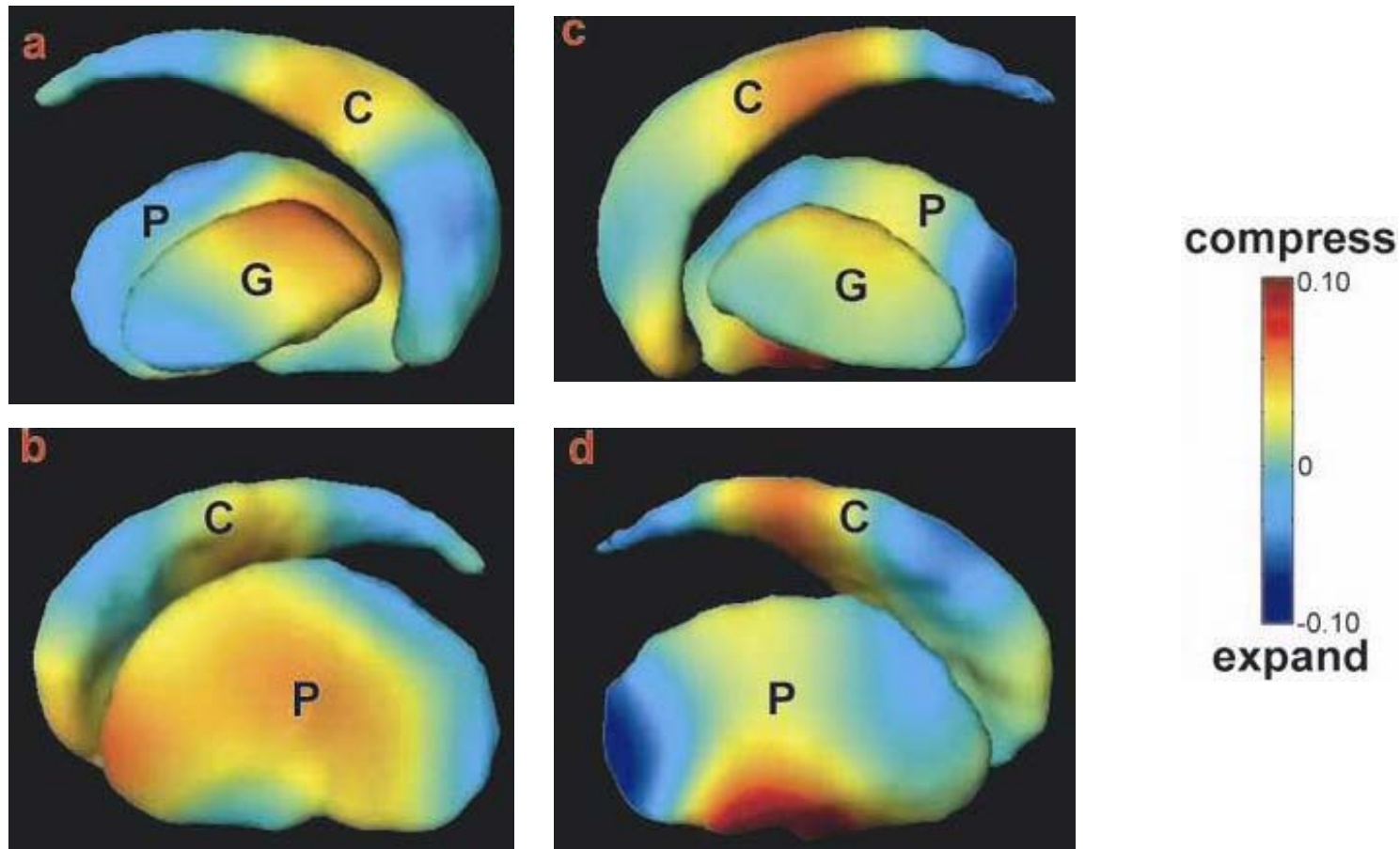
Qiu, Miller "Multi-Structure Network Shape Analysis via Normal Momentum Maps", NeuroImage, 2008.



Left and right templates of the basal ganglia in the medial view. The caudate (C), putamen (P), and globus pallidus (G) are respectively represented in blue, yellow, and green

**Qui A, Crocetti D, Adler M, Mahone EM, Denckla M, Miller MI, Mostofsky SH (2009) Basal Ganglia Volume and Shape in Children With Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder. Am. J. Psychiatry. 166: 74-82.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1176/appi.ajp.2008.08030426>**

Diagnostic effects within boys

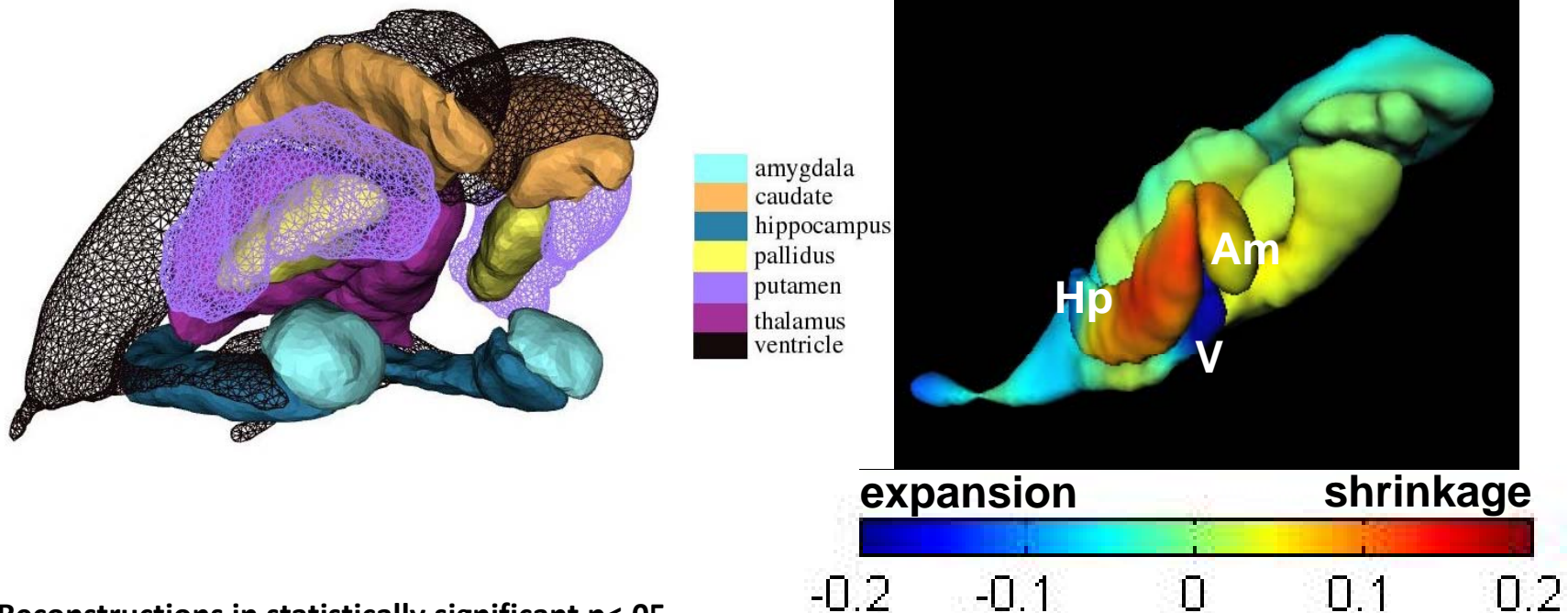


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Subcortical Shape Analysis in Dementia

Groups	N	gender		age (mean±SD)
		male	female	
control	133	71	62	75.8±4.90
MCI	170	119	51	74.6±7.39
AD	80	49	31	75.2±7.62

CON vs. AD



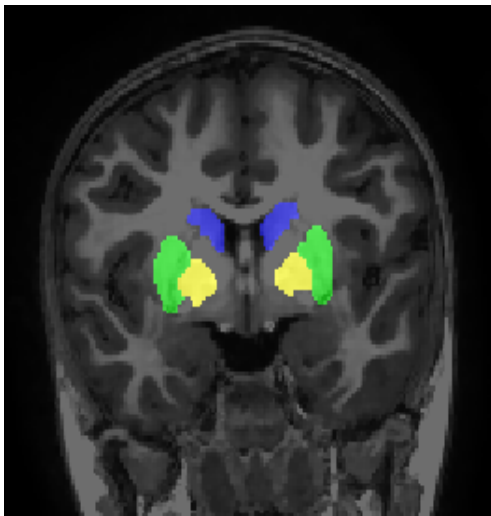
Reconstructions in statistically significant $p < .05$

Anqi Qiu Christine Fennema Notestine, Anders M. Dale, Michael I. Miller, and the Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative, "Regional Subcortical Shape Abnormalities in Mild Cognitive Impairment and Alzheimer's Disease", *NeuroImage*, 45:656-661, 2009

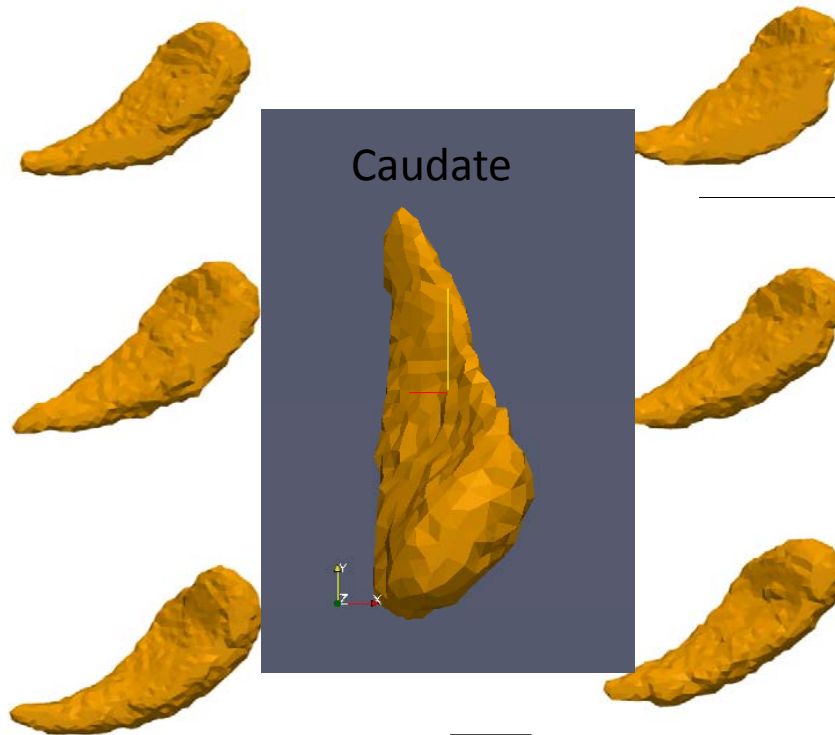
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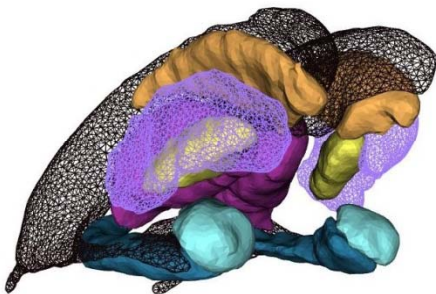
MRI Target



Caudate Template Injected
into Targets



Template



- orange caudate
- blue hippocampus
- yellow pallidus
- purple putamen
- pink thalamus
- black ventricle

$$F = \sum_k$$

F_k
structure-function
response-variables

ϕ_k
Laplace-Beltrami or
PCA Basis