



Recent Developments on Quantitative Multimodal Imaging at Fraunhofer MEVIS

From Research to Clinical Use

Horst Hahn
Fraunhofer MEVIS and Jacobs University

NA-MIC all hands meeting
10 Jan 2013, Salt Lake City



Fraunhofer

MEVIS

Institute for Medical Image Computing

Bremen, Lübeck,
Nijmegen, Heidelberg, Berlin*

Horst Hahn

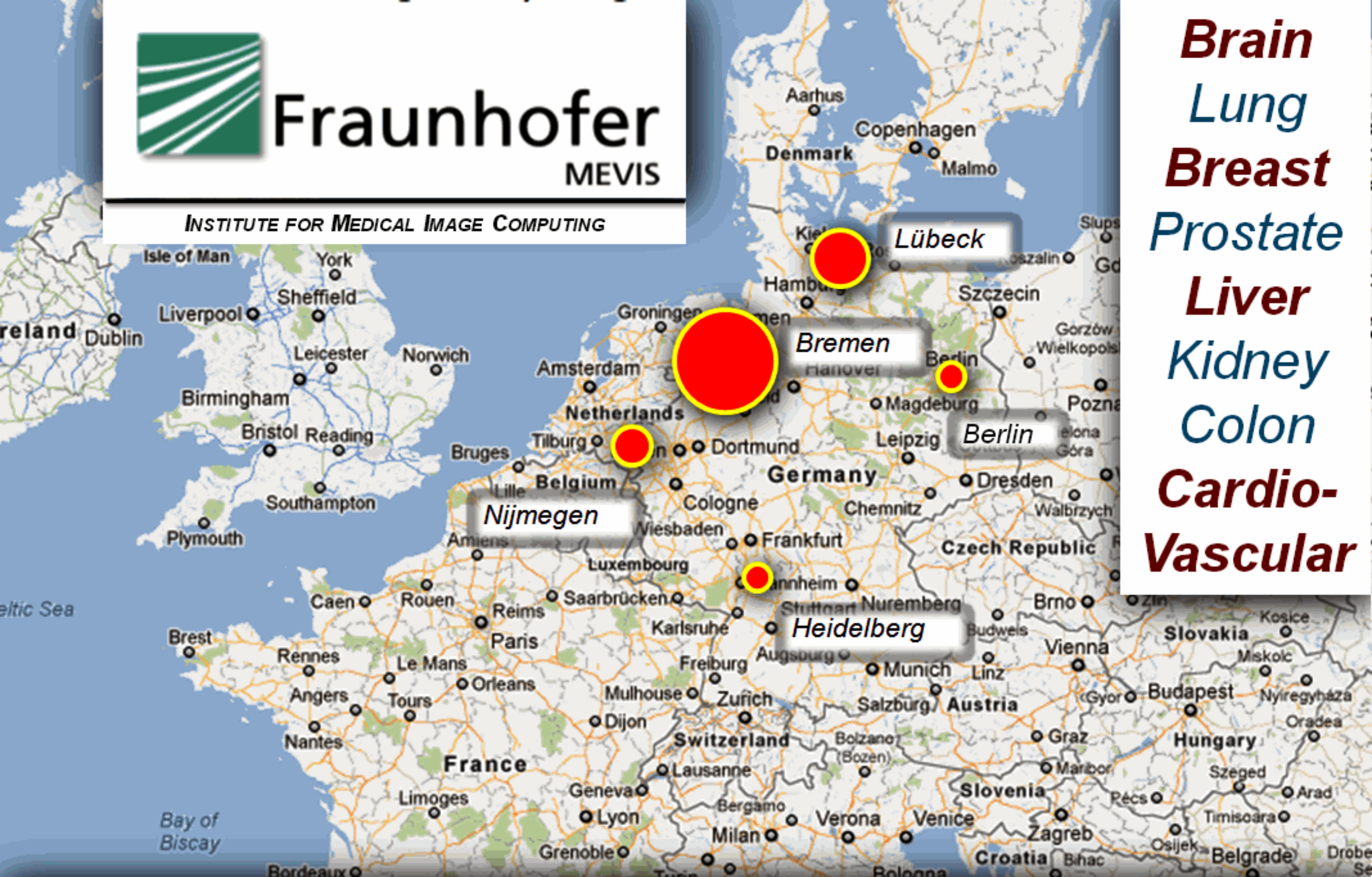
*Bremen Townhall (~1400)
&
Cathedral (~1100)*





Fraunhofer
MEVIS

INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL IMAGE COMPUTING



Brain
Lung
Breast
Prostate
Liver
Kidney
Colon
**Cardio-
Vascular**

Diagnosis, Intervention, Therapy:

***Image Processing, Visualization, HCI, IGT/Navigation, CAD, Registration,
MR Sequence Development, Biophysical Modeling and Simulation***

Fraunhofer MEVIS *and* MeVis Medical Solutions

two independent institutions originating from Bremen

non-profit
research organisation

~100



INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL IMAGE COMPUTING

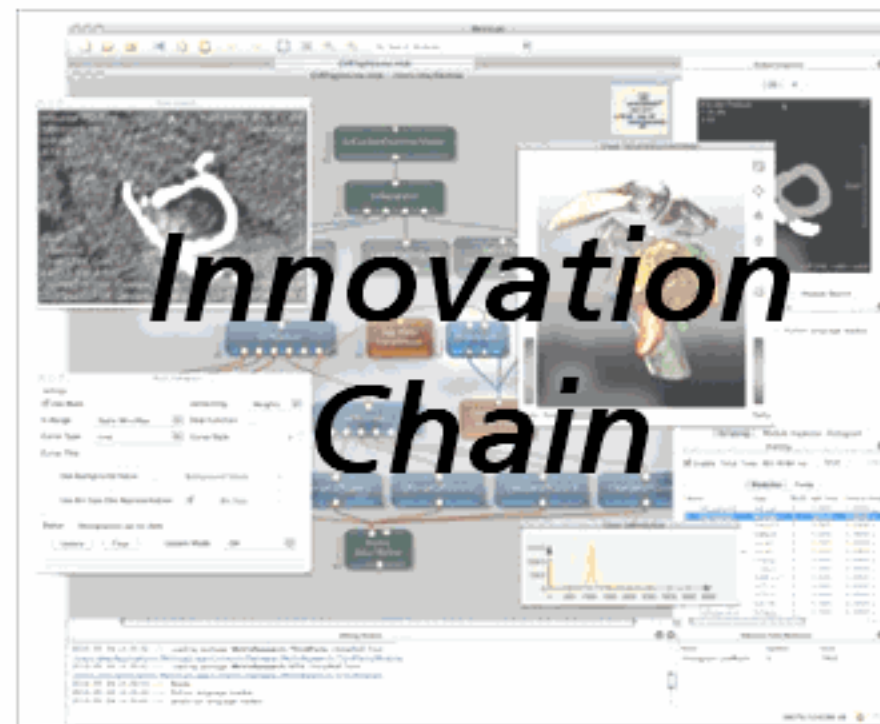
www.mevis.fraunhofer.de



commercial, Inc., AG,
stock exchange since Nov 2007

~170





**DEUTSCHER
GRÜNDER
PREIS**

Eine Initiative von



Fraunhofer MEVIS since Jan 2009

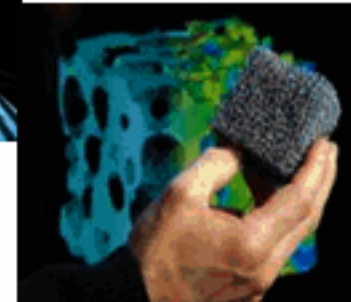
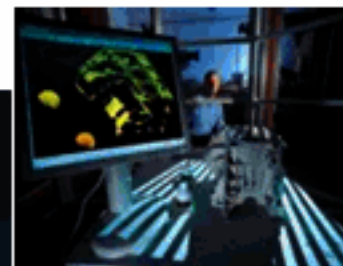
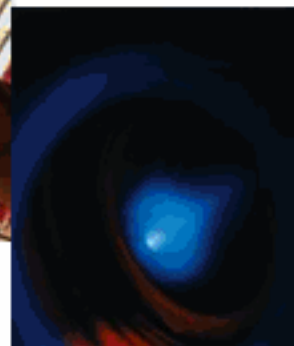


Fraunhofer Gesellschaft

- *60 institutes and 20+ centers in Germany*
- *20,326 employees in 2011*
- *1.85 billion (Mrd) EUR total budget in 2011*
- *200 million EUR foreign revenues in 2011*
- *> 70% external revenues*

7 Groups:

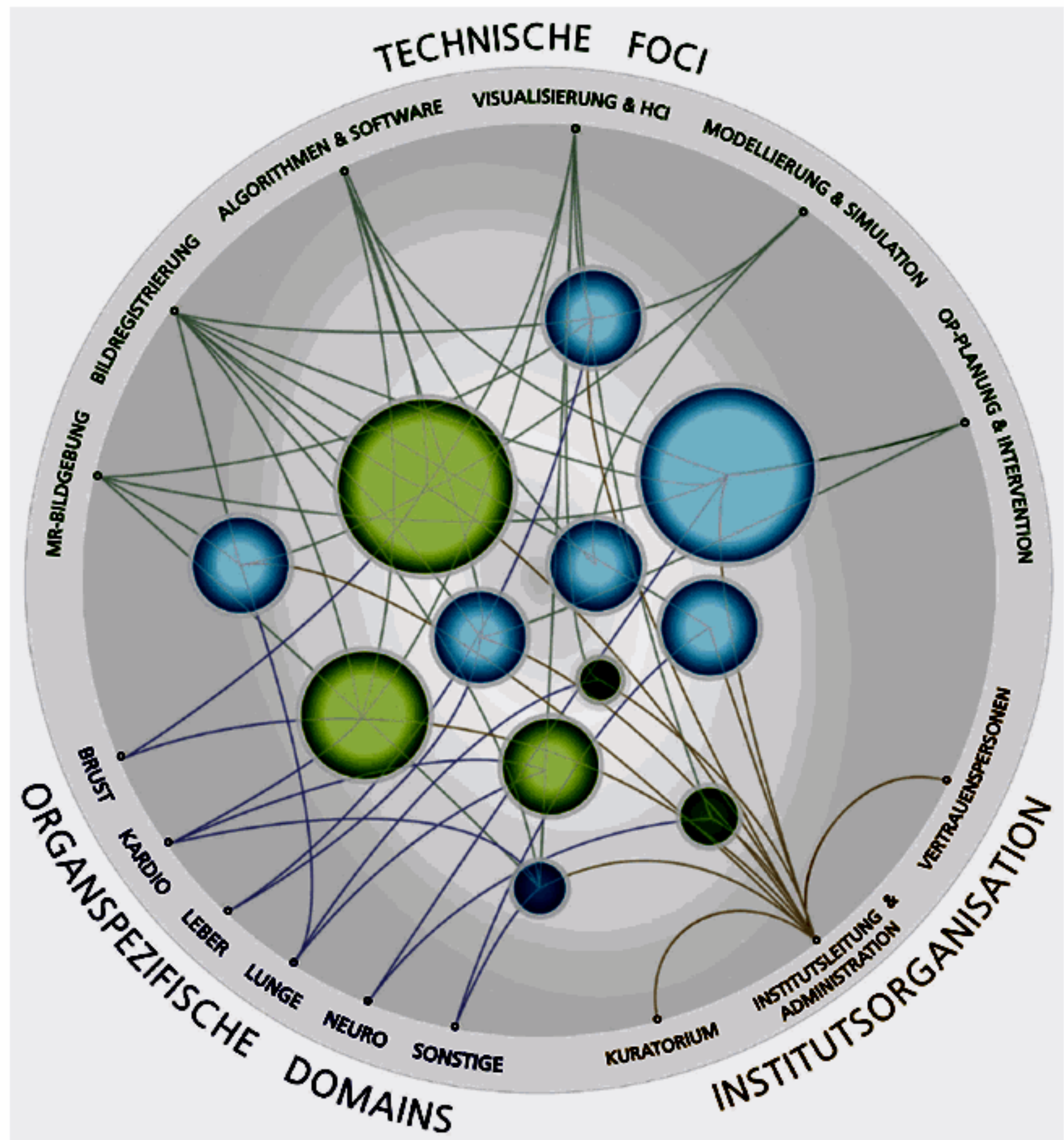
- Information and Communication Technology
- Life Sciences
- Microelectronics
- Light & Surfaces
- Production
- Materials and Components - MATERIALS
- Defense and Security



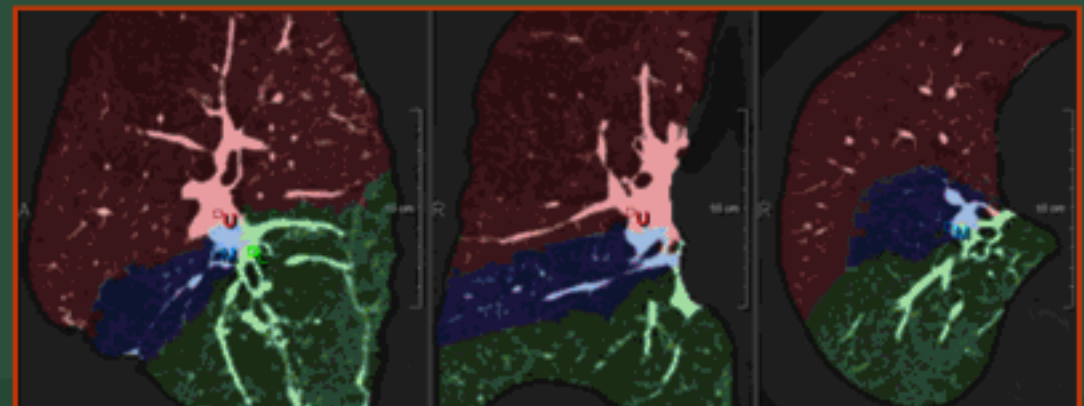
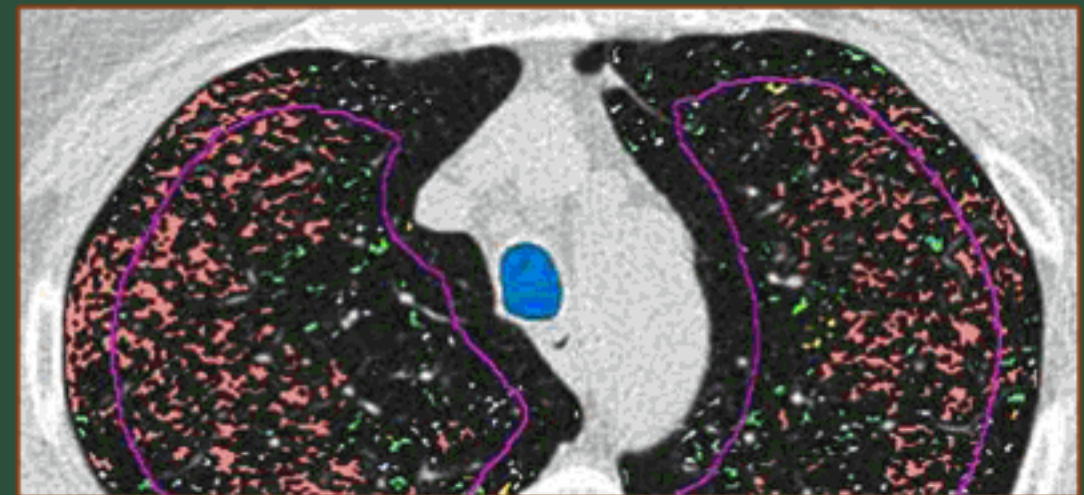
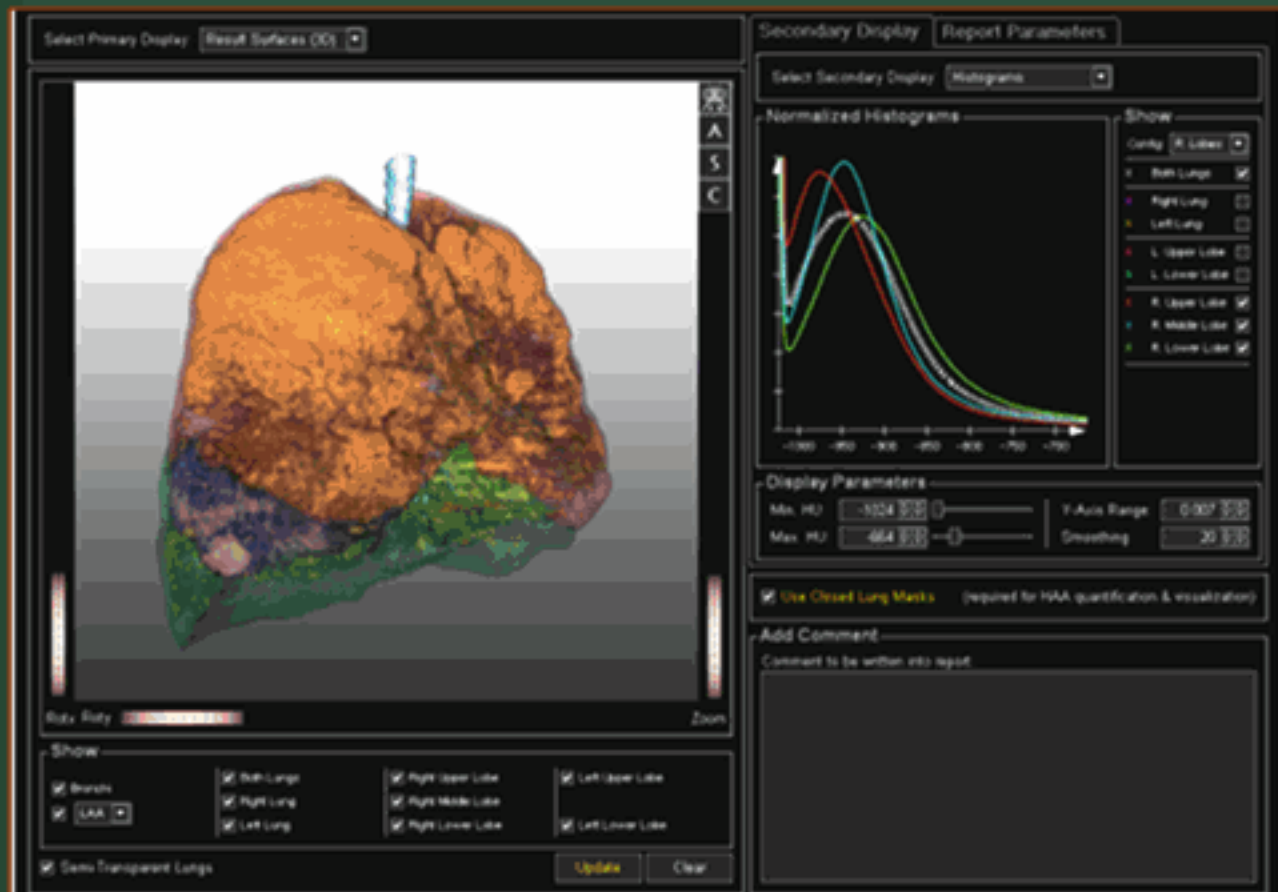
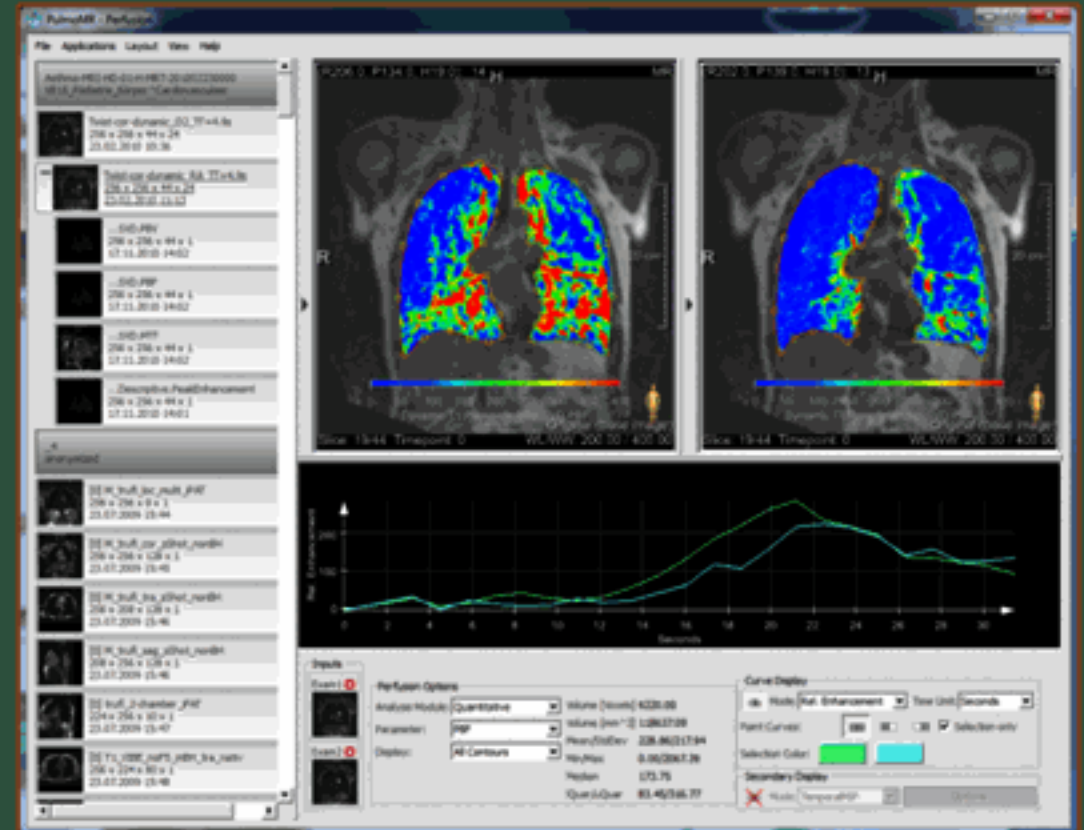
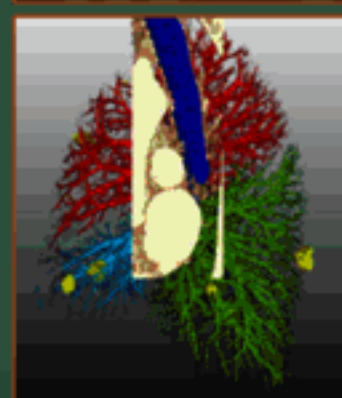
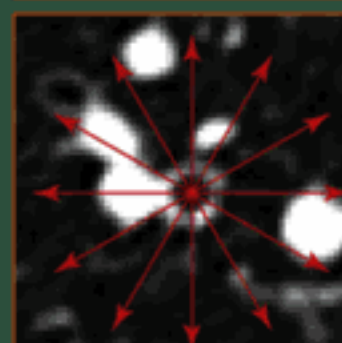
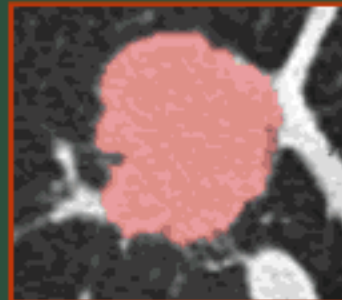
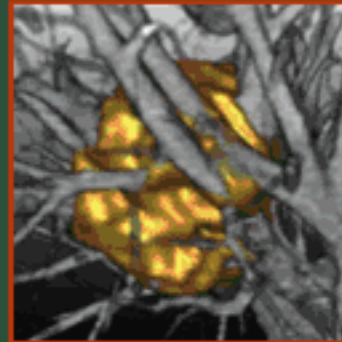
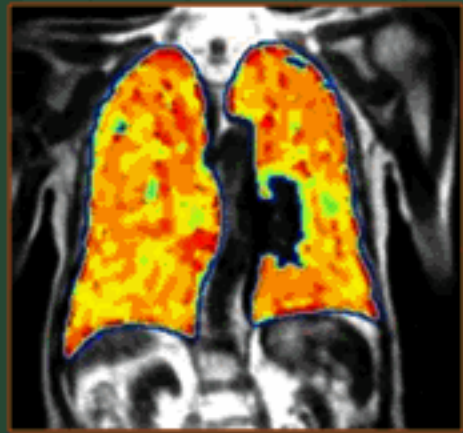
Internal Structure

- * domains
- * foci
- * projects

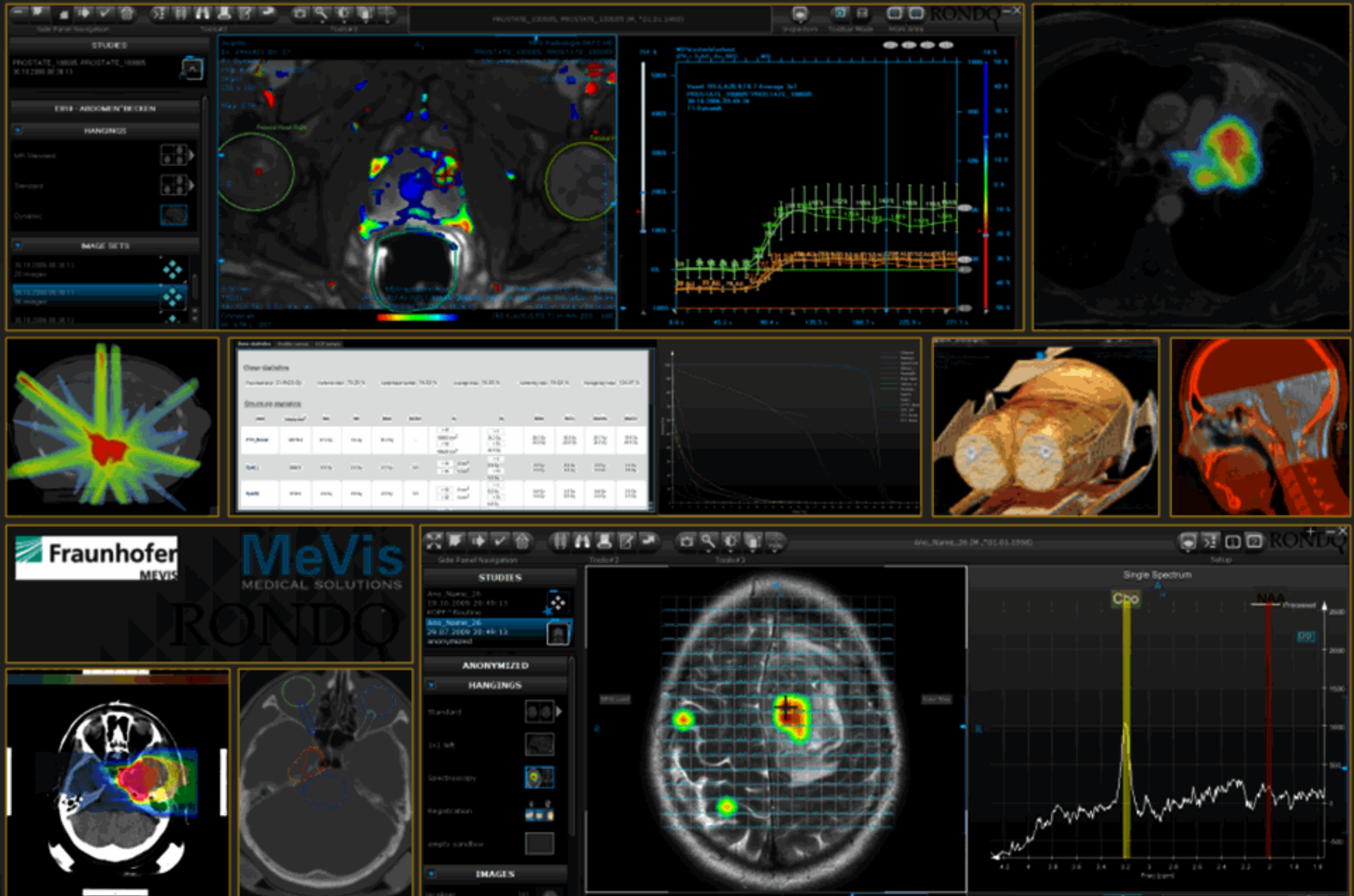
no bordered
departments
or groups



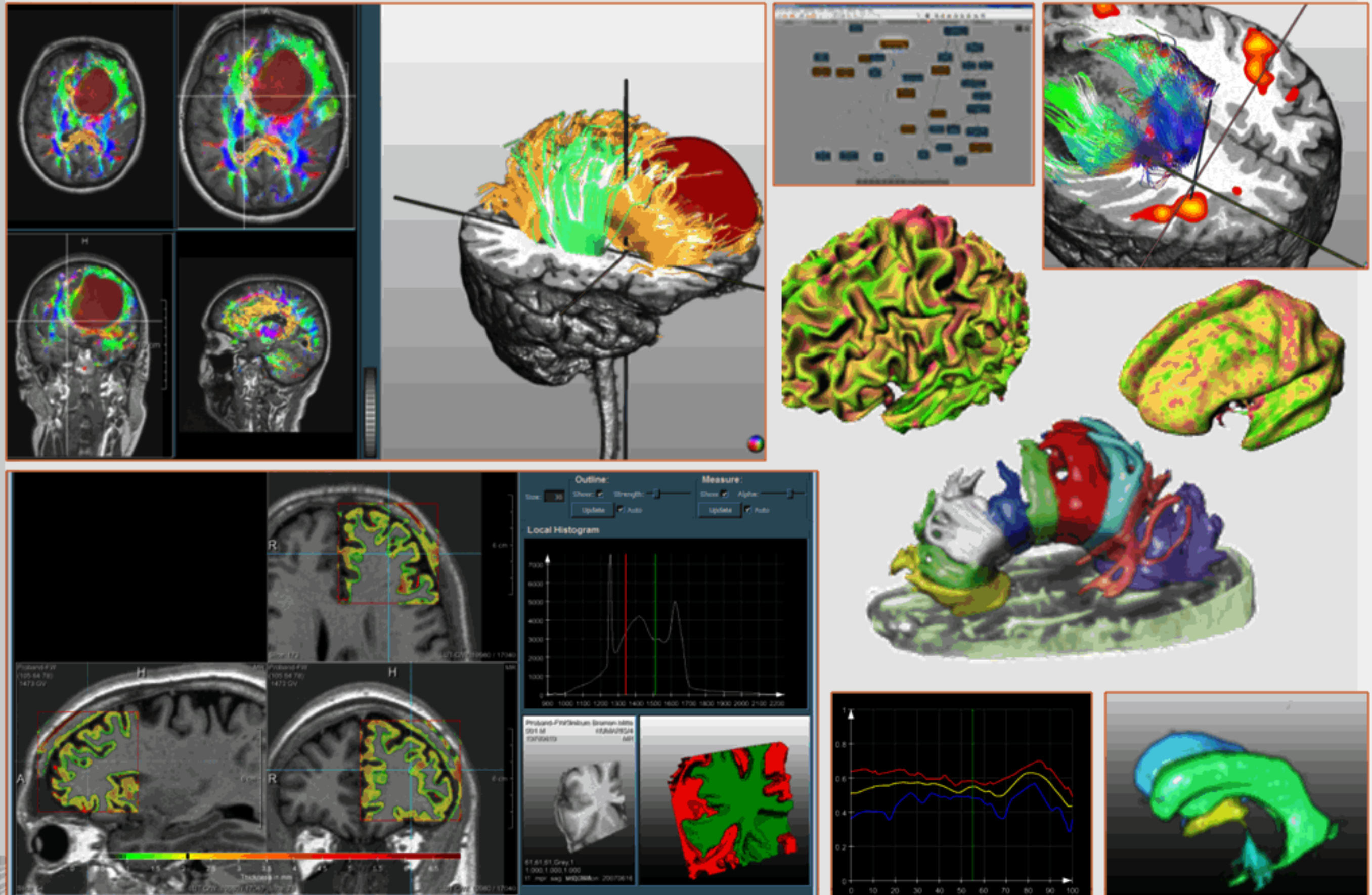
Lung Domain: Computer-based Methods for Quantitative Analysis of Pulmonary MR- and CT Images

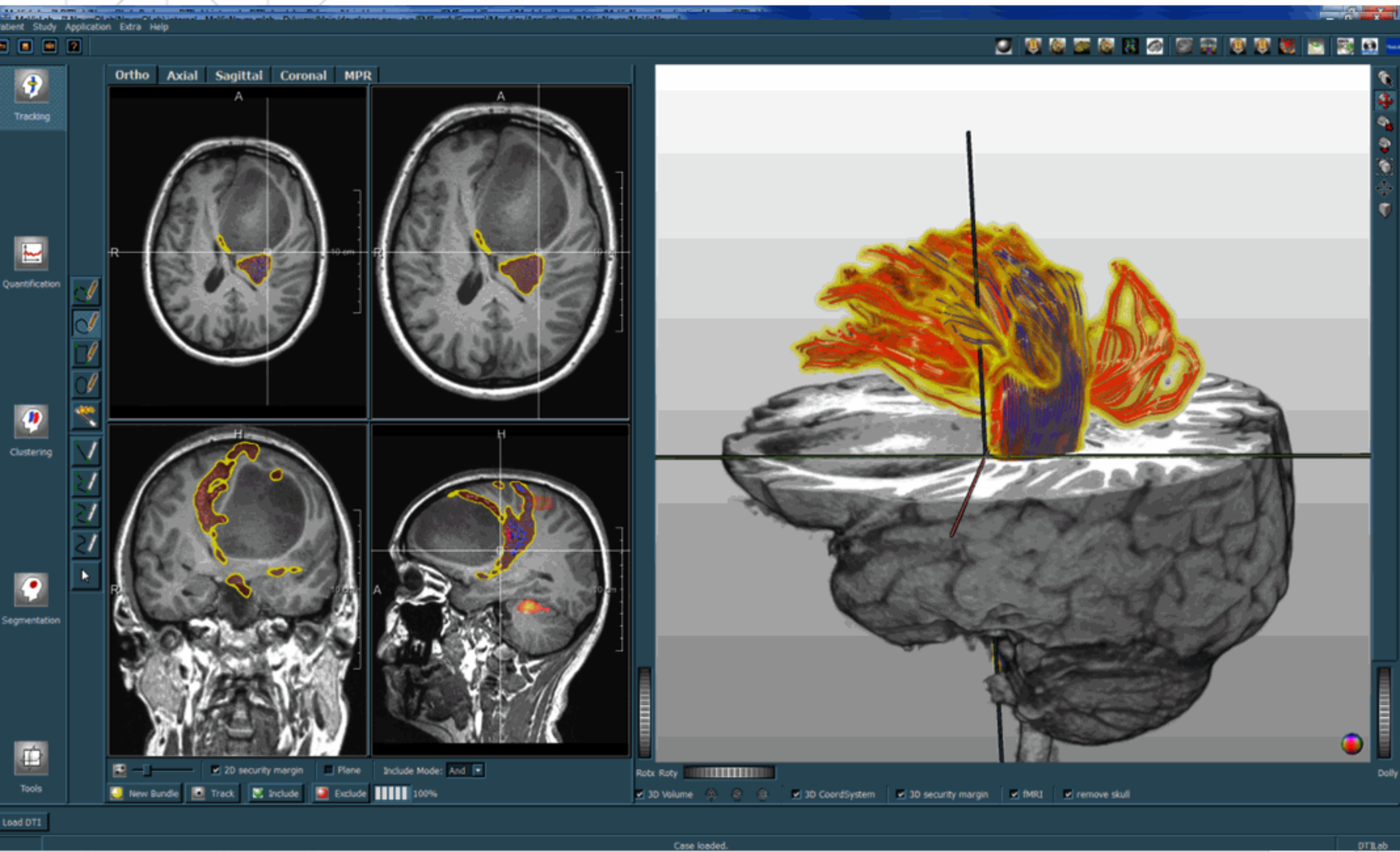


Onco Domain: Multimodal Diagnosis of Oncological Diseases and Optimization of Radiation Therapy Through Molecular Imaging



Neuro Domain: An Extendible Software Assistant for Efficient and Reproducible Evaluation of Neuroimaging Data







MeVisLab - [* NeuroQLab(NeuroQLab) internal - MeVisNeuro.mlab - D:/users/klein/developer-new-svn/FMEwork/General/Modules/Applications/MeVisNeuro/MeVisNeuro]

File Edit Modules Applications Extras Scripting View Networks Panels Help

untitled 1 * OutputInspector - untitled * NeuroQLab - MeVisNeuro.mlab * NeuroQLab_Packages_DTILab : DTILab * DC2FiberTrackingGUI * DC2FiberTracking

Search Modules

NeuroQLab_Packages_DTILab DTILab

statusControl
StatusControl

applicationSelectionScreen
MacroFromFile

userManagement
UserManagement

workflowMgr
AppFrameWorkflowMgr

caseManagement
CaseManagement

Output Inspector

2D 3D

Image Properties

Image Size: (512, 512, 176, 1, 2, 1)
Page Size: (128, 128, 1, 1, 1, 1)
Data Type: unsigned int16 Range: [0.0, 2132.0]
Voxel Size: 0.4883, 0.4883, 1
World Matrix: 0.003482 -0.01187 -0.9997 91.57
0.4883 8.466e-050.007129-105.8
-3.884e-09-0.4881 0.02431 118.4
0 0 0 1

Options

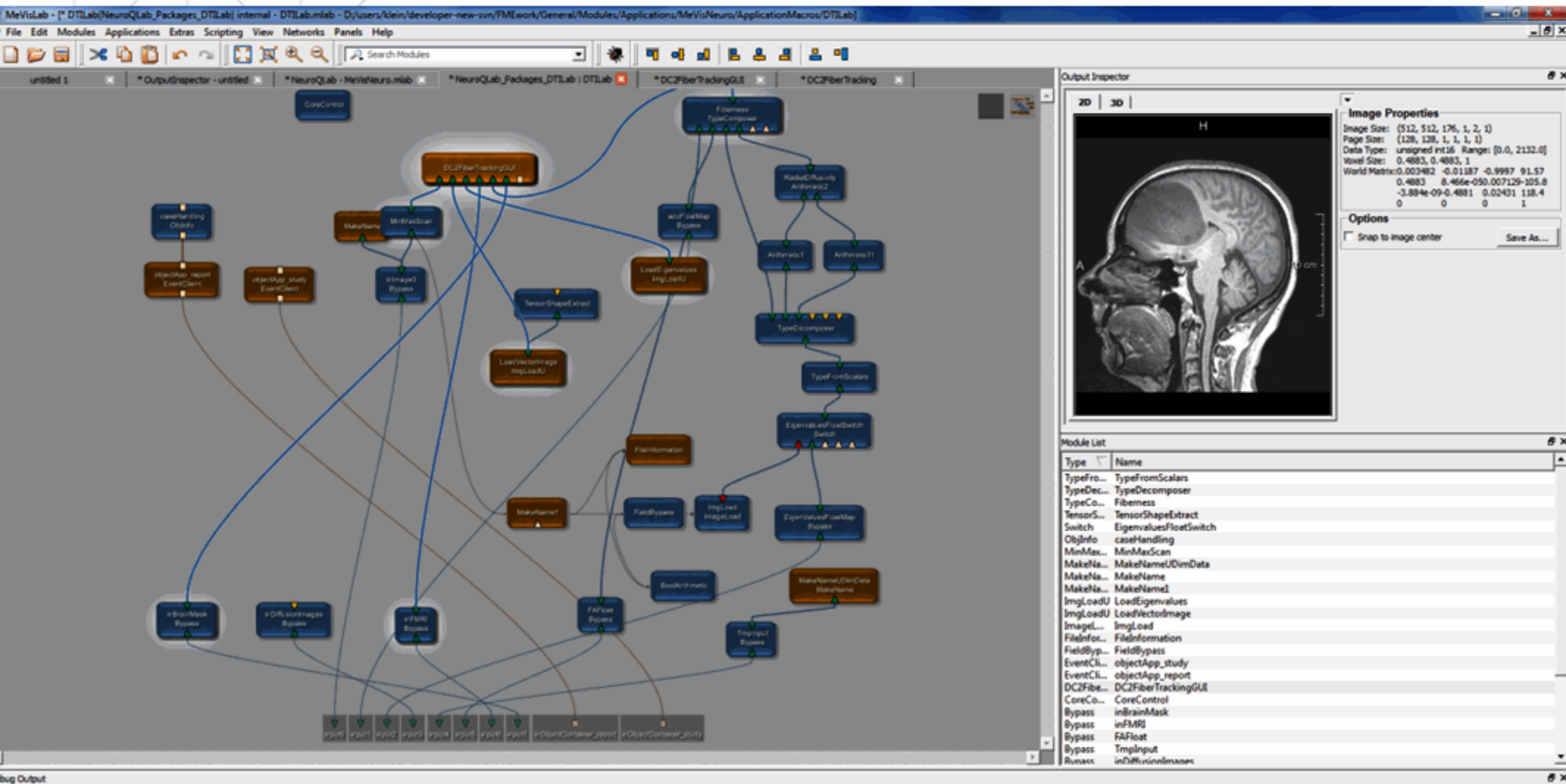
☐ Snap to image center Save As...

Module List

Type	Name
UserMa...	userManagement
StatusC...	statusControl
MacroFc...	applicationSelectionScreen
DTILab	NeuroQLab_Packages_DTILab
CaseMa...	caseManagement
AppFra...	workflowMgr

Debug Output

1129700/1286144 KB





MeVisLab - [* DC2FiberTrackingGUI(DC2FiberTrackingGUI) internal - DC2FiberTrackingGUI.mlab - D:/users/klein/developer-new-svn/FMEwork/General/Modules/Macros/DynaCadNeuro]

File Edit Modules Applications Extras Scripting View Networks Panels Help

untitled 1 *OutputInspector - untitled *NeuroQlab - MeVisNeuro.mlab *NeuroQlab_Packages_DTLab : DTLab *DC2FiberTrackingGUI *DC2FiberTracking

Search Modules



Output Inspector

Options

Module List

Type	Name
ImageL...	ImageLoad1
ImageL...	ImageLoad
ImageCL...	inFMRI
ImageCL...	inFiberness
ImageCL...	inEigenvalues
ImageCL...	inImageAnatomical
ImageCL...	inImageADC
ImageCL...	inImageVectorTensor
ImageCL...	inBrainMask
ImageCL...	ImageClear1
ImageCL...	ImageClear
Histogra...	HistogramVolumetry1
Histogra...	Histogram1
GVROrt...	GVROrthoOverlay
GVR3ma...	GVRImageToVolume3
GVRClip...	GVRClipPlane1
GVRClip...	GVRClipPlane
FieldByp...	WorldPosition
FieldByp...	Plane
DicomT...	ExportFibersToDicom
DC2Ma...	DC2ManualSegmentationTo3D
DC2Insp...	DC2Inspector2D
DC2Fibe...	DC2FiberTracking
DC2DTL...	DC2DTLRunEditor

bug Output

1129700/1286144 KB



MeVisLab - [* DC2FiberTrackingGUI(DC2FiberTrackingGUI) internal - DC2FiberTrackingGUI.mlab - D:/users/klein/developer-new-svn/FMEwork/General/Modules/Macros/DynaCadNeuro]

File Edit Modules Applications Extras Scripting View Networks Panels Help

untitled 1 * OutputInspector - untitled * NeuroQlab - MeVisNeuro.mlab * NeuroQlab_Packages_DTLab : DTLab * DC2FiberTrackingGUI * DC2FiberTracking

Search Modules

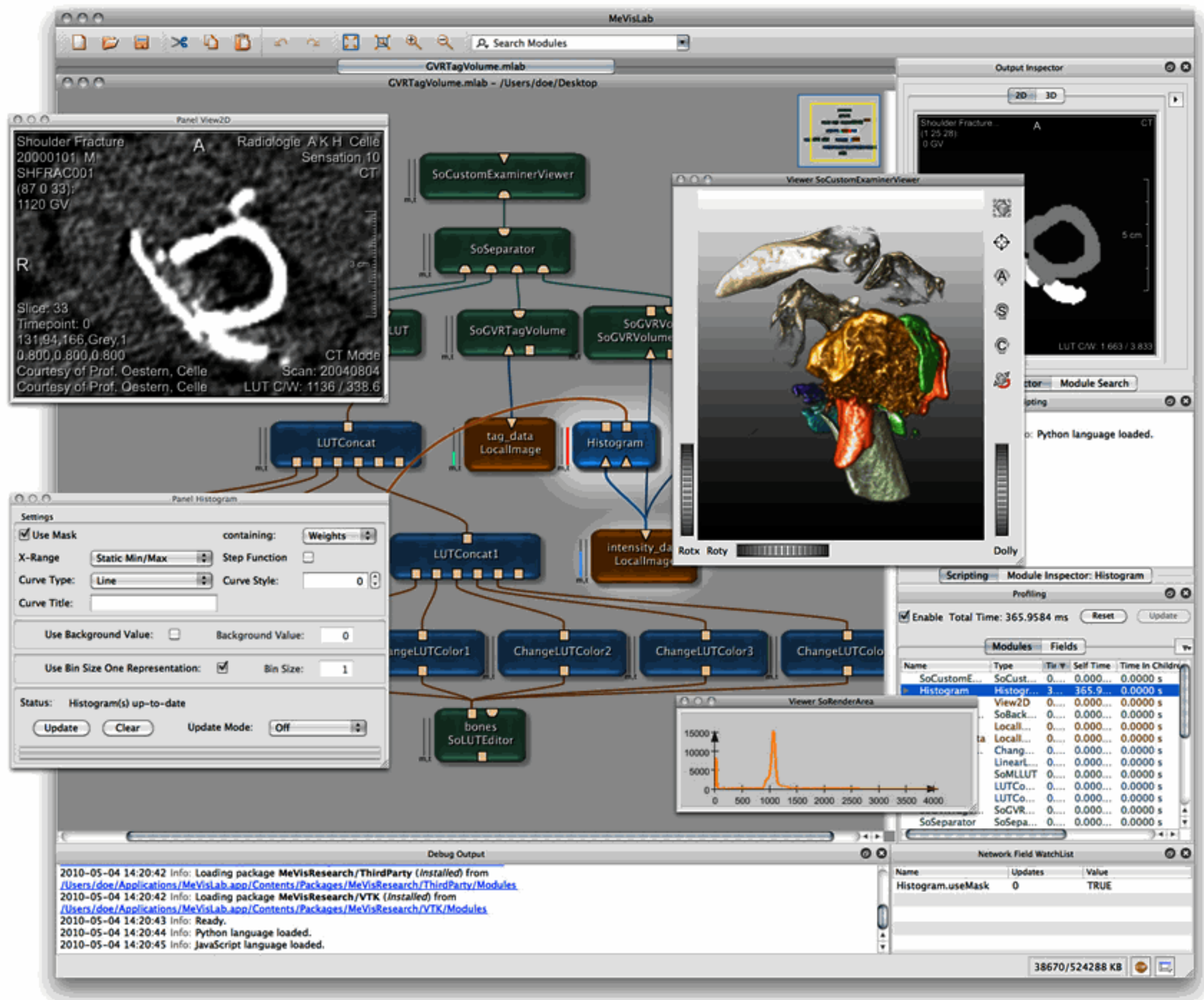
Output Inspector

Options

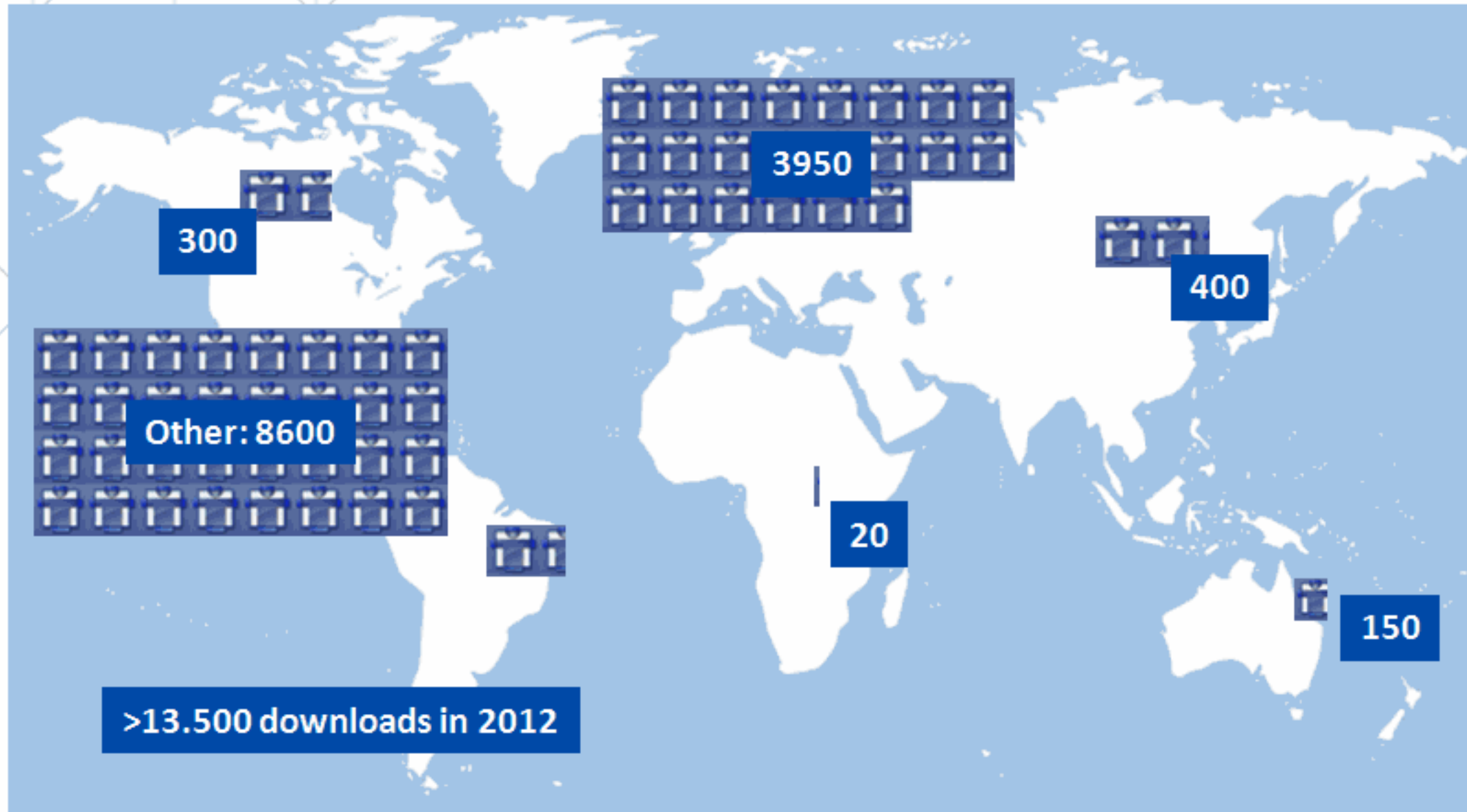
Module List

Type	Name
ImageL...	ImageLoad1
ImageL...	ImageLoad
ImageCL...	inFMR1
ImageCL...	inFiberness
ImageCL...	inEigenvalues
ImageCL...	inImageAnatomical
ImageCL...	inImageADC
ImageCL...	inImageVectorTensor
ImageCL...	inBrainMask
ImageCL...	ImageClear1
ImageCL...	ImageClear
Histogra...	HistogramVolumetry1
Histogra...	Histogram1
GVROrt...	GVROrthoOverlay
GVR3ma...	GVRImageToVolume3
GVRClip...	GVRClipPlane1
GVRClip...	GVRClipPlane
FieldByp...	WorldPosition
FieldByp...	Plane
DicomT...	ExportFibersToDicom
DC2Ma...	DC2ManualSegmentationTo3D
DC2Insp...	DC2Inspector2D
DC2Fibe...	DC2FiberTracking
DC2NTL...	DC2NTLRefFiber

bug Output



MeVisLab User Community



CMIV
Center for Medical Image Science and Visualization



MHH
Hannover Medical School



JÜLICH
FORSCHUNGSZENTRUM

u^b
UNIVERSITÄT
KOBLENZ · LANDAU

dkfz.
DEUTSCHES
KREBSFORSCHUNGSZENTRUM
IN DER HELMHOLTZ-GEMEINSCHAFT

NCIRE
The Veterans Health
Research Institute

COLUMBIA
UNIVERSITY

5 Continents – 20 Nations
350 + Active Users Worldwide

LU
MC
LEIDEN UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER

Image Sciences Institute

STANFORD
UNIVERSITY

THE UNIVERSITY
WISCONSIN
MADISON

Erasmus MC

UMC
St Radboud

MeVisLab Community Website

MeVisLab Community

The MeVisLab Community project provides add-on modules that extend the functionality of the [MeVisLab](#) software. All modules provided here are distributed as **open-source** software and maintained by the MeVisLab developer community.

Source Code

The MeVisLab Community source code is managed in a central [Subversion](#) repository hosted on [SourceForge.net](#). The latest version of the project's trunk can be checked out with the following instruction set:

```
svn co https://mevislabmodules.svn.sourceforge.net/svnroot/mevislabmodules/trunk .
```

In order to build the MeVisLab Community source code, you need the MeVisLab Software Development Kit (SDK) which can be downloaded for free [here](#).

Builds

The MeVisLab Community repository is continuously being compiled for Windows and Linux (Mac builds will be offered soon). Build reports and the current installers can be downloaded from the [MeVisLab Community Builds](#) page.

MeVisLab Community Builds

Wednesday, 20. April 2011, 08:27:58

Trunk builds with MeVisLab2.1 Release SDKs of 24th of June 2010 with Qt fix.

[Community Sources Main Page](#)
[View Sources](#)

[Doxygen Documentation from recent VC Rebuild](#)
[MeVisLab SDK Download Page](#)

Community Sources [Public](#) and [Administration](#) Forum

MeVisLab Co

The MeVisLab Community
functionality of the [MeVisLab](#)
open-source software and

Source Code

The MeVisLab Community
hosted on [SourceForge.net](#)
out with the following inst

```
svn co https://mevislabmod
```

In order to build the MeVisLab
Software Development Kit

Builds

The MeVisLab Community
Linux (Mac builds will be c
be downloaded from the M

	Rebuild	Incremental Build
LinuxGCC 64	    Today, 2011/04/20 08:23	    Today, 2011/04/20 08:25
MacOSXGCC 64	     Today, 2011/04/20 08:11	   Today, 2011/04/20 08:13
WindowsVC8	    Today, 2011/04/20 07:16	   Today, 2011/04/20 08:06
WindowsVC8 64	     Today, 2011/04/20 05:39	   Today, 2011/04/20 08:08
WindowsVC9	    Today, 2011/04/20 08:02	   Today, 2011/04/20 08:10



Insight Journal

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A Framework for Algorithm Evaluation and Clinical Application Prototyping using ITK

Rexilius J., Spindler W., Jomier J., Koenig M., Hahn H., Link F., Peitgen H.
MeVis, Center for Medical Diagnostic Systems and Visualization, Bremen, Germany

Please use this identifier to cite or link to this publication: <http://hdl.handle.net/1926/12>

Published in *The Insight Journal* - 2005 MICCAI Open-Source Workshop.

Submitted by Jan Rexilius on 08-01-2005.

The usage of image processing has become an important and continuous growing field in medical imaging. Although a large amount of algorithms is available, only few are routinely applied within applications for clinical diagnosis support and treatment planning. New tools are required that allow for efficient evaluation and comparison of algorithms as well as the generation of dedicated user interfaces with sophisticated visualization for clinical applications. We propose a generic integration of ITK algorithms into the visual programming and rapid prototyping platform MeVisLab. One of the main limitation of ITK is its lack of visualization and interaction functionality through a dedicated development platform. MeVisLab provides a modular visual programming interface with a comprehensive suite of image processing and visualization tools. The linkage of ITK algorithms to MeVisLab is based on a two step process that consists of a generic XML description for each ITK algorithm and an automatic code generator to create new MeVisLab modules, which will be made publicly available within the free version of MeVisLab. Each module can handle different image types and data dimensions dynamically at runtime. Example applications using registration, segmentation, and visualization modules are presented in order to show the capabilities of the described integration concept.

Data

1 File (873Kb)

[rexilius_miccaiWorkshop2005.pdf \(873Kb\) \[view nano\]](#)



Fraunhofer

MEVIS

Institute for Medical Image Computing

The PythonQt Project

SOURCEFORGE.NET

[Main Page](#) [Related Pages](#) [Classes](#) [Files](#)

Qt framework C++ slot dynamic
QMetaObject binding application
Python property **PythonQt** signal
scripting dynamic wrapper
application embedding Qt framework scripting

Introduction

PythonQt is a dynamic [Python](#) binding for the [Qt framework](#). It offers an easy way to embed the Python scripting language into your C++ Qt applications. It makes heavy use of the QMetaObject system and thus requires Qt 4.x.

The focus of **PythonQt** is on embedding Python into an existing C++ application, not on writing the whole application completely in Python. If you want to write your whole application in Python, you should use [PyQt](#) or [PySide](#) instead.

If you are looking for a simple way to embed Python objects into your C++/Qt Application and to script parts of your application via Python, **PythonQt** is the way to go!

PythonQt is a stable library that was developed to make the Image Processing and Visualization platform [MeVisLab](#) scriptable from Python.

- [Features](#)
- [Download](#)
- [License](#)
- [Developer](#)
- [Building](#)
- [Examples](#)

Generated on Tue May 11 08:19:14 2010 for PythonQt by  1.6.1



eXtensibleTM IMAGING PLATFORM

Getting Started

Source code for and releases of the XIP HostTM, sample XIPTM applications and the XIPTM implementation of the DICOM Application Hosting standard are available on the [XIP HostTM GForge site](#).

Source code for and releases of the XIP LibrariesTM, along with the binaries for the XIP BuilderTM tool are available on the [XIP LibrariesTM GForge Site](#).

Additional information may be found on the [XIP Wiki site](#).

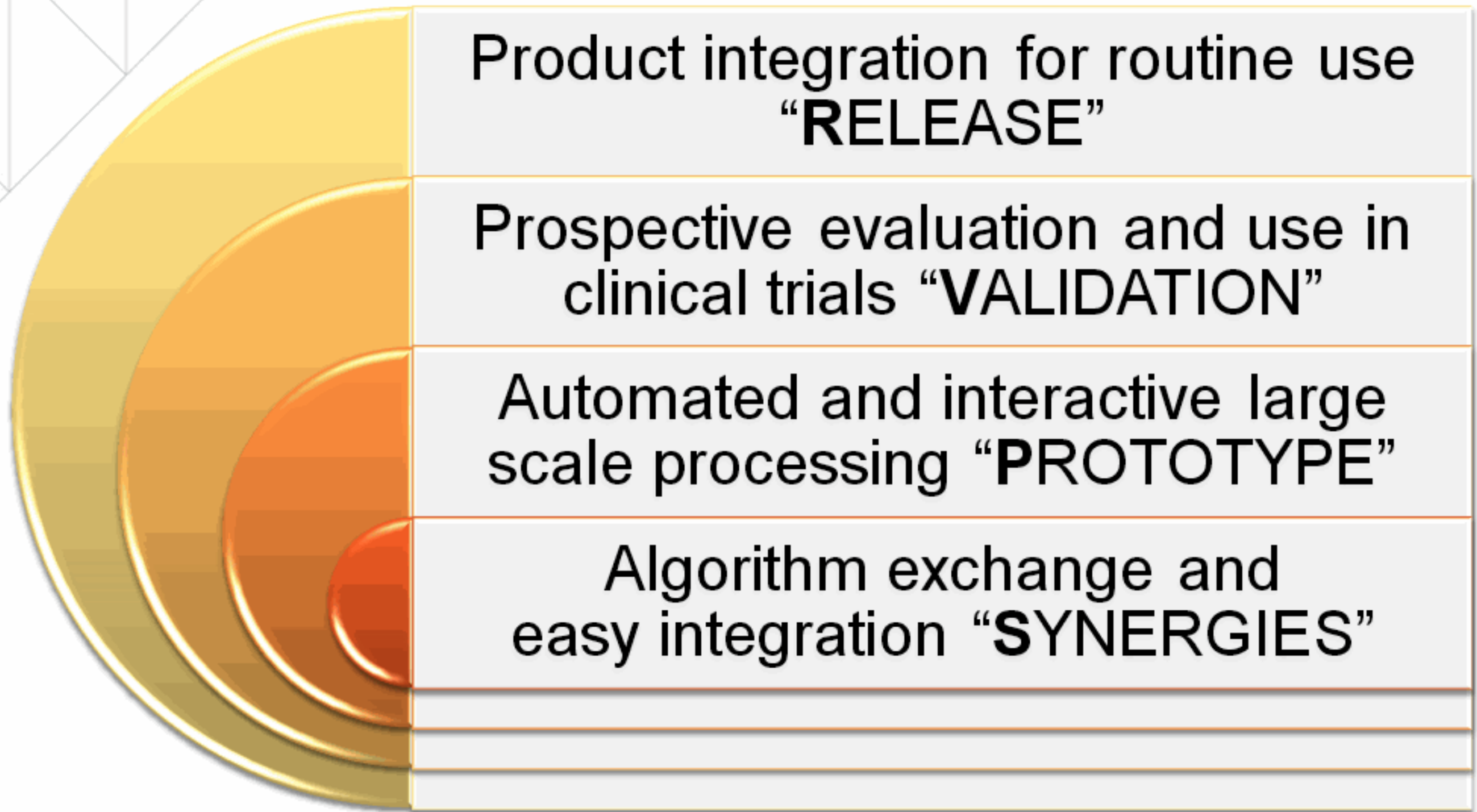
NCI's Open Source Workstation

The eXtensible Imaging PlatformTM (XIPTM) project is an open source environment for rapidly developing medical imaging applications from an extensible set of modular elements. Researchers will be able to easily develop and evaluate new approaches to medical imaging problems, and use them in a translational research setting.

The applications developed with the XIPTM tools and libraries can either run stand-alone, or as Hosted Applications utilizing the DICOM Application Hosting interfaces being defined by DICOM WG-23. The XIPTM project includes an open source reference implementations of the those interfaces, as well as a clinical research oriented Hosting System for running such Hosted Applications.

Four Major Challenges

from R&D to Productization “S-P-V-R”



multimodal
breast imaging

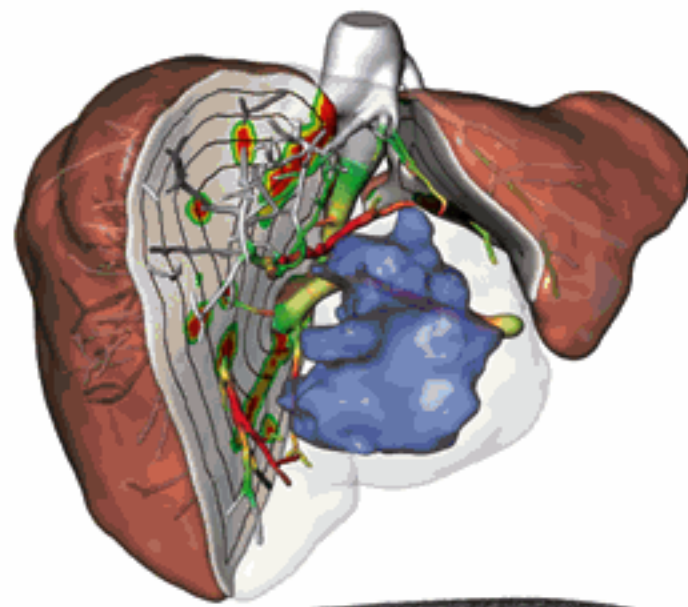
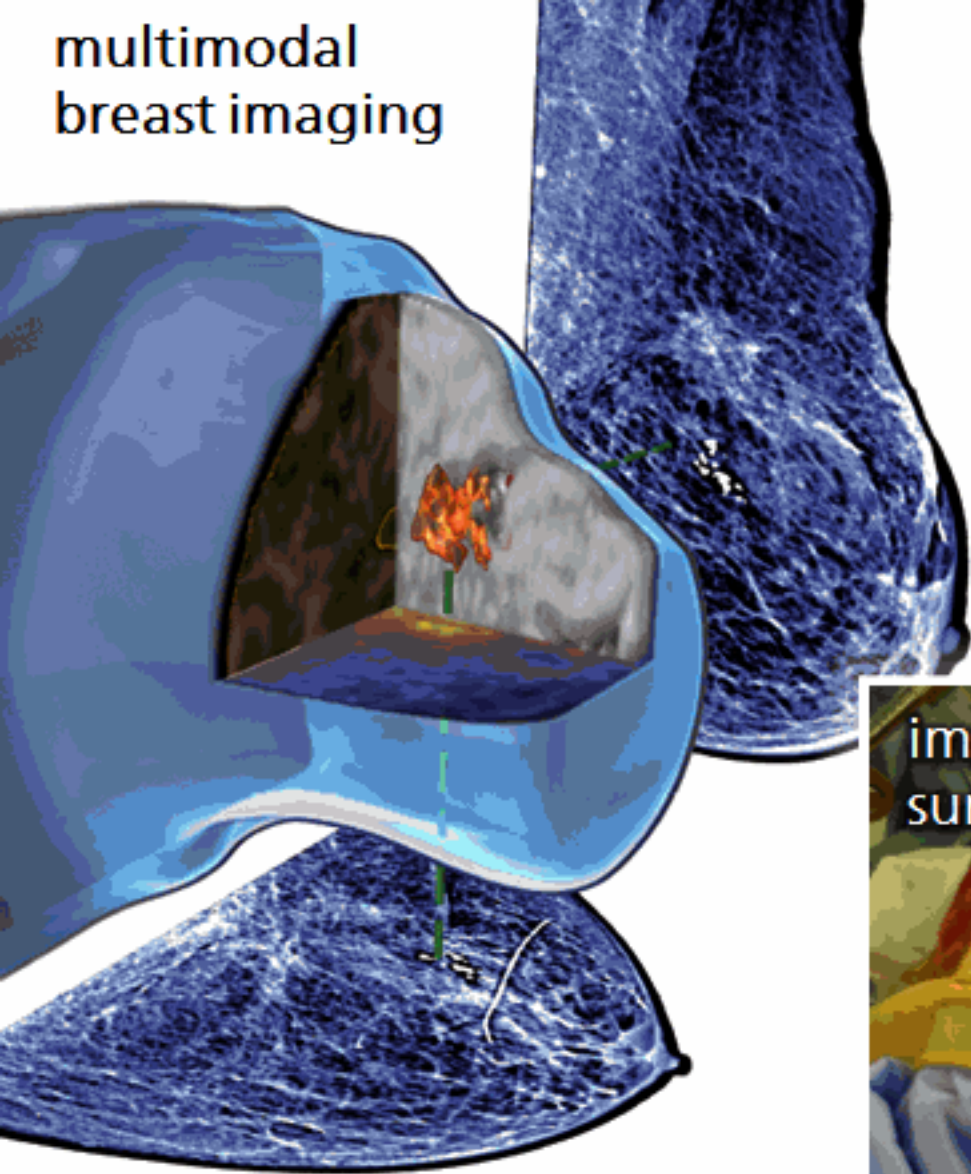
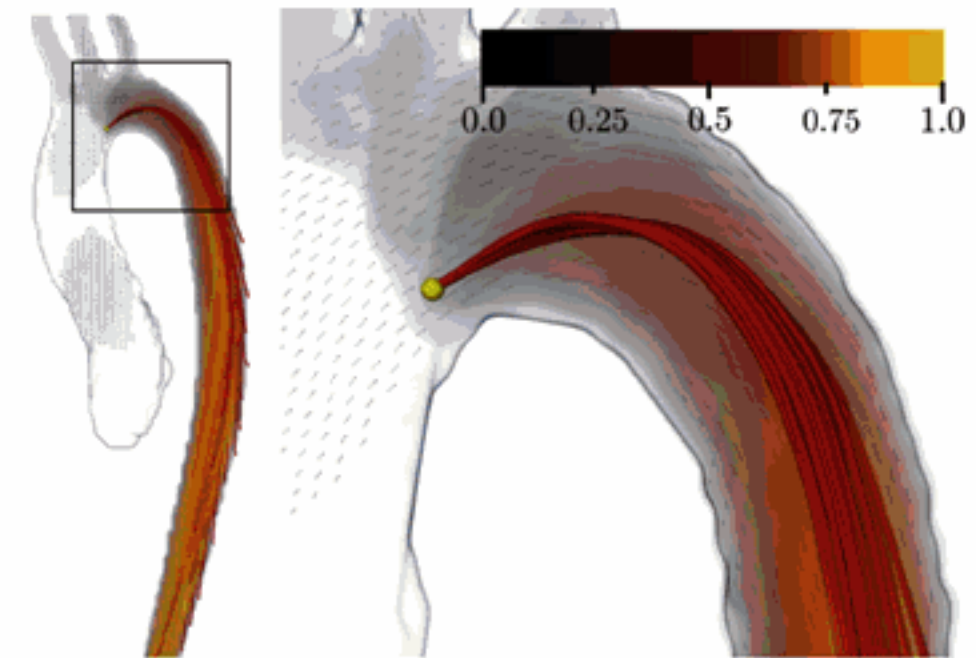


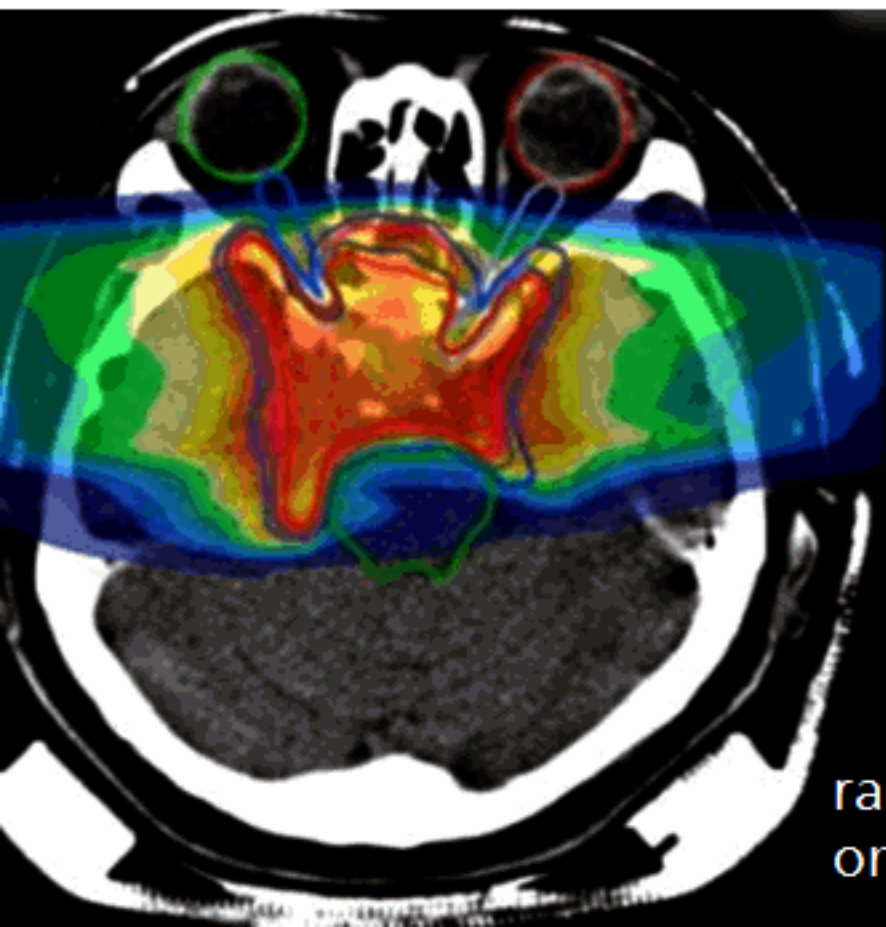
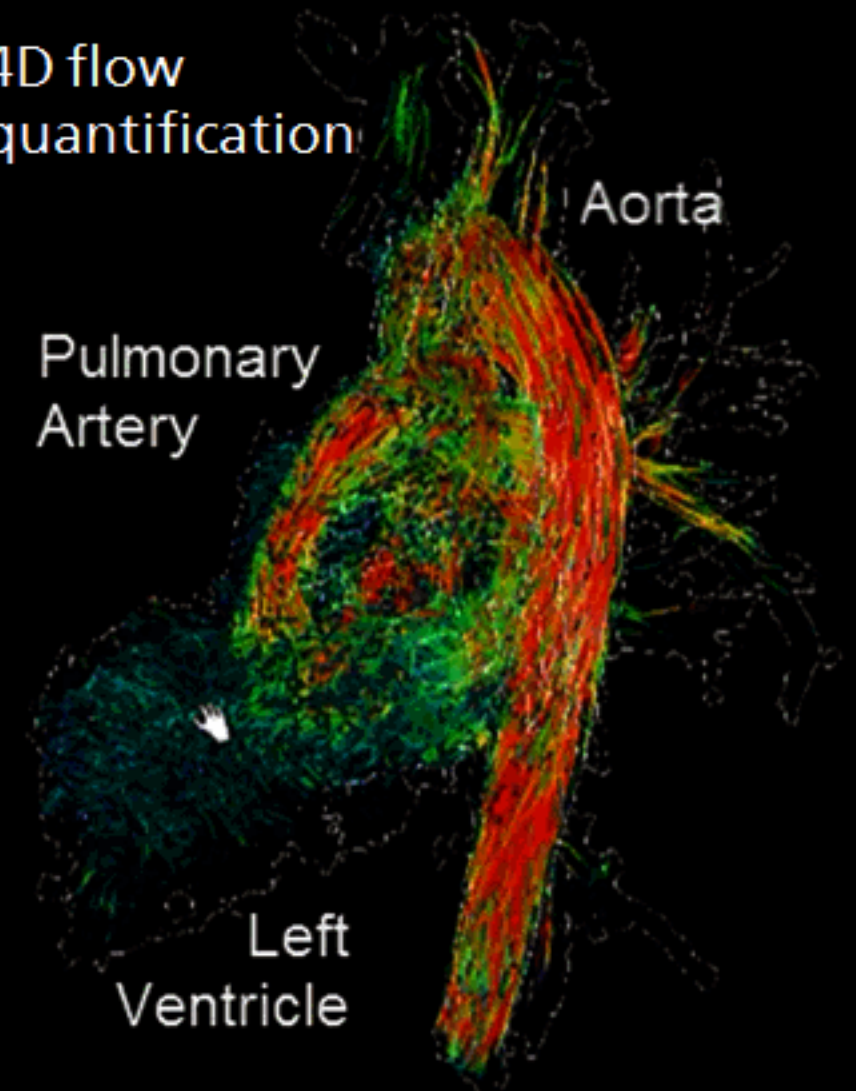
image guided
surgery



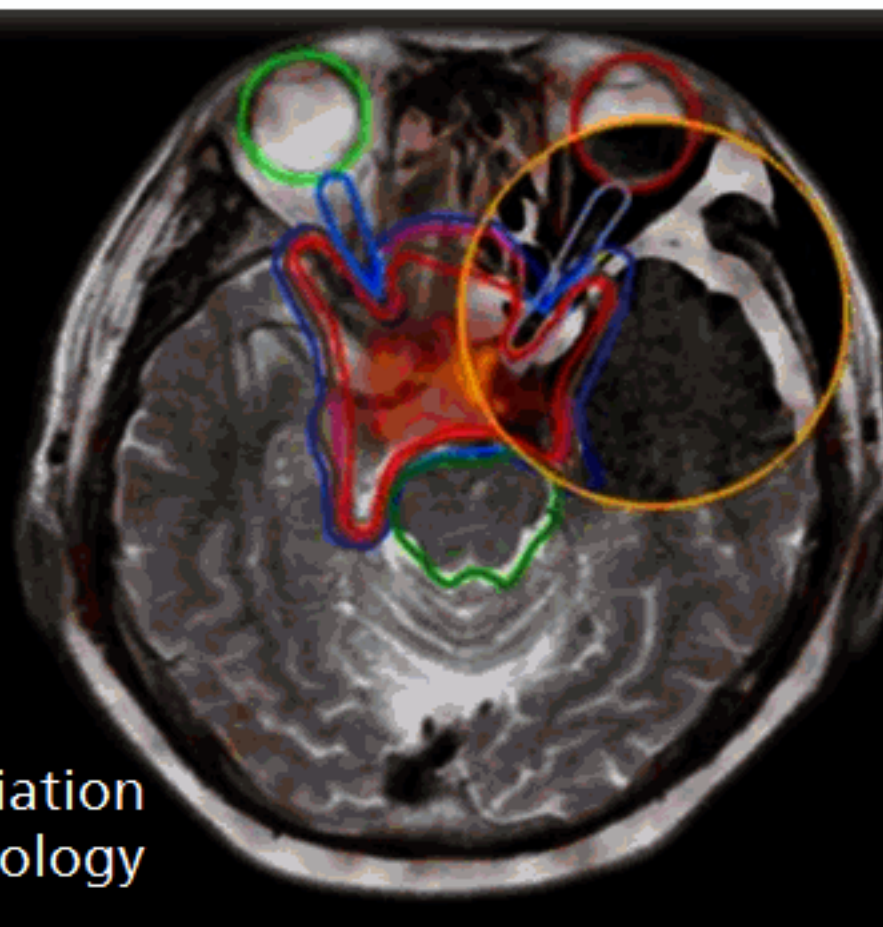
Selected Research Topics



4D flow
quantification



radiation
oncology



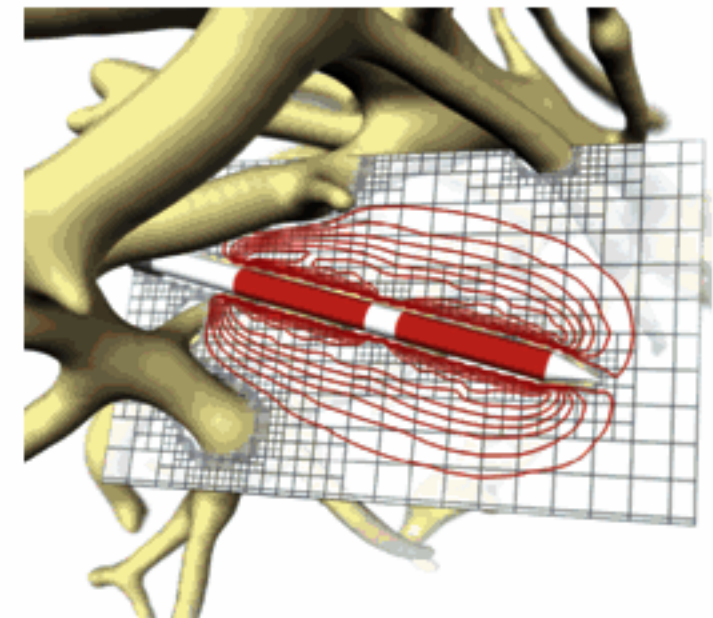
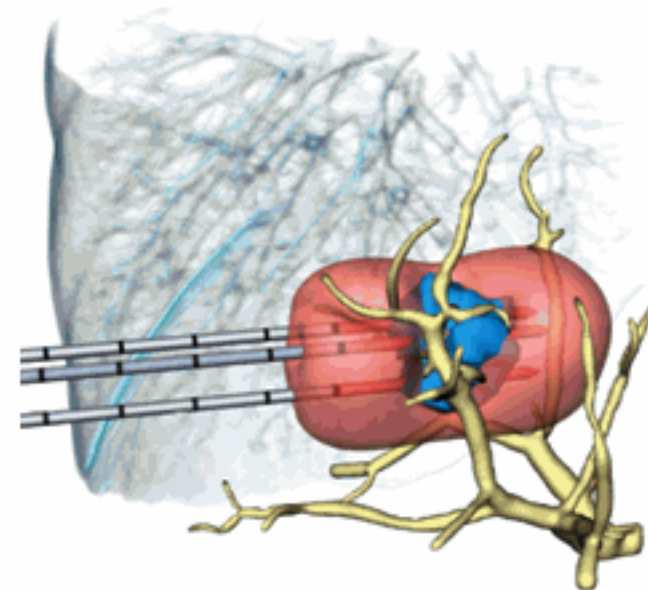
Modeling and Simulation

- Jacobs University Bremen
- Foundation professorship by Conrad and Lotti Naber
- Modeling of bio-physical processes for improved outcome prediction



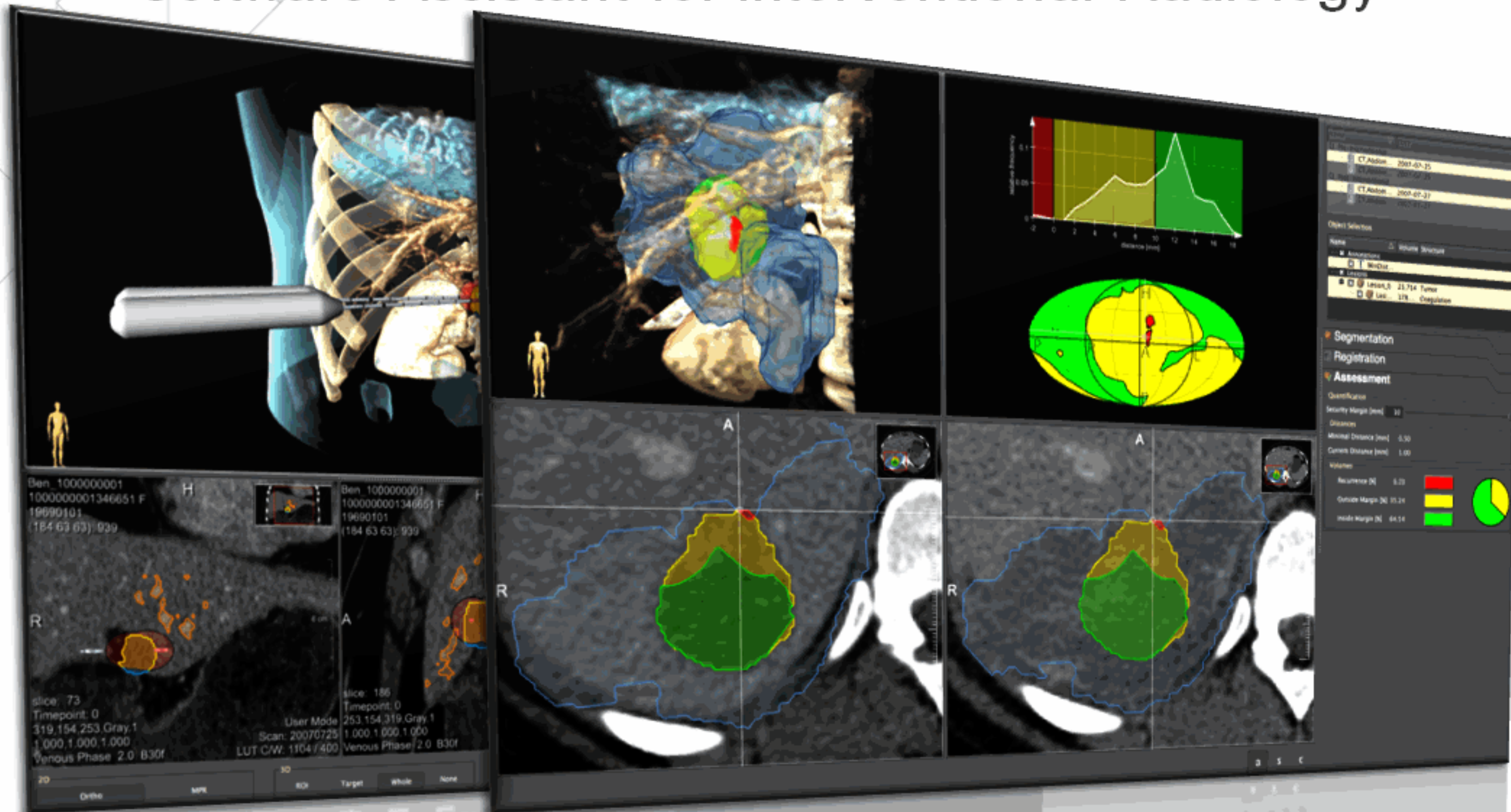
Prof. Dr. Tobias Preußer

- Examples
 - RF ablation of liver tumors
 - Numerical flow simulation
 - stochastic PDEs



SAFIR

Software Assistant for Interventional Radiology



MR Imaging

- University Bremen – FB Physics
- Foundation professorship by Stiftung Bremer Wertpapierbörse
- Co-optimization of medical imaging
- Development of new sequences and imaging protocols
- Examples
 - Moving Table Diffusion Imaging
 - Arterial Spin-Label Imaging outside of the brain



*Prof. Dr. Matthias
Günther*

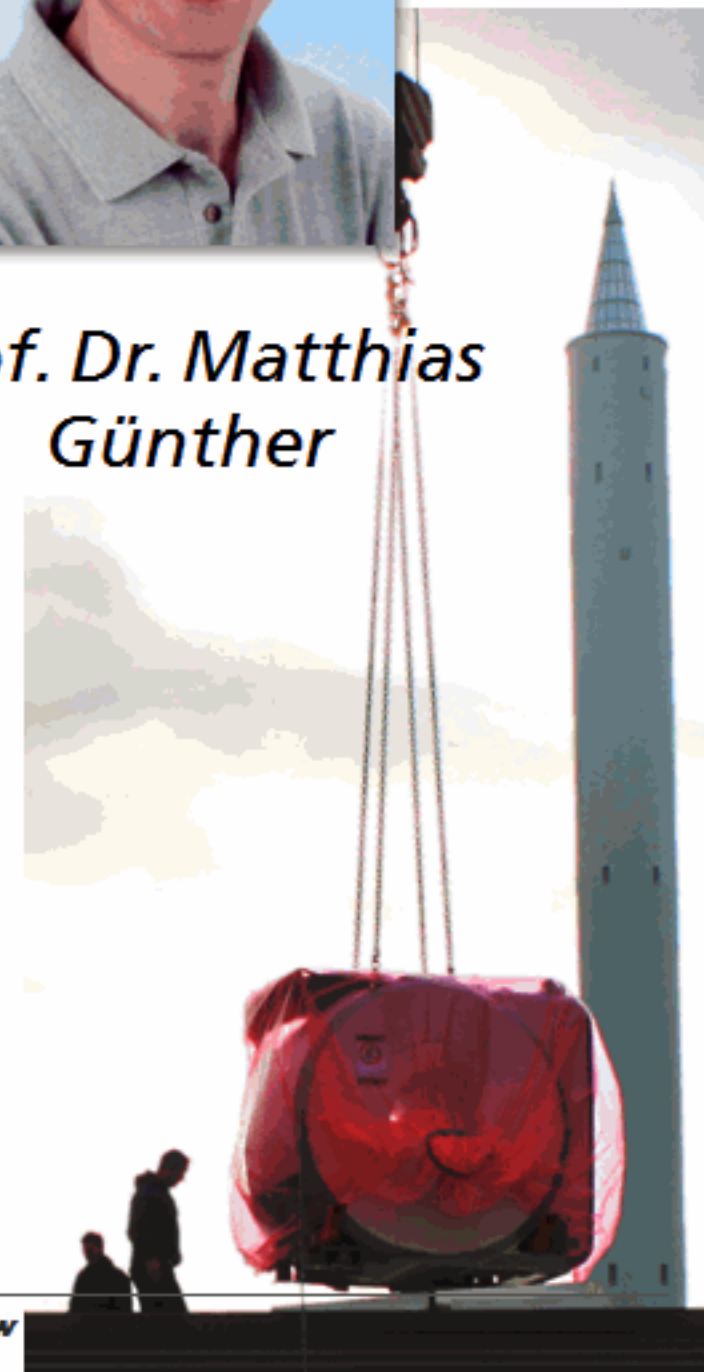


Image Registration

- Strategic collaboration
Fraunhofer MEVIS – University Lübeck
- MEVIS Project Group Lübeck
Basic funding by State Schleswig-Holstein
- Multimodal and temporal mapping
and fusion of medical image data
- Examples
 - Discretize-then-optimize
 - Variational implementation of hard/soft constraints
 - Newton-type minimization methods
 - Normalized gradient fields, curvature regularization,...



Prof. Dr. Bernd Fischer
Prof. Dr. Jan Modersitzki



Image Registration

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- Examples



Prof. Dr. Bernd Fischer
Prof. Dr. Jan Modersitzki



- Discretize-then-optimize
- Variational implementation of hard/soft constraints
- Newton-type minimization methods
- Normalized gradient fields, curvature regularization,...

Computer Aided Diagnosis

- Strategic collaboration Fraunhofer MEVIS – Radboud University Nijmegen Medical Center (NL)
- Computer Aided Detection
- Complexity Reduction of Diagnostic Processes
- Examples
 - Detection in breast cancer screening
 - Detection in lung cancer screening
 - Decision support in breast imaging



Prof. Dr. Nico Karssemeijer
Prof. Dr. Bram van Ginneken

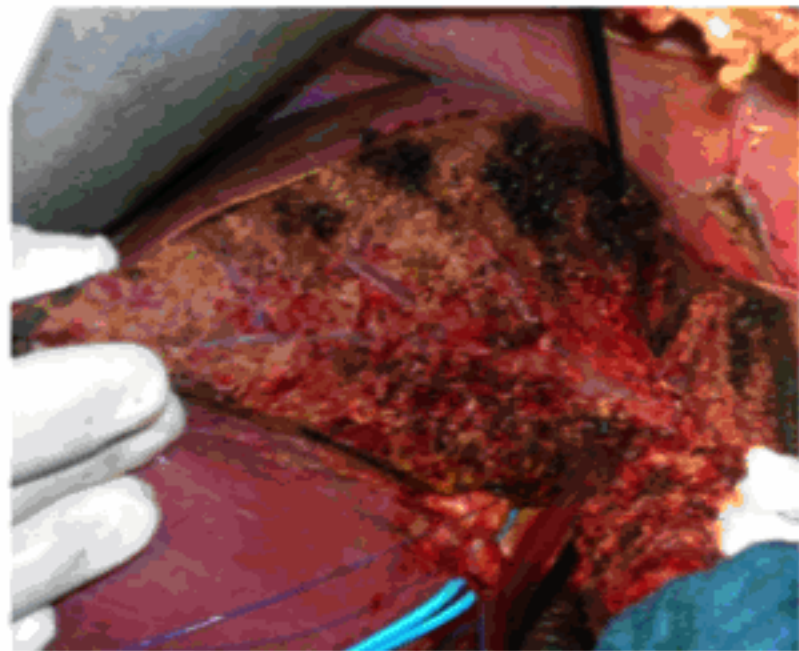
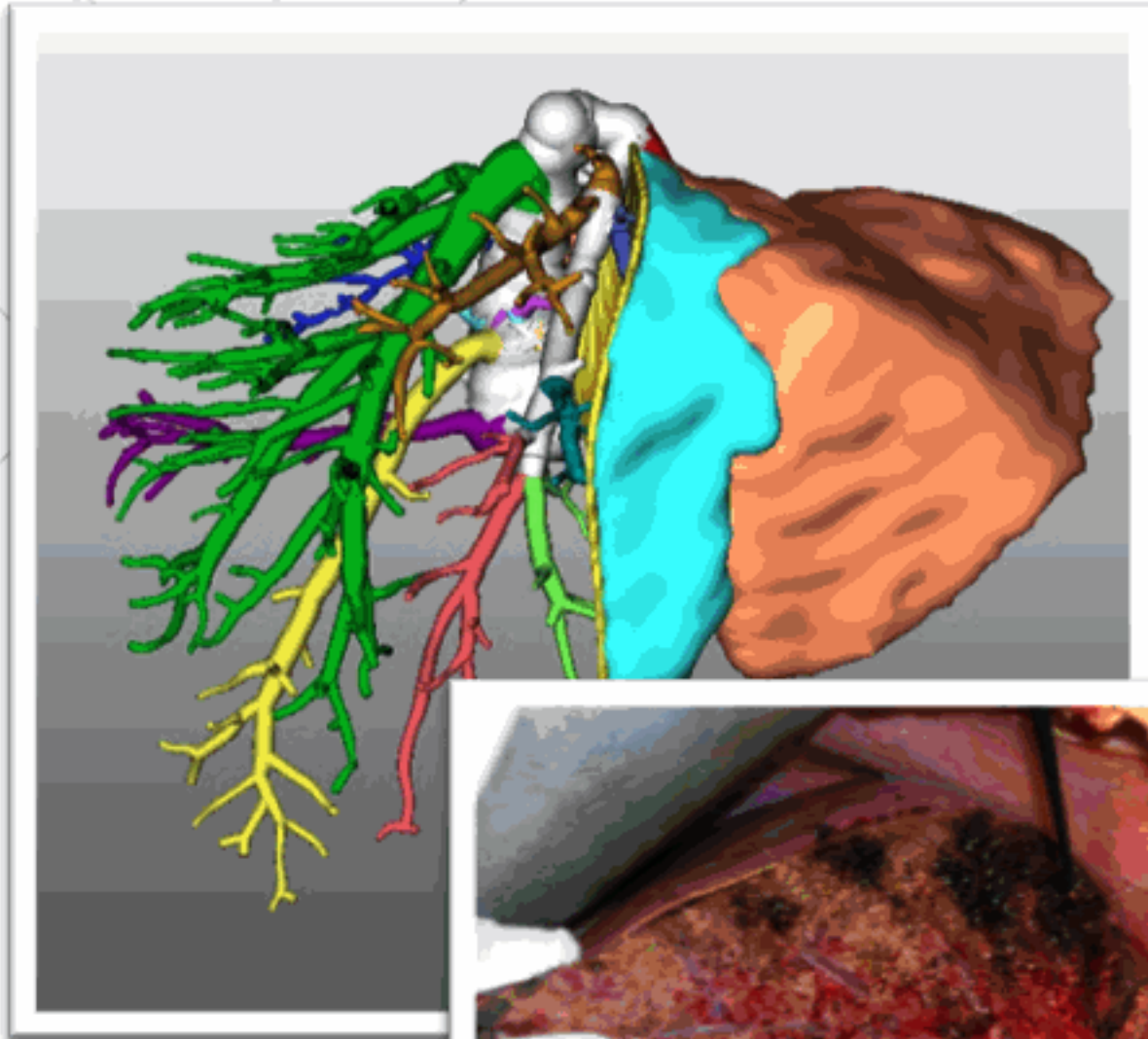


A classical painting depicting a muscular man, likely Prometheus, bound in chains. He is shown from the waist up, with his torso twisted and his head turned away. A large, dark bird, possibly an eagle, is perched on his chest. The man's right arm is raised, and his left arm is chained to a rock. The background is dark and dramatic, with a hint of a landscape on the left. The overall tone is somber and heroic.

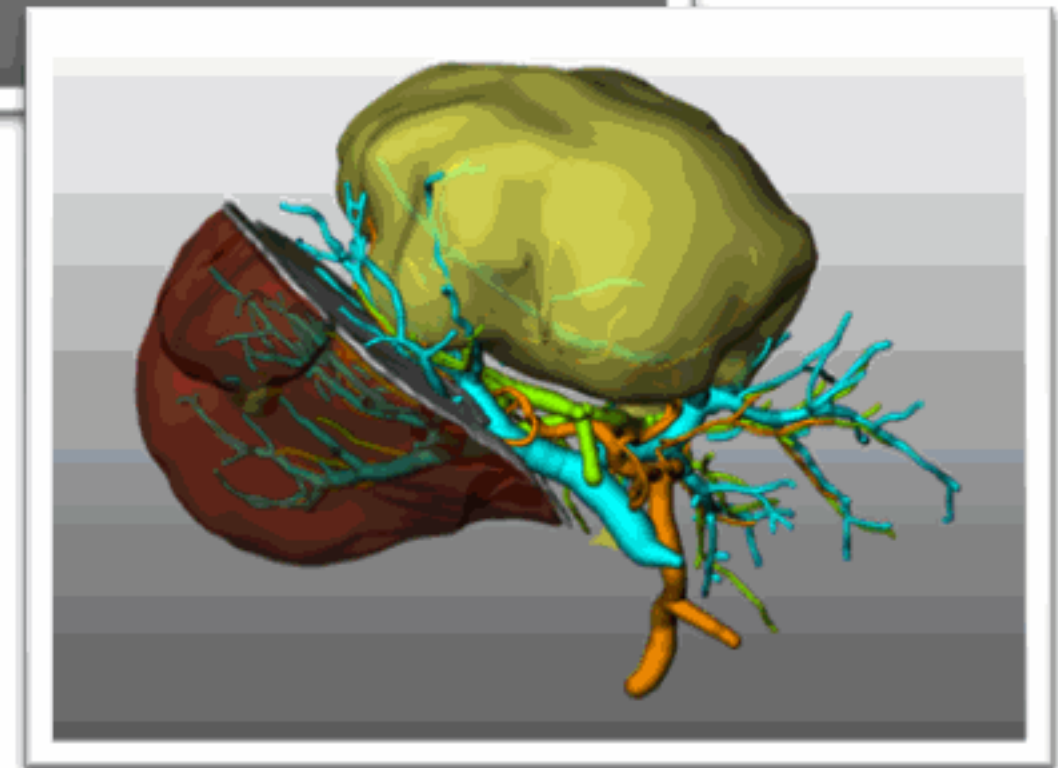
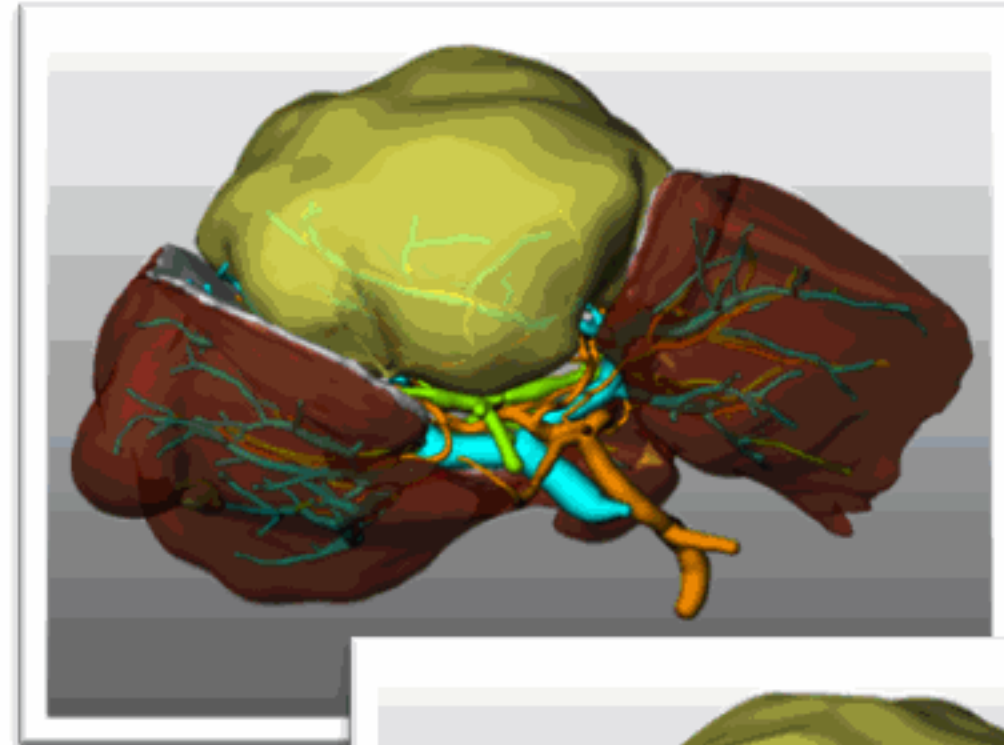
Visia LIVER-DS Distant Service via Internet

...

Main Types of Surgery for Service based Extended Risk Assessment

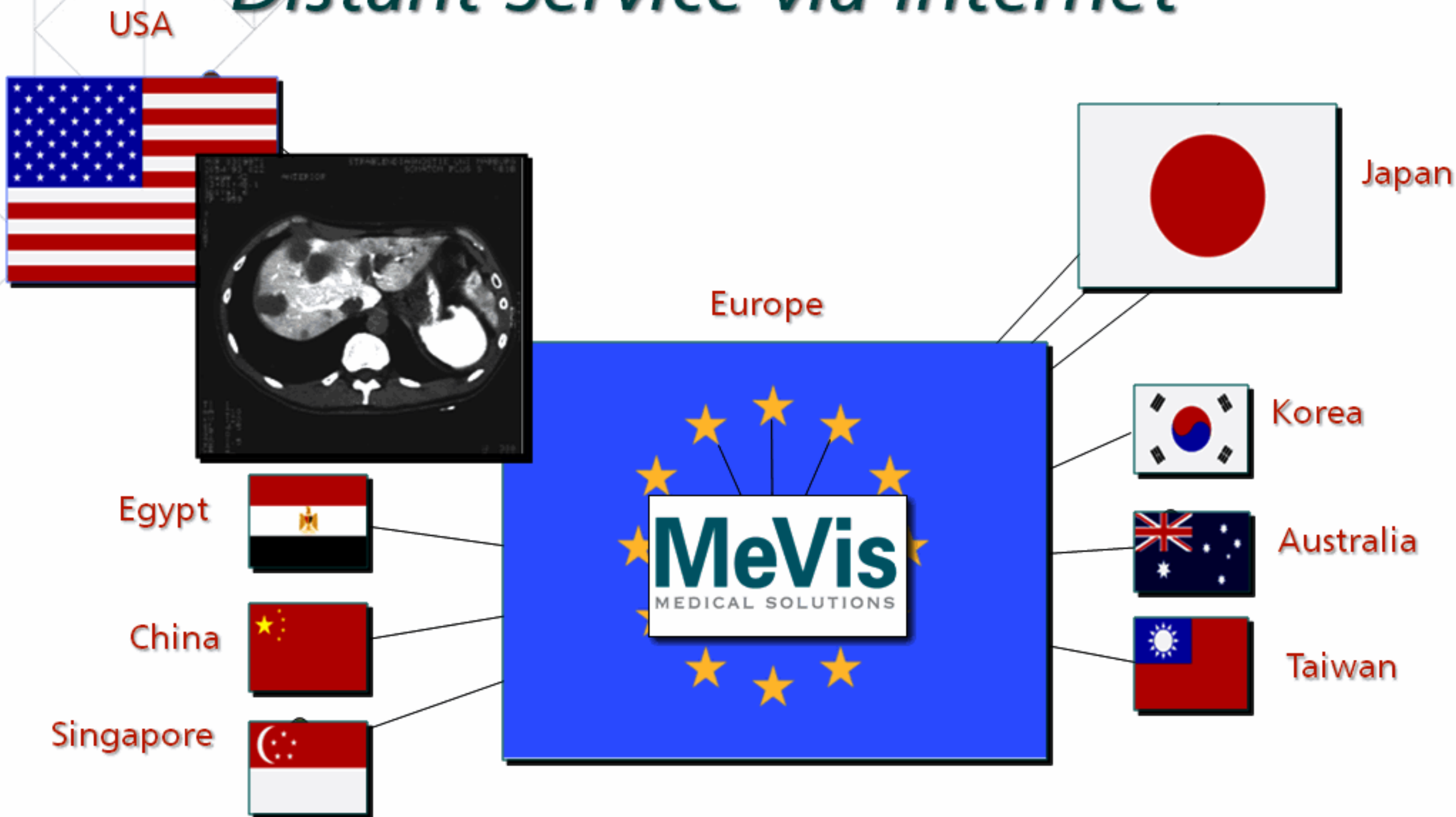


Living donor liver
transplantations

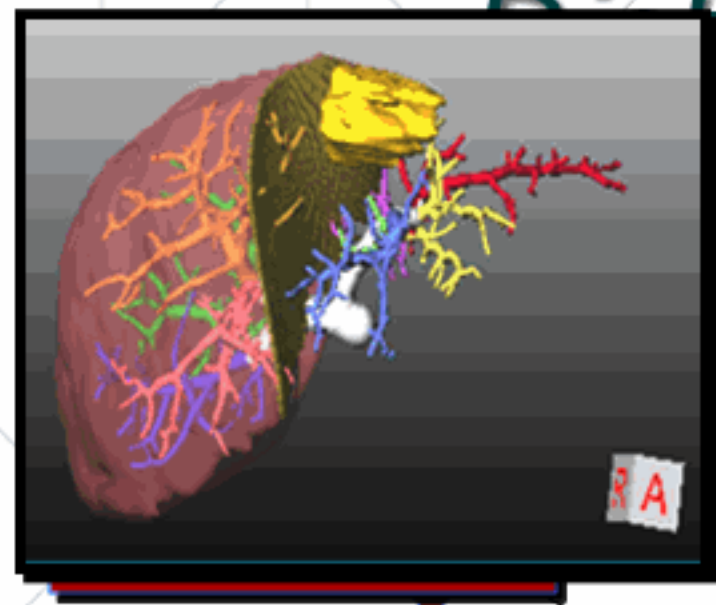


Challenging and extended
tumor resections

3rd Success: Visia LIVER-DS *Distant Service via Internet*



3rd Success: Visia LIVER-DS Distant Service via Internet



Europe

Japan



Korea



Australia



Taiwan



Egypt



China



Singapore



MeVis
MEDICAL SOLUTIONS

FDA Certified

Clinical Partners/Clients (>200)

Kobe City General Hospital, Japan

Kyoto University Hospital, Japan

Nagoya University Hospital, Japan

Yokohama City University Medical School, Japan

Gleneagles Hospital, Singapore

Singapore General Hospital, Singapore

National University Hospital, Singapore

Samsung Medical Center, Seoul, South Korea

Kaohsiung University Hospital, Kaohsiung, Taiwan

Taipei National University Hospital, Taiwan

Charité Campus Benjamin Franklin, Berlin

Charité Campus Virchow-Klinikum, Berlin

Klinikum Bremen-Mitte, Bremen

Augusta Krankenanstalten, Bochum

Universitätsklinikum Bonn

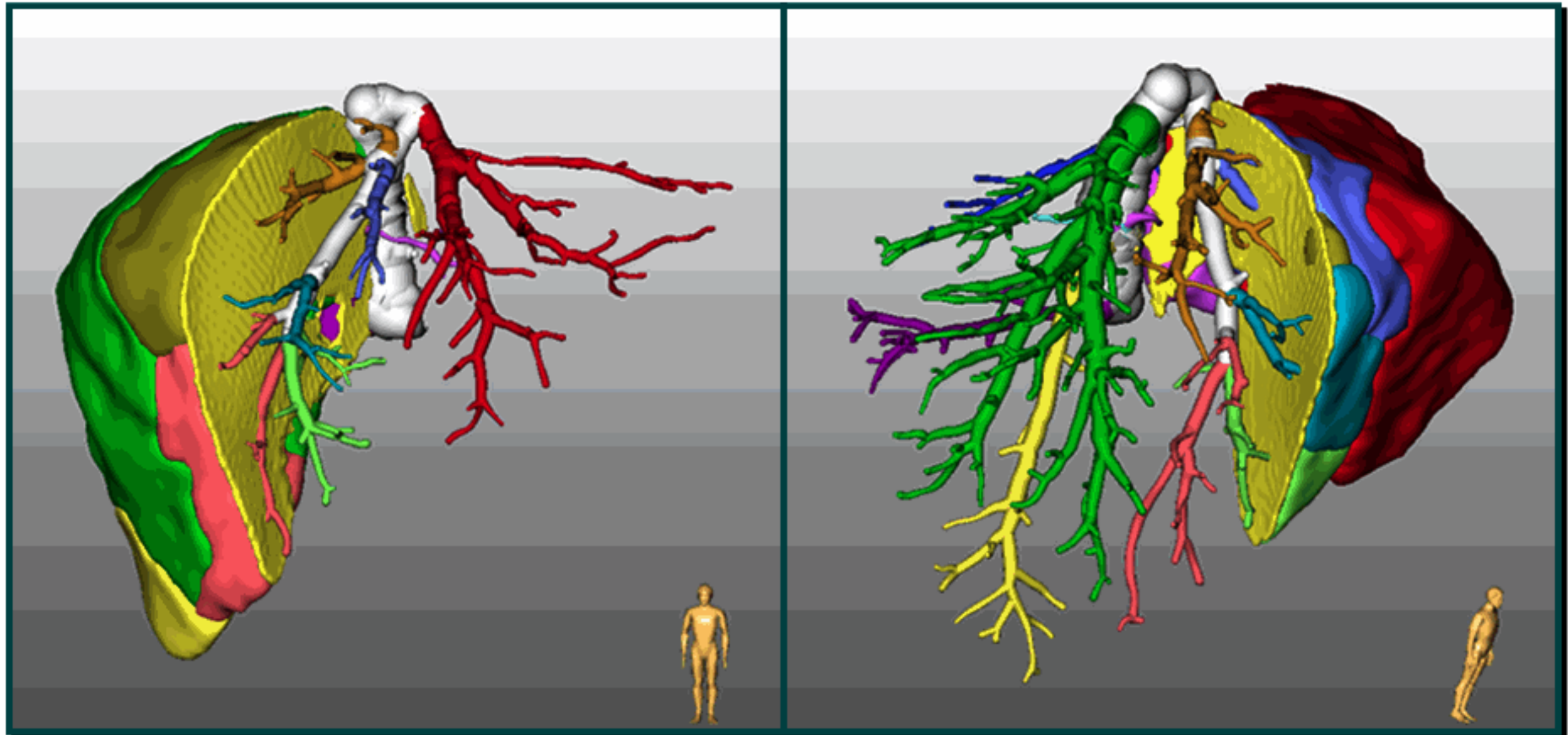
Allgemeines Krankenhaus Celle

Klinikum Düsseldorf-Gerresheim

Universitätsklinikum Essen

Johann Wolfgang Goethe Universität Frankfurt

Chirurgische Universitätsklinik, Freiburg



Eastern Hepatobiliary Surgery Hospital, Shanghai, China

Clinical Partners/Clients (>200)

Kobe City General Hospital, Japan

Kyoto University Hospital, Japan

Nagoya University Hospital, Japan

Yokohama City University Medical School, Japan

Gleneagles Hospital, Singapore

Singapore General Hospital, Singapore

National University Hospital, Singapore

Samsung Medical Center, Seoul, South Korea

Kaohsiung University Hospital, Kaohsiung, Taiwan

Taipei National University Hospital, Taiwan

Charité Campus Benjamin Franklin, Berlin

Charité Campus Virchow-Klinikum, Berlin

Klinikum Bremen-Mitte, Bremen

Augusta-Krankenanstalten, Bochum

Universitätsklinikum Bonn

Städtisches Krankenhaus Berlin

Klinikum Düsseldorf-Gerresheim

Universitätsklinikum Essen

Johann Wolfgang Goethe Universität Frankfurt

Chirurgische Universitätsklinik, Freiburg

Total:

> 6200

LDLT

Oncological

Regeneration

Other

> 3000

> 2300

> 300

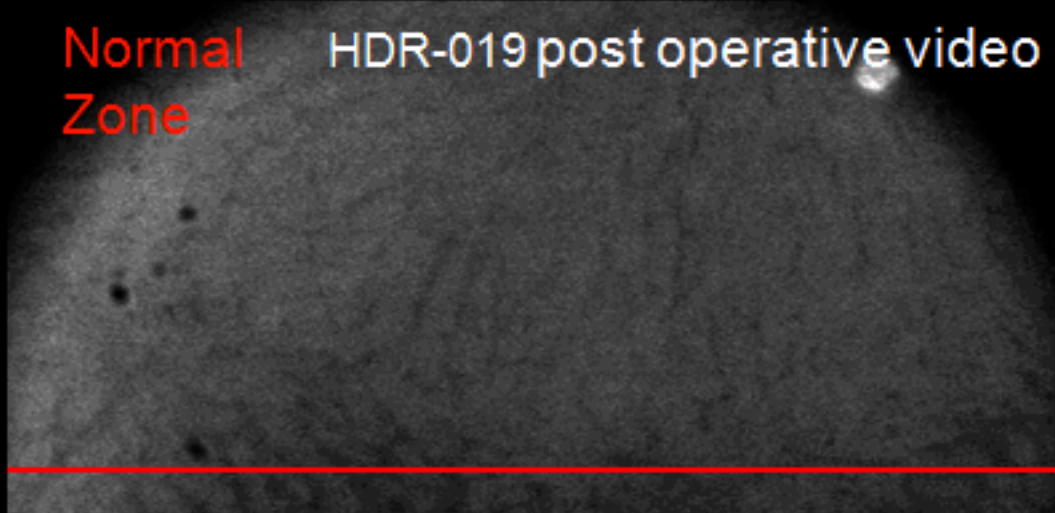
> 600

(Kidney, Pancreas, Lung, etc.)

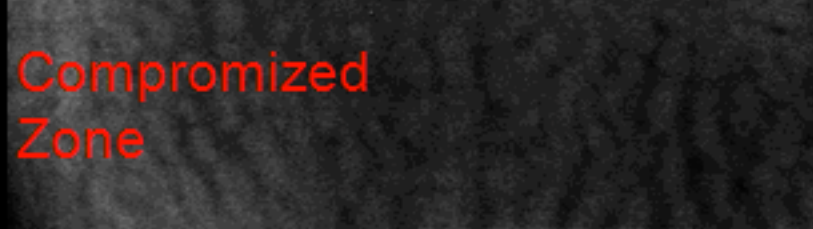
Sinusoidal Remodeling

Normal
Zone

HDR-019 post operative video

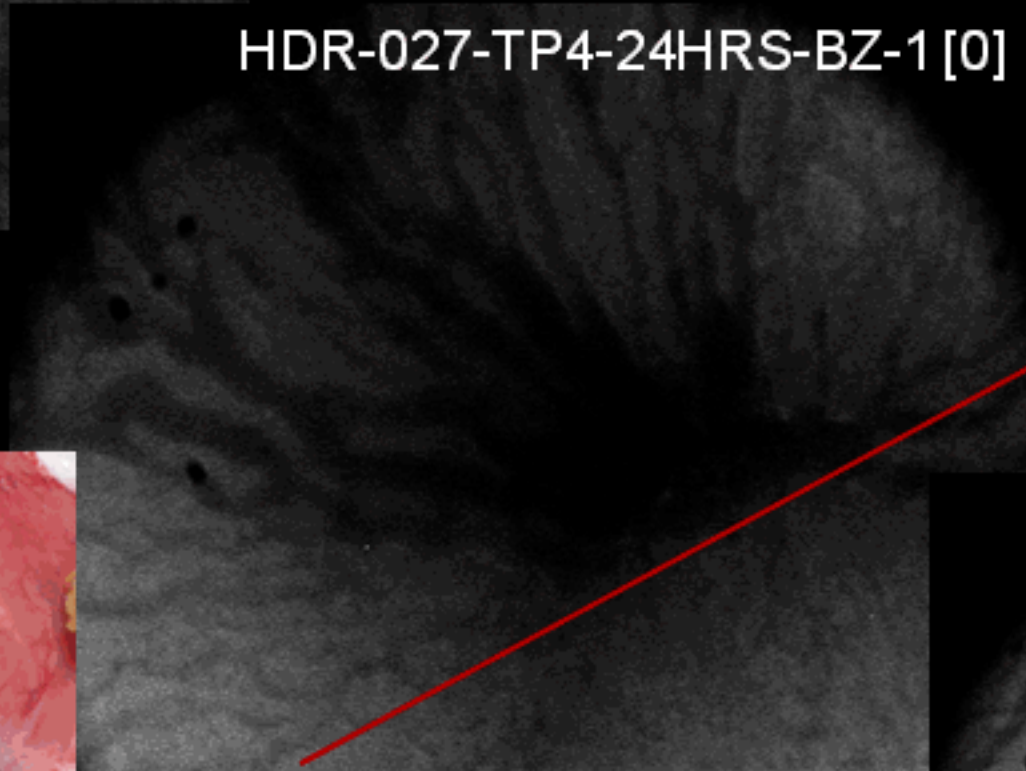


Compromized
Zone



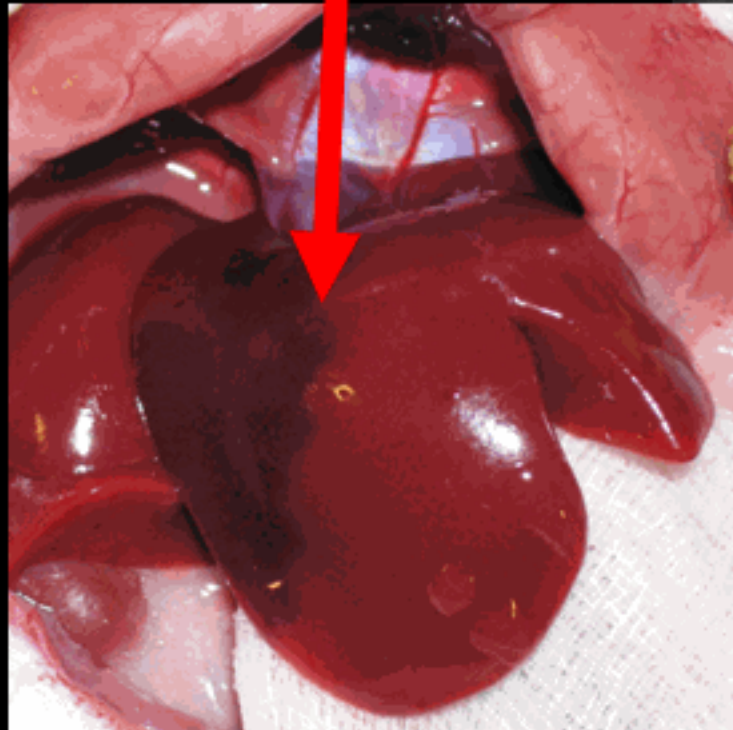
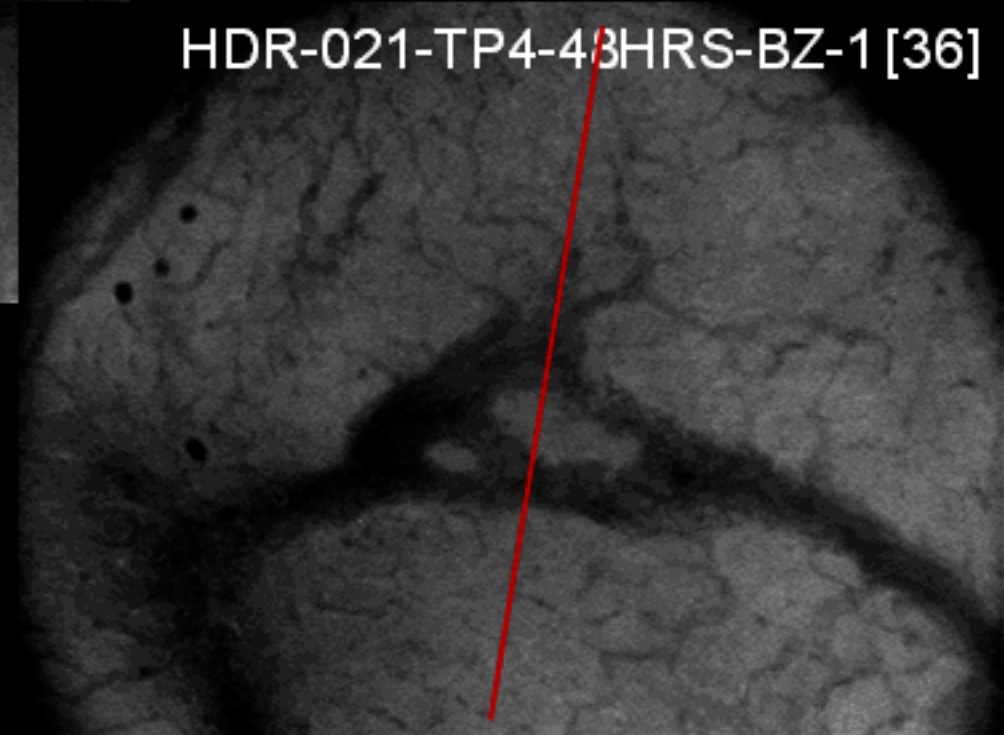
dilated vascularized sinusoidal
canals connecting the
obstruction zone with
the normal zone

HDR-027-TP4-24HRS-BZ-1 [0]



Dirsch Dahmen, Transplantation 2008

HDR-021-TP4-48HRS-BZ-1 [36]



microcirculation visualized
by orthogonal polarization
spectroscopy

multimodal
breast imaging

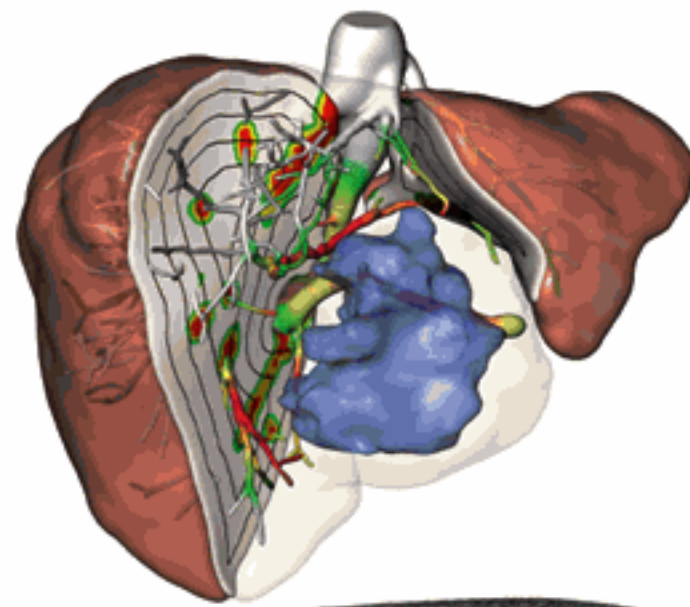
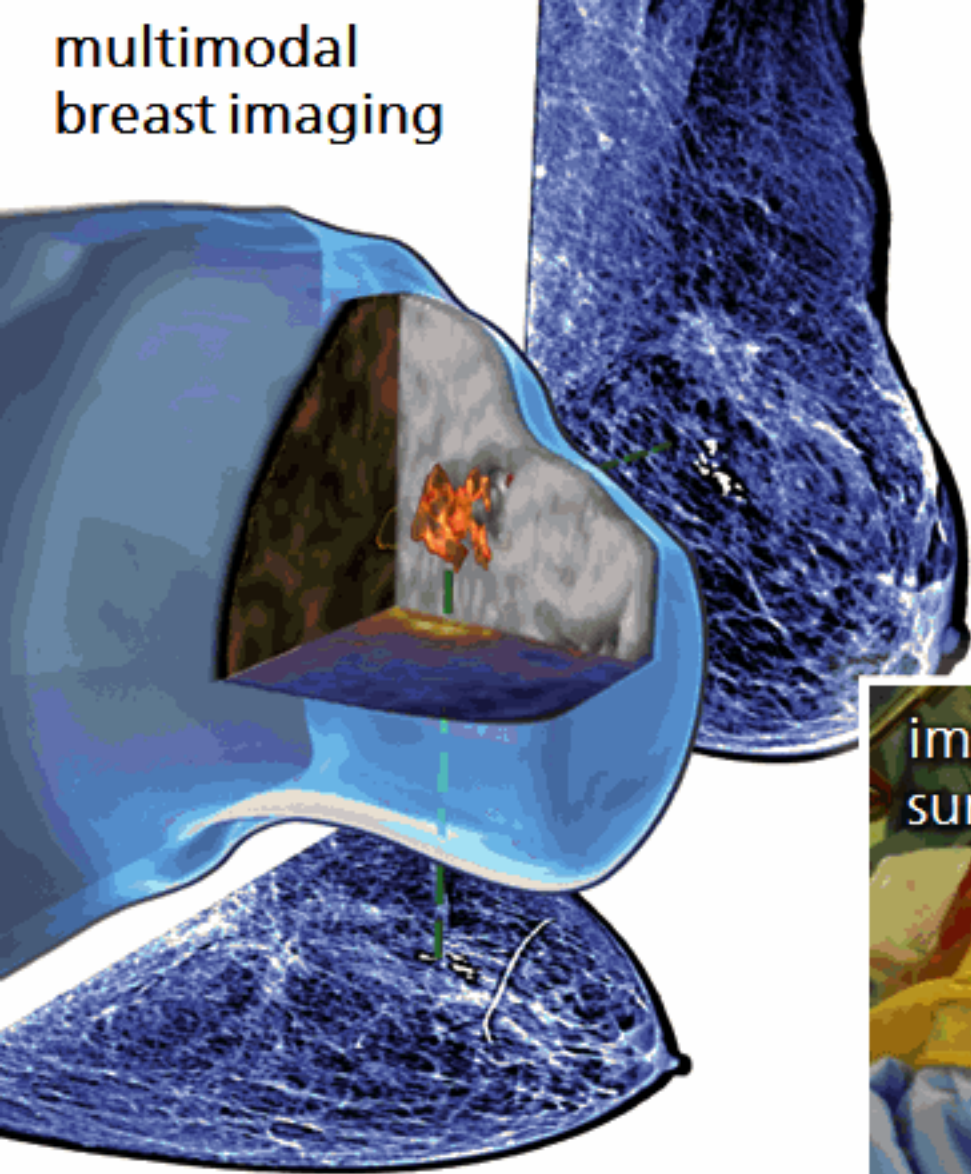
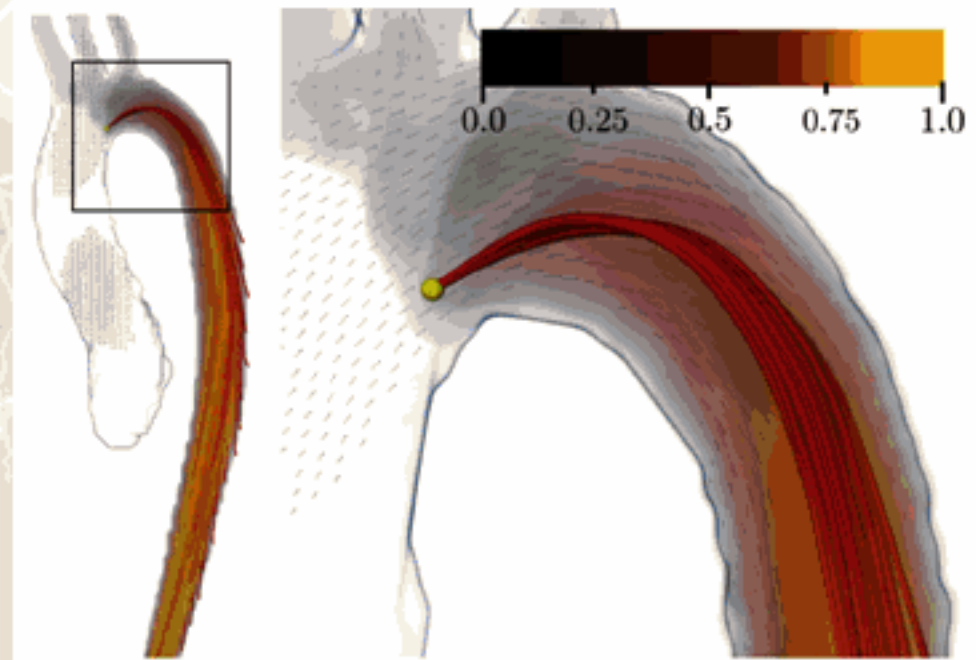


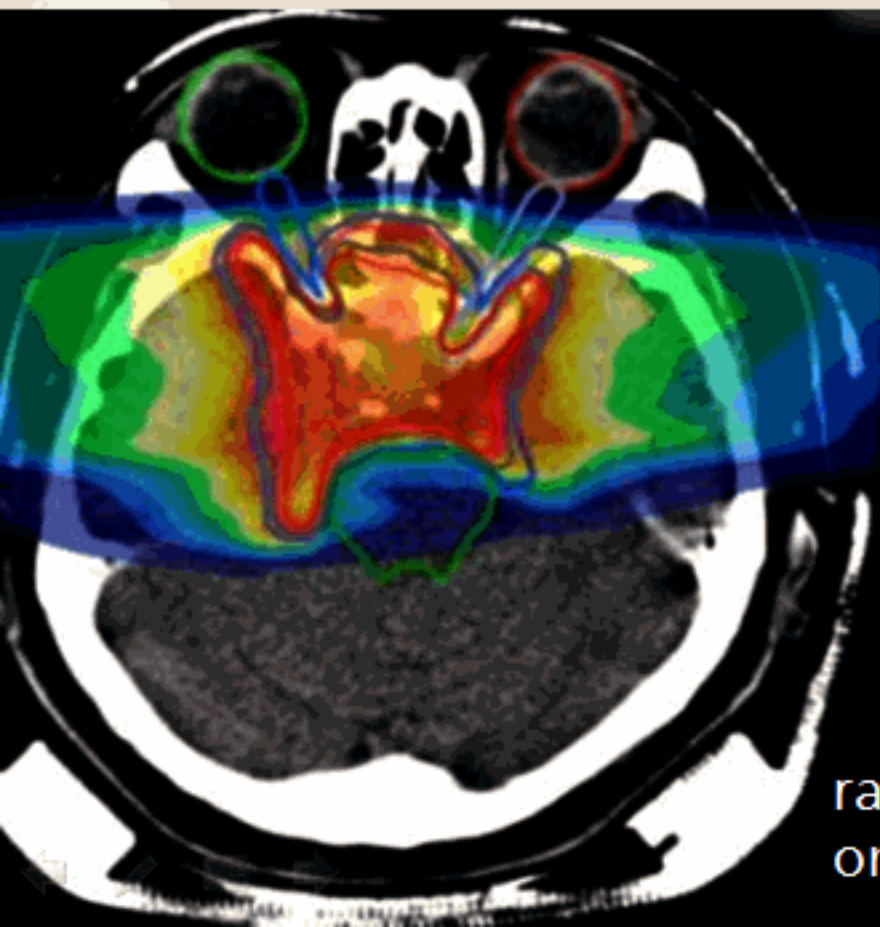
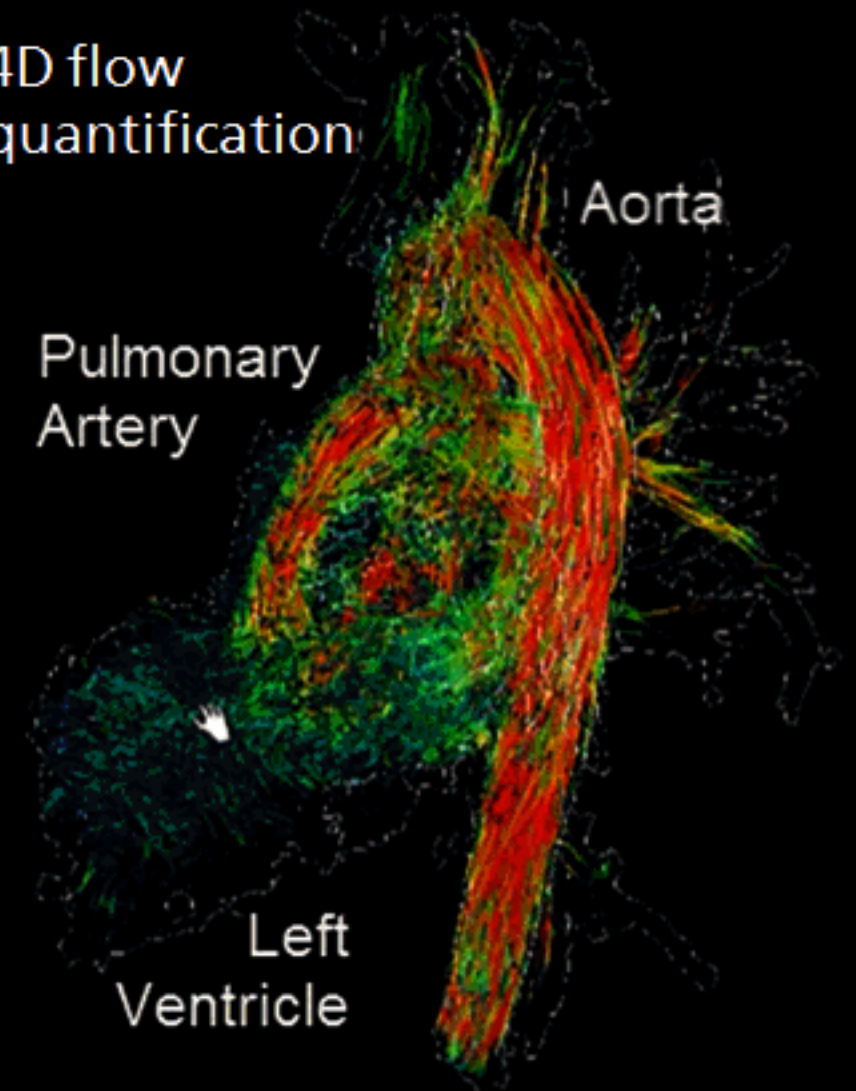
image guided
surgery



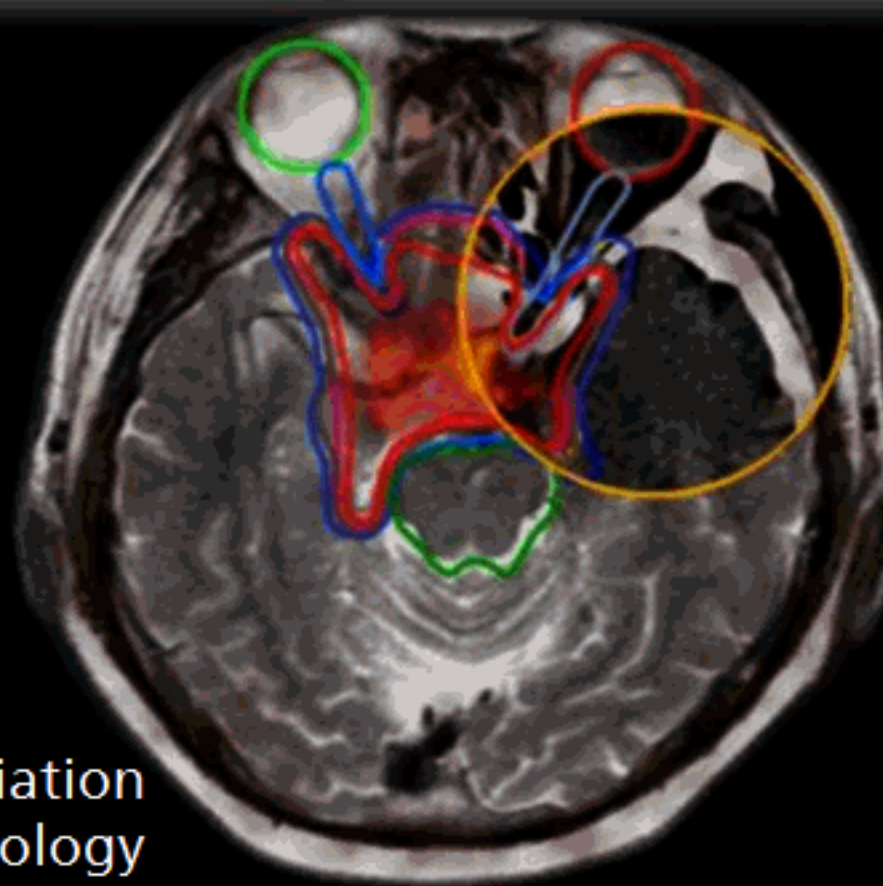
Selected Research Topics



4D flow
quantification



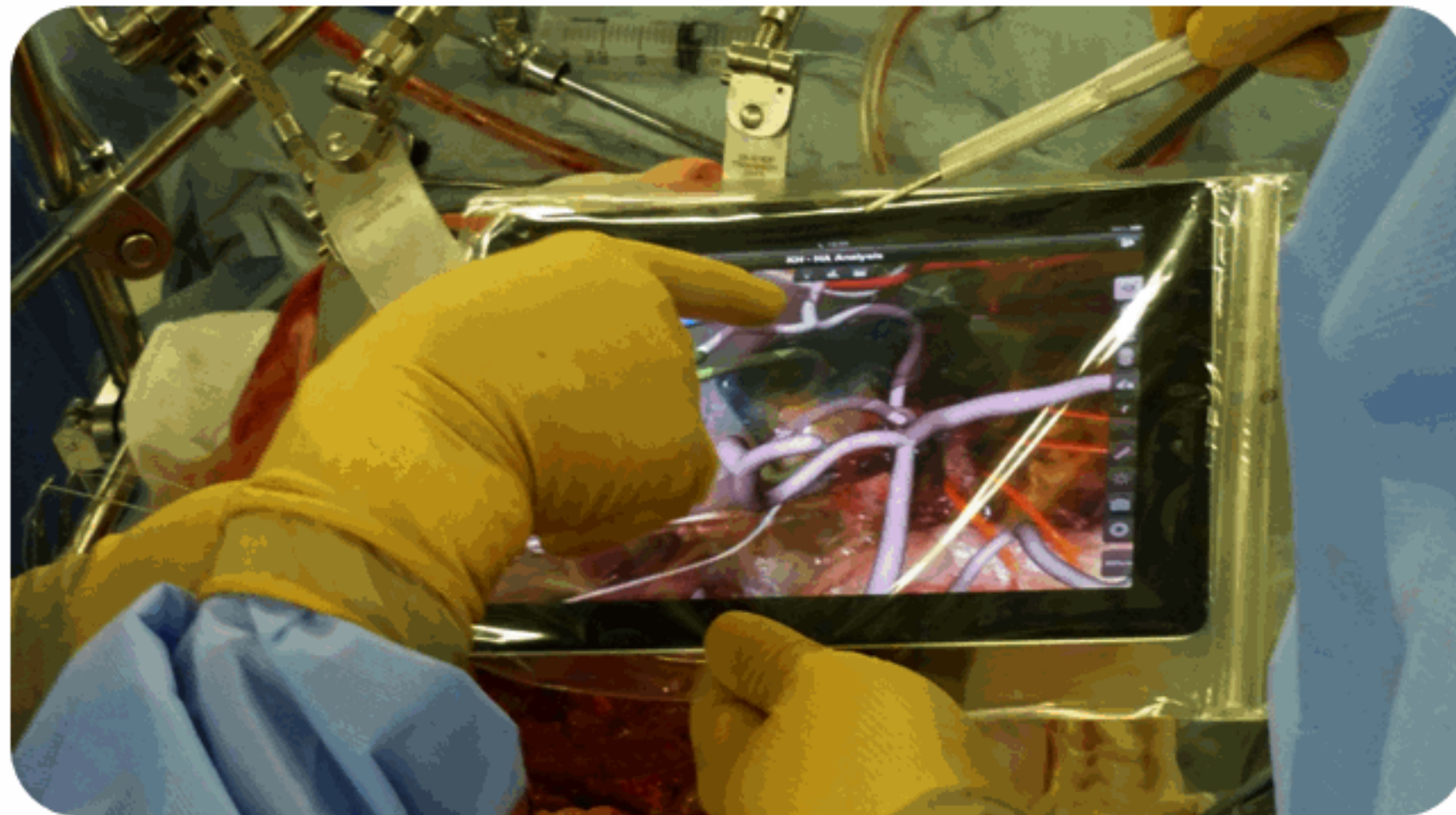
radiation
oncology



Mobile LiverExplorer

(Alexander Köhn Sep-Nov 2012, Yokohama)

Bringing the liver planning data into the operation room



Mobile LiverExplorer

(Alexander Köhn Sep-Nov 2012, Yokohama)

Bringing the liver planning data into the operation room

“If we can use iPad software in our OR, intraoperative blood loss could be further reduced since the hepatic venous branches are the main source of intraoperative blood loss. [...]”

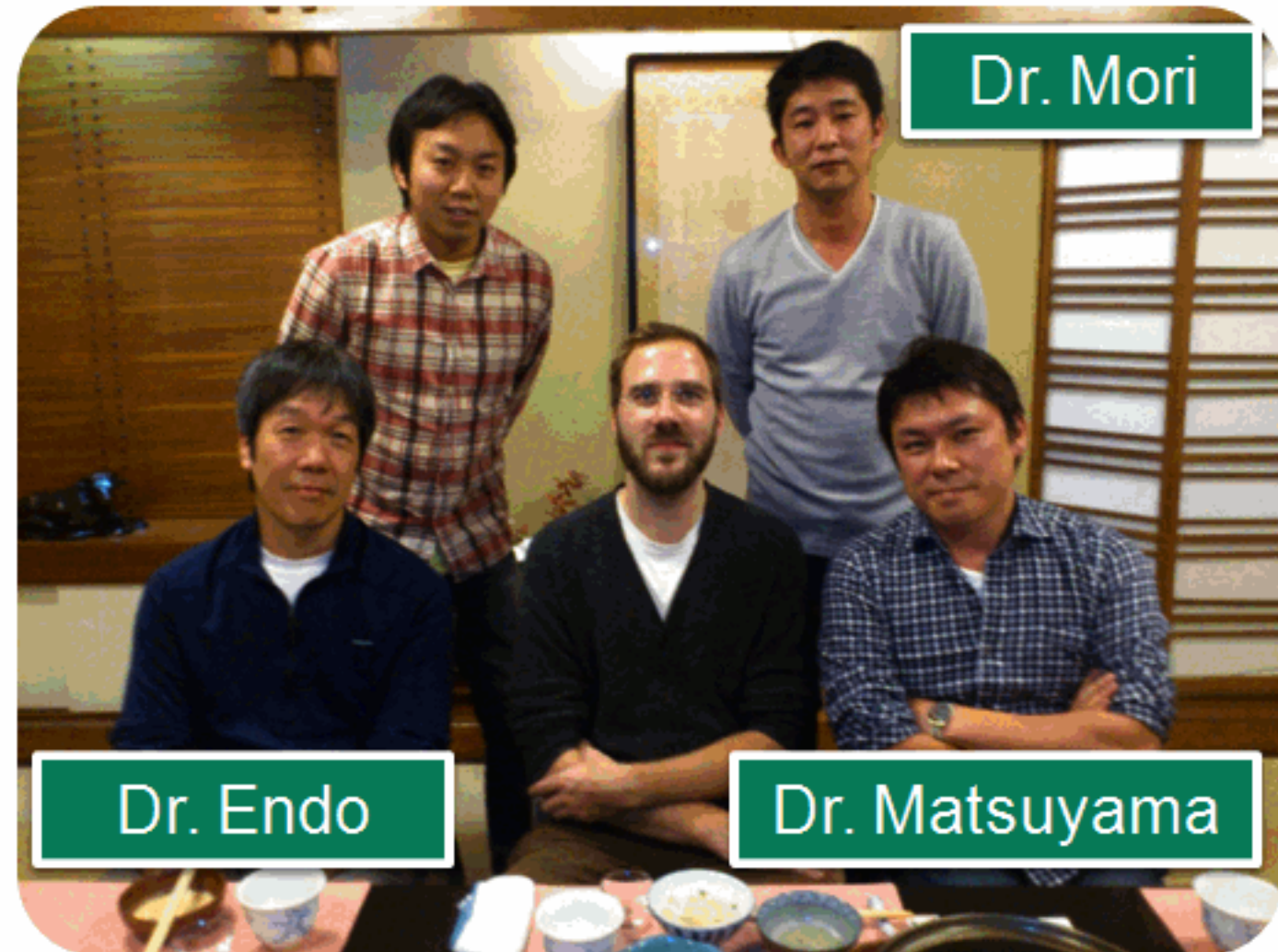
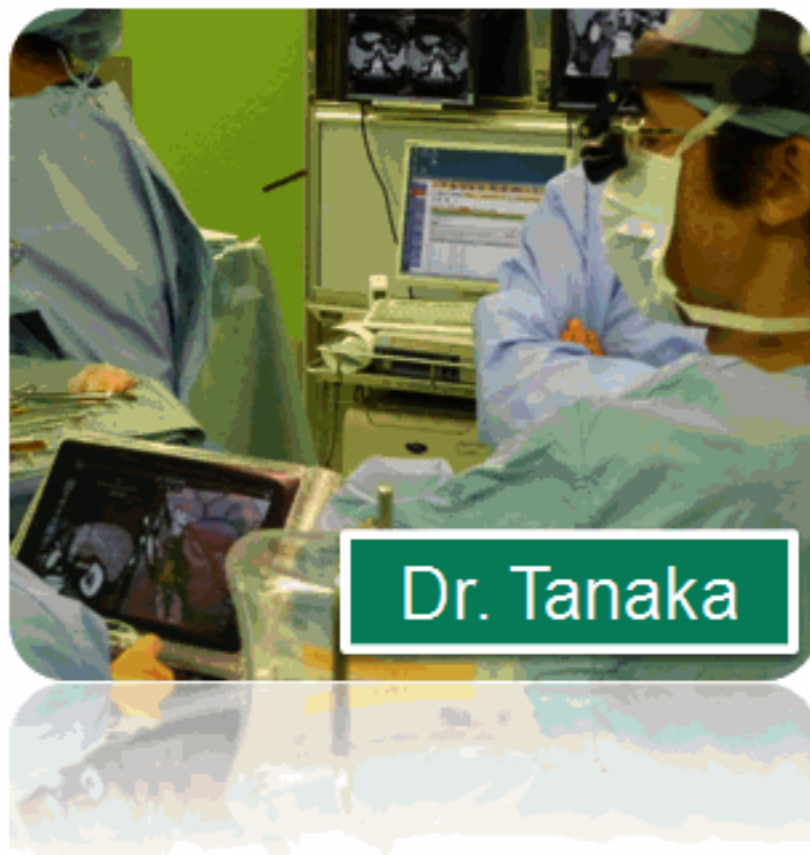
According to the reduction of the intraoperative blood loss, postoperative morbidity must be decreased, and thus, hospital stay may be shortened.”

Dr. Itaru Endo MD PhD

だれと ? With whom?

Yokohama City University Hospital

Department of Gastroenterological Surgery



- First demo at Fraunhofer Tokyo (Laptop based, March 2012:
„When can we have this?!“ – „Christmas this year?“



iOS MeVisLab Remote Library

MeVisLab can power Webapplications

Used this for the Neuro GirlsDay 2012
iPad Application (via phoneGap)

→ Image update not fast enough



Needed a native, binary implementation of the remote protocol
(instead of WebSocket based one)

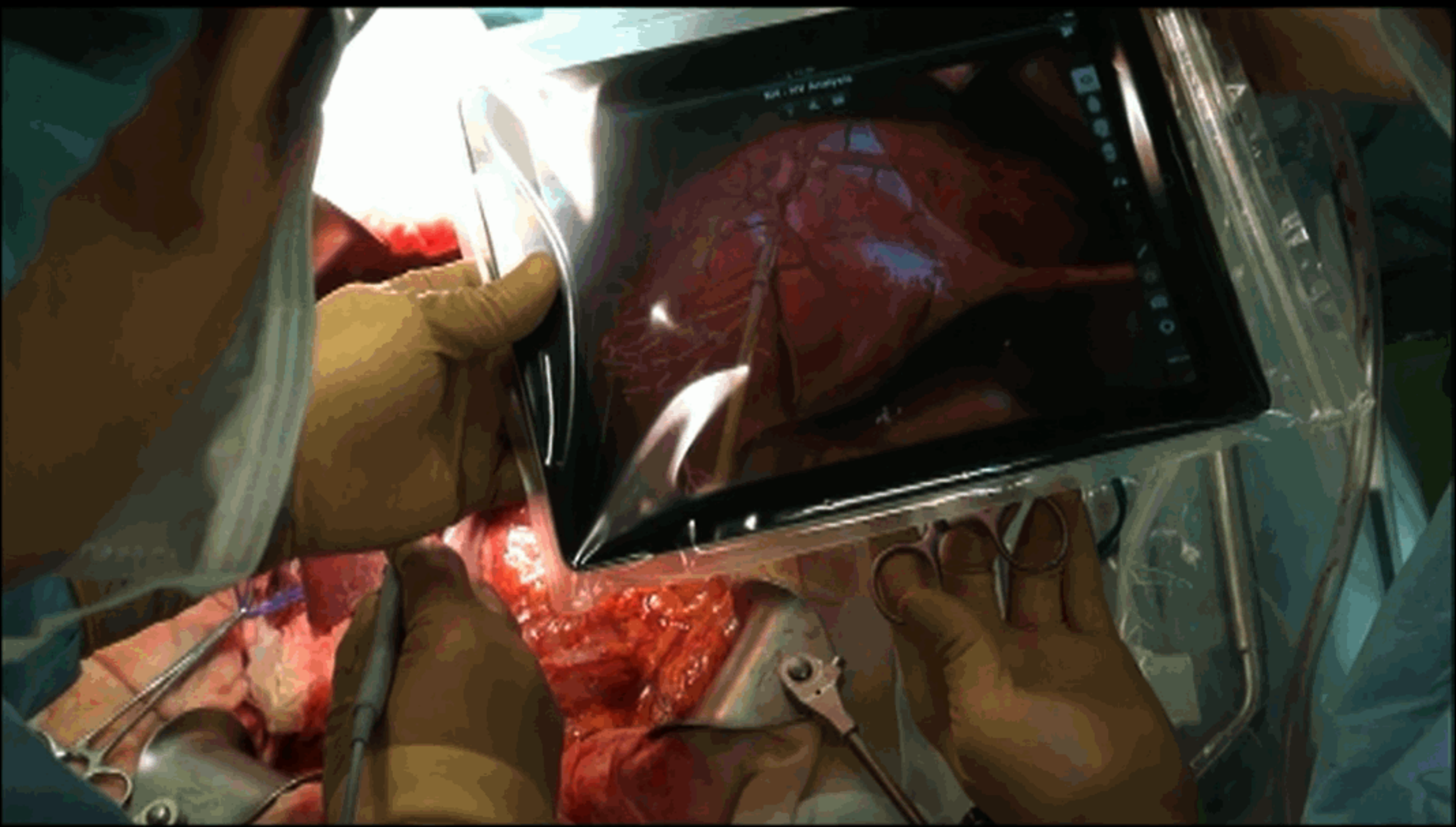
Simon Bente implemented big part of the protocol, thanks Simon!

Application Features



iPad in the OR





multimodal
breast imaging

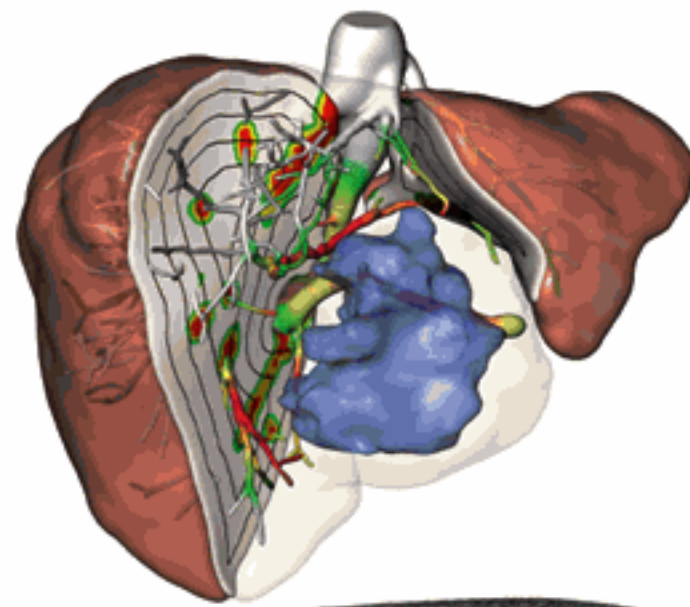
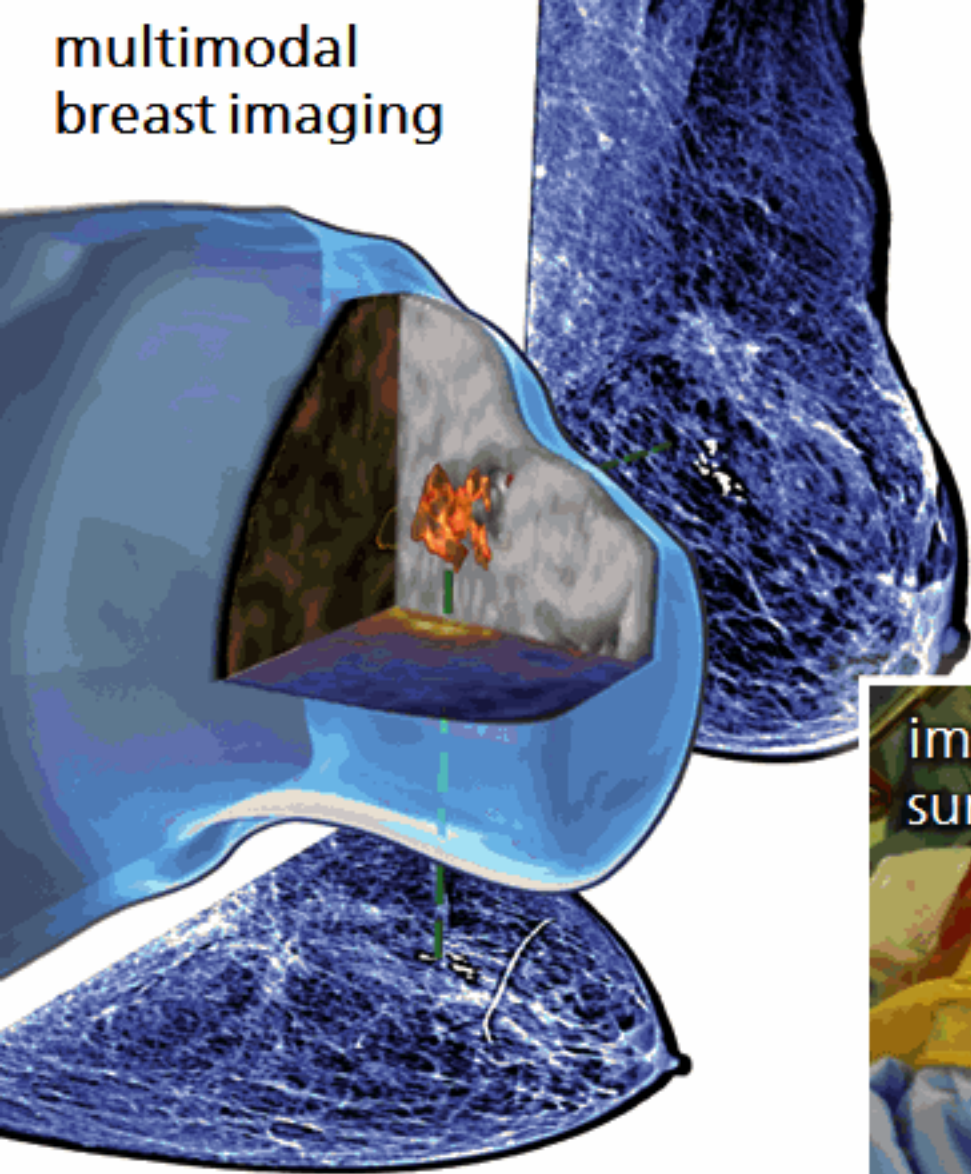
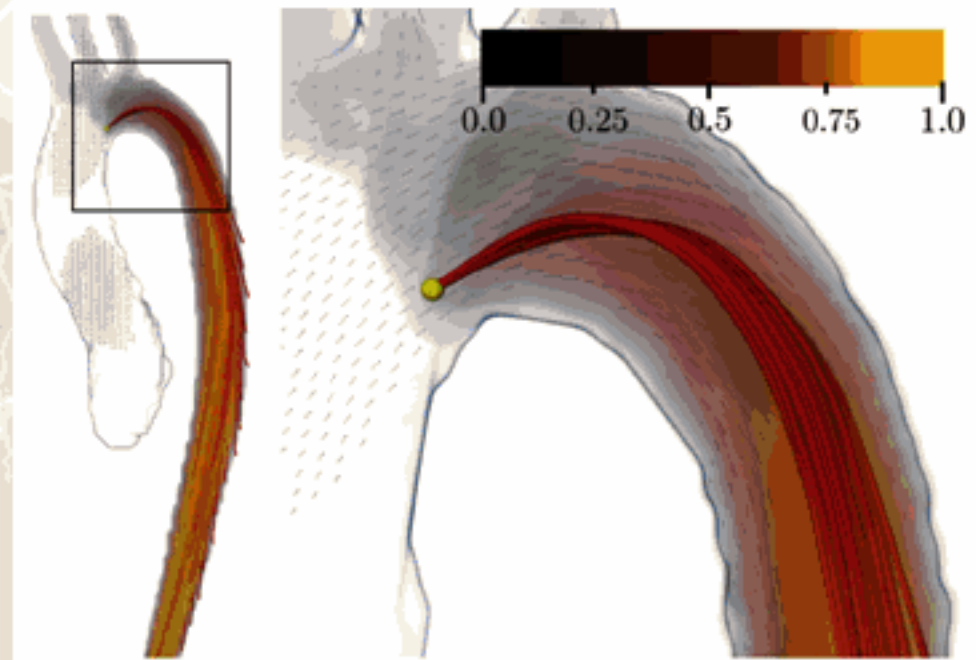


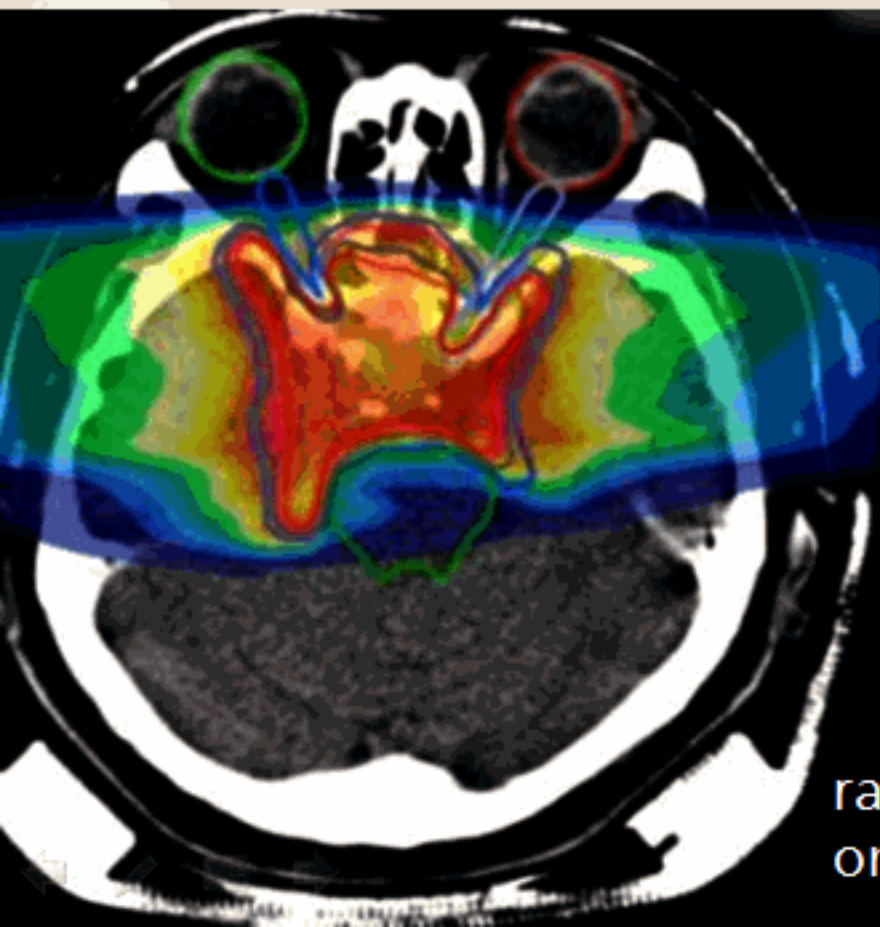
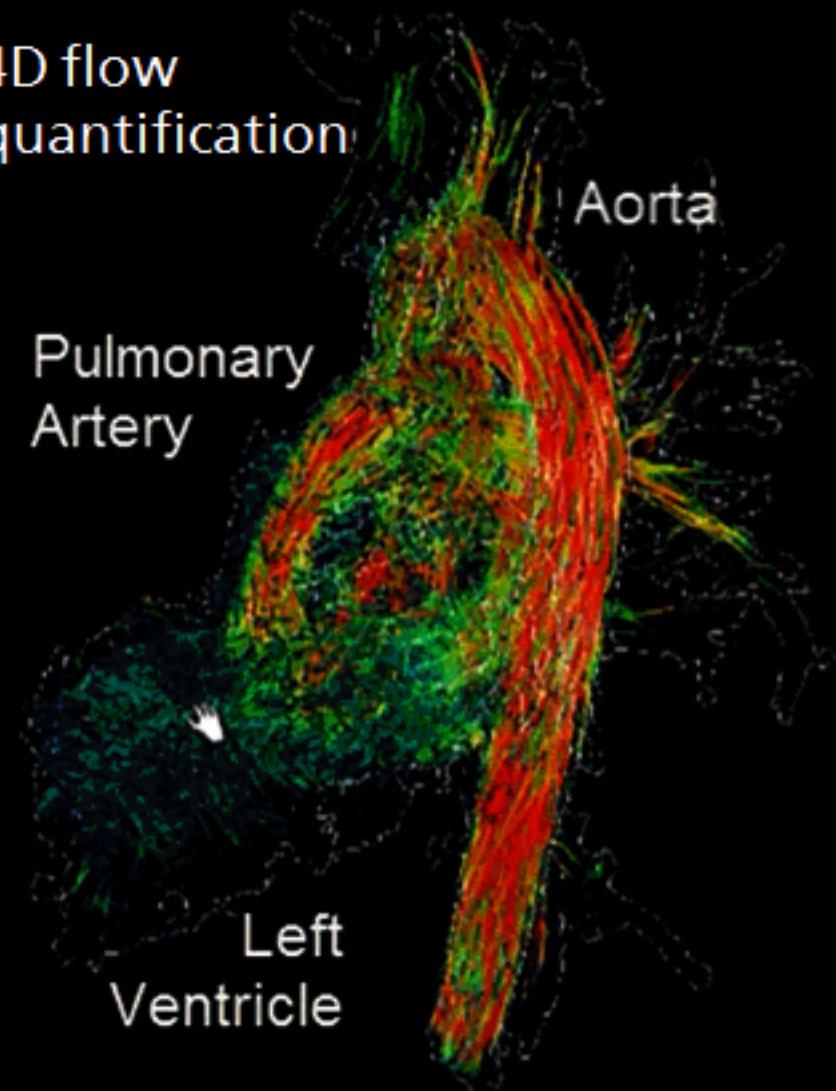
image guided
surgery



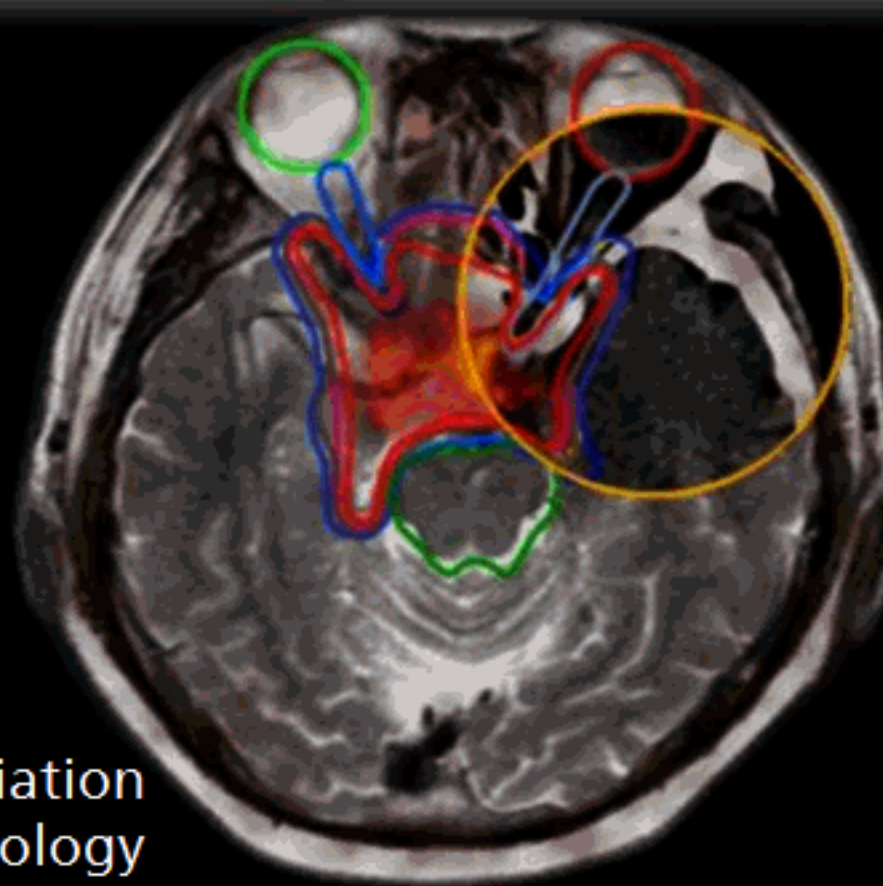
Selected Research Topics



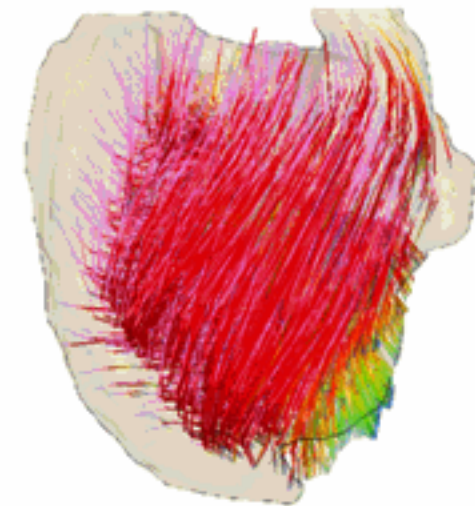
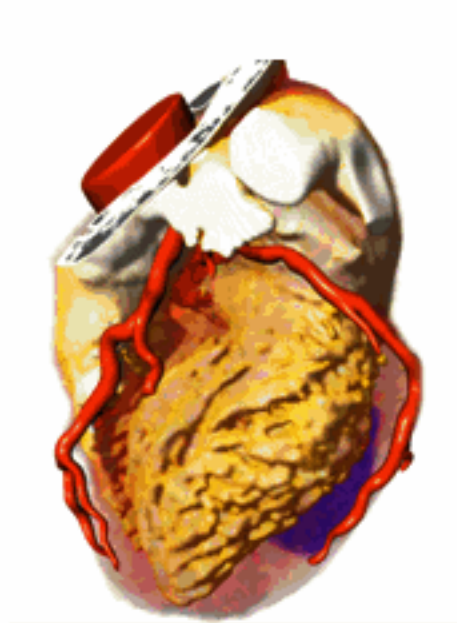
4D flow
quantification



radiation
oncology

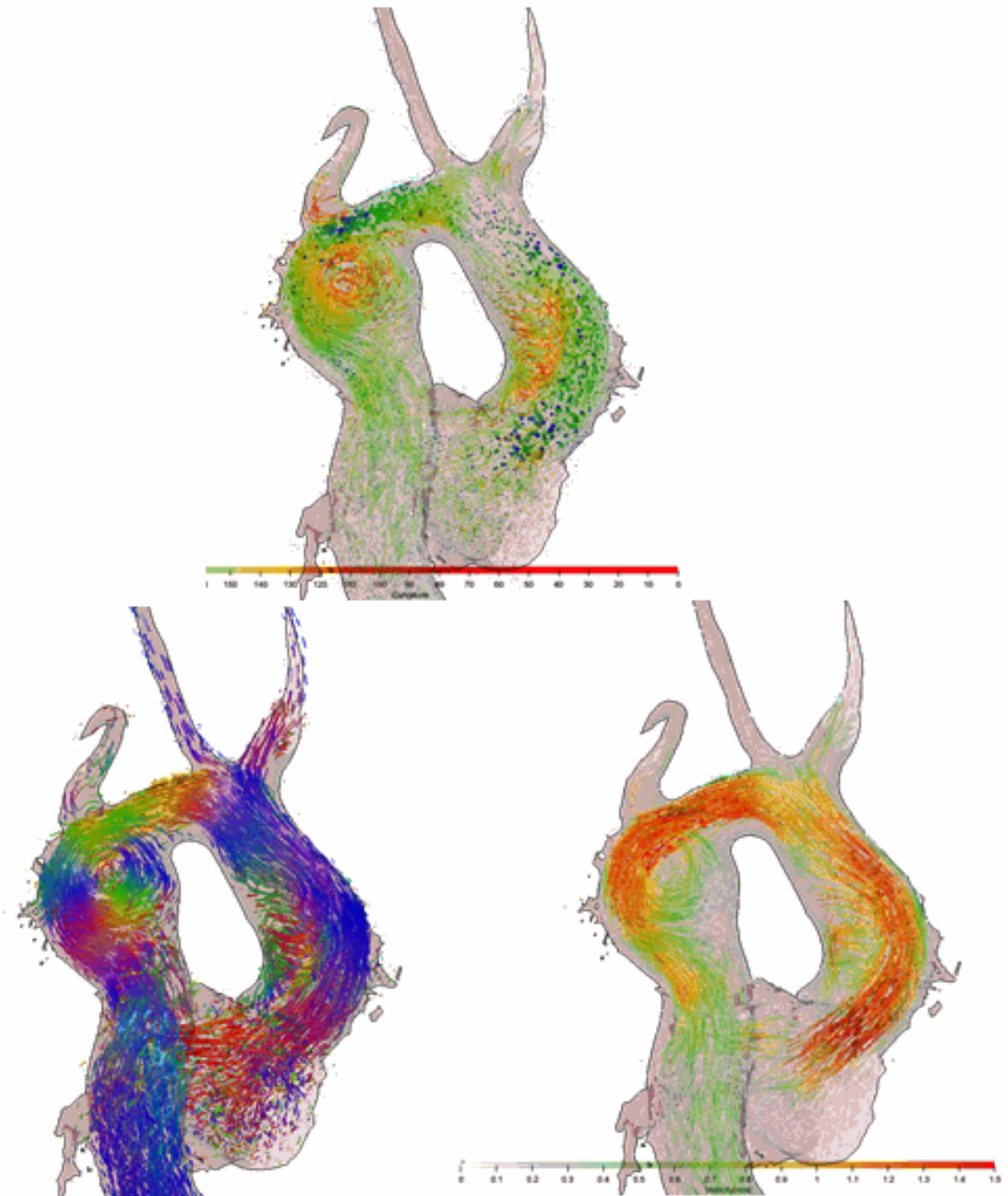


MeVisLab in Cardiovascular Applications



Flow Visualization

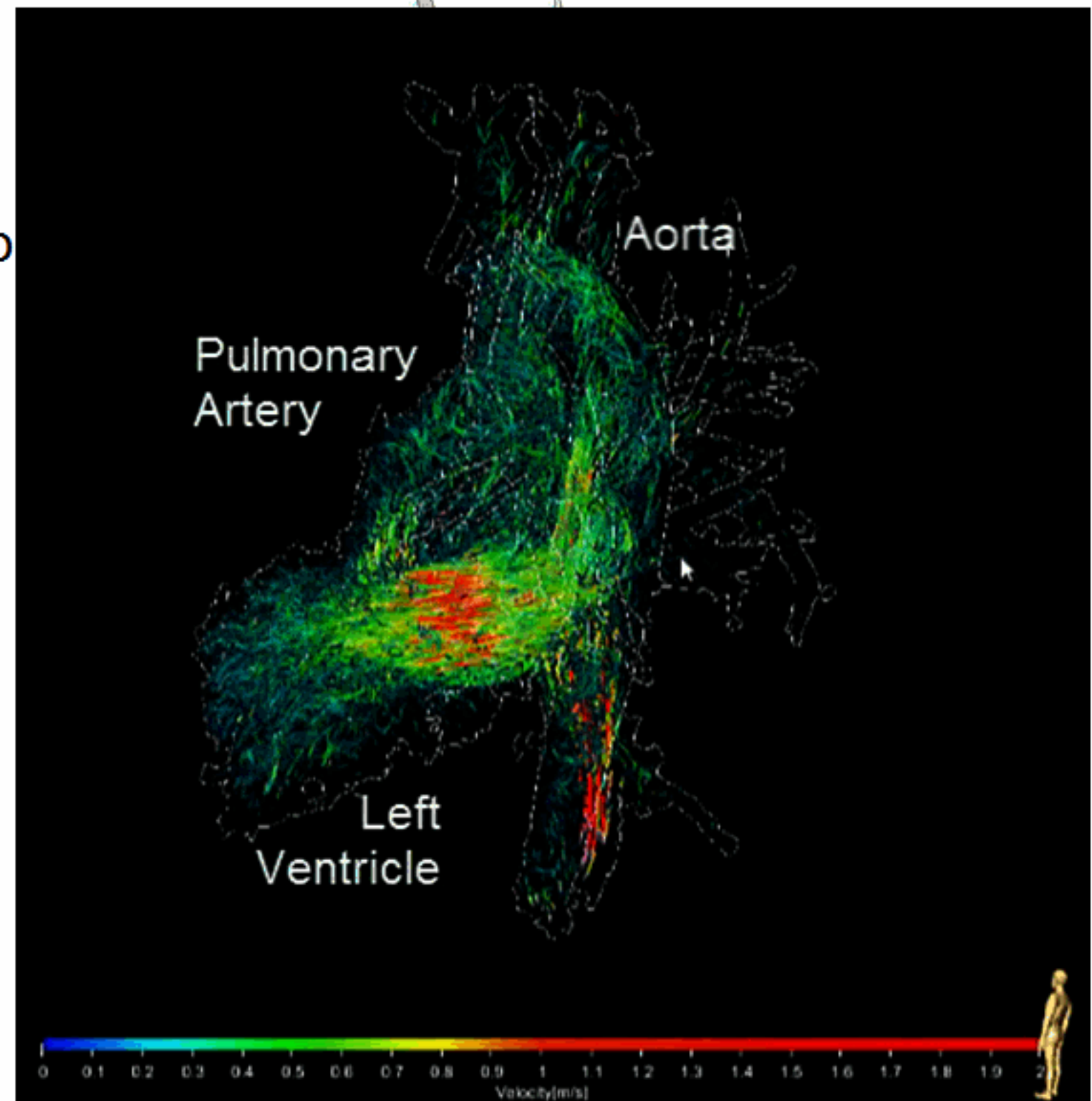
- Fast GPU-based flow visualization
- Streamlines and pathlines
- Different coloring options
 - direction
 - velocity
 - angles
 - anatomic region



Hennemuth et al., SPIE 2011

Flow Visualization

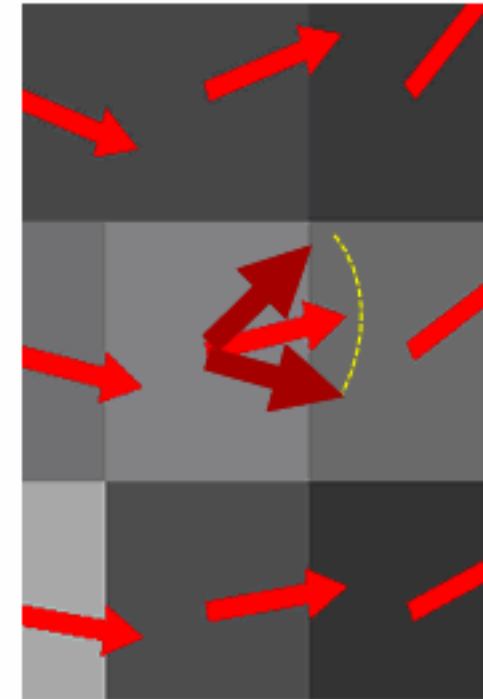
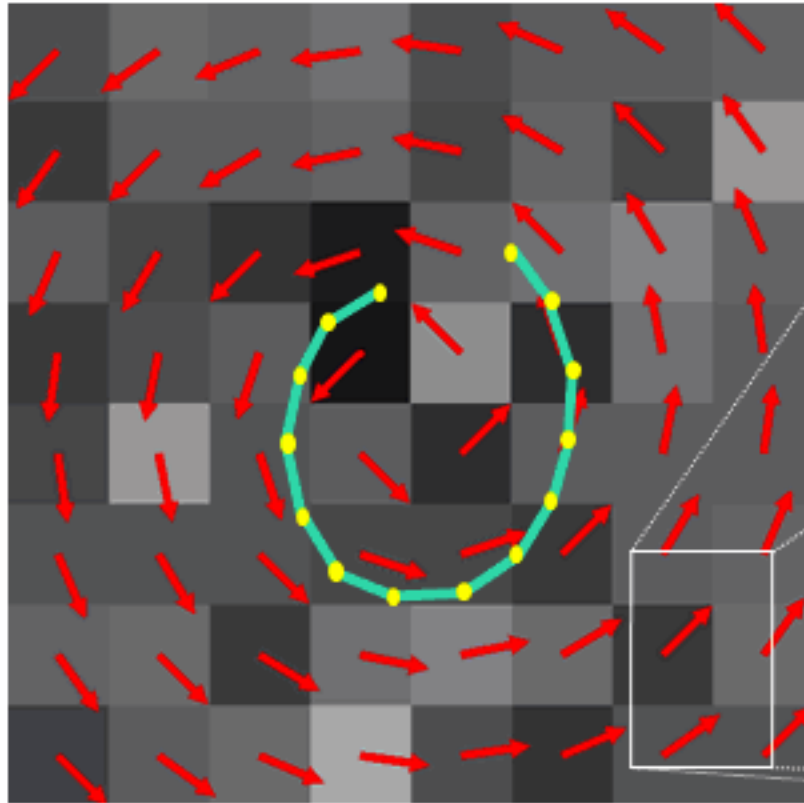
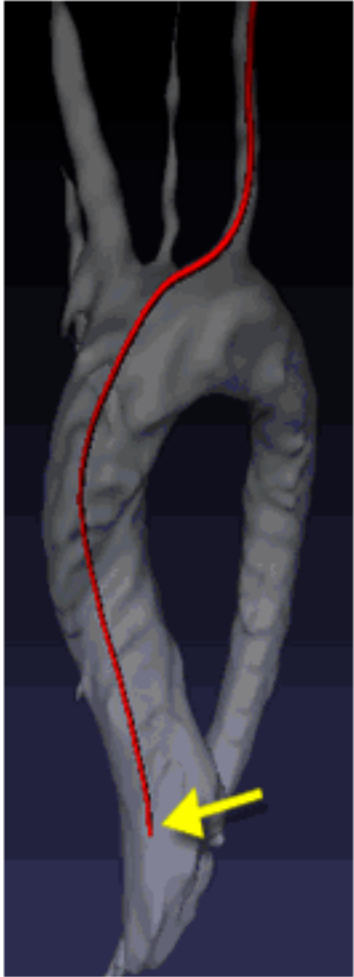
- Fast GPU-based flow visualization
- Streamlines and pathlines
- Different coloring options
 - direction
 - velocity
 - angles
 - anatomic region



Hennemuth et al., SPIE 2011

Probabilistic Tracking

Conventional streamline



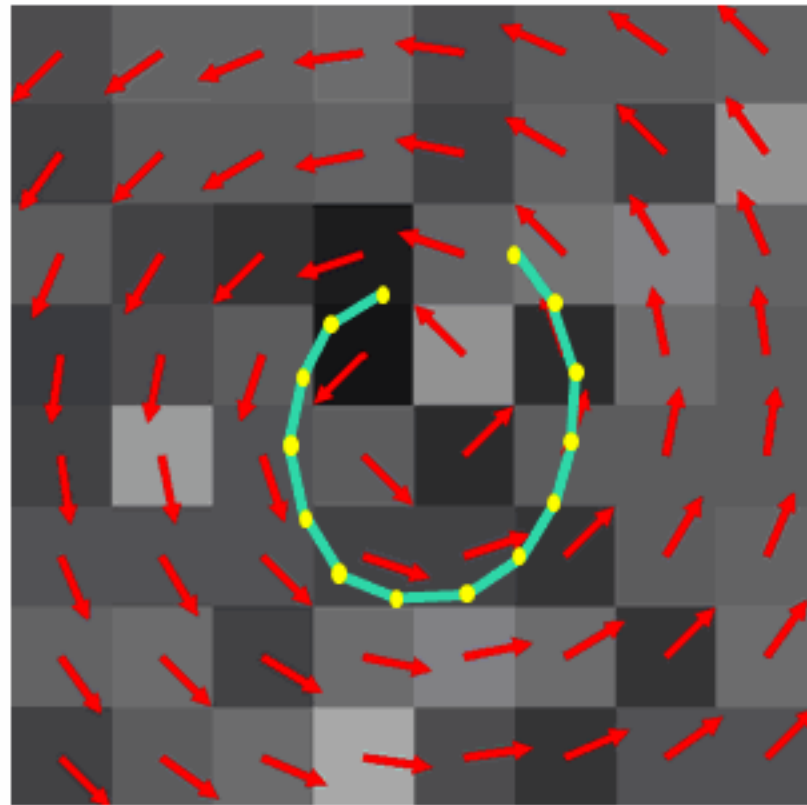
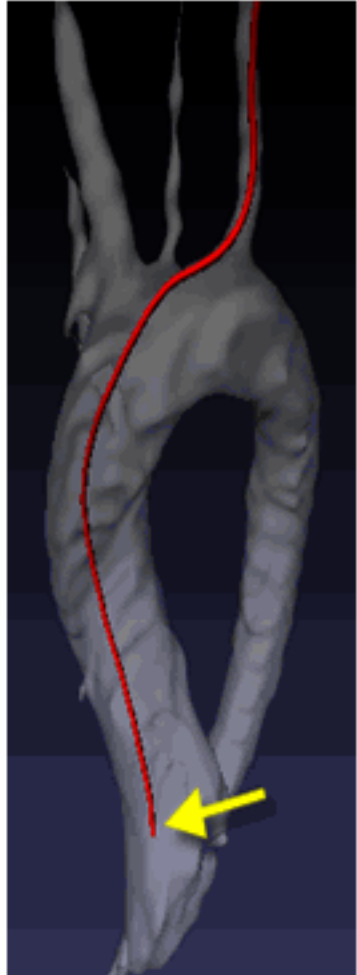
$$\mathbf{s}_k = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_k, \mathbf{V}; T)$$

Vector field Step length

$$\mathbf{x}_k = \mathbf{x}_0 + \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \mathbf{s}_j$$

Probabilistic Tracking

Conventional streamline



$$\mathbf{s}_k = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_k, \mathbf{V}; T)$$

Vector field Step length

$$p(\mathbf{x}_k) = p(\mathbf{s}_0, \dots, \mathbf{s}_{k-1})$$

Alternative trajectories?



$$\mathbf{x}_k = \mathbf{x}_0 + \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \mathbf{s}_j$$

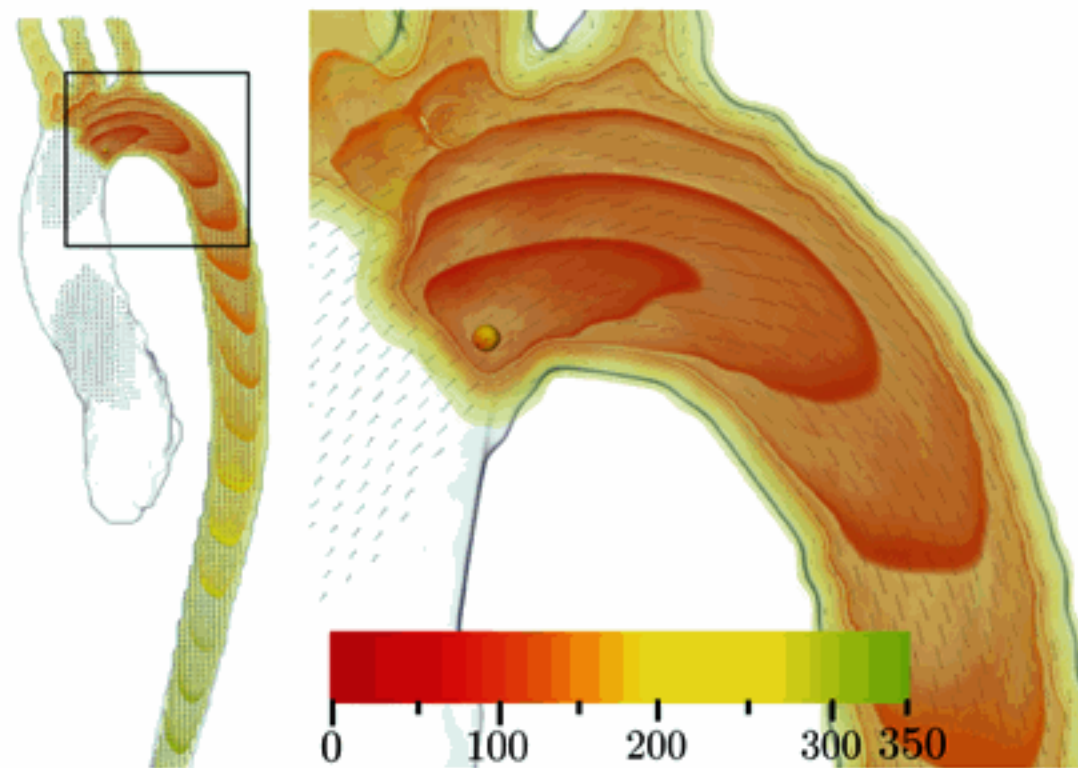
Probabilistic Bloodflow Analysis 2

Incorporation of measurement uncertainty

- trajectories as minimal paths in tensor field based on PC-MRI flow field



- tensor field as metric for anisotropic Fast Marching
 - + restriction of direction for propagation in the Fast Marching



Distance map

Schwenke et al., MICCAI 2011

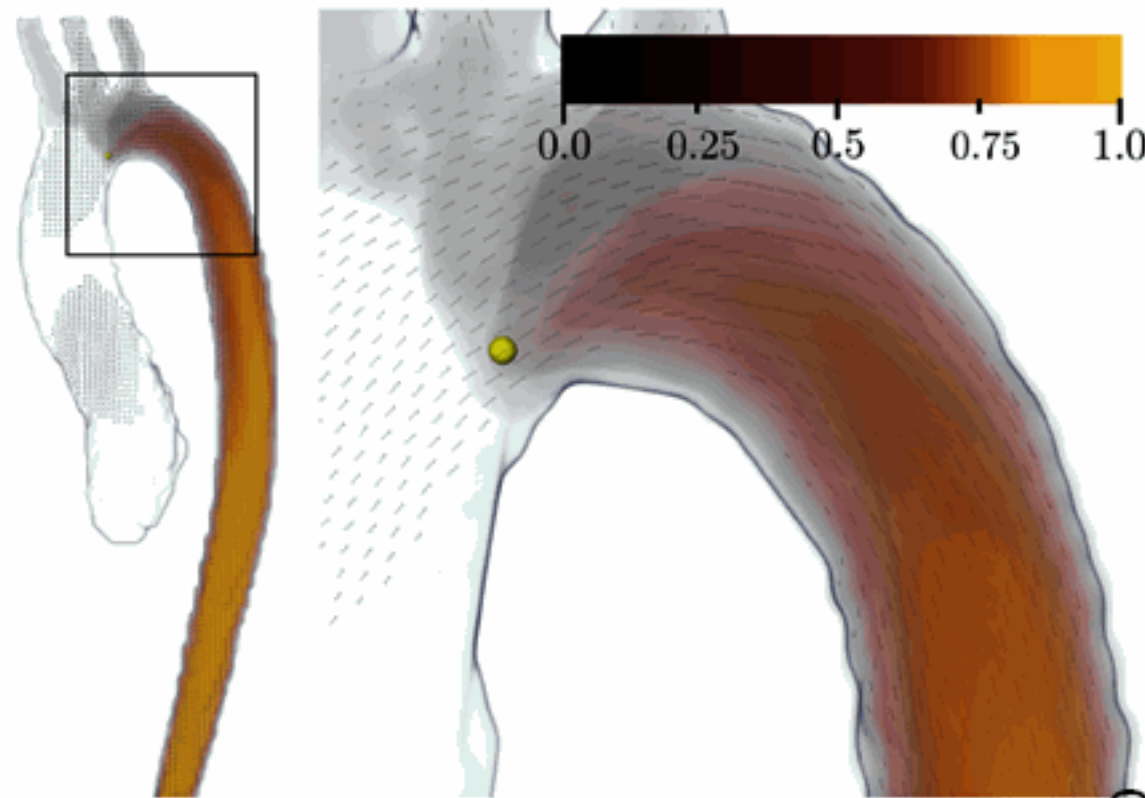
Probabilistic Bloodflow Analysis 2

Incorporation of measurement uncertainty

- trajectories as minimal paths in tensor field based on PC-MRI flow field



- tensor field as metric for anisotropic Fast Marching
 - + restriction of direction for propagation in the Fast Marching



Connectivity map

Schwenke et al., MICCAI 2011

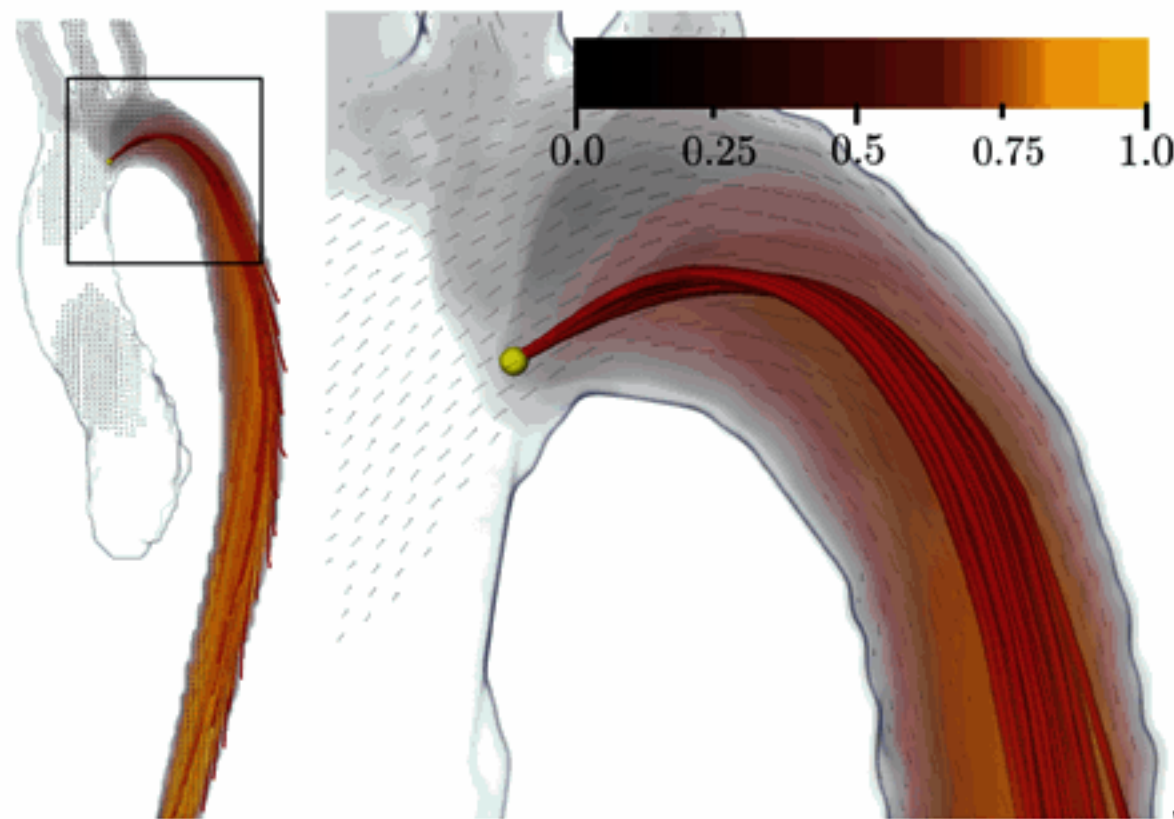
Probabilistic Bloodflow Analysis 2

Incorporation of measurement uncertainty

- trajectories as minimal paths in tensor field based on PC-MRI flow field

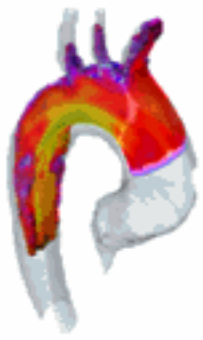


- tensor field as metric for anisotropic Fast Marching
 - + restriction of direction for propagation in the Fast Marching



Most likely trajectories

Schwenke et al., MICCAI 2011

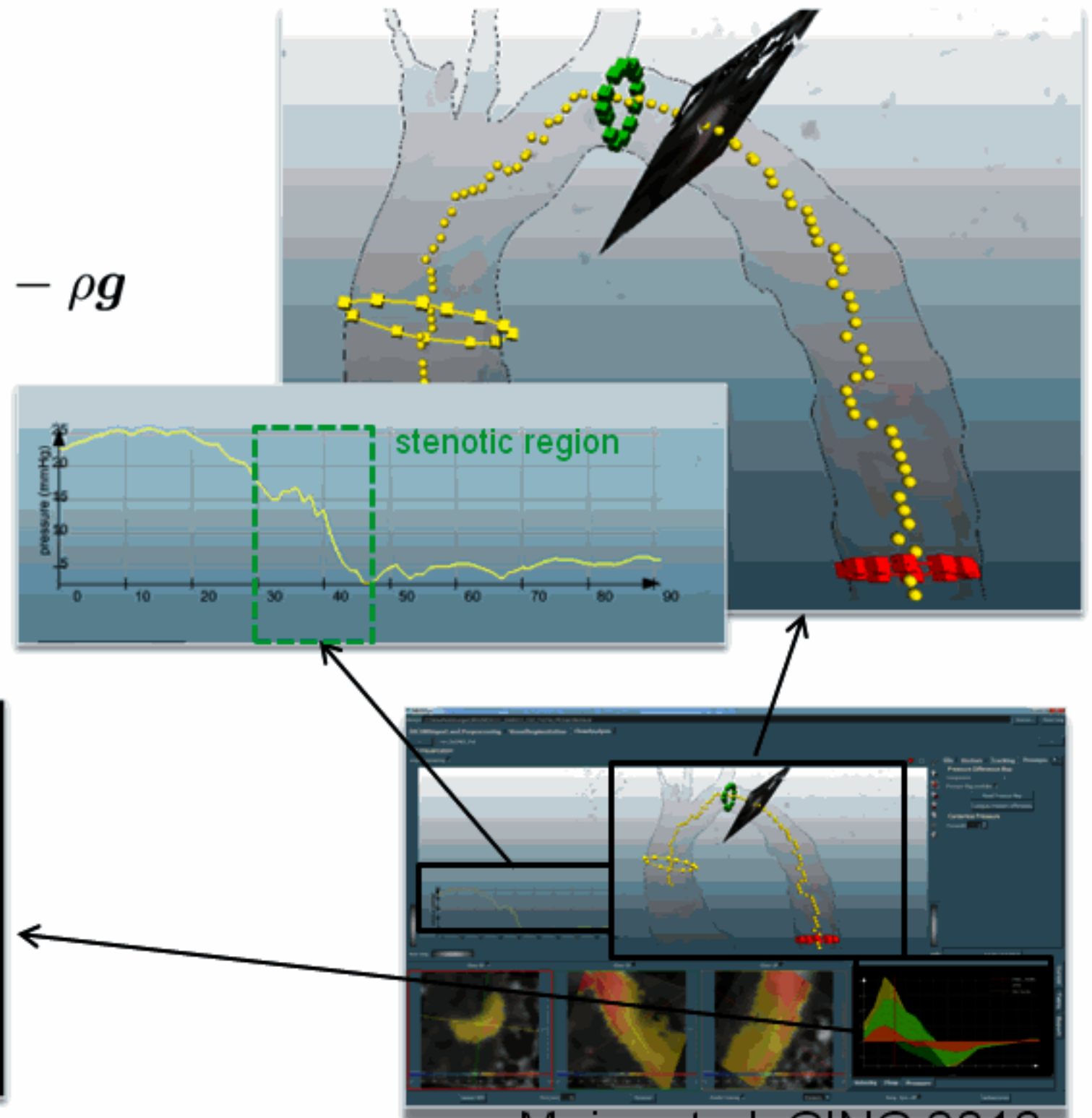
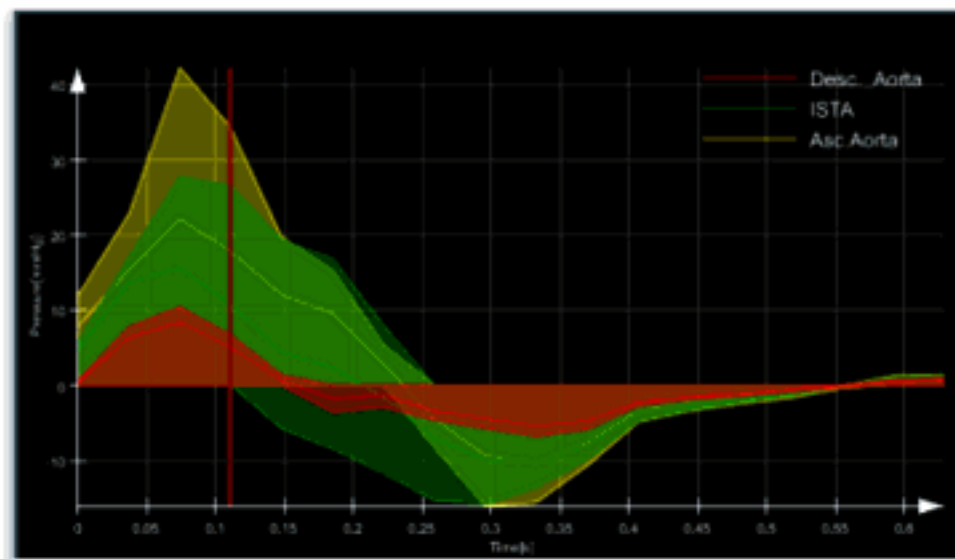


Pressure difference mapping

- Navier-Stokes-based 3D pressure difference maps

$$-\nabla p = \rho \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} + \rho \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} + \eta \nabla^2 \mathbf{v} - \rho \mathbf{g}$$

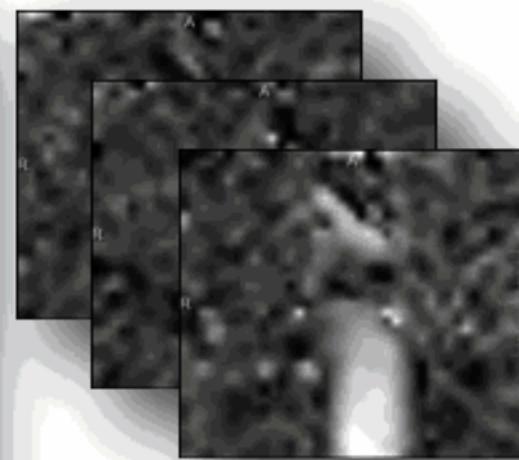
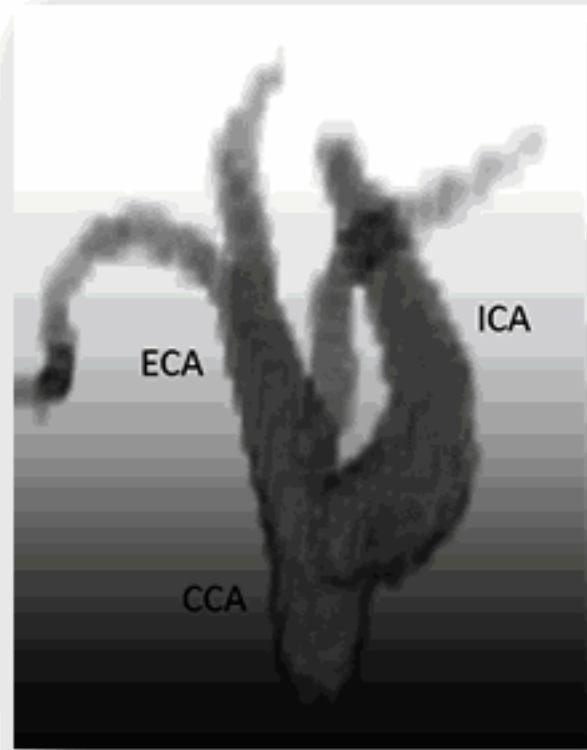
- pressure differences over time
- interactive pressure curves over selected vessels



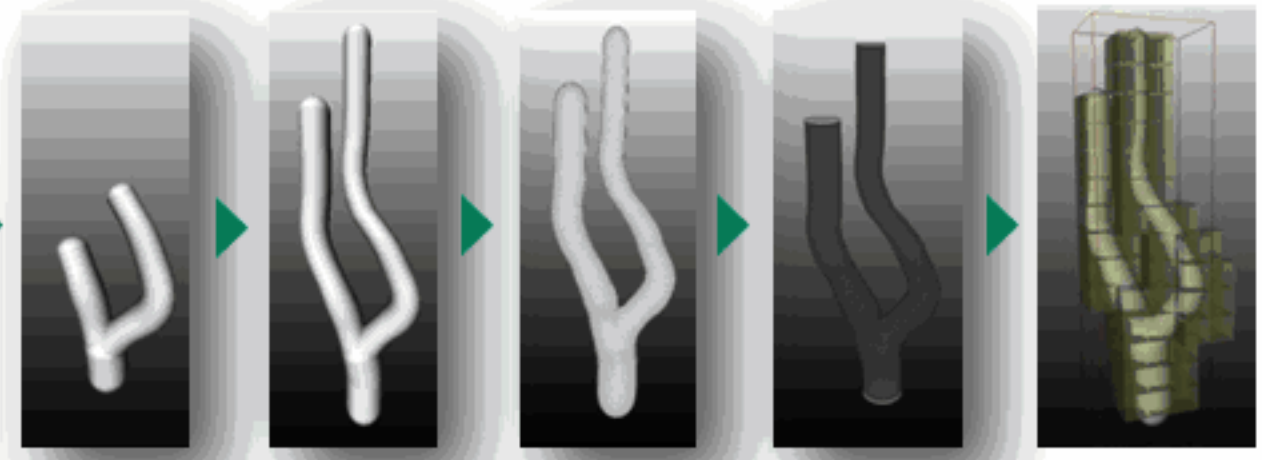
Meier et al. CINC 2010



Bloodflow simulation

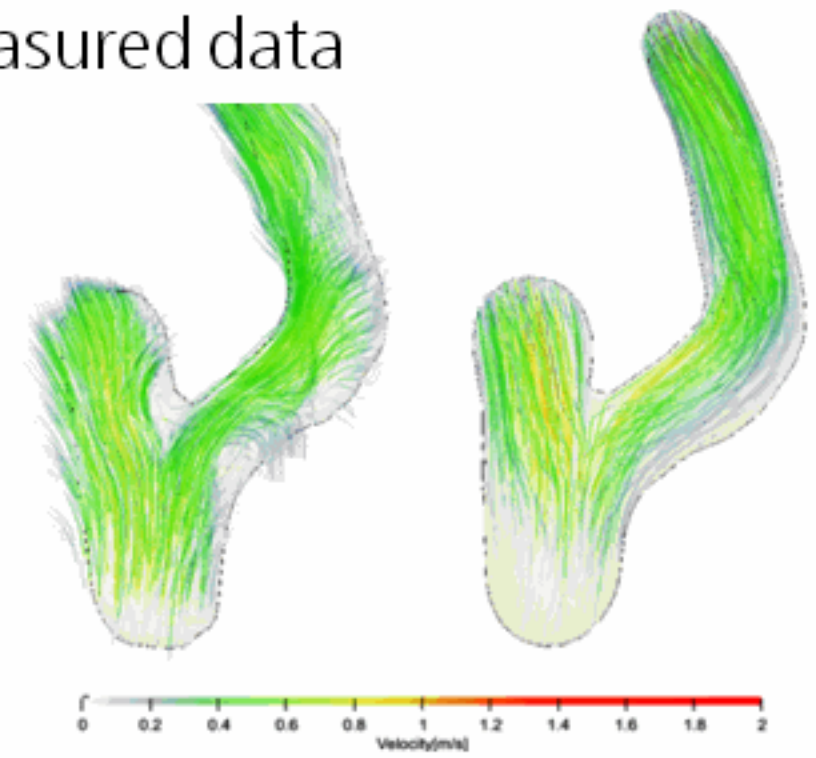
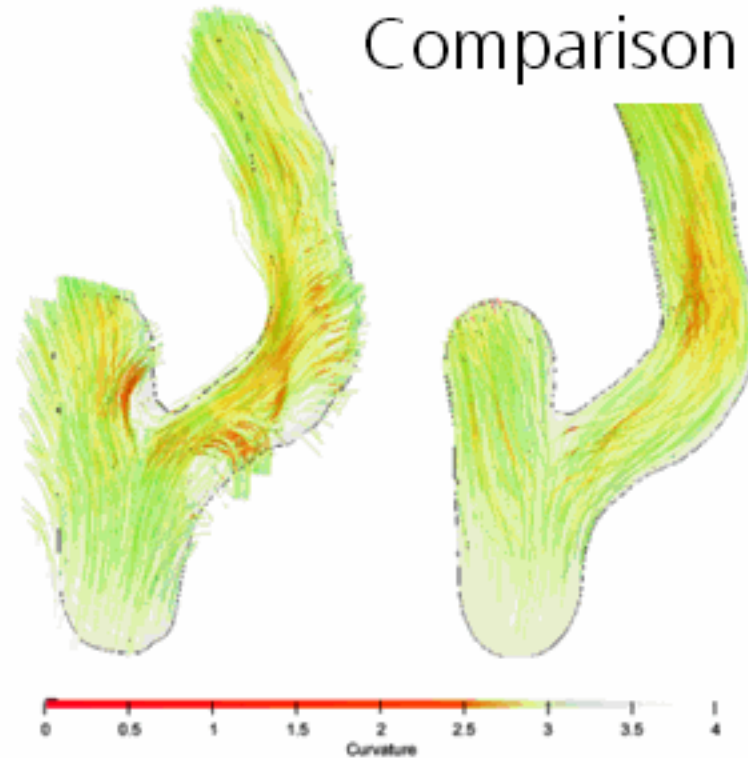


4D PC-MRI



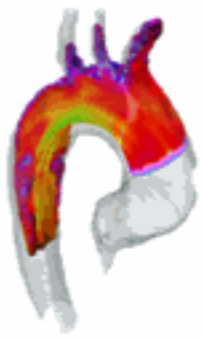
Simulation

Comparison with measured data



Support of therapy planning through flow simulation

Meier et al., GI Workshop ETM 2011



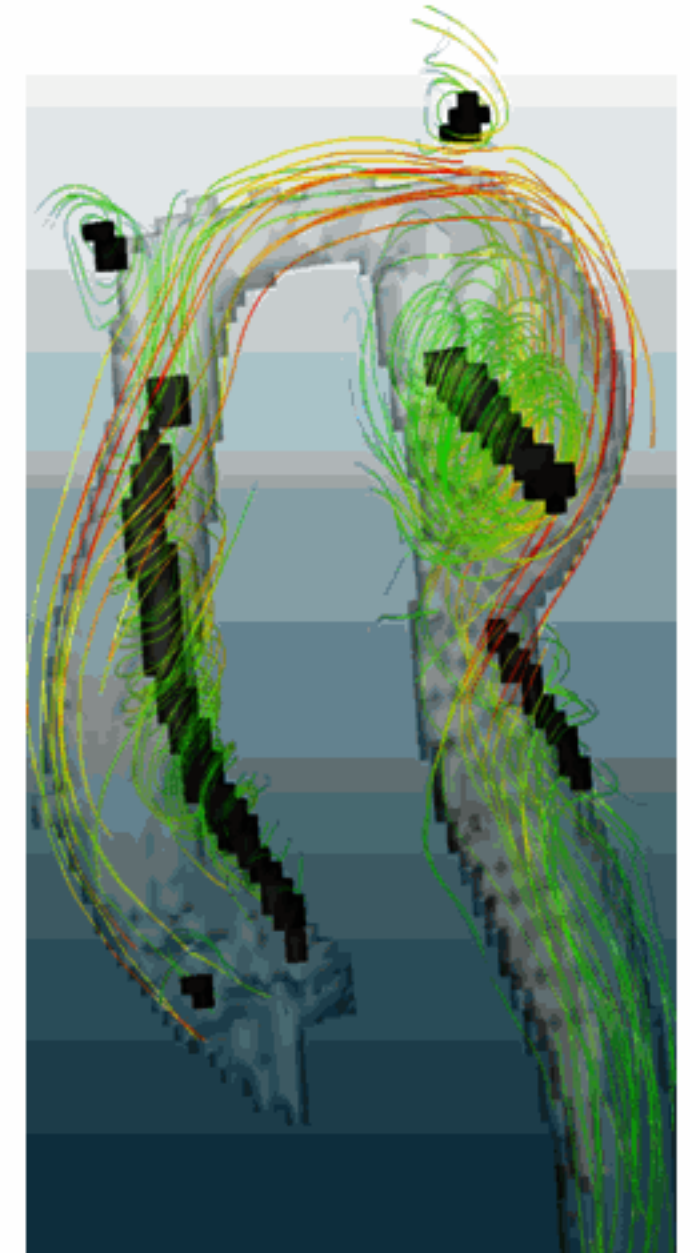
Flow pattern analysis

Goal: Quantitative assessment of flow features

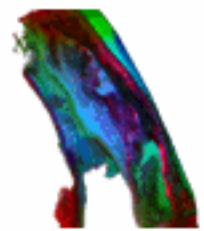
Problems: Classical Approaches amplify noise and are resolution-sensitive → limited applicability to PC MRI data

Solution: Adaptive Vector Pattern Matching

Pattern	Top view	Cut view
Vortex		
Swirl (right hand)		
Swirl (left hand)		
Converging		
Diverging		
Parallel flow		



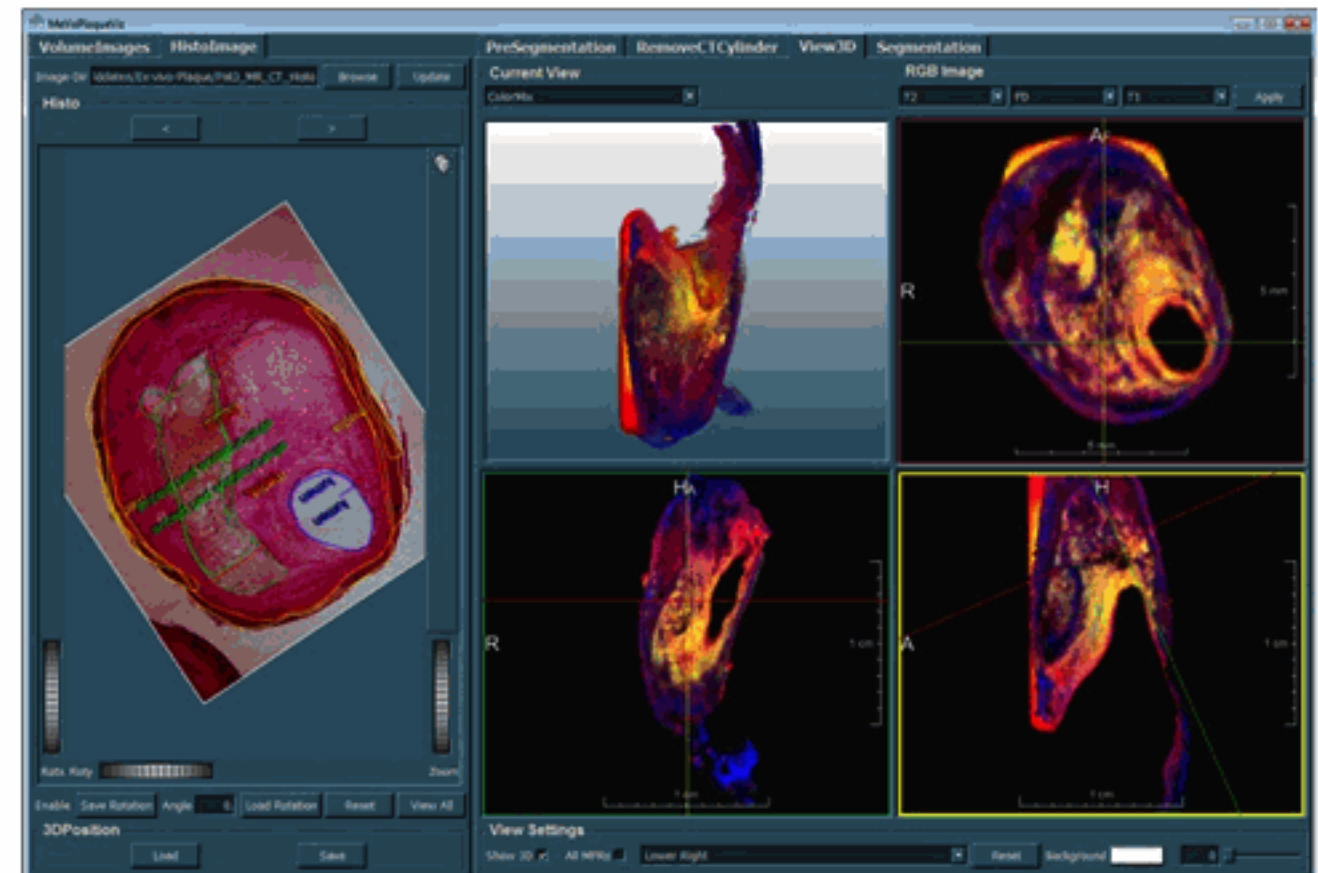
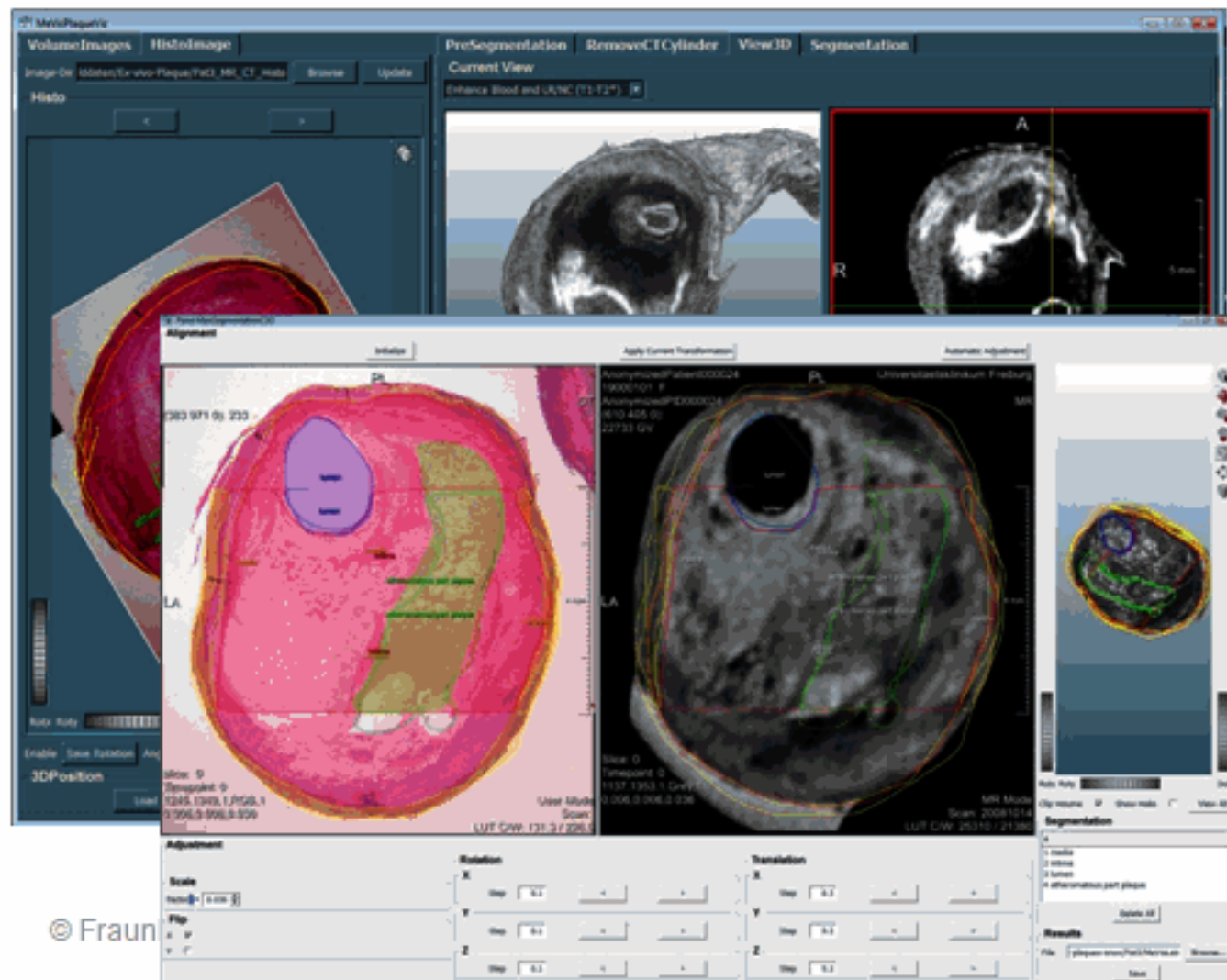
Drexl et al., submitted to ISBI 2013



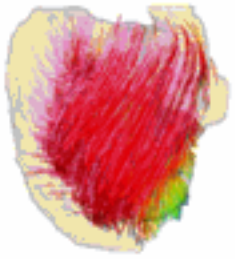
Comparison with ground truth for multispectral plaque MRI

Segmentation and fusion of MR contrasts

Alignment of histological slice



- Joint 3D color images of different contrasts
- Arithmetic combinations of different contrasts



CAIPI: A research tool for cardiac image analysis

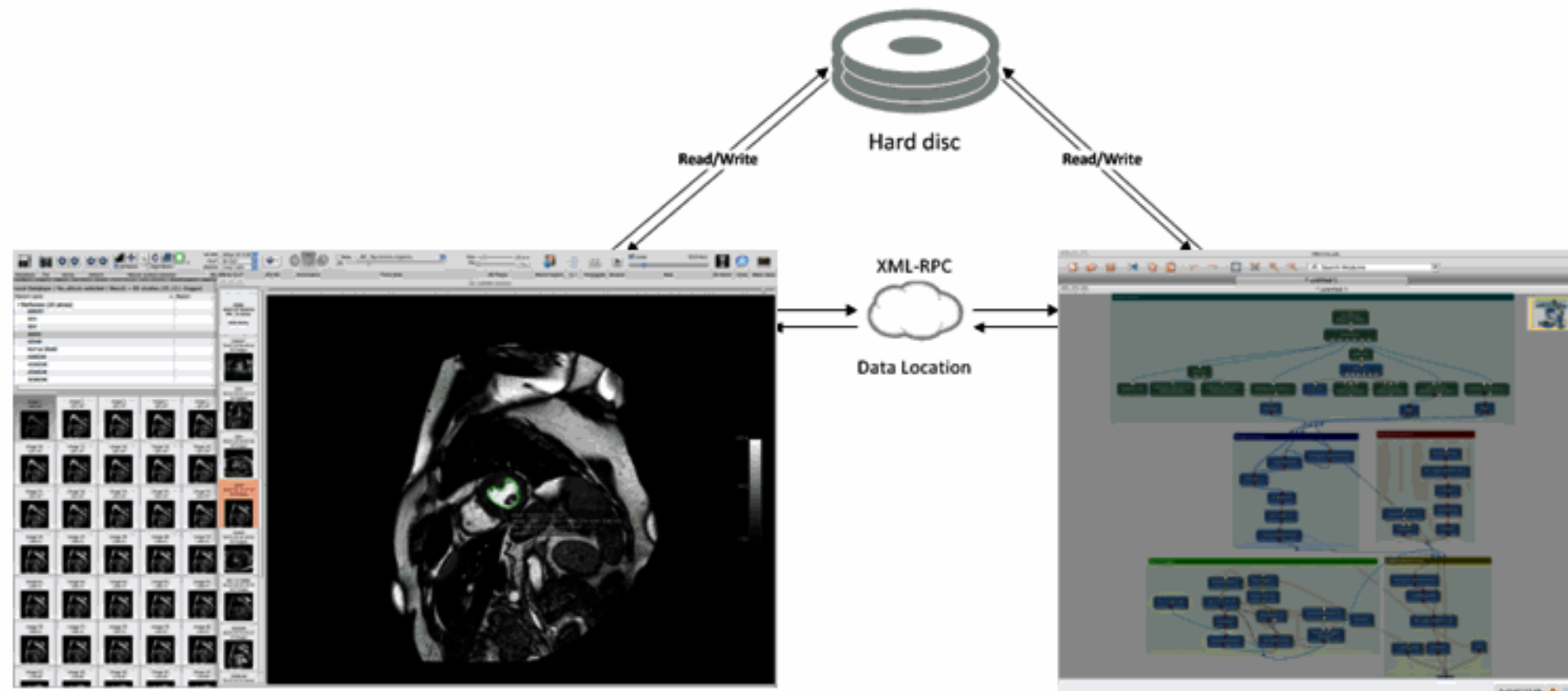
Plug-in for OsiriX

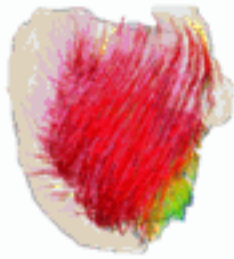
OsiriX

- DICOM PACS workstation
- Integrated data management
- Distributed under Open Source Licensing
- Extendable by plugin-architecture
- Established tool for cardiovascular image analysis

MeVisLab

- Modular cross-platform framework for medical image processing and visualization.
- Extendable by visual rapid prototyping.
- Support of large n-dimensional volumes by page-based image processing.





CAIPI: A research tool for cardiac image analysis

Plug-in for OsiriX

Synchronized Analysis of Cardiac Image Data

- Cardiac Function
- Bloodflow
- Tissue Characterization
 - T1-Mapping
 - T2*-Mapping
 - Late Enhancement

The screenshot displays the CAIPI software interface, which is a plug-in for OsiriX. The main window is divided into several sections:

- Top Bar:** Contains various icons for file operations, viewing, and analysis.
- Left Panel:** Shows a tree view of the current study, including patient information, image series, and analysis results.
- Center Panel:** Displays a table of patient data with columns for Patient-Name, Befund, Sex, Patient-ID, Alter, Fall-Nummer, Studien-Beschreibung, Modalität, ID, Kommentare, Status, Akquisitionsdatum, #, and Rings.
- Right Panel:** Shows a detailed view of the selected patient's data, including a list of image series and their parameters.
- Bottom Panel:** Displays a cardiac MRI scan with various overlays and measurement tools.

The table in the center panel lists the following data:

Patient-Name	Befund	Sex	Patient-ID	Alter	Fall-Nummer	Studien-Beschreibung	Modalität	ID	Kommentare	Status	Akquisitionsdatum	#	Rings
Brain Sagittal3D			MF-0000010	62 y	9995010	With And...out Sat Slabs	MR	05010	Acme...Devices		19.12.06 00:00	120	0
Brain Stacks			MF-0000013	62 y	9995013	Brain Tumor	MR	05013	Acme...Devices		19.12.06 00:00	12	0
Cardiac Cine			MF-0000004	62 y	9995004	Cardiac Cine Location	MR	05004	Acme...Devices		19.12.06 14:08	252	0
CCTGA			ccTGA	22 y	MRA00070-2010	CcTga	MR	1	Philips...stems		09.03.10 10:49	1420	0
Ddqq00dq00Qq00Qq00Q00000ddq			01080043	13 y	2746150	Ct Thorax	CT	27...150	Bitte P...Donati		01.12.08 16:18	249	2
Ekjzfsekt			10377459	13 y	2684850	Ct Thorax	CT	26...850	SIEMENS		04.08.08 13:37	248	2
EudhoJtc0jheo			60012774	13 y	2731002	Ct Thorax	CT	27...002	SIEMENS		03.11.08 15:52	237	2
Fm 4D_Flow			pm_4DFlow_24052012	24 y		Radial...ngen...Herz	MR	1	SIEMENS		24.05.12 18:58	2965	1
Fme-12-1692			fme-12-1692	37 y		Fme Cardio_Jhl	MR	1	SIEMENS		01.11.12 11:35	1534	0
Gw00mx8Qhdav0jq			00450243	13 y	2720177	Ct Thorax	CT	27...177	Bitte P...Danke		13.10.08 14:06	249	2
K22Hdyqq5U0Qy...SWfrur8Xitd0,T0Mo			10289877	13 y	2707626	Ct Thorax	CT	27...626	Bitte P...bespr		18.09.08 16:16	249	2
Lkxu9Lx4			LKEU9LX4	20 y		Herz	MR	18...607	Philips...stems		01.11.05 09:40	777	18
Mcq1			01	53 y	2610572	Cardiaque	MR	873247	Philips...thcare		18.01.12 17:00	50	1
Mcq2			02	60 y	235485	Mr Coeur	MR	34...418	Philips...stems		20.01.11 16:32	50	1
Mcq3			03	67 y	196715	Mr Coeur	MR	31...584	Philips...stems		18.02.10 17:11	238	1
Mcq4			04	67 y	195893	Mr Coeur	MR	31...698	Philips...stems		11.02.10 17:04	660	1
Molli_Beispiet_6-9-1			04	61 y	281039	Mr Coeur	MR	38...202	Philips...stems		19.01.12 14:15	50	1
Myokarditis			MOLLI_Beispiet_6-9-11	18 y	MRA00194-2011	Unnamed	MR	36...549	Philips...stems		06.09.11 08:57	144	1
N0Im0Mo05Jqg8			Myokarditis	18 y	MRA00229-2010	Verdacht Auf Myokarditis	MR	1	Philips...stems		31.08.10 09:30	1720	0
Neekan.Mcityoe			60018375	13 y	2780124	Ct Thorax	CT	27...124	Bitte P...Dona		05.02.09 15:30	248	2
Nky On8ij			60015234	13 y	2768723	Ct Thorax	CT	27...723	Bitte P...bieten		16.01.09 15:53	248	2
No Name			60014414	13 y	2769867	Ct Thorax	CT	27...867	Bitte P...EST K		19.01.09 14:51	248	2
No Name						Unnamed	MR	30...146	Philips...stems		28.09.09 20:13	11640	0
Opuy05F5000F500			AW724856011.813.1228934132		2695481	Ct Thorax	CT	26...481	SIEMENS		25.08.08 16:37	148	0
Patient1			60018734	13 y	2781968	Ct Thorax	CT	27...968	Bitte P...Dona		09.02.09 16:30	248	2
Phantom Dm			0002078945	21 y	RAD-20...262366	MriThorax/Herz	MR	82...201	Philips...stems		20.12.11 16:34	4232	0
Proband-Fluss			08.10.20-193...7.5.2.10.26389	33 y		Herz Localizer	MR	4	SIEMENS		28.10.08 14:28	251	2
Proband-10			11.11.24-154...7.5.2.19.45098	37 y		Fme Flow	MR	1	SIEMENS		24.11.11 15:59	620	0
				41 y		Mri Abdom...Abdominale Vili	MR	1	SIEMENS		25.08.11 15:16	1102	24

Huellebrand et al., ESCR 2011

Highly Accurate Breast Cancer Diagnosis through Integration of Biomedical Knowledge, Novel Imaging Modalities and Modelling

HAMAM

FP7 ICT – Virtual Physiological Human Call

- Specific Targeted Research Project (STREP)
- medium sized

Duration: 9/08 – 2/12



EIBIR – European Institute for Biomedical Imaging Research (Coordinator; AT)

Fraunhofer MEVIS, Bremen (Scientific Coordinator; DE)

MeVis Medical Solutions, Bremen (DE)

University College London (UK)

Swiss Federal Institute of Technology, Zuerich (CH)

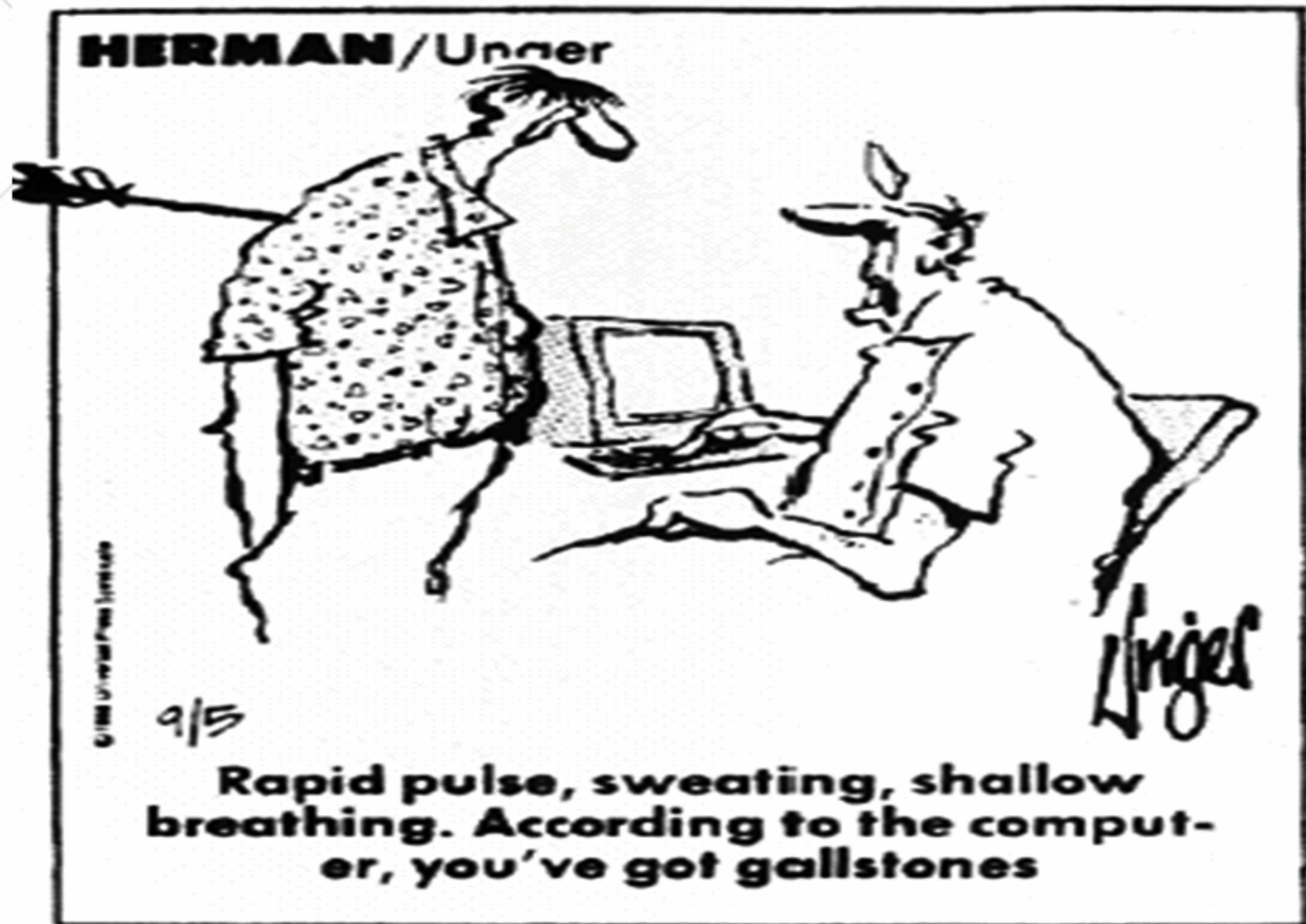
Radboud University Medical Centre, Nijmegen (NL)

University of Dundee (UK)

Charité Medical University Berlin (DE)

Boca Raton Regional Hospital (USA)

Long Way Towards Knowledge Based Medicine and CAD



1. CAD system development
2. data and knowledge annotation
3. clinical validation
4. product integration



CAD Required for Extended Imaging Protocols?

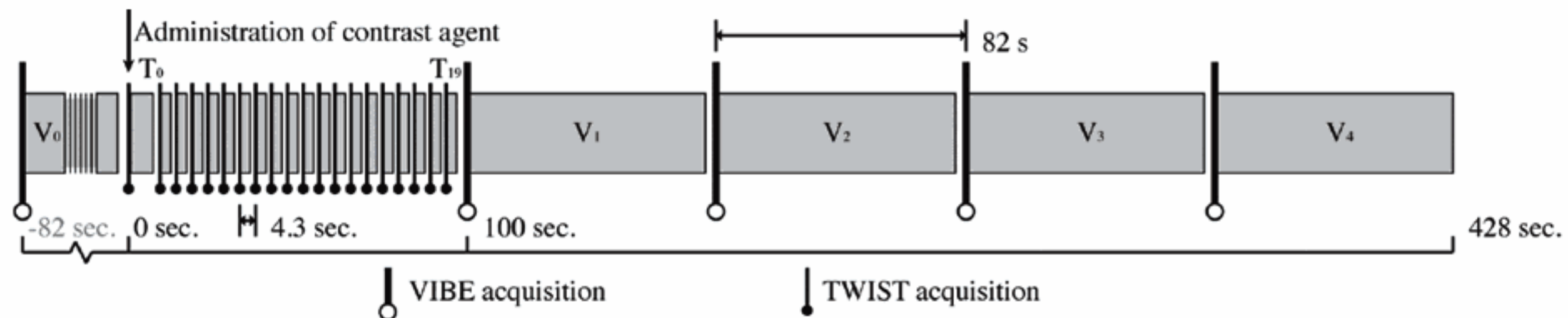
Here: Fast Breast MRI

with work by B. Platel et al.

High Temporal and High Spatial Resolution MRI (TWIST vs. VIBE)

- 154 lesions (71 benign, 83 malignant)
- 20 timepoints TWIST with 4.3 sec temporal resolution and $0.9 \times 0.9 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^3$ voxel size
- 1+4 pre/post-con VIBE volumes with 82 sec temporal resolution and $0.8 \times 0.8 \times 1.0 \text{ mm}^3$ voxel size

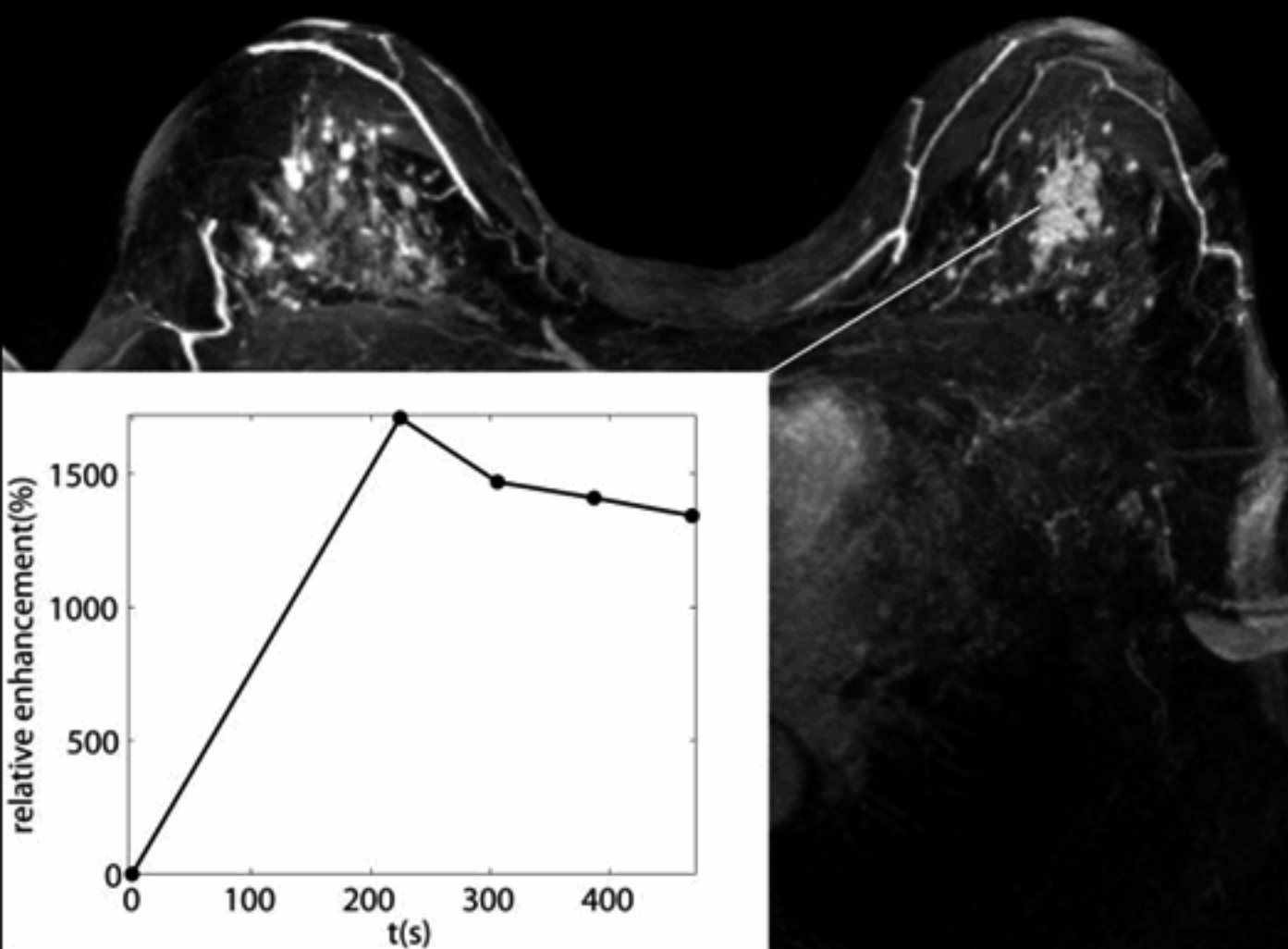
		Pathology	Occurrence
Benign	FA	36	71
	Lymph Node	12	
	Adenosis	7	
	Nodular fasciitis	2	
	Other	14	
Malignant	IDC	56	83
	ILC	14	
	DCIS	10	
	Other	3	



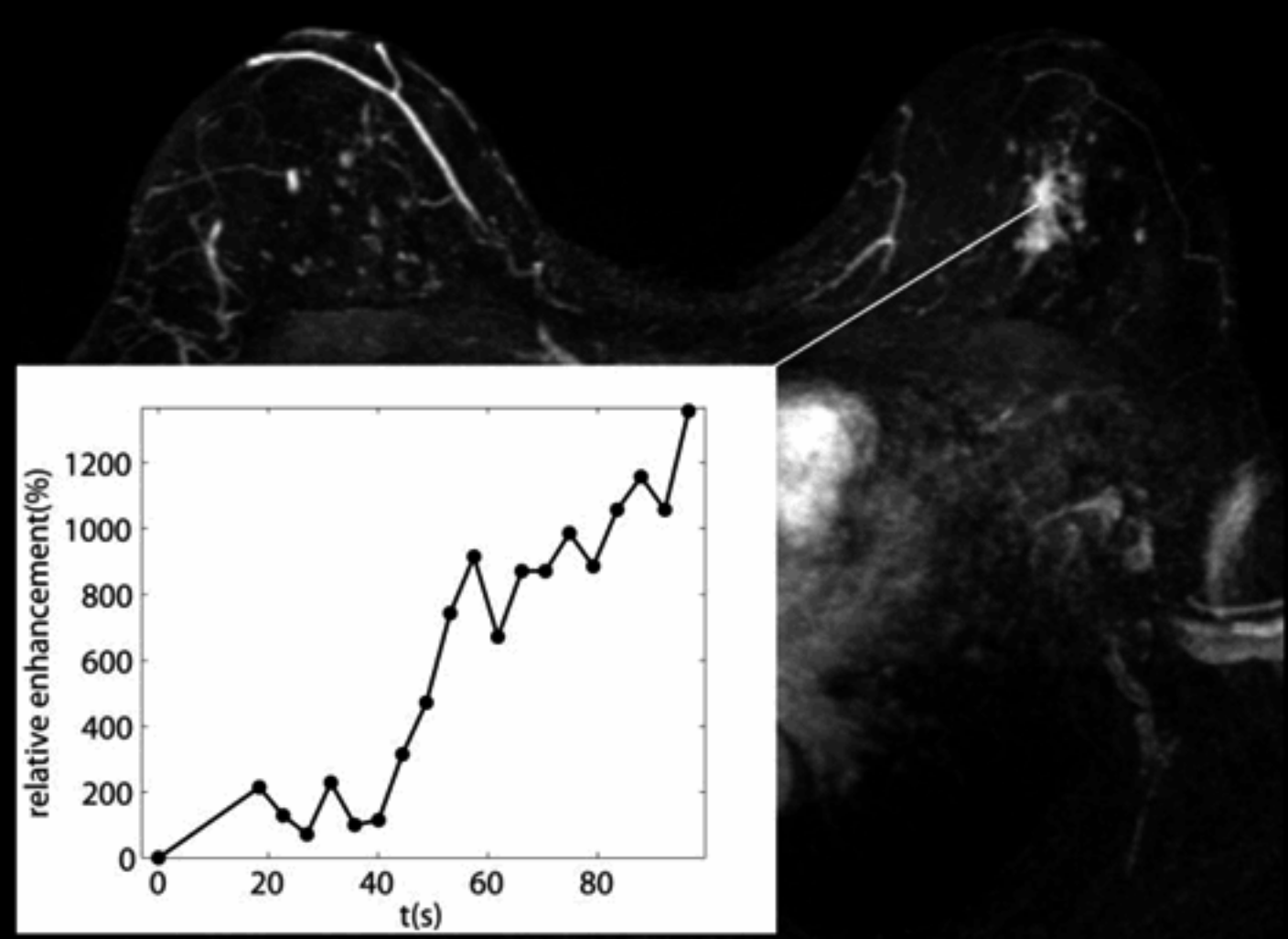
B. Platel et al.

	TWIST	VIBE
voxelsize	$0.9 \times 0.9 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}$	$0.8 \times 0.8 \times 1.0 \text{ mm}$
TE	2.02 ms	1.71 ms
TR	3.96 ms	5.50 ms
flip angle	20°	20°
FOV	360 mm	360 mm
parallel imaging acceleration factor	3	3
temporal resolution	4.3 sec	82 sec
size region A	15% of k-space points	
sampling density region B	10% per image volume	

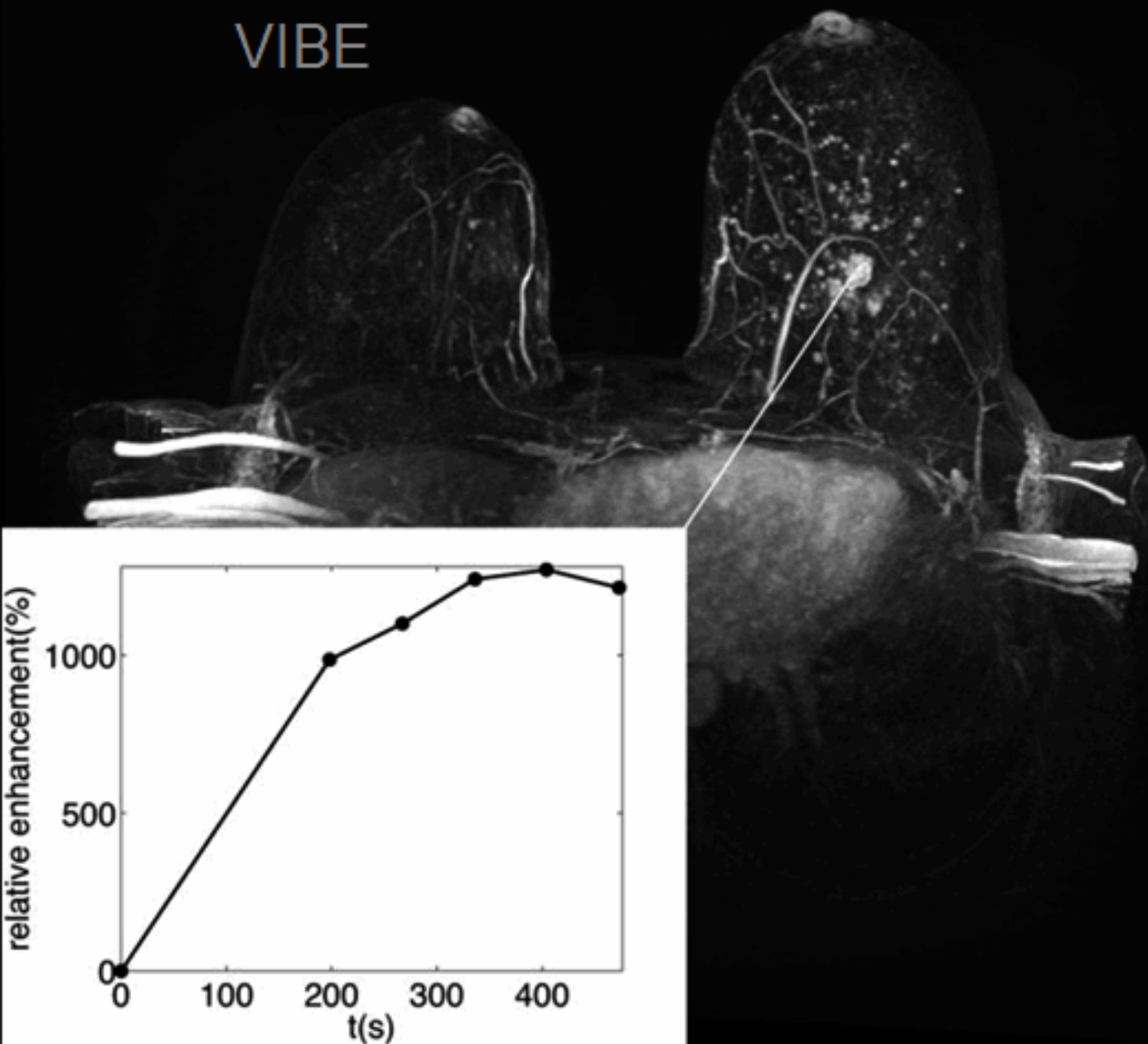
VIBE



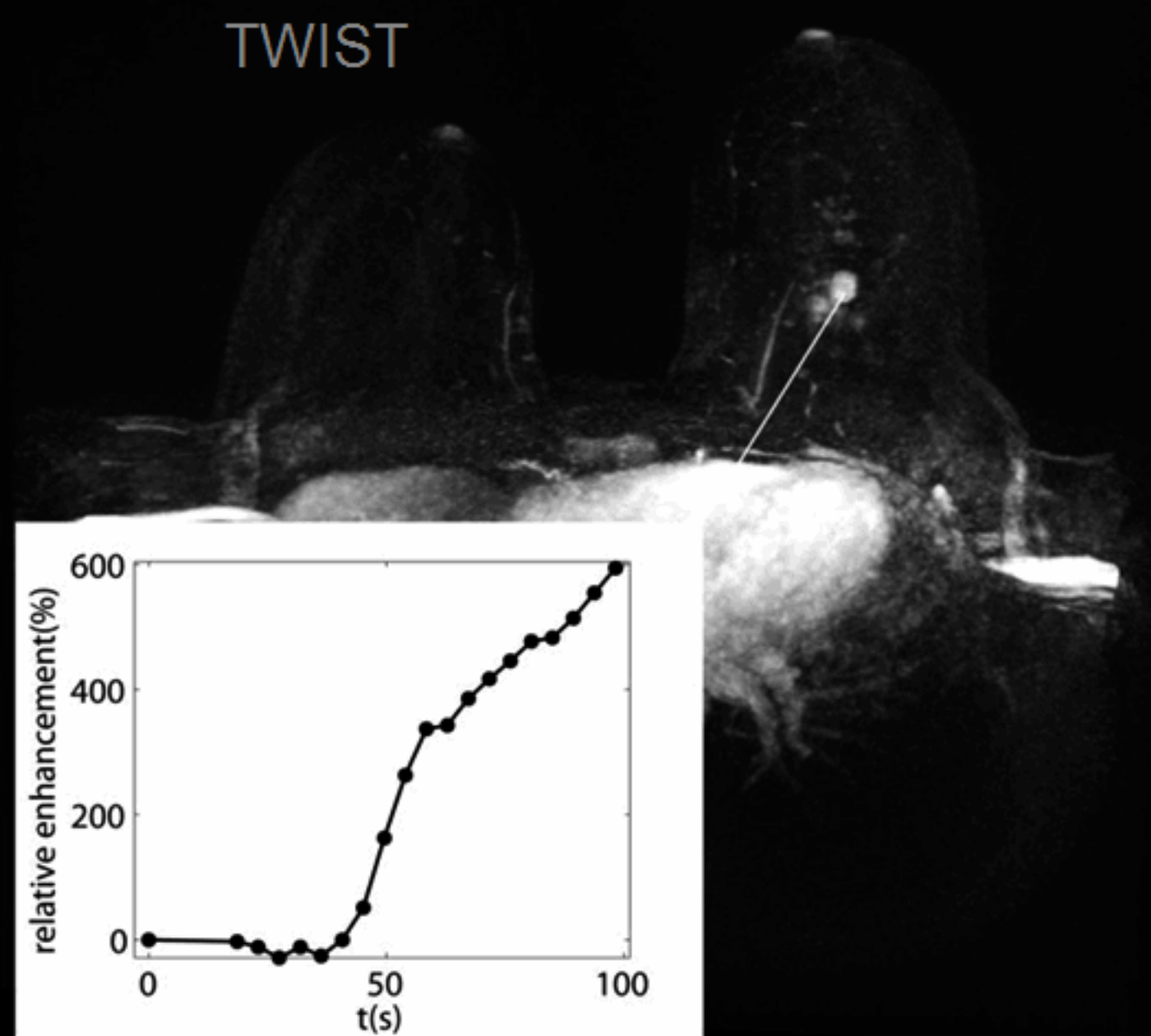
TWIST



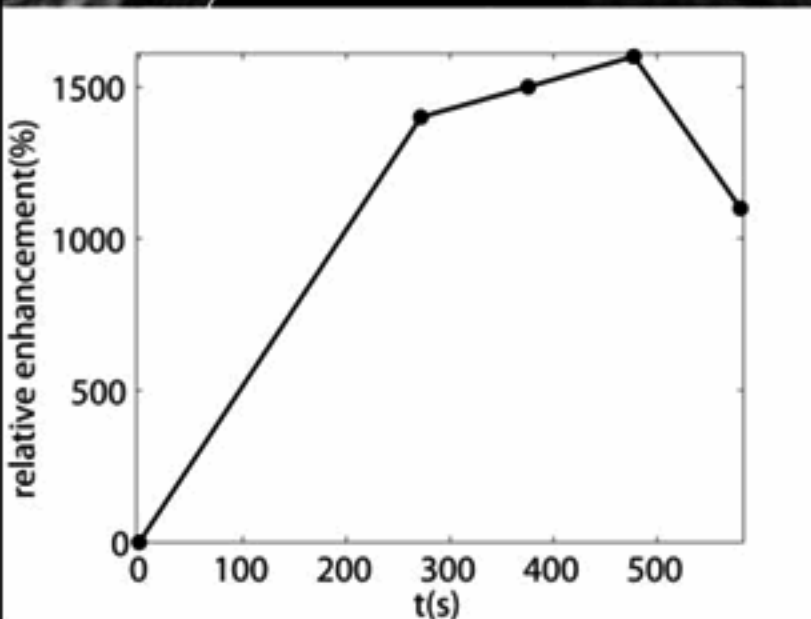
VIBE



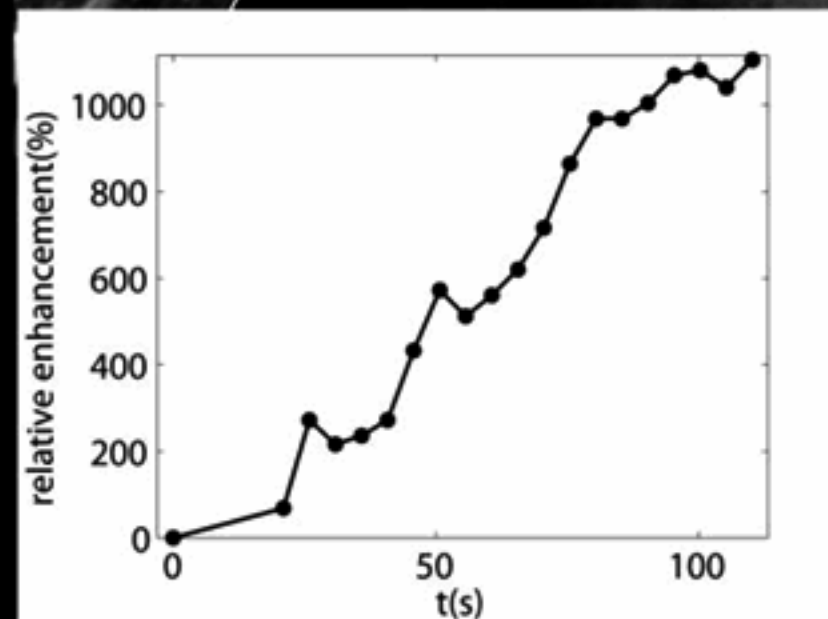
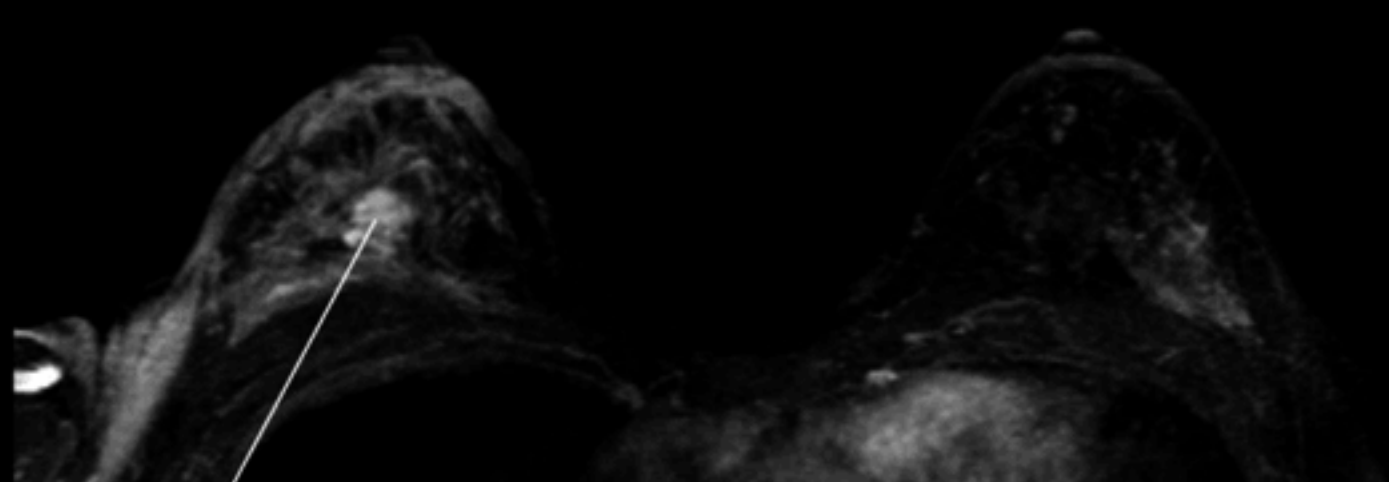
TWIST



VIBE



TWIST



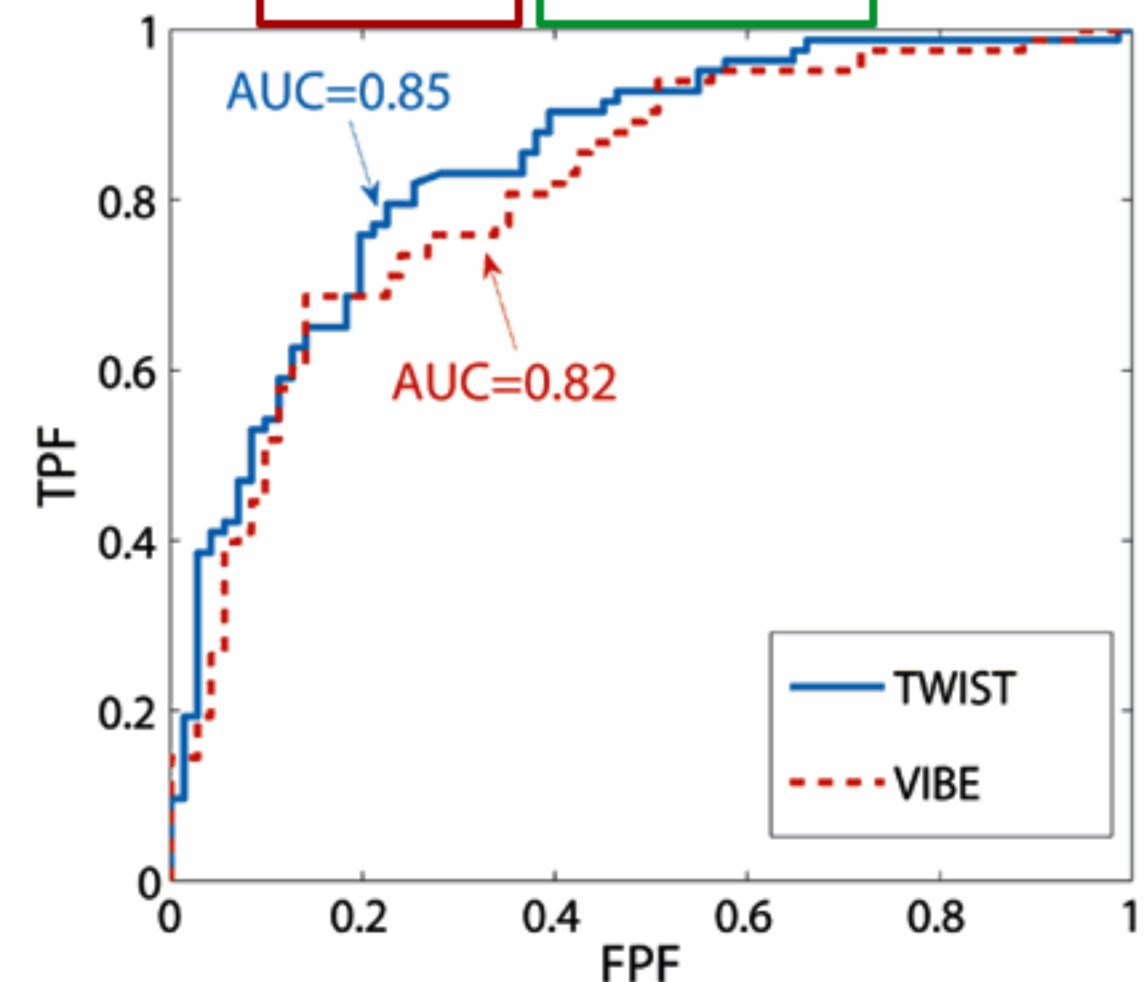
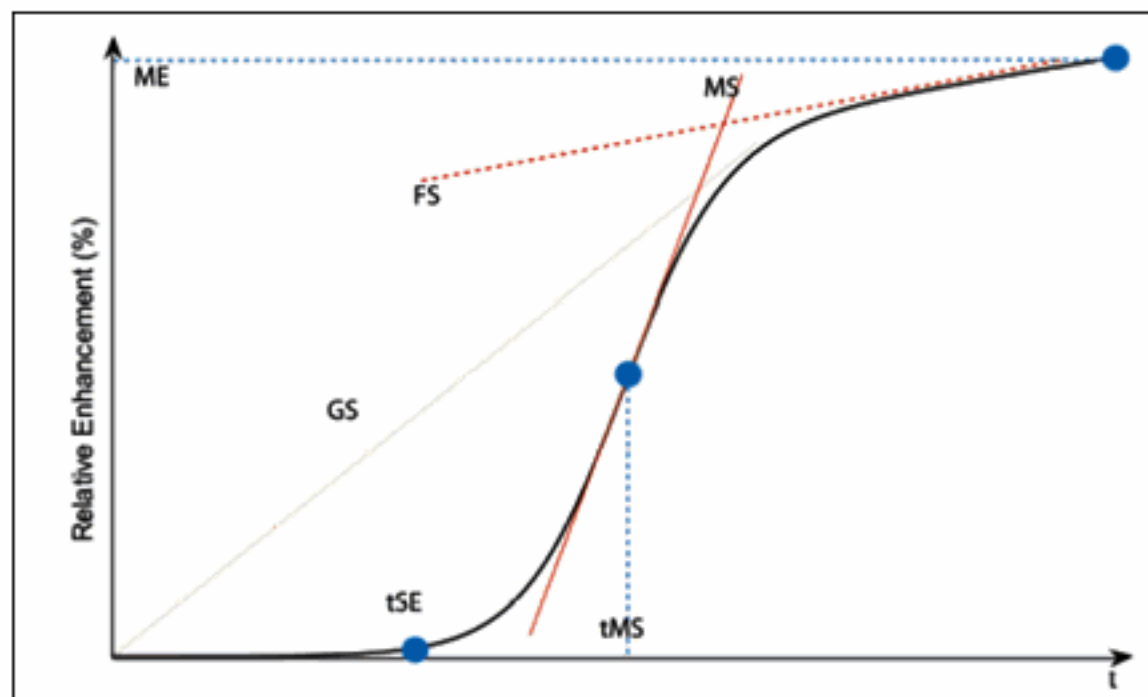
Results TWIST vs VIBE

kinetic parameters:
TWIST superior to VIBE

morphological parameters:
similar for TWIST and VIBE

		kinetic	morphological	both
LDA	VIBE	0.77	0.79	0.82
	TWIST	0.82	0.78	0.81
	significance	-	-	-
kNN	VIBE	0.70	0.78	0.78
	TWIST	0.82	0.78	0.81
	significance	$p = 0.012$	-	-
SVM-poly	VIBE	0.70	0.74	0.73
	TWIST	0.79	0.73	0.80
	significance	$p = 0.006$	-	$p = 0.012$
SVM-RBF	VIBE	0.74	0.79	0.82
	TWIST	0.82	0.79	0.85
	significance	$p = 0.042$	-	-
GB	VIBE	0.67	0.74	0.73
	TWIST	0.86	0.79	0.86
	significance	$p < 0.001$	-	$p < 0.001$

B. Platel et al.





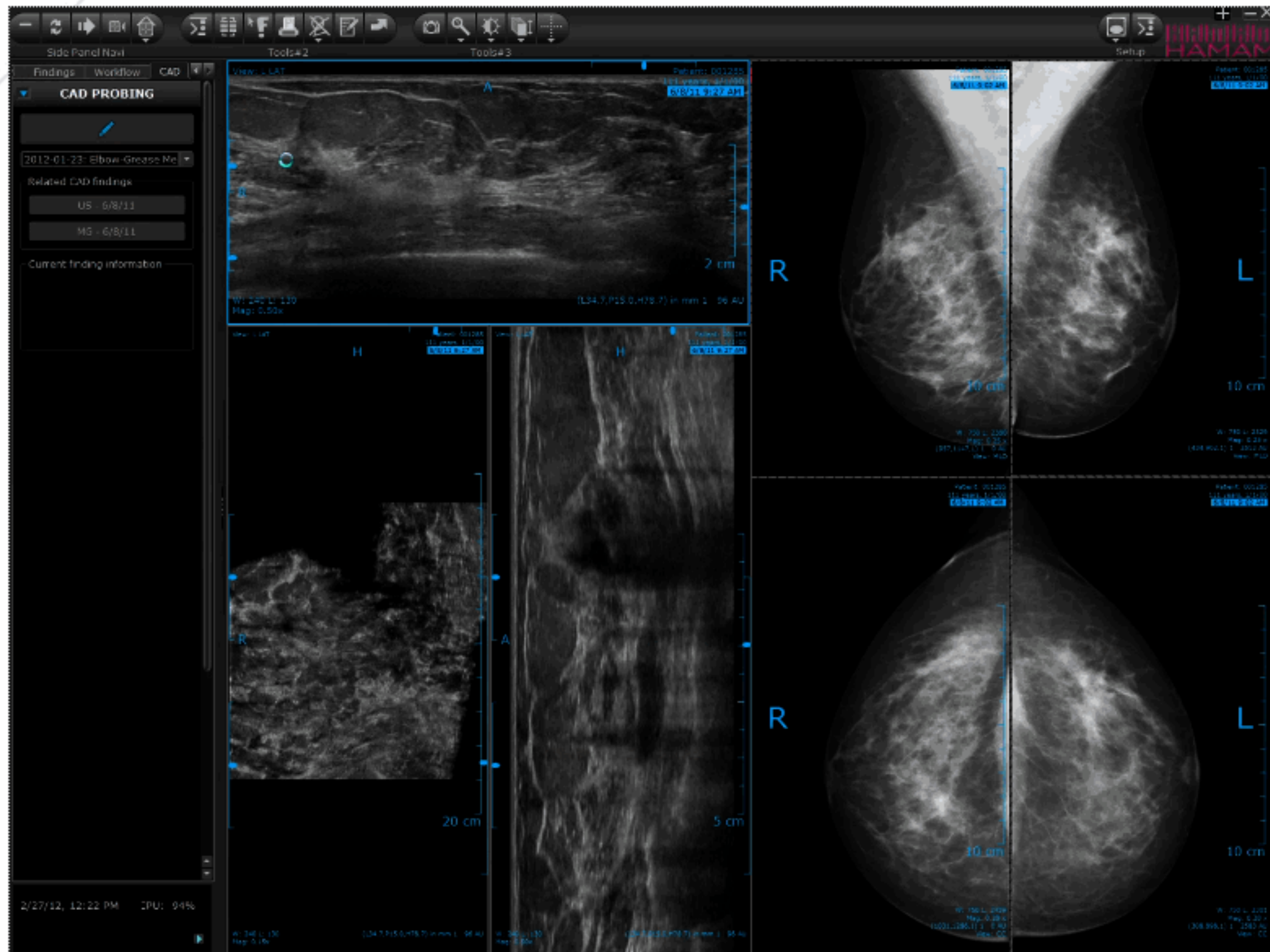
What About Multimodal CAD?

with results of HAMAM and Medical Valley



HAMAM Workstation: Interactive CAD

(here: ABUS – MG)



Findings Workflow CAD

CAD PROBING

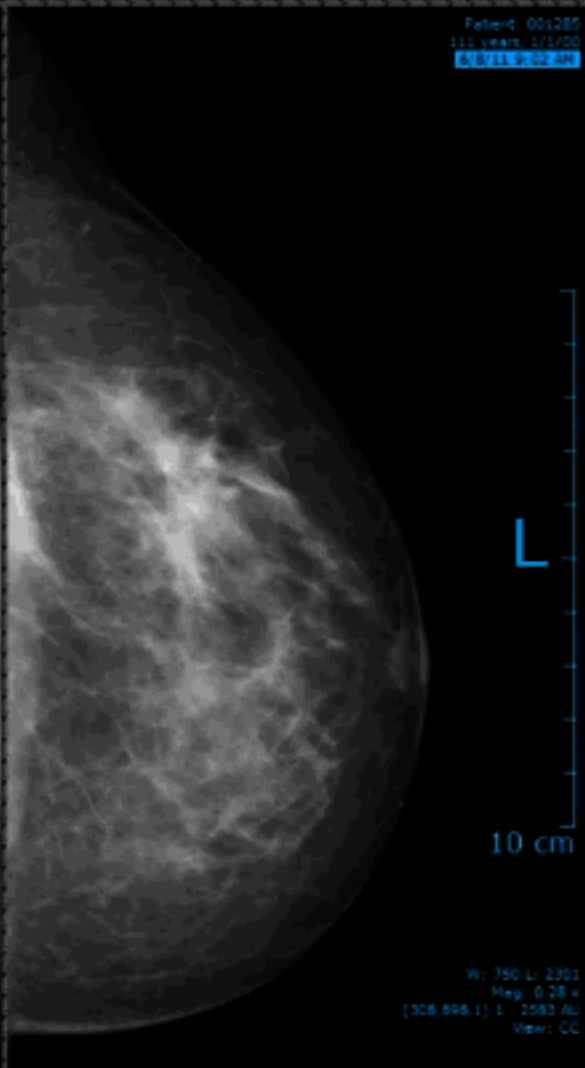
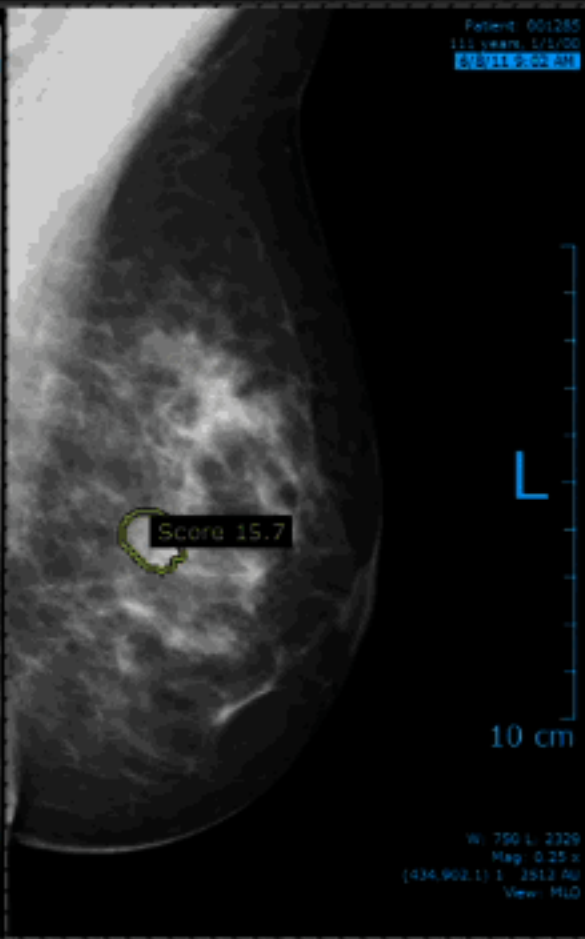
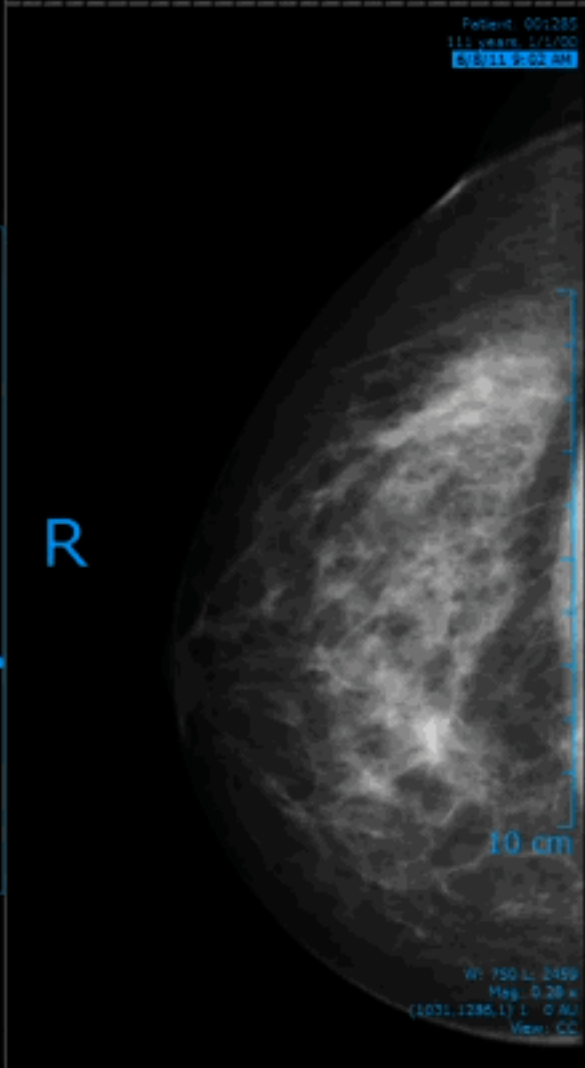
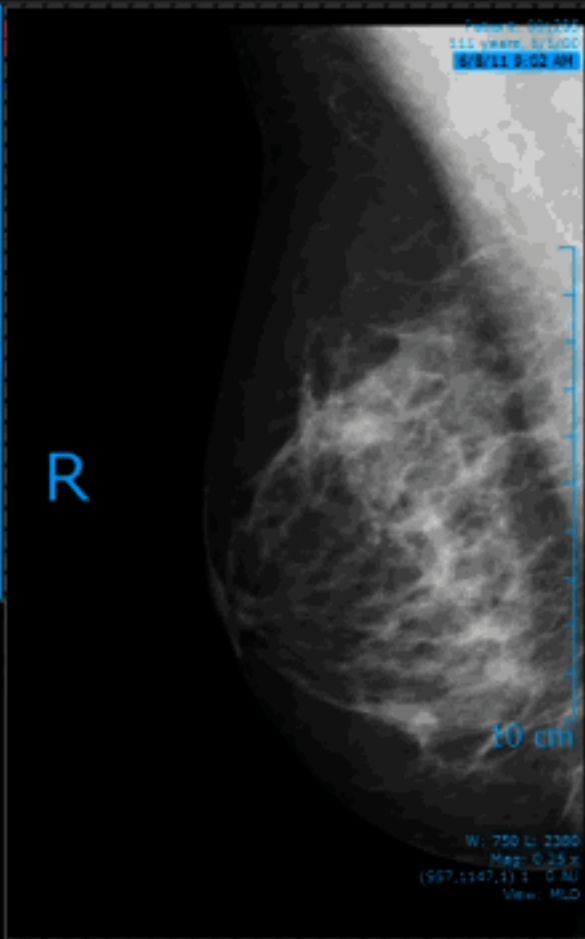
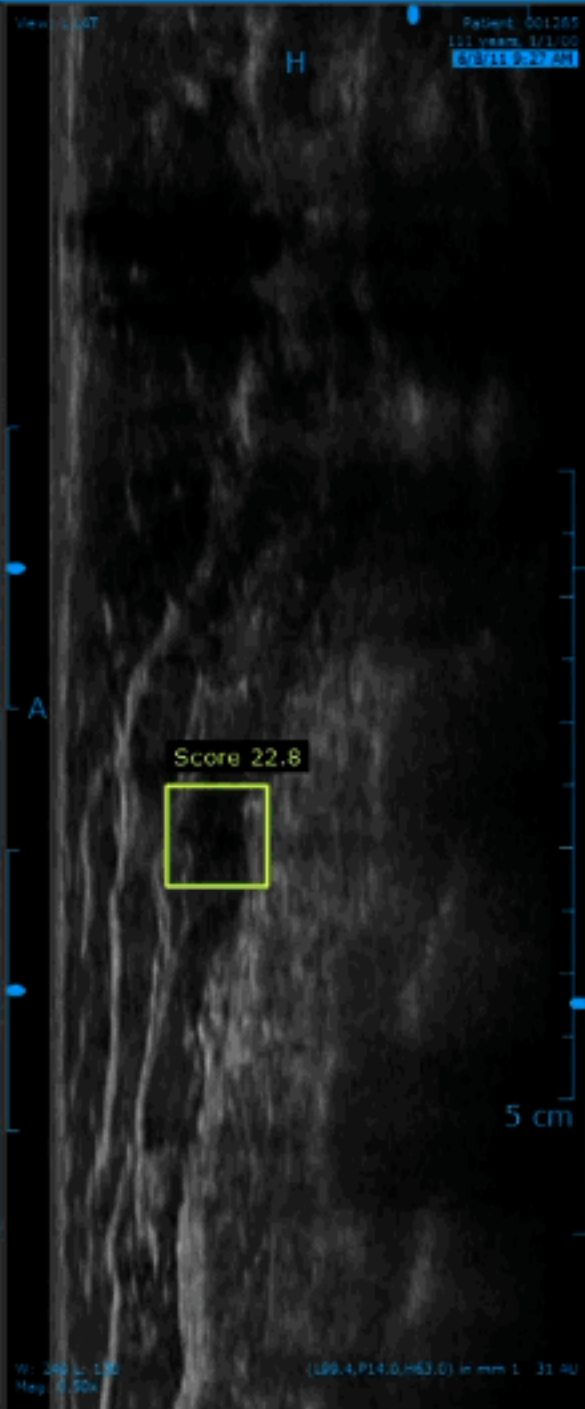
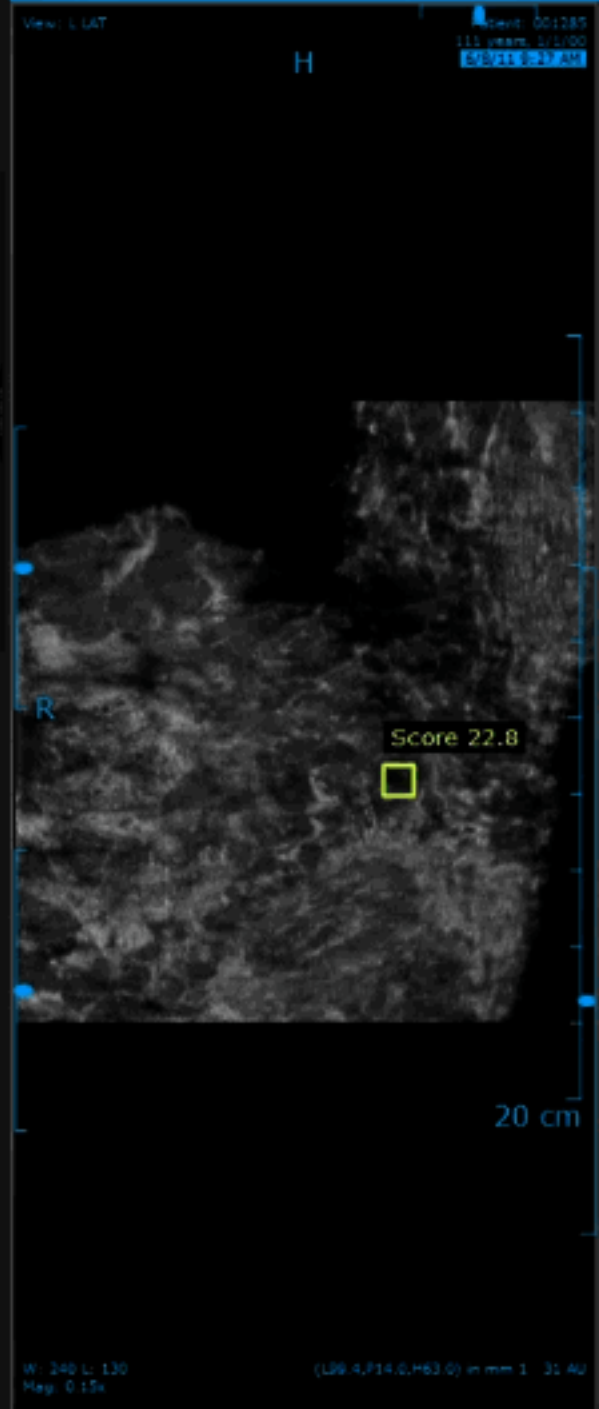
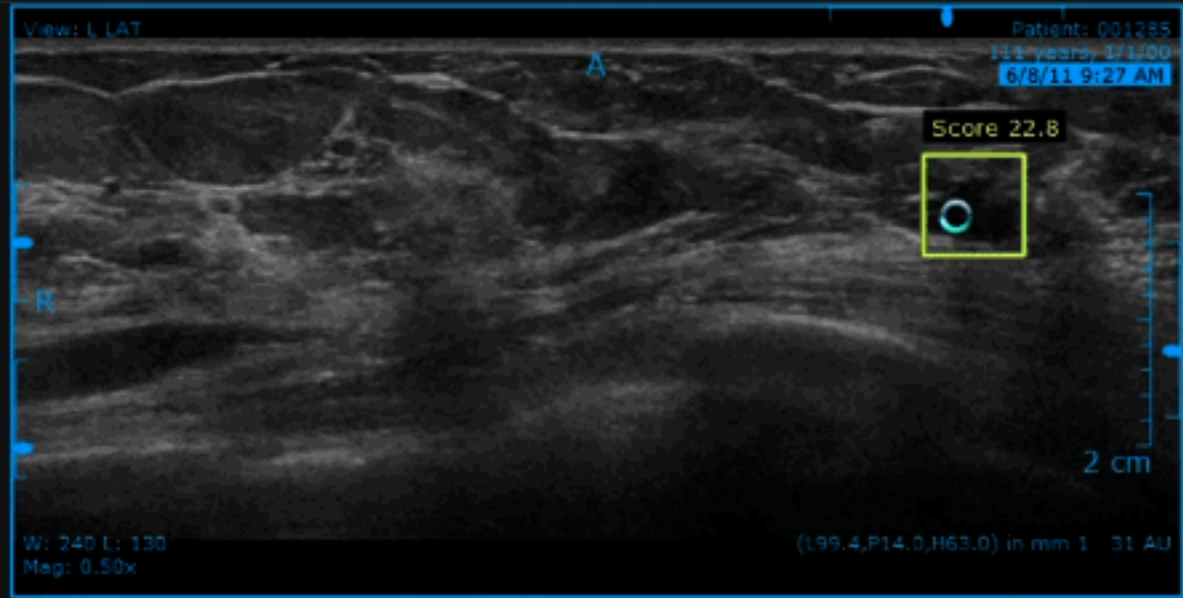
2012-01-23: Elbow-Grease Me

Related CAD findings

- US - 6/8/11: Linked: 1
- MG - 6/8/11: Linked: 1

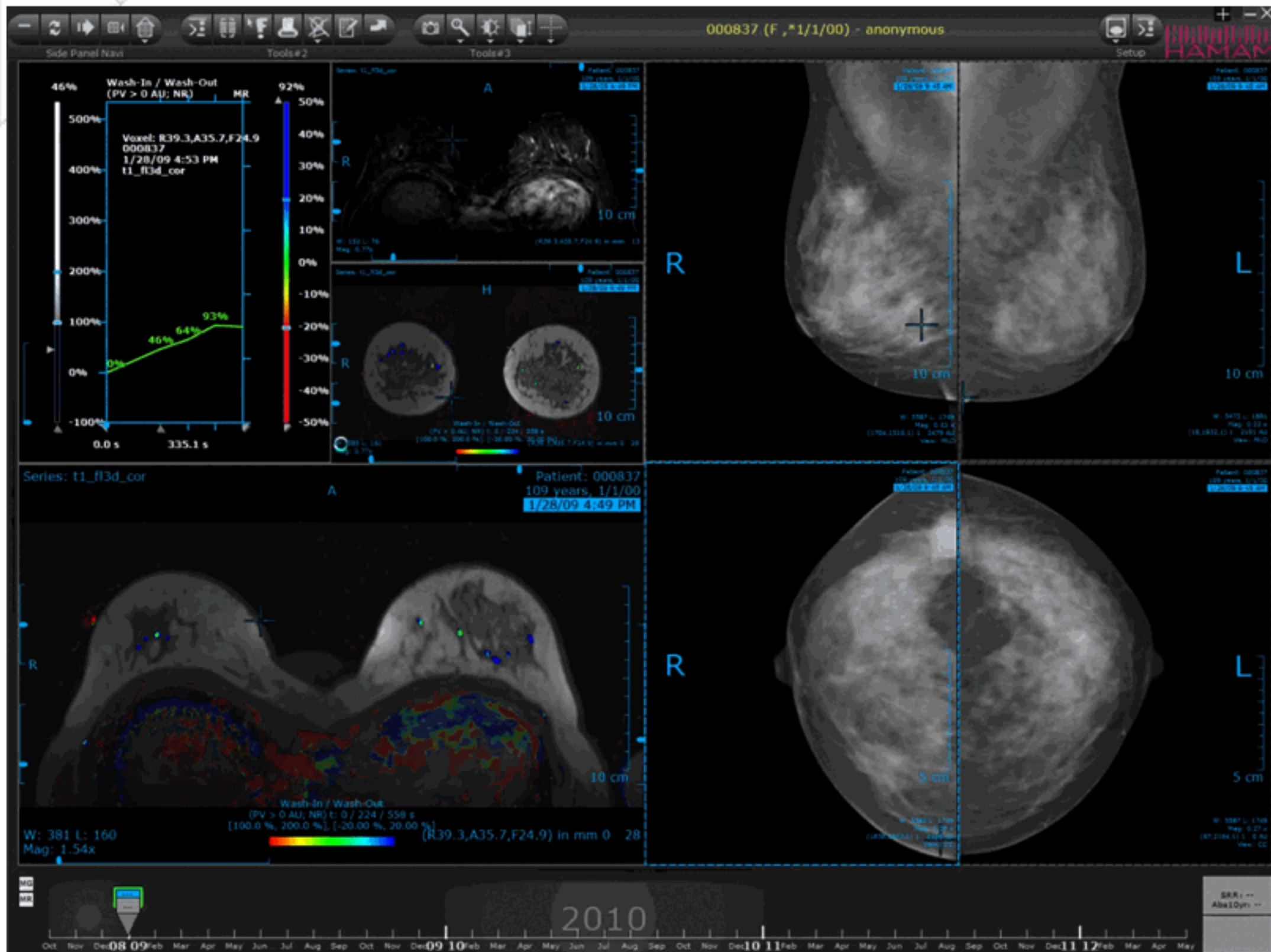
Current finding information

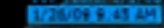
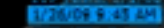
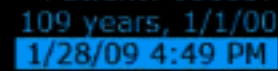
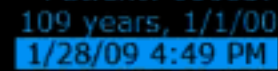
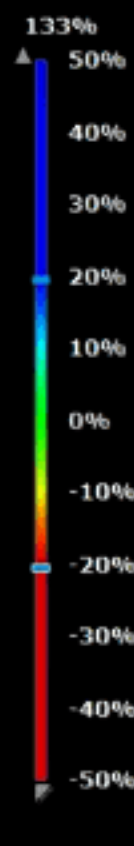
Confidence: 1
Confidence: 0

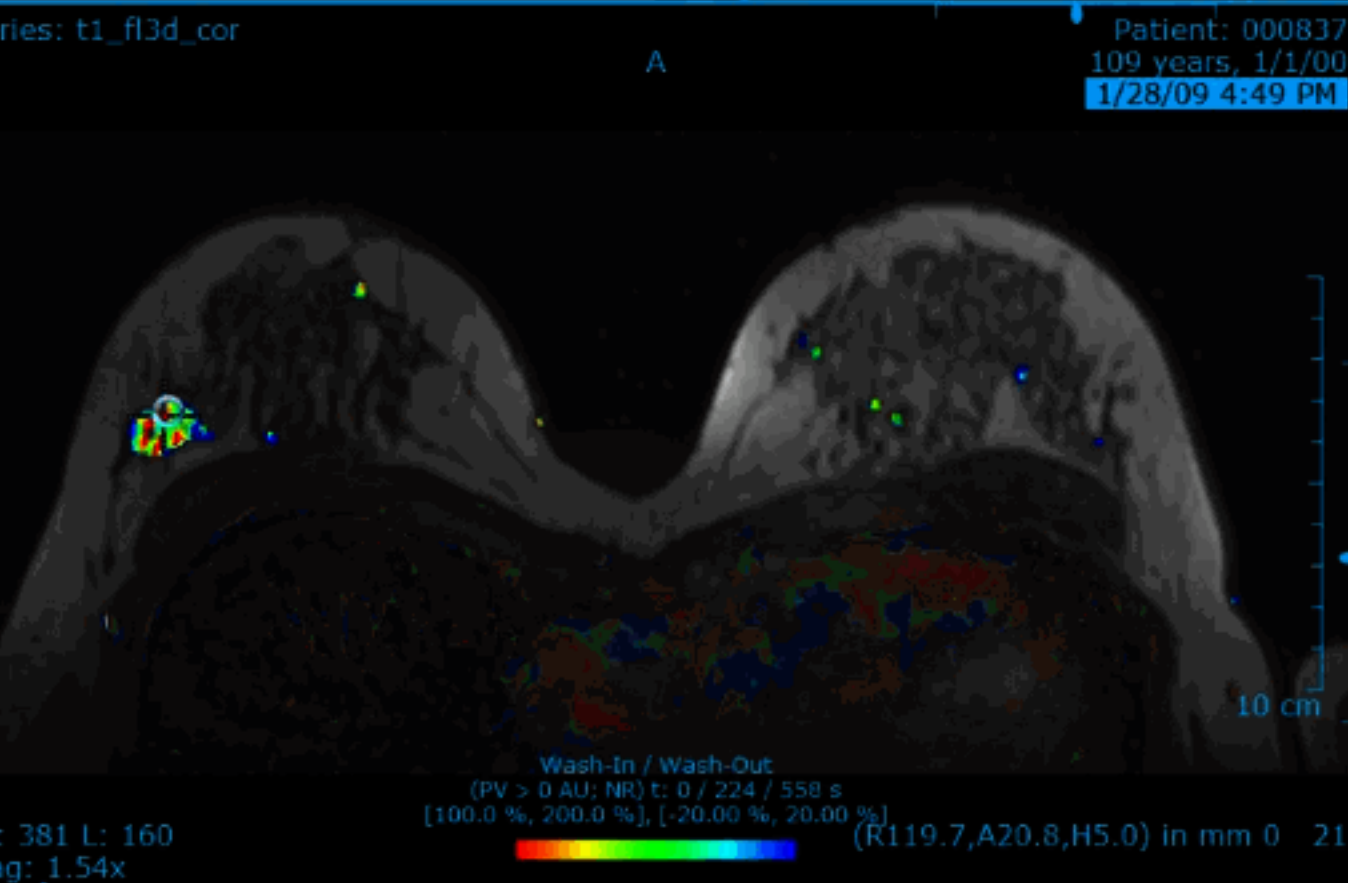
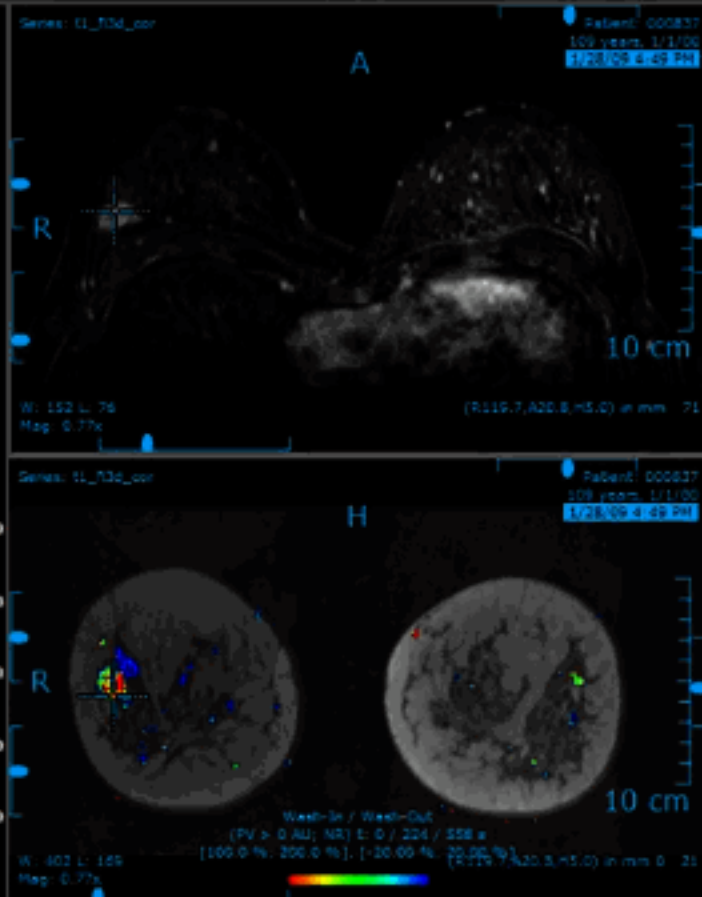


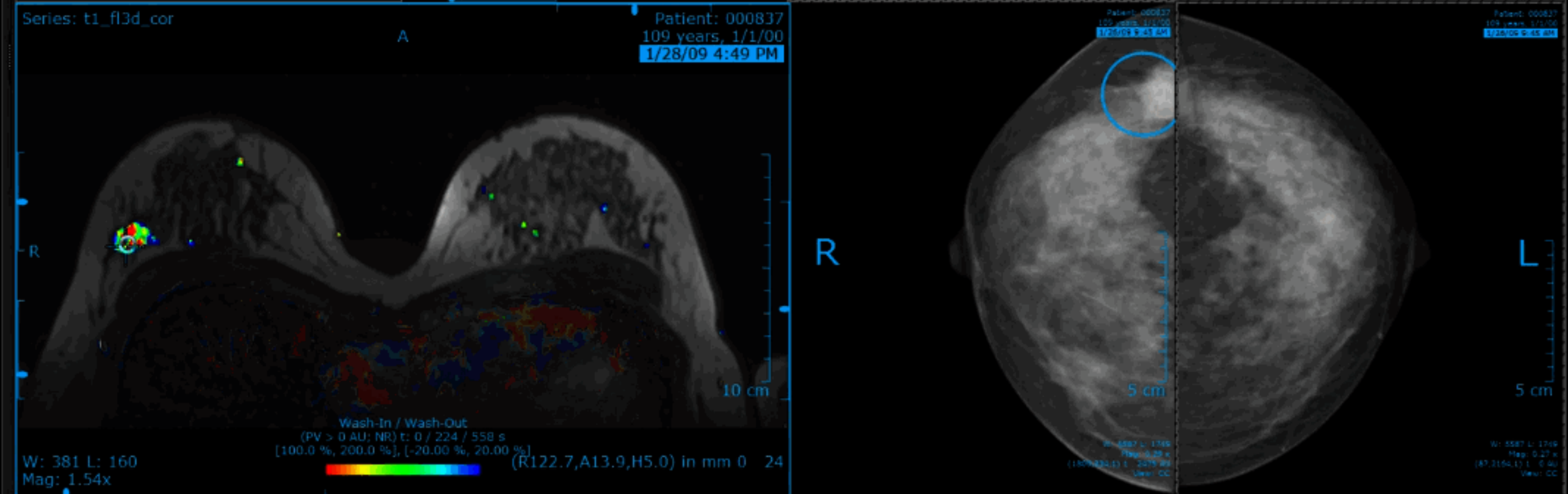
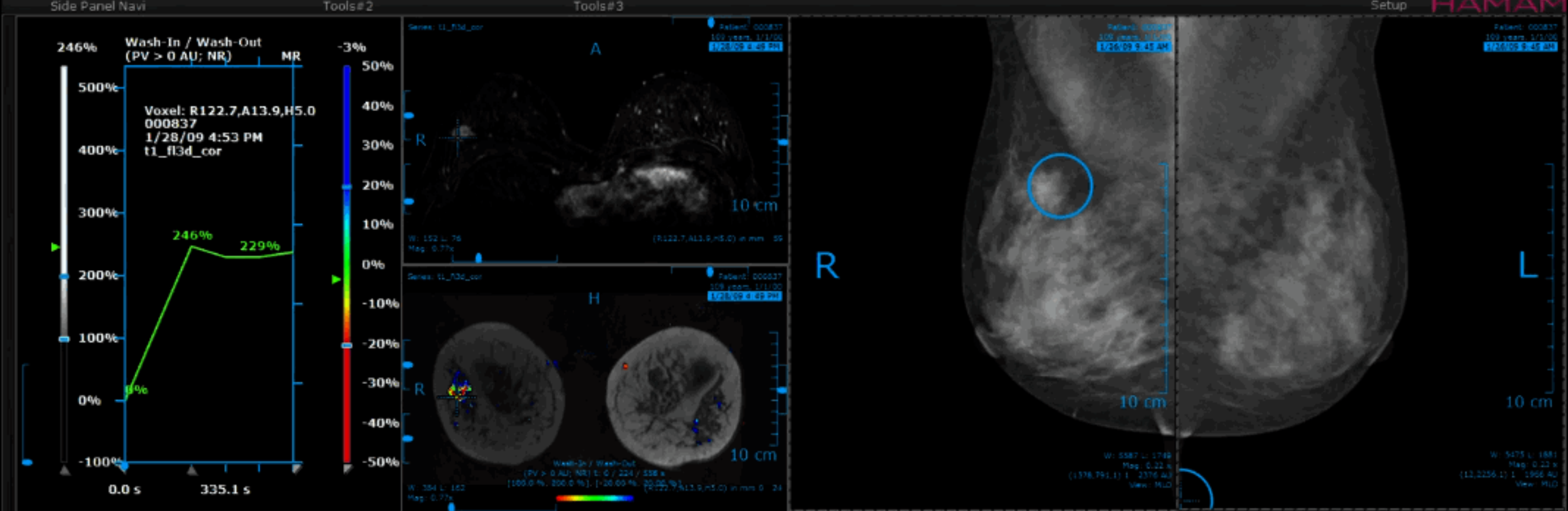
HAMAM Workstation: Fuzzy Cursor

(here: MRI – MG)

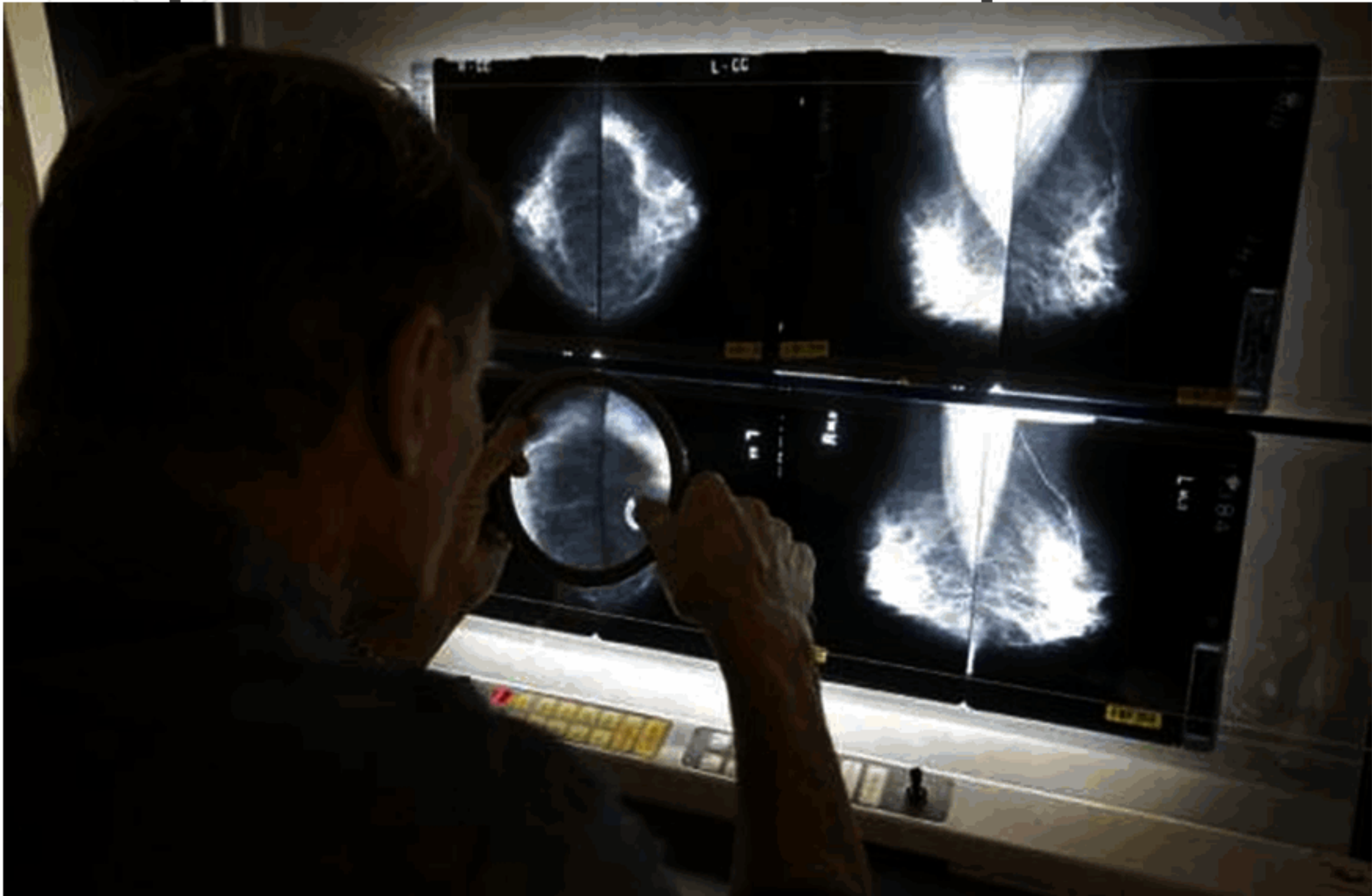


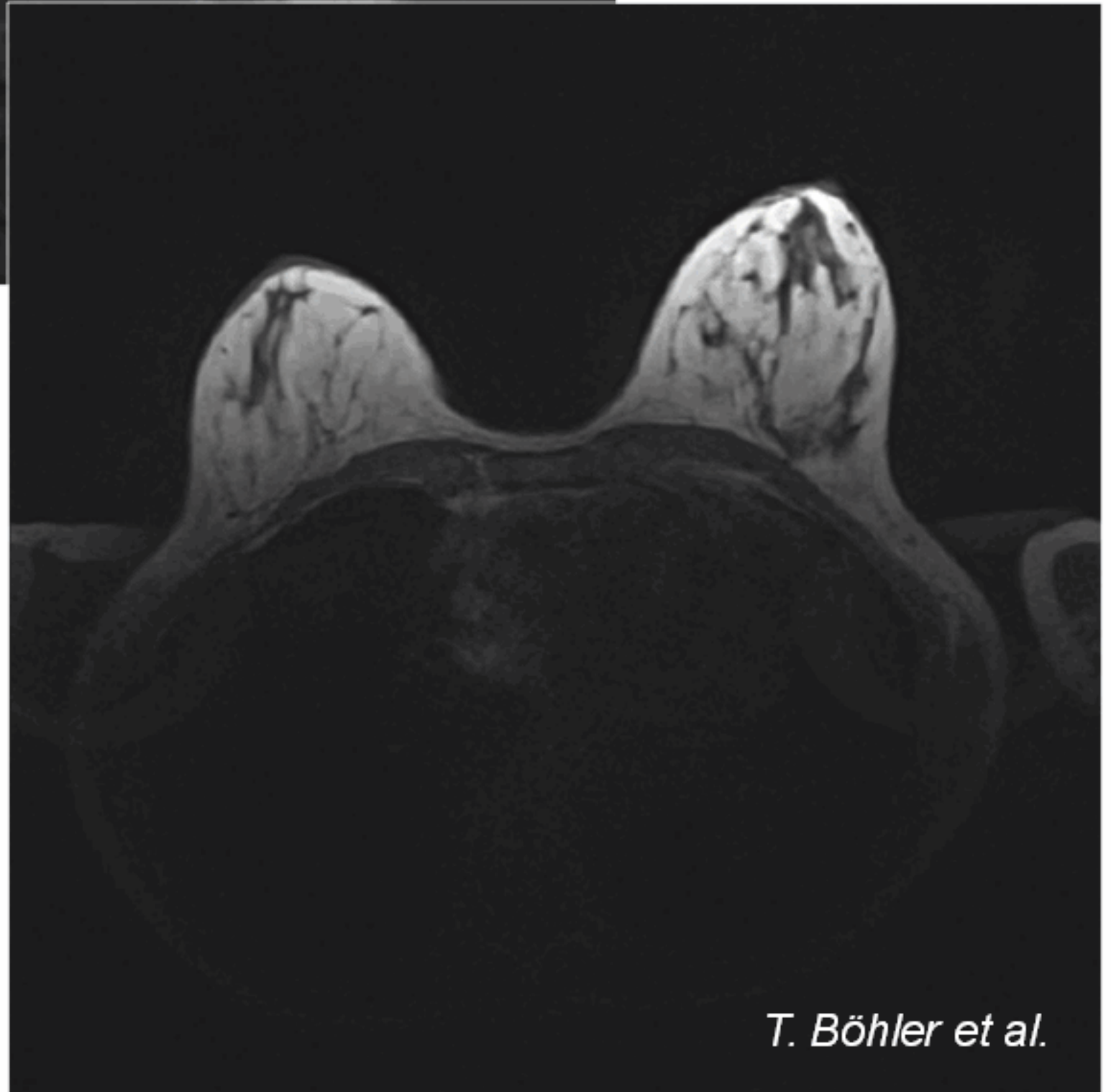
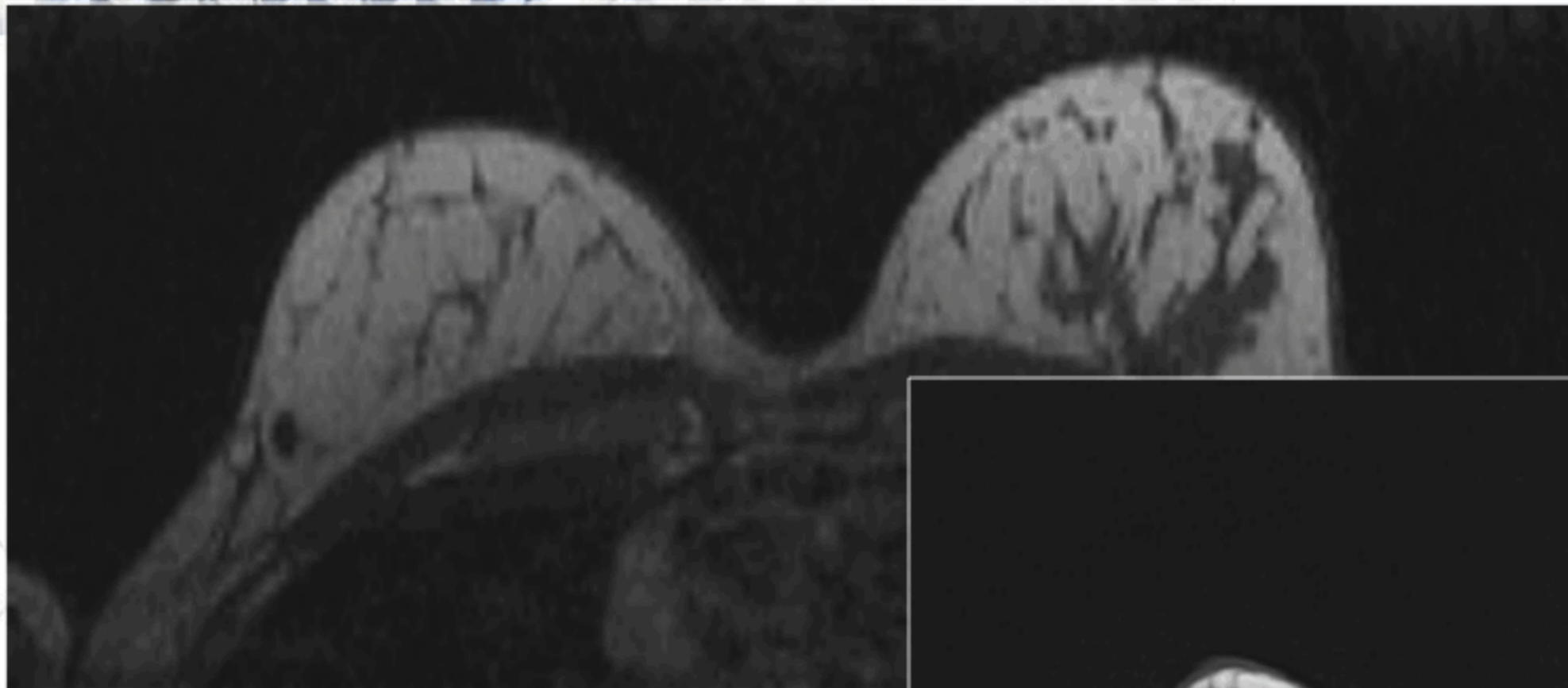






Comparison of current and prior scans

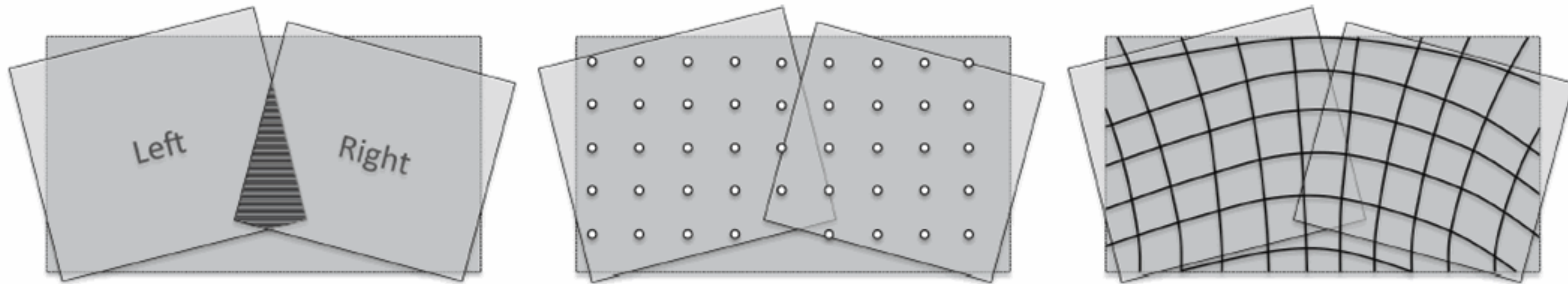




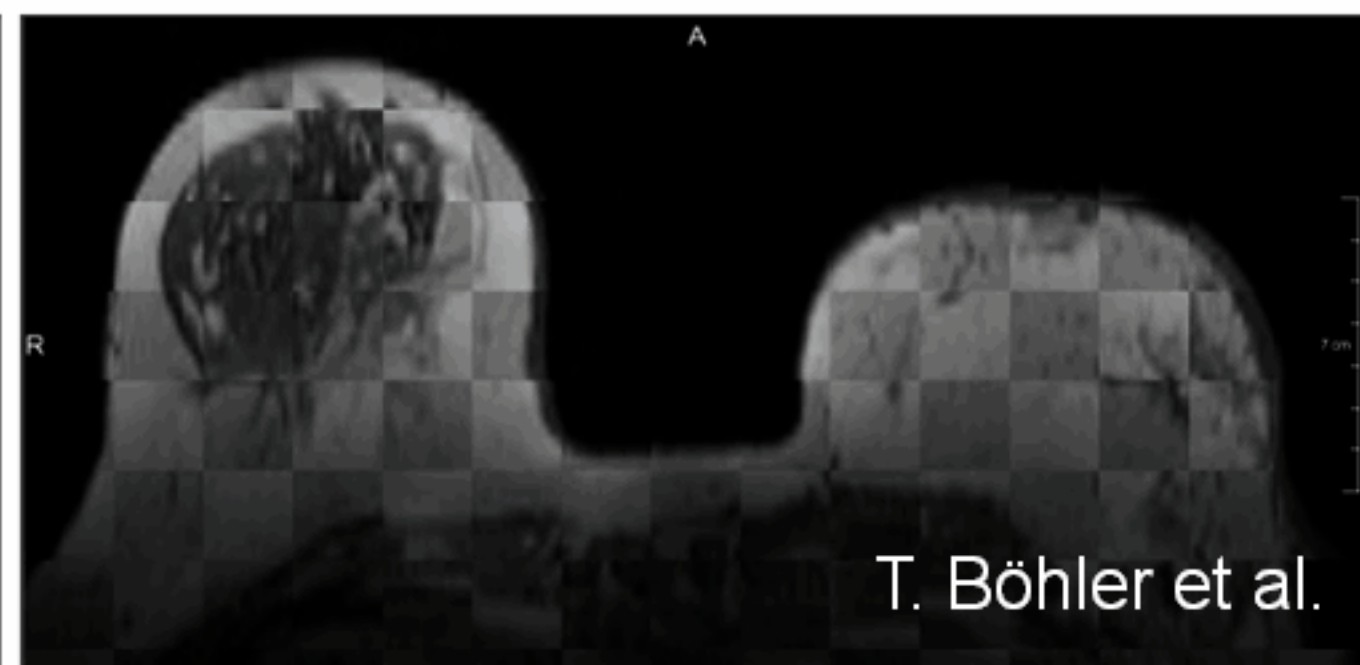
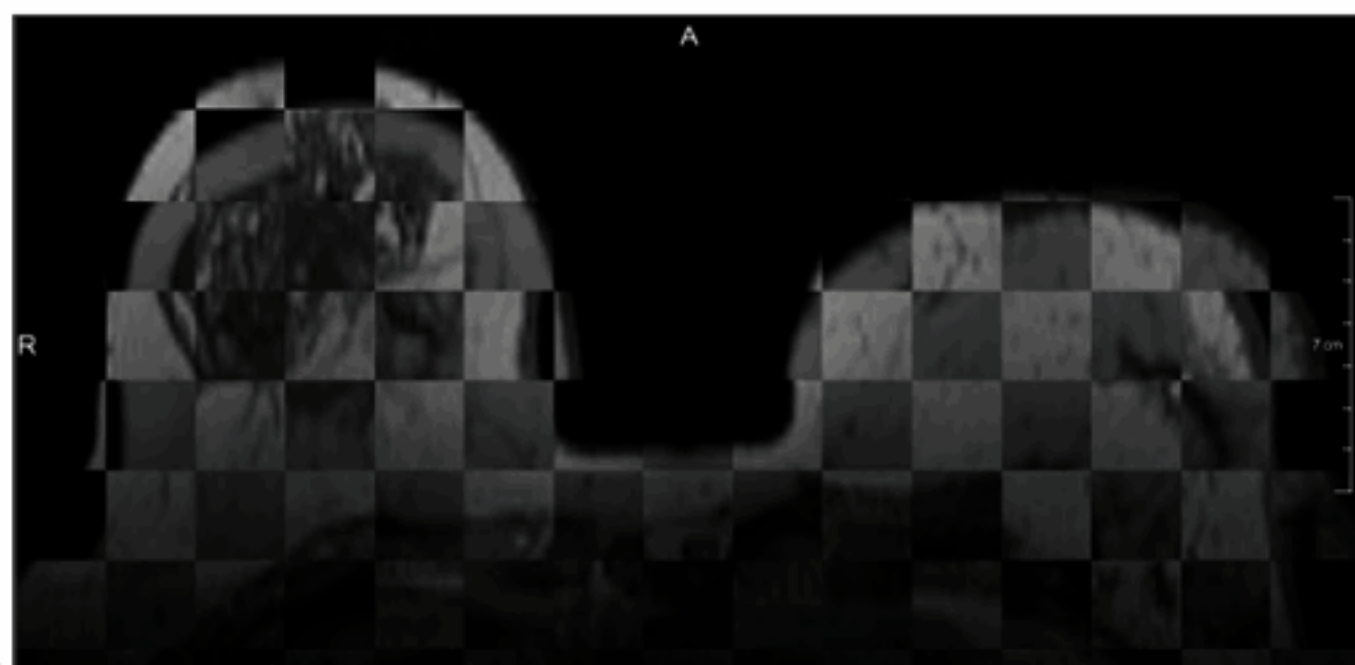
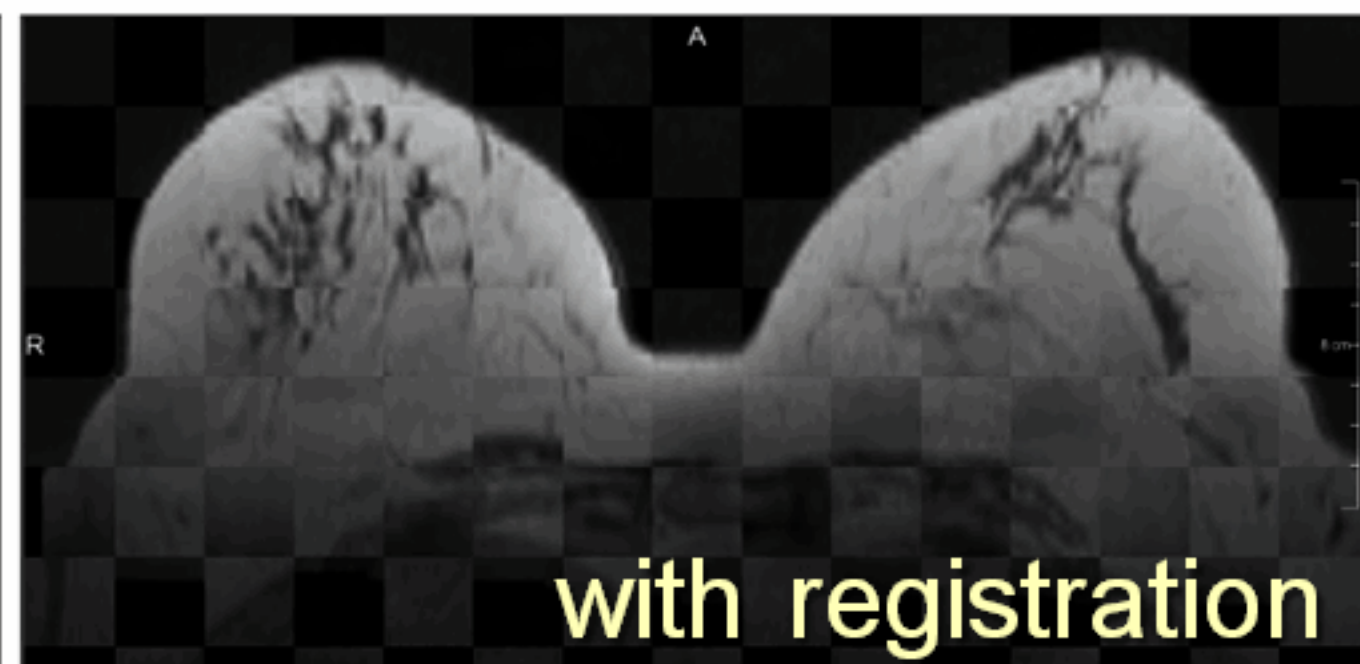
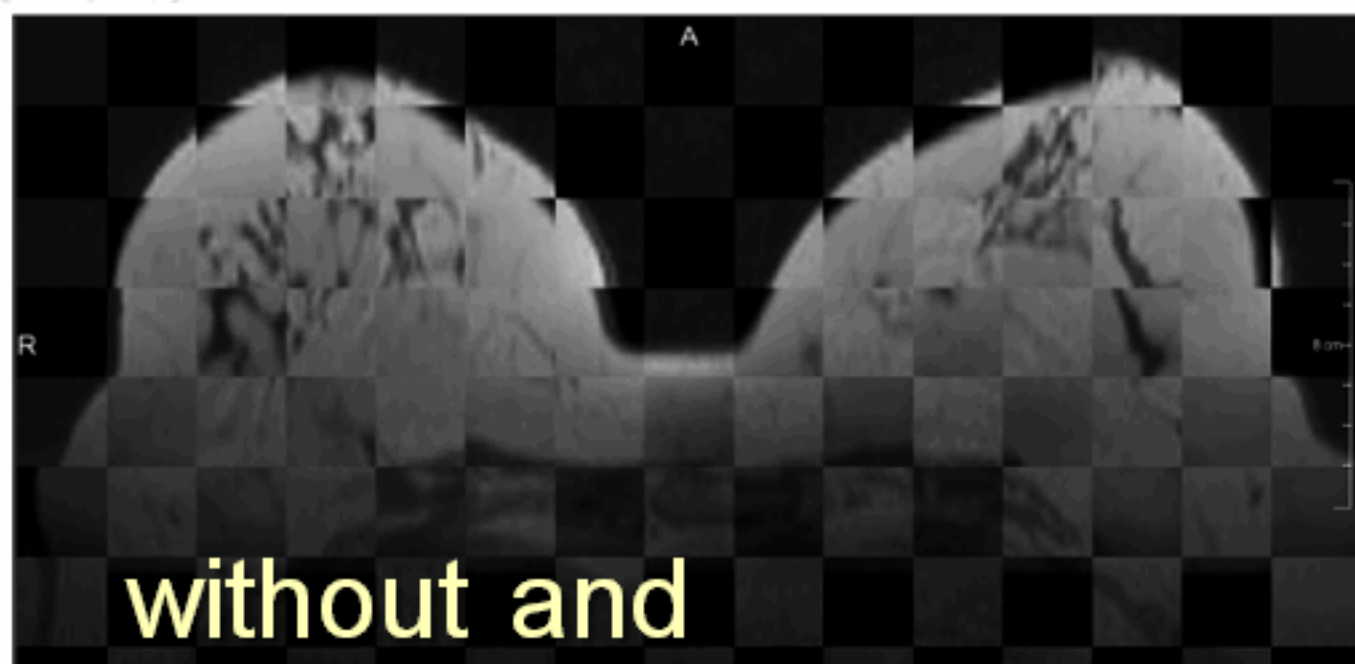
Comparison with
prior scans

in particular for
high-risk group

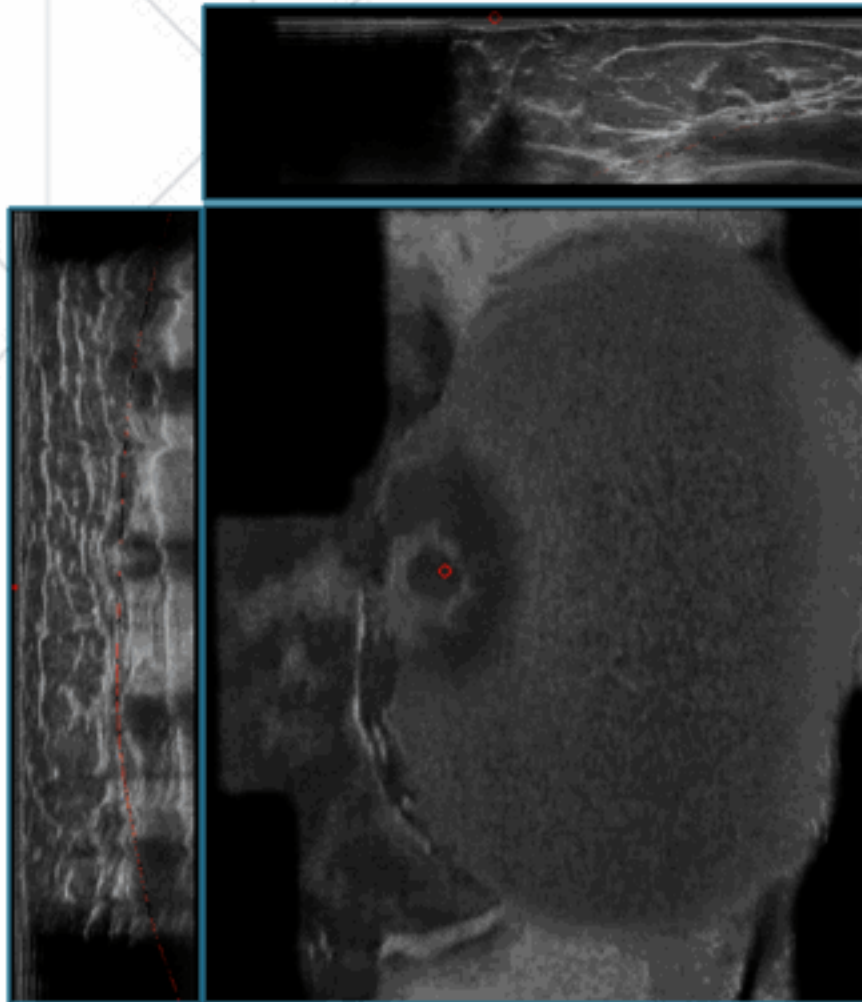
T. Böhler et al.



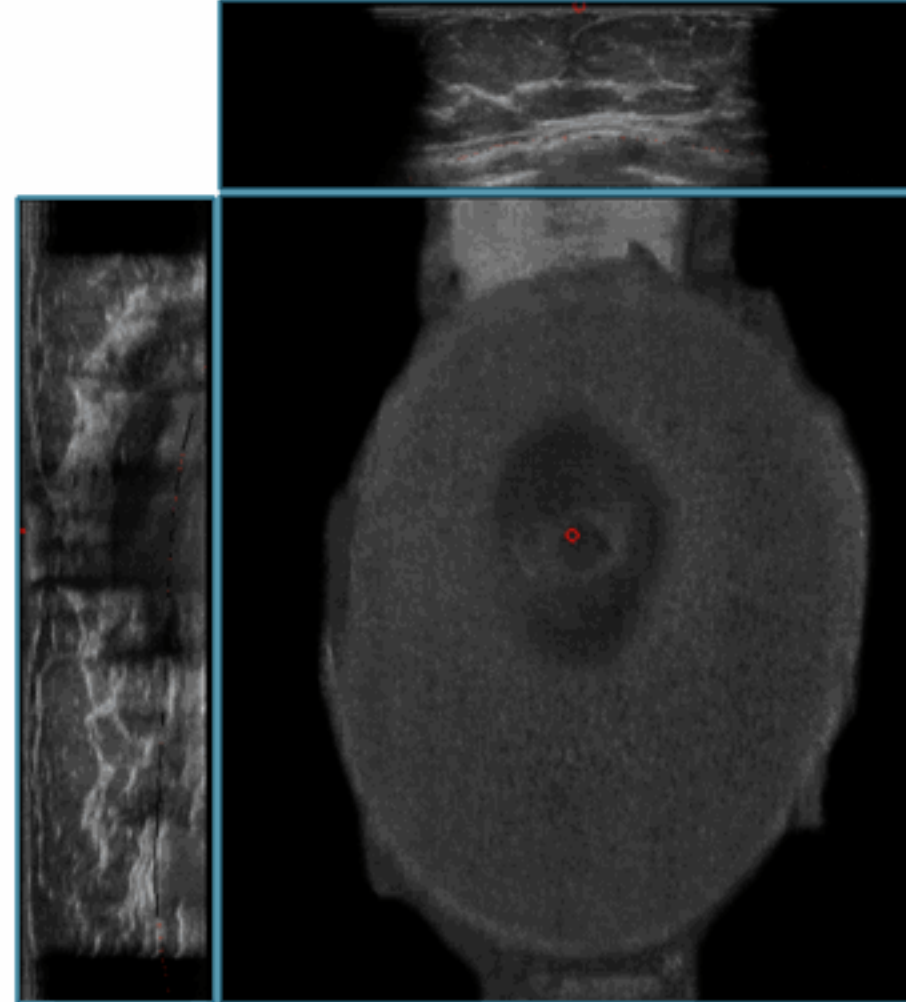
Elastic Prior-Current Image Registration



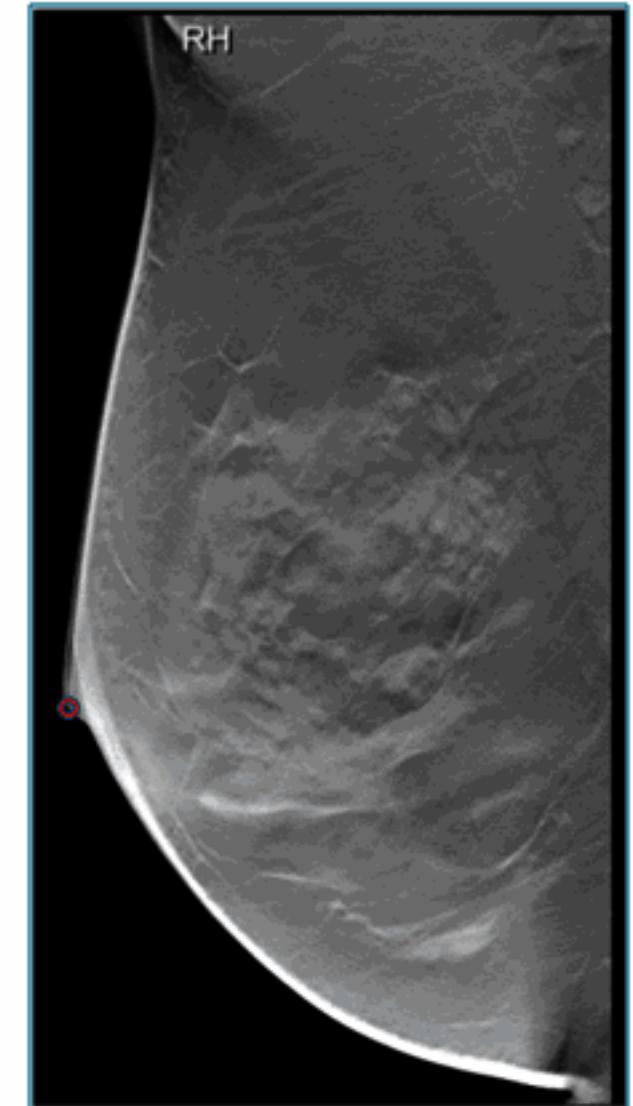
Spatial Correlation of Automated 3D US and Tomosynthesis



ABUS MED

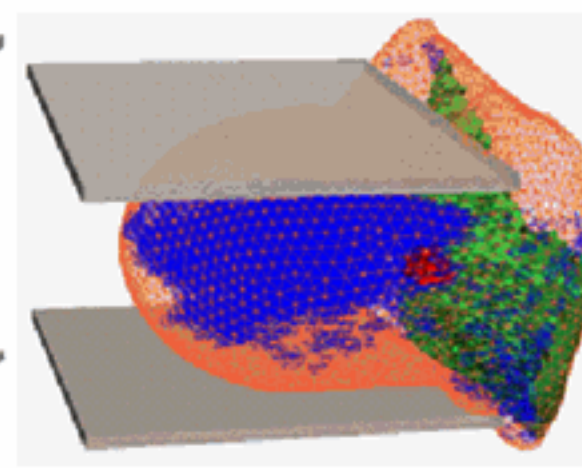
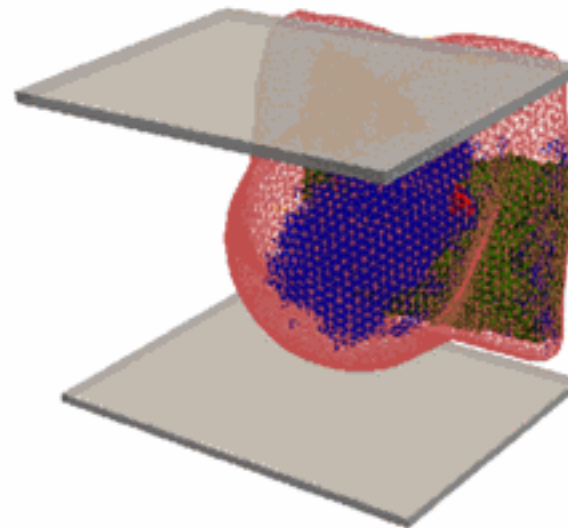
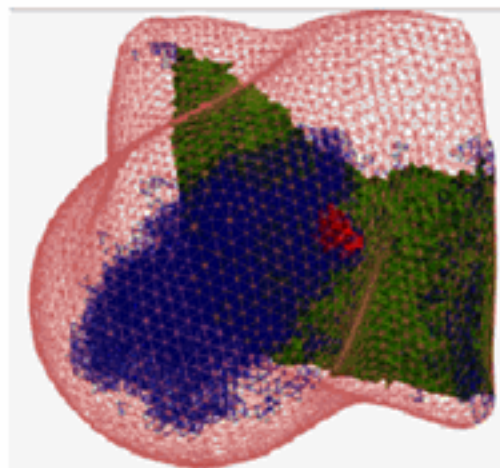
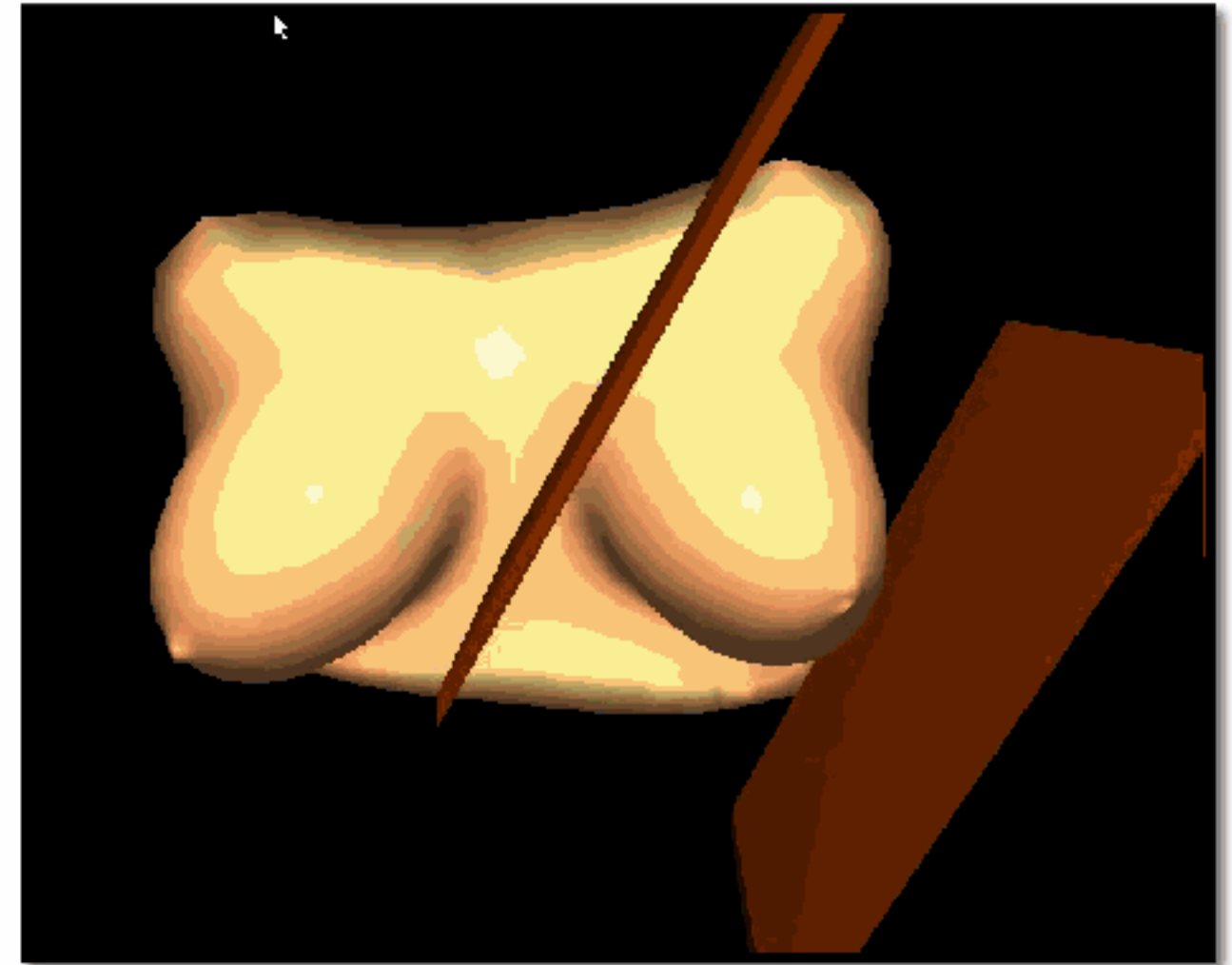


ABUS AP

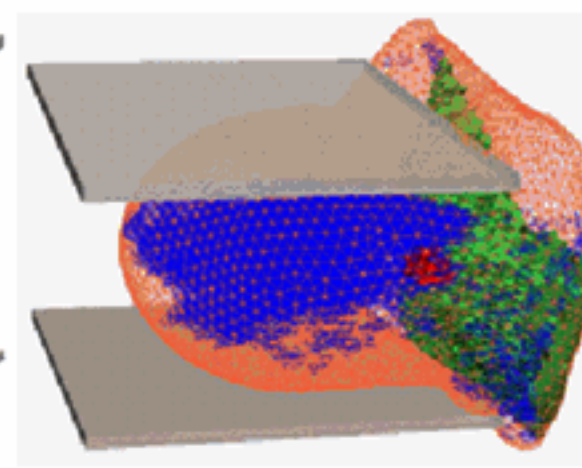
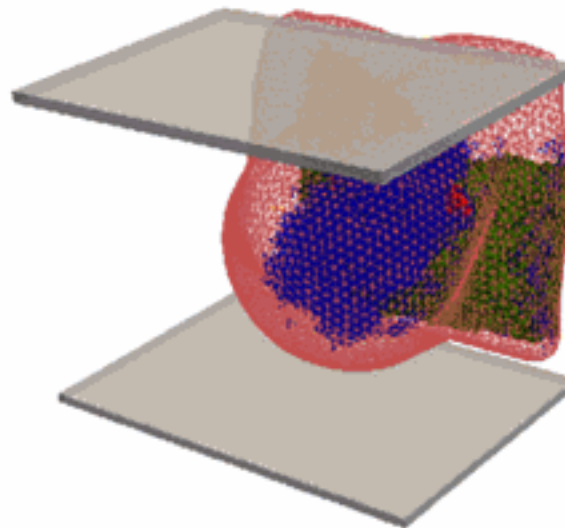
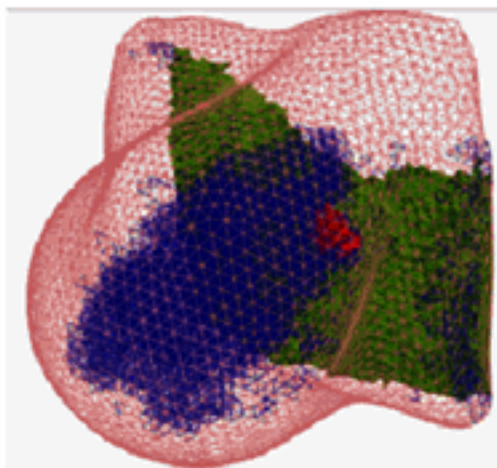
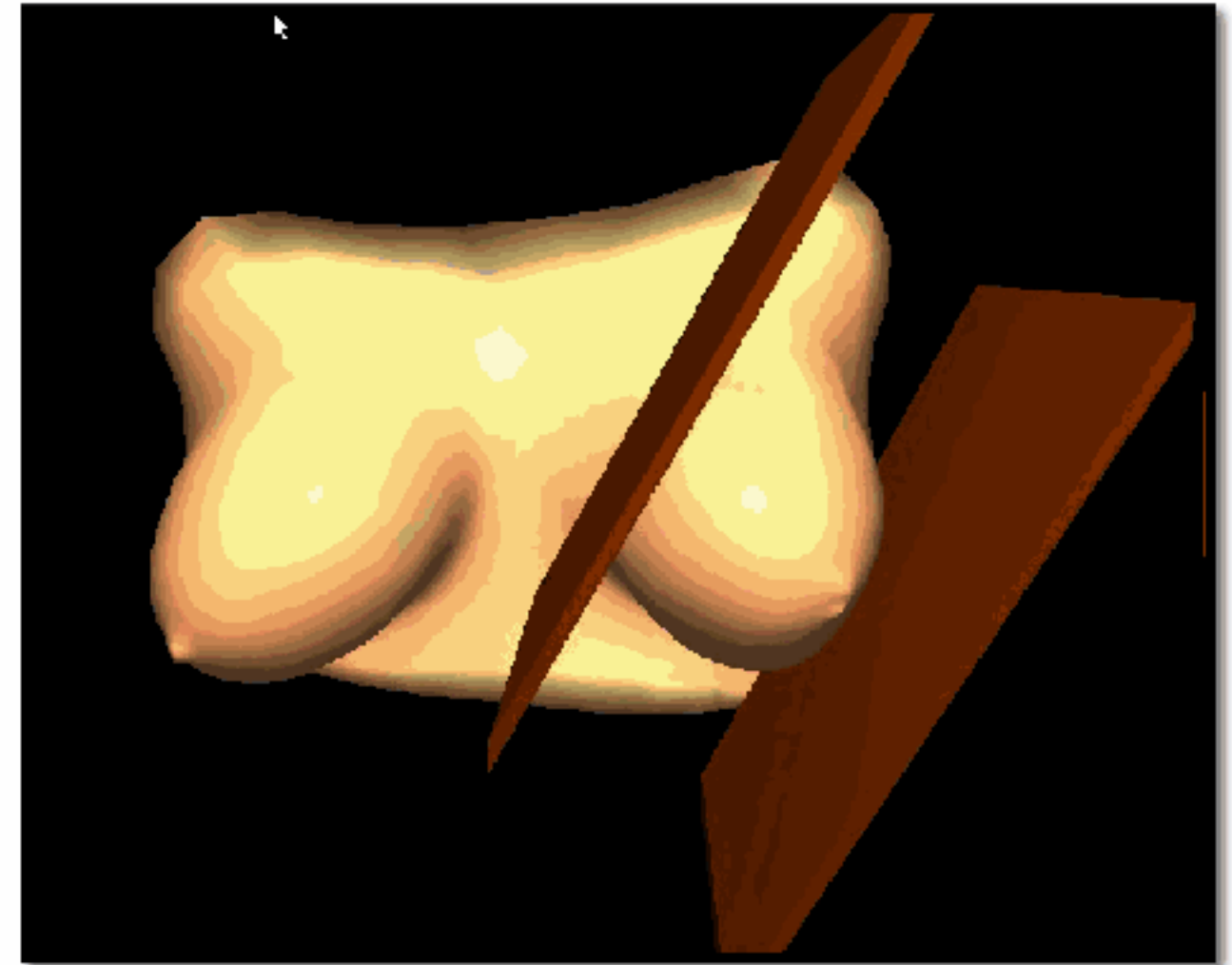


Tomosynthesis

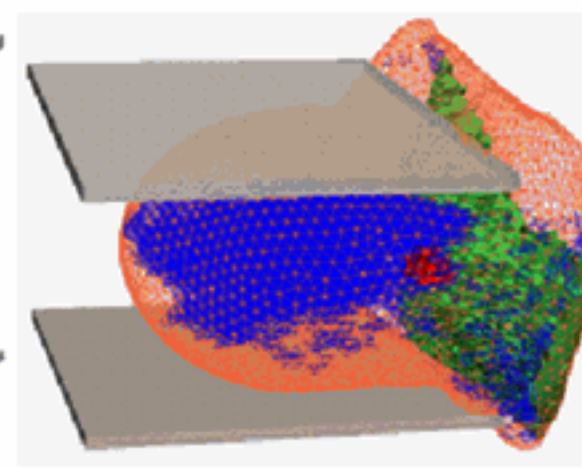
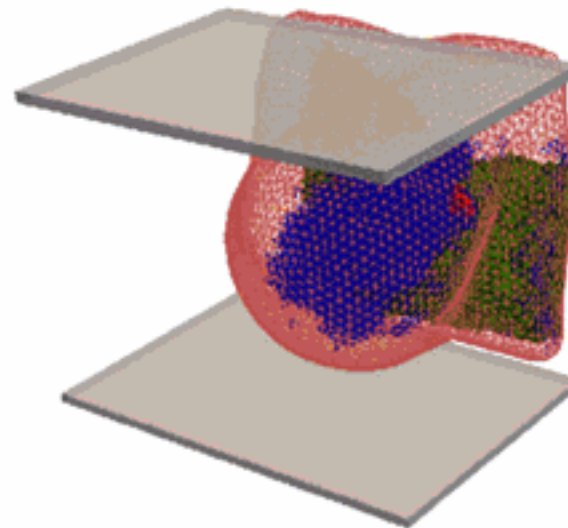
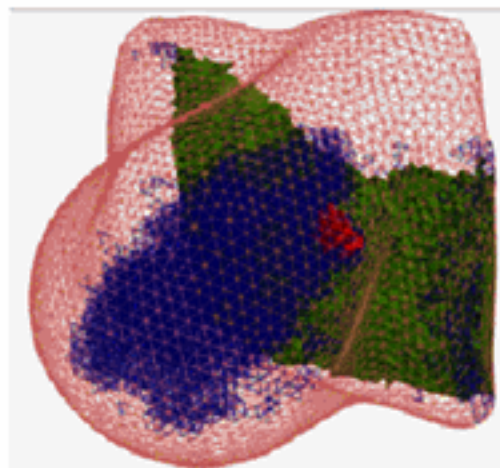
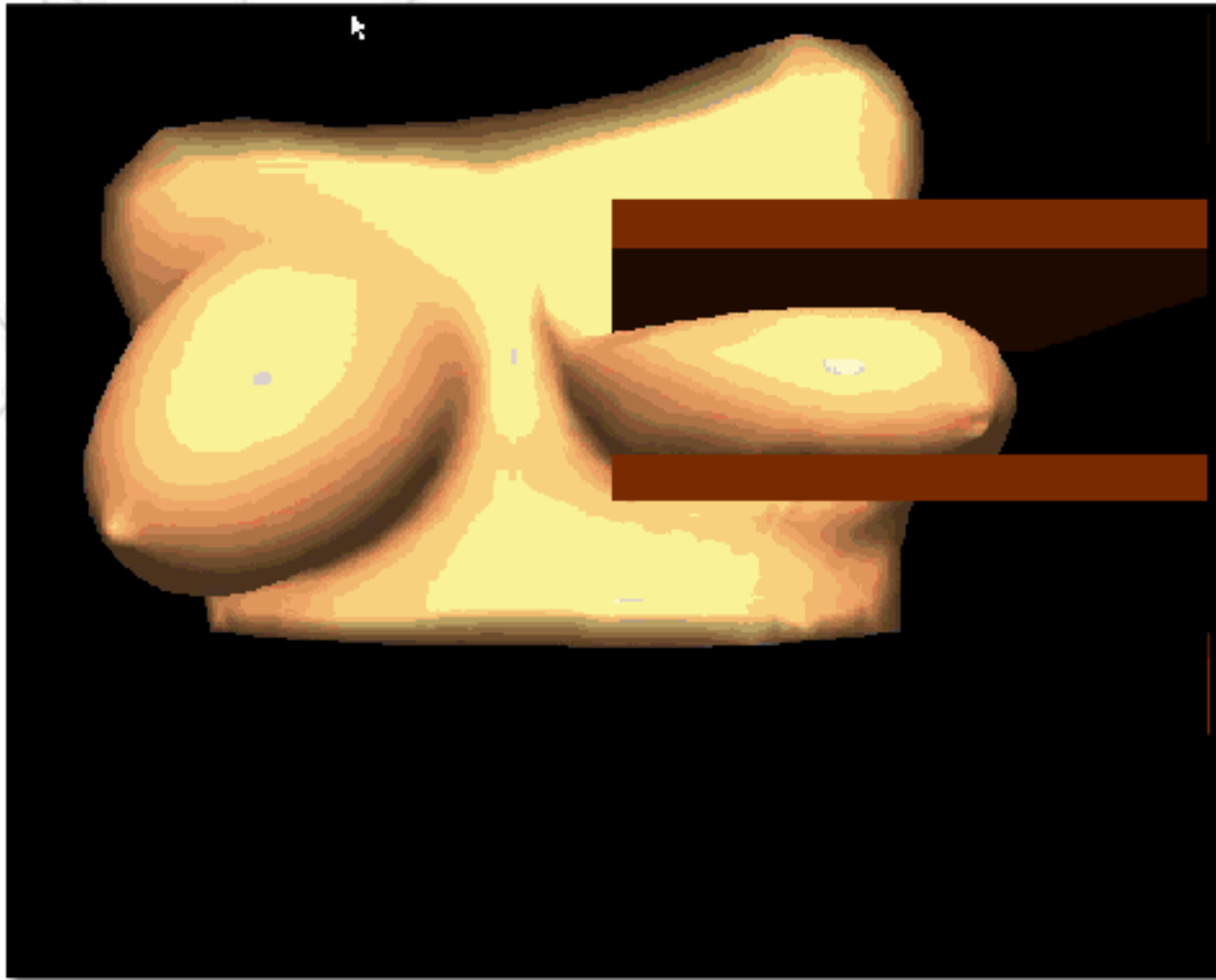
Compression Simulation



Compression Simulation



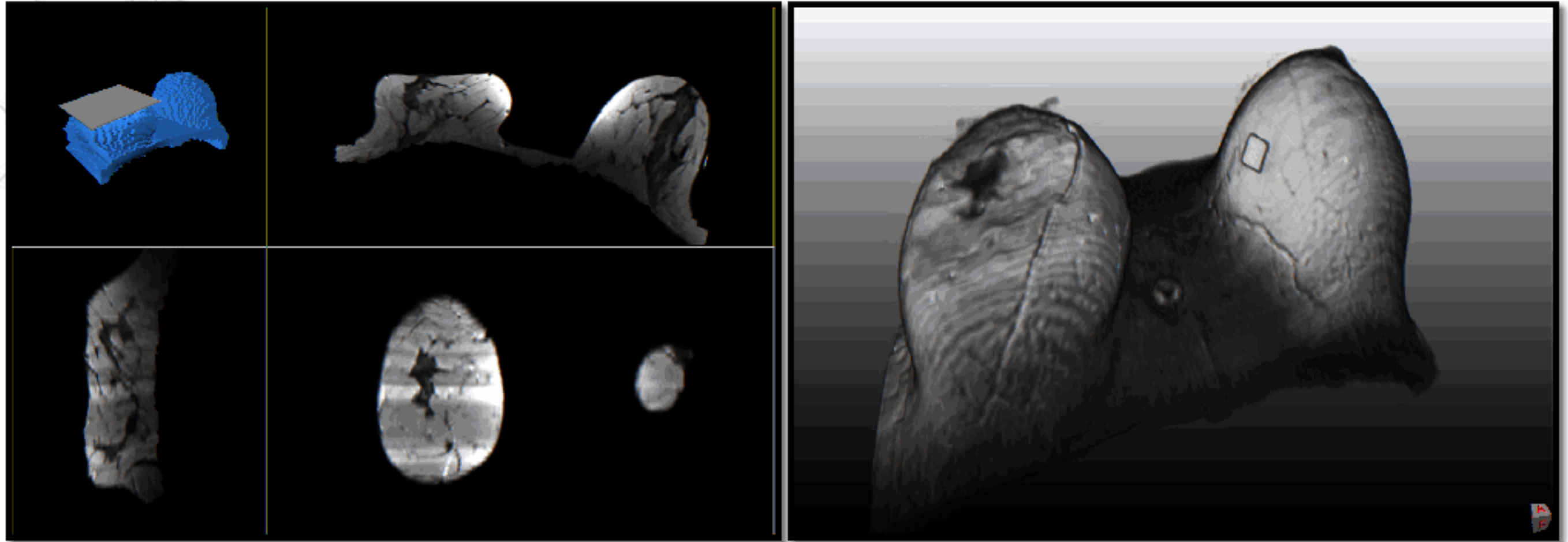
Compression Simulation



Compression Simulation



Compression Simulation



Screening:

Patient individual protocol optimization

Cost-efficient patient stratification



ASSURE

Adapting Breast Cancer Screening Strategy Using Personalised Risk Estimation

Radboud University Nijmegen



Medical Centre



BIOMEDIQ

MeVis
MEDICAL SOLUTIONS



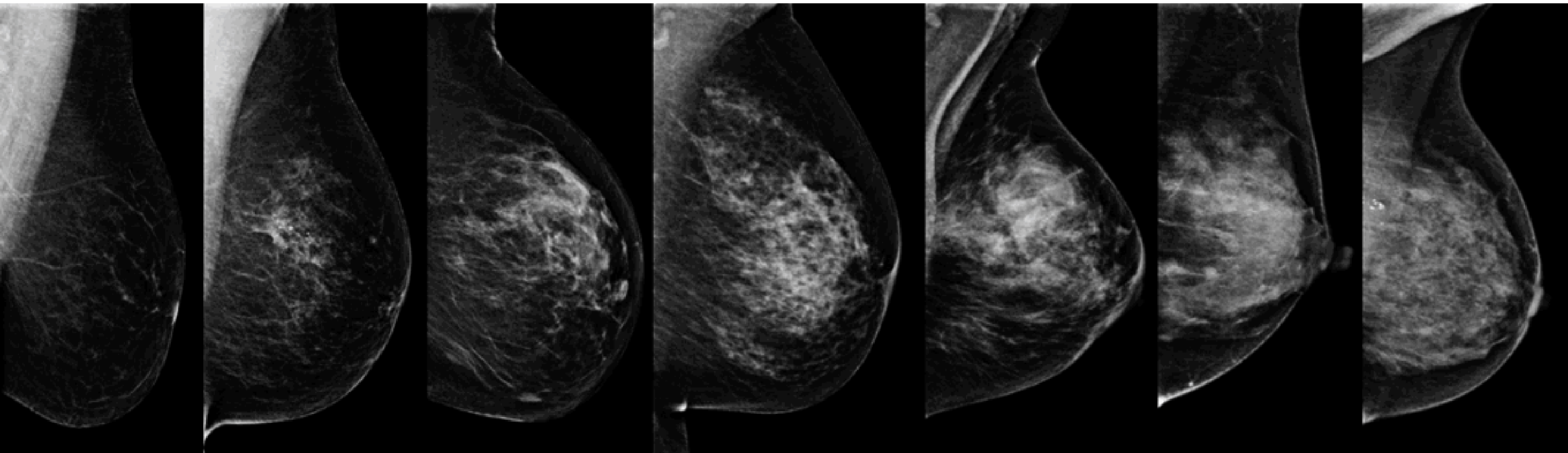
University Medical Center
Utrecht



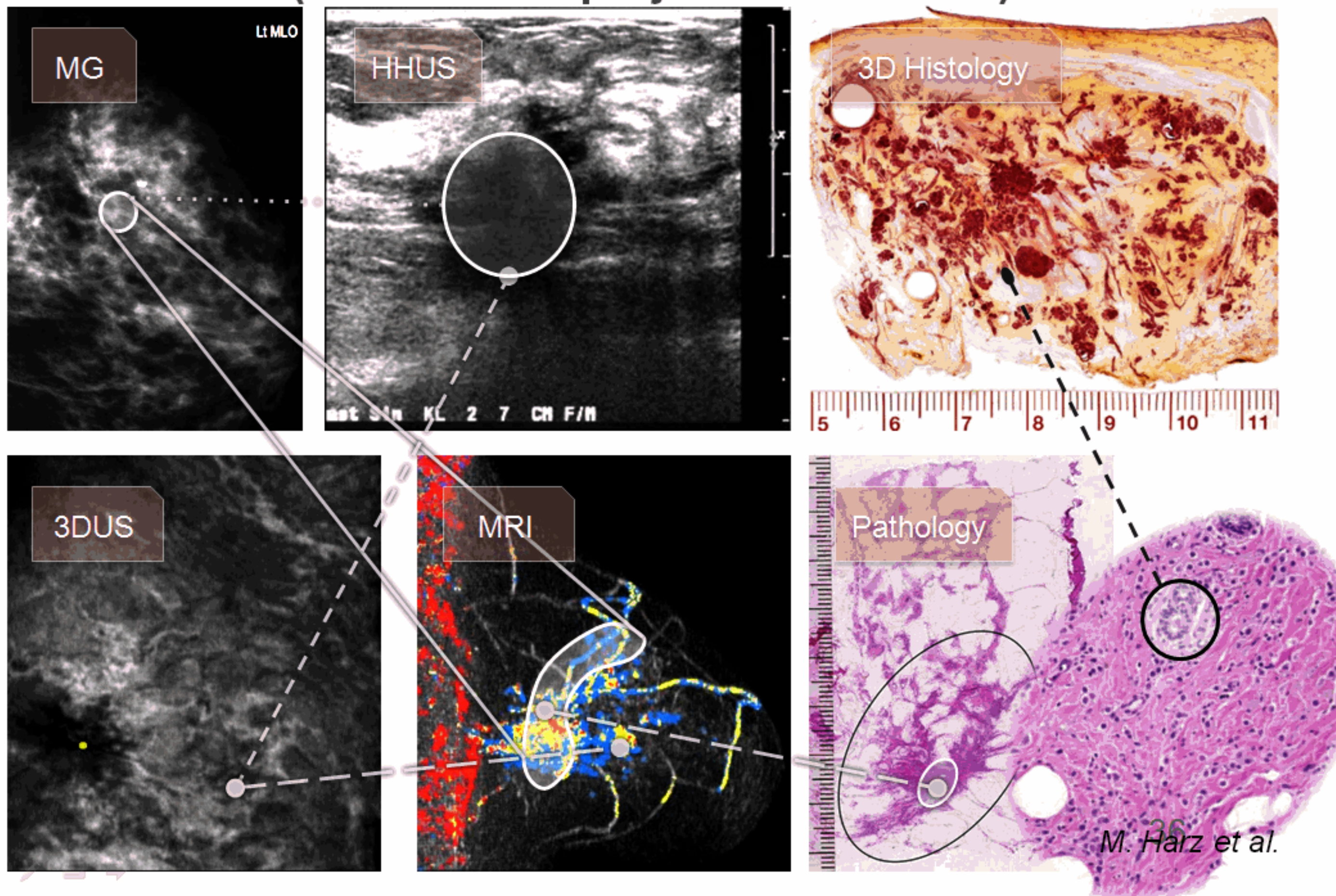
Breast Density and Breast Cancer Risk

Two types of risk associated with breast density:

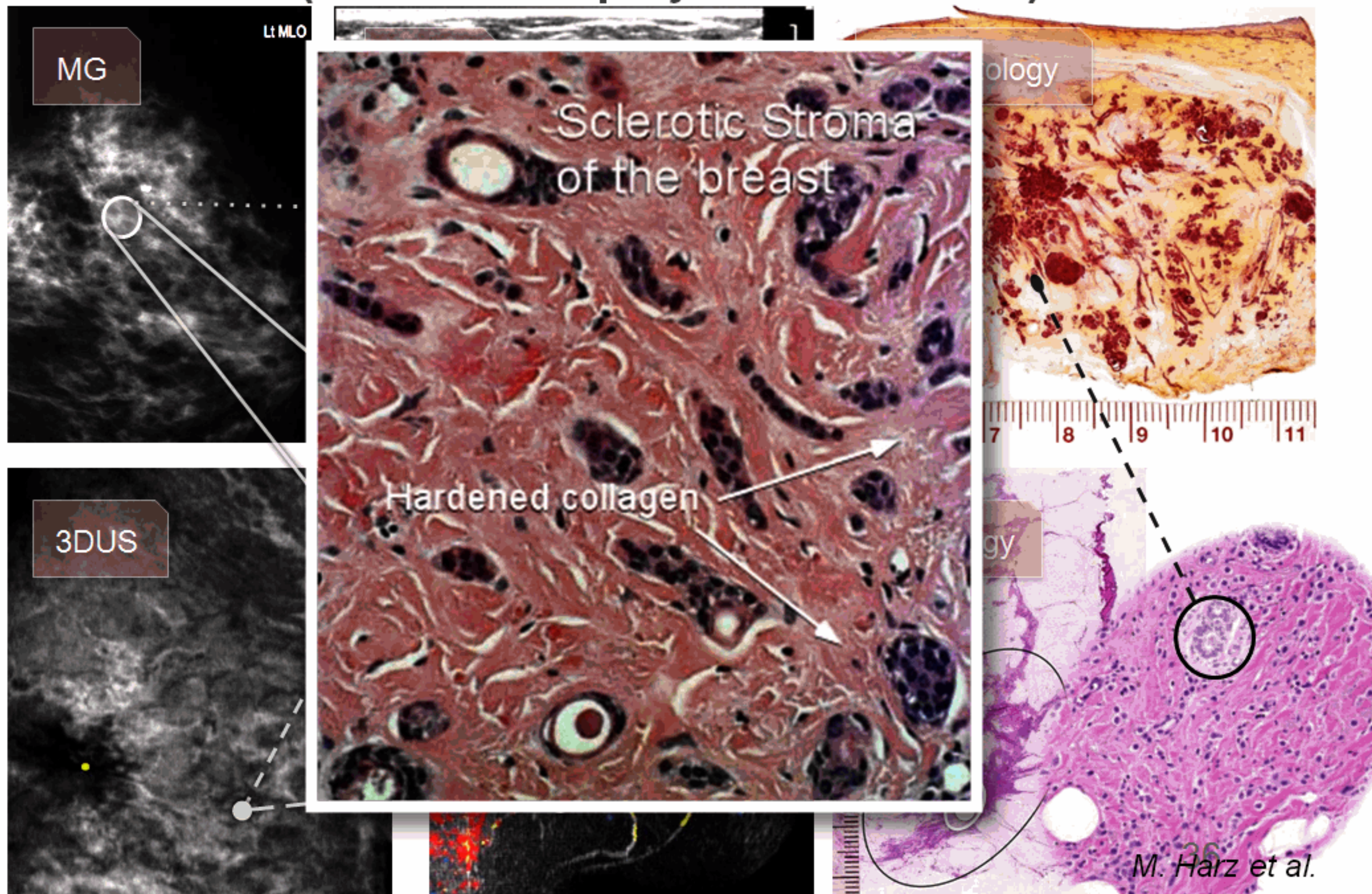
- **Increased incidence:** *Risk of developing a new cancer*
- **Masking risk:** *Risk of missing a cancer due to difficult conditions*



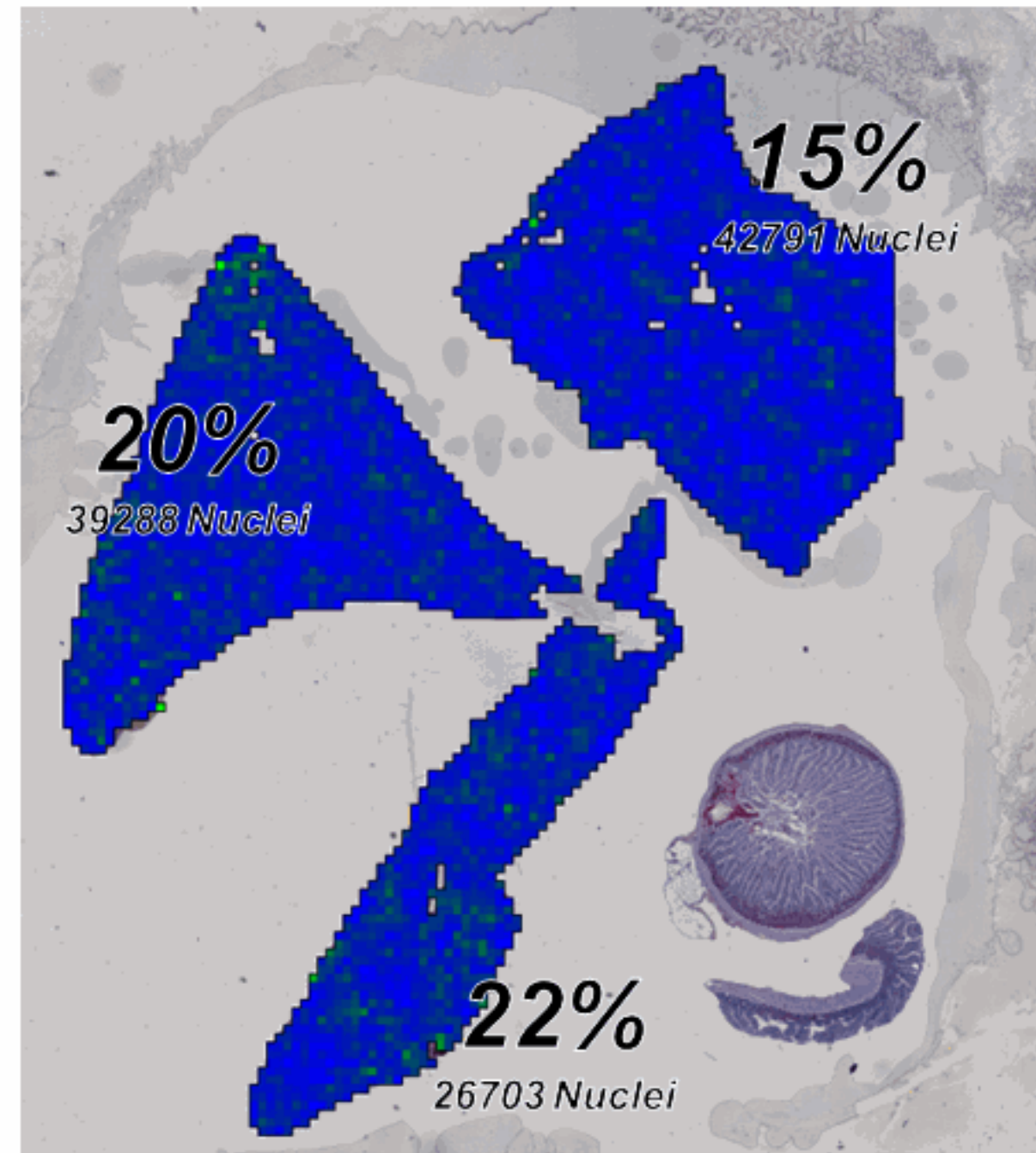
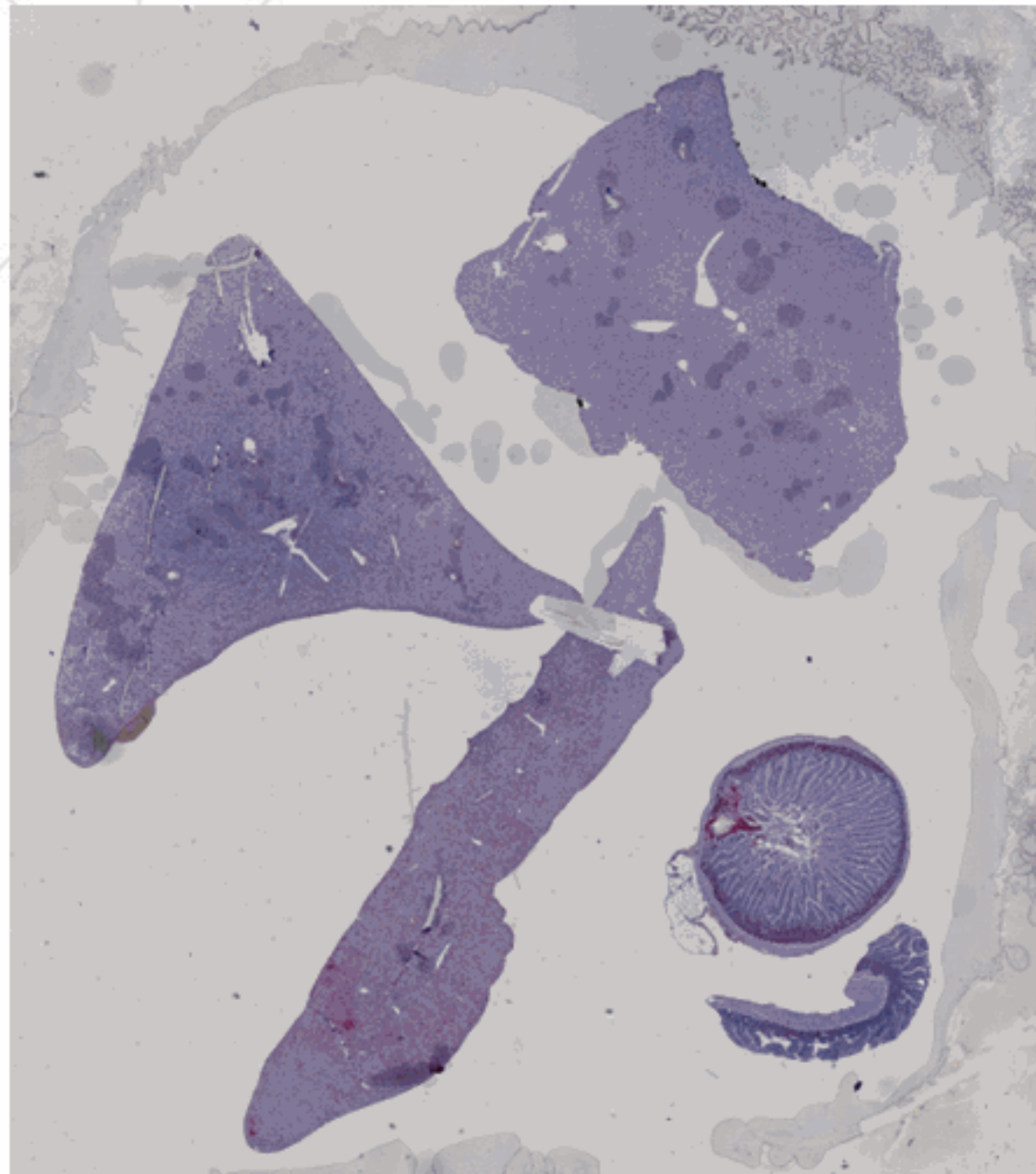
Multimodal spatial and histo-pathological correlation (new EC FP7 project VPH-PRISM)



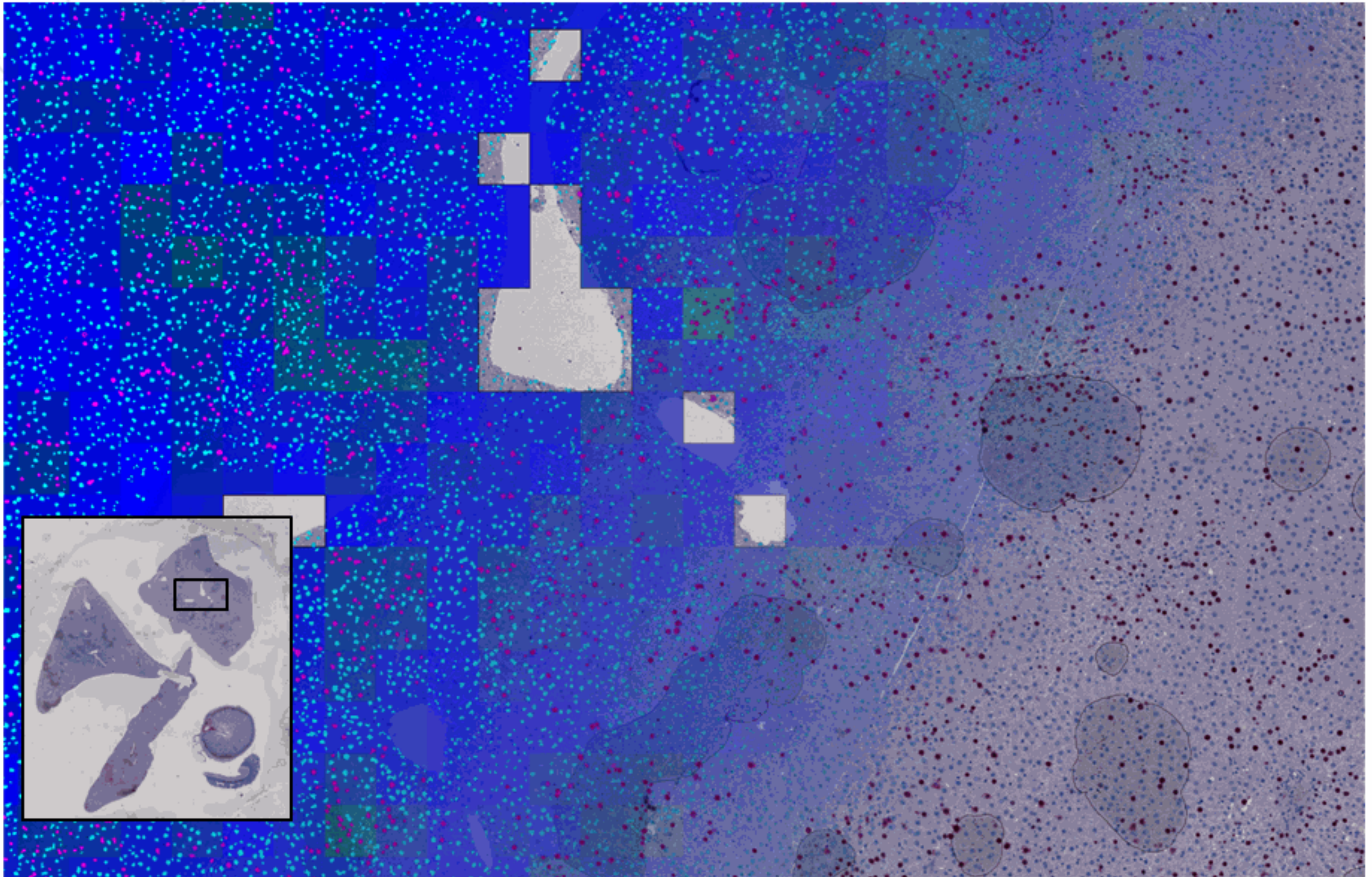
Multimodal spatial and histo-pathological correlation (new EC FP7 project VPH-PRISM)



Quantification of Proliferation

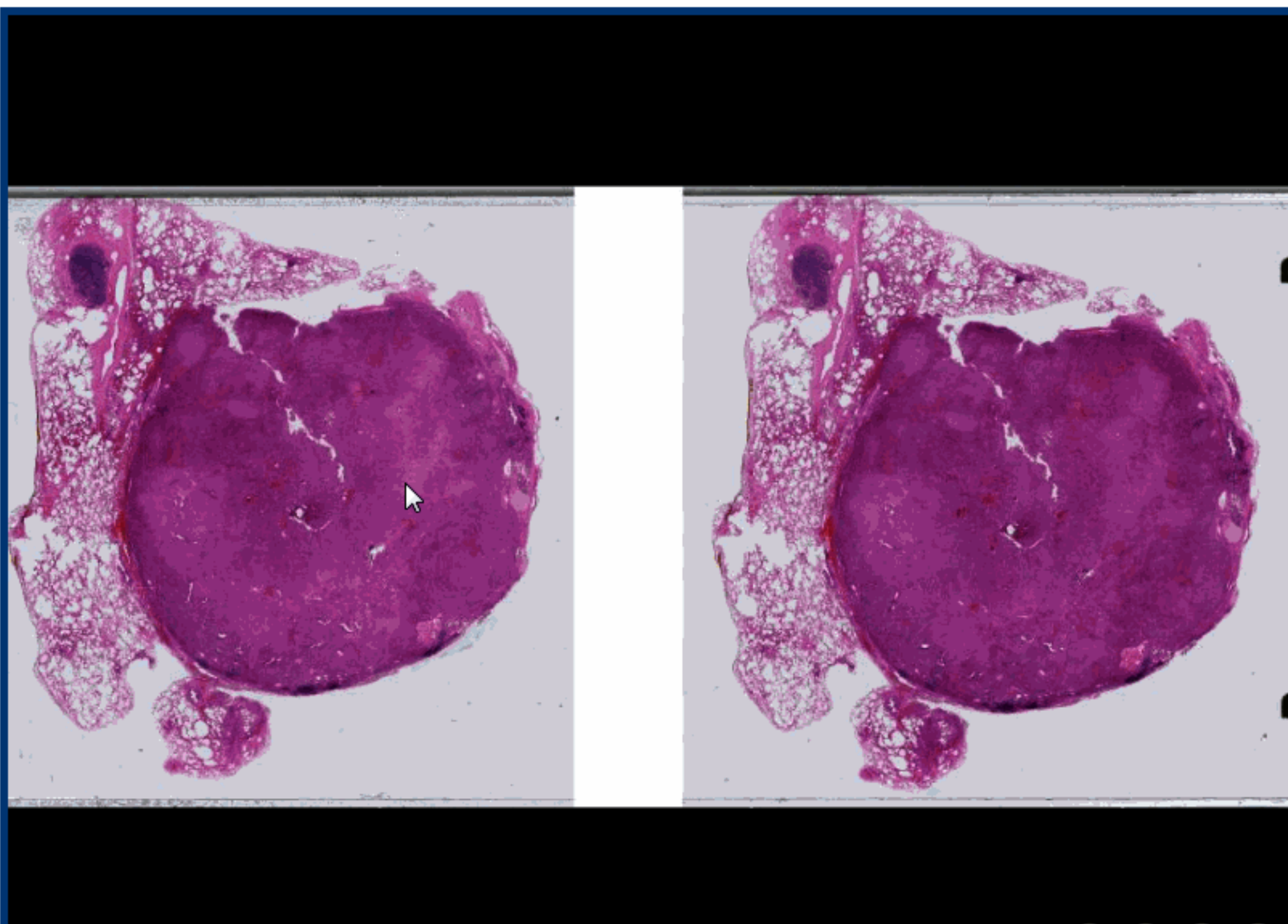


Quantification of Proliferation



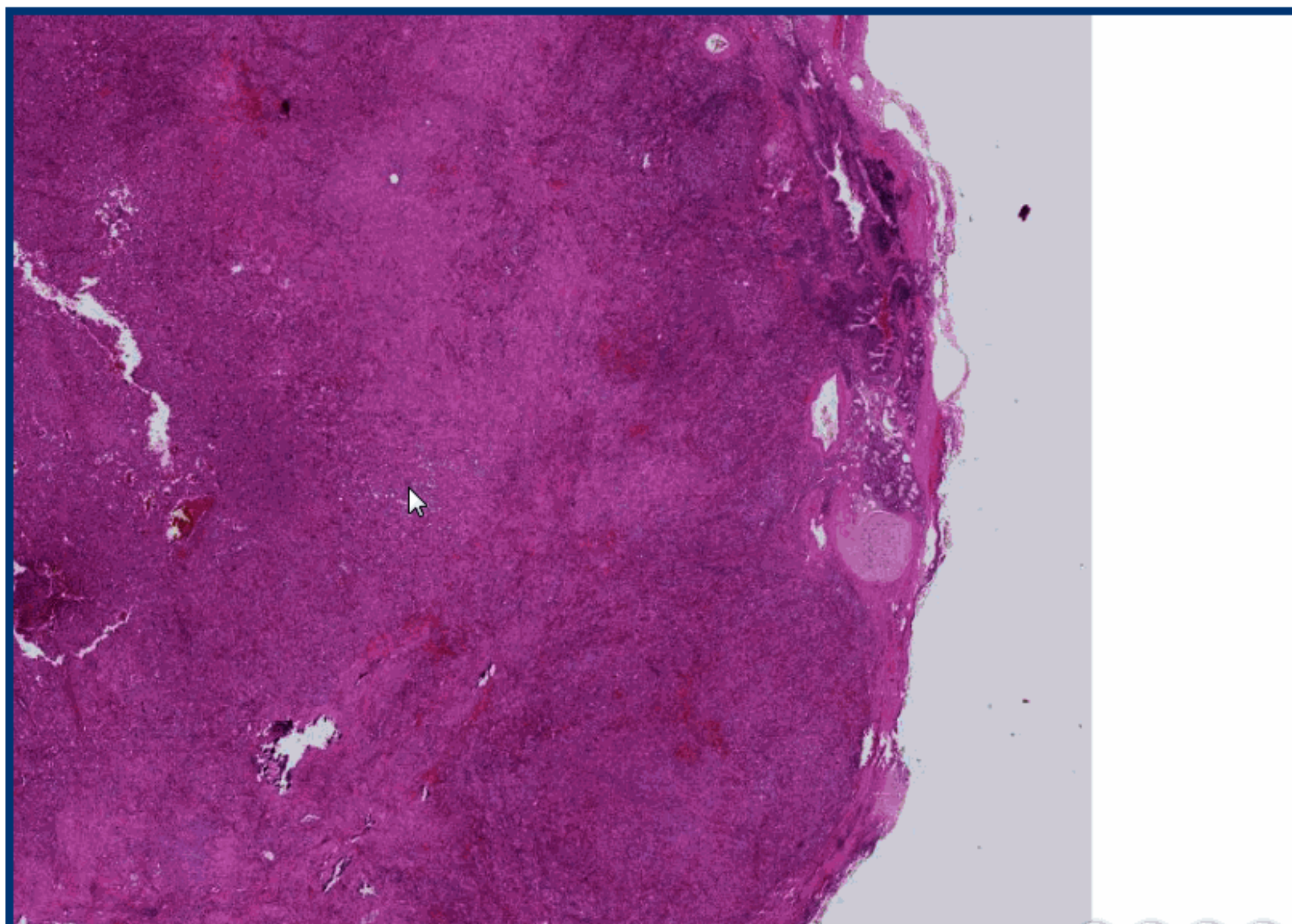
Fall 2

22-jähriger Patient, Tumor rechter Lungenoberlappen, klinisch bestehen multiple unterschiedlich große Knoten im Bereich der rechten Lunge



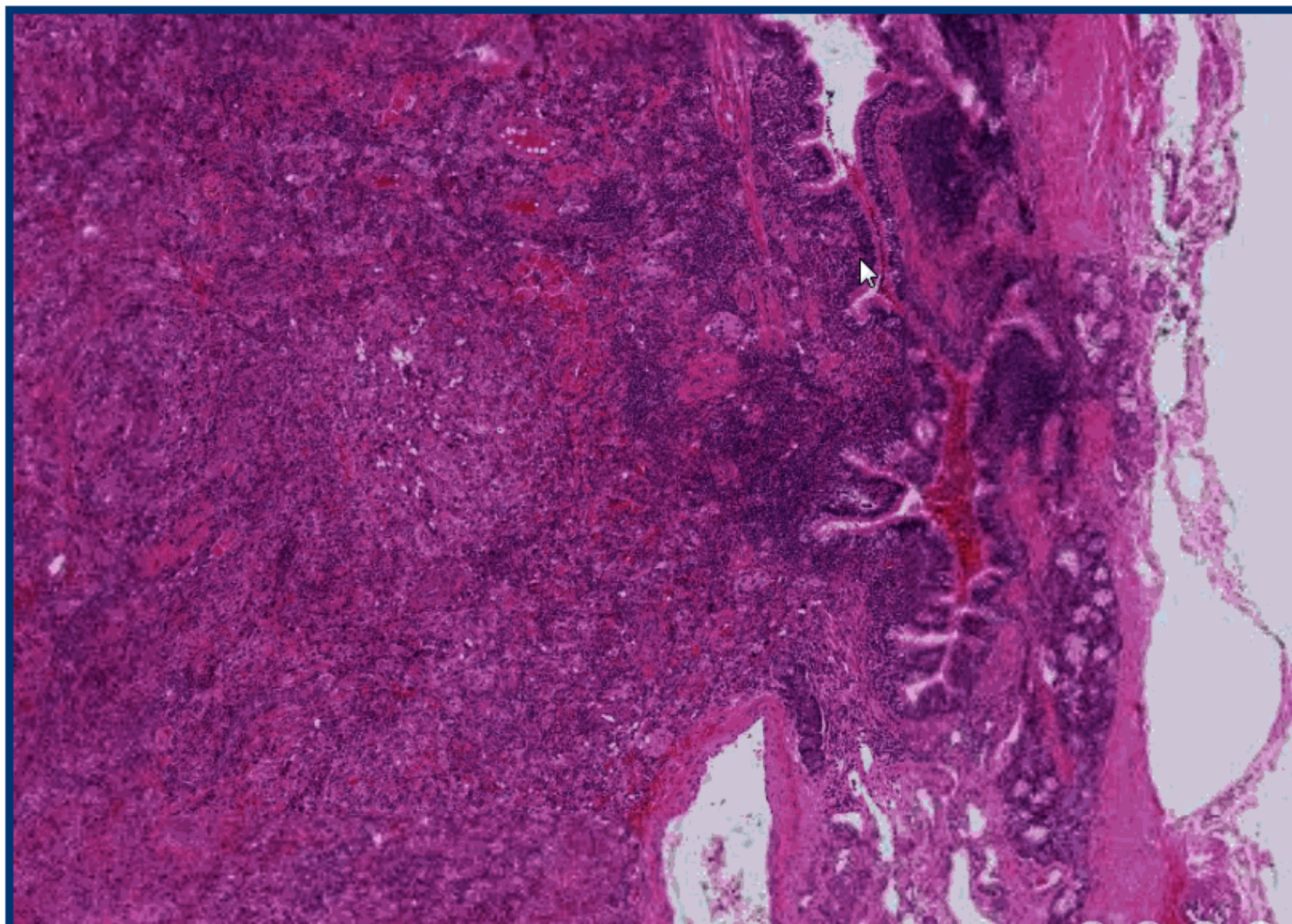
Fall 2

22-jähriger Patient, Tumor rechter Lungenoberlappen, klinisch bestehen multiple unterschiedlich große Knoten im Bereich der rechten Lunge



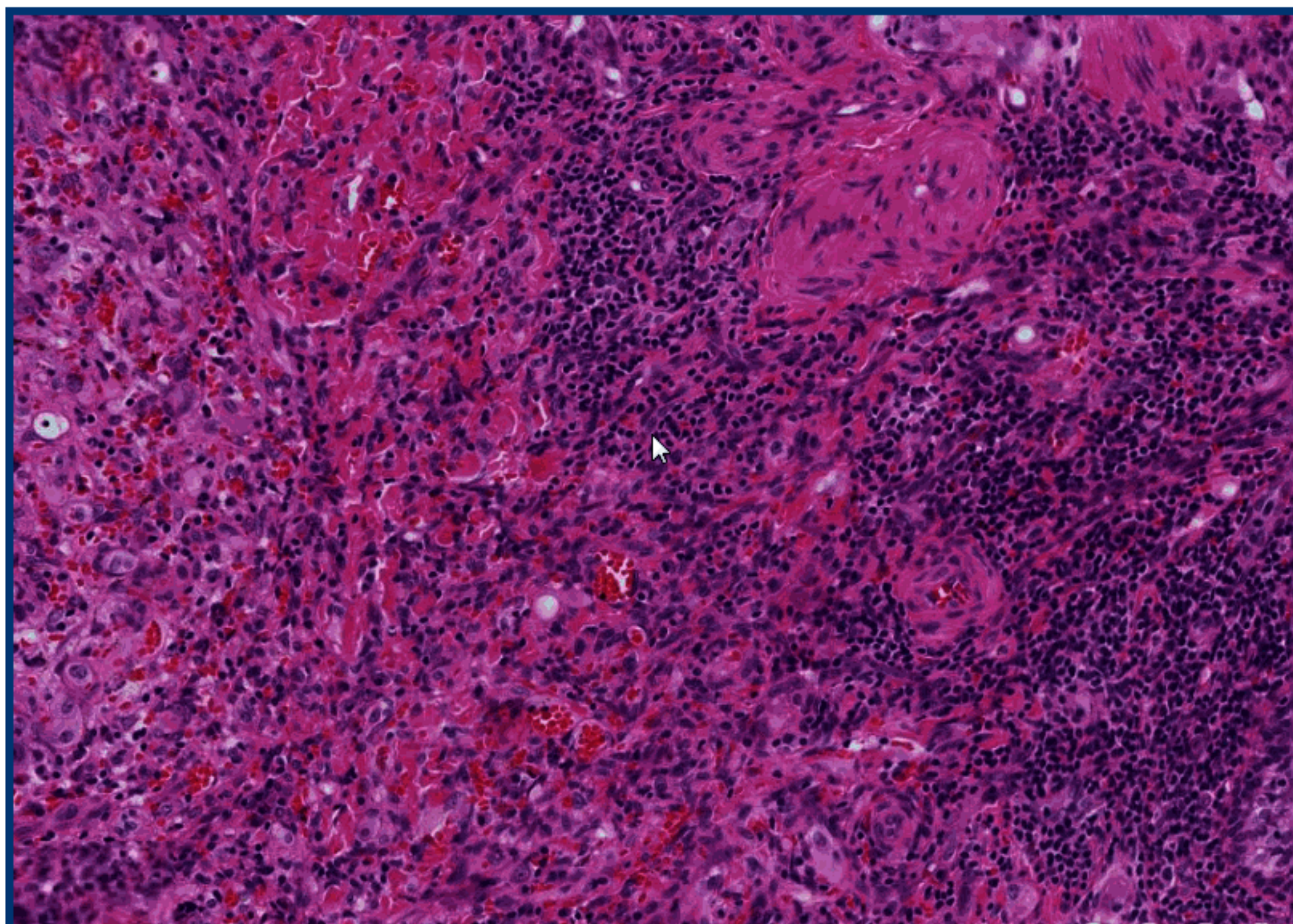
Fall 2

22-jähriger Patient, Tumor rechter Lungenoberlappen, klinisch bestehen multiple unterschiedlich große Knoten im Bereich der rechten Lunge



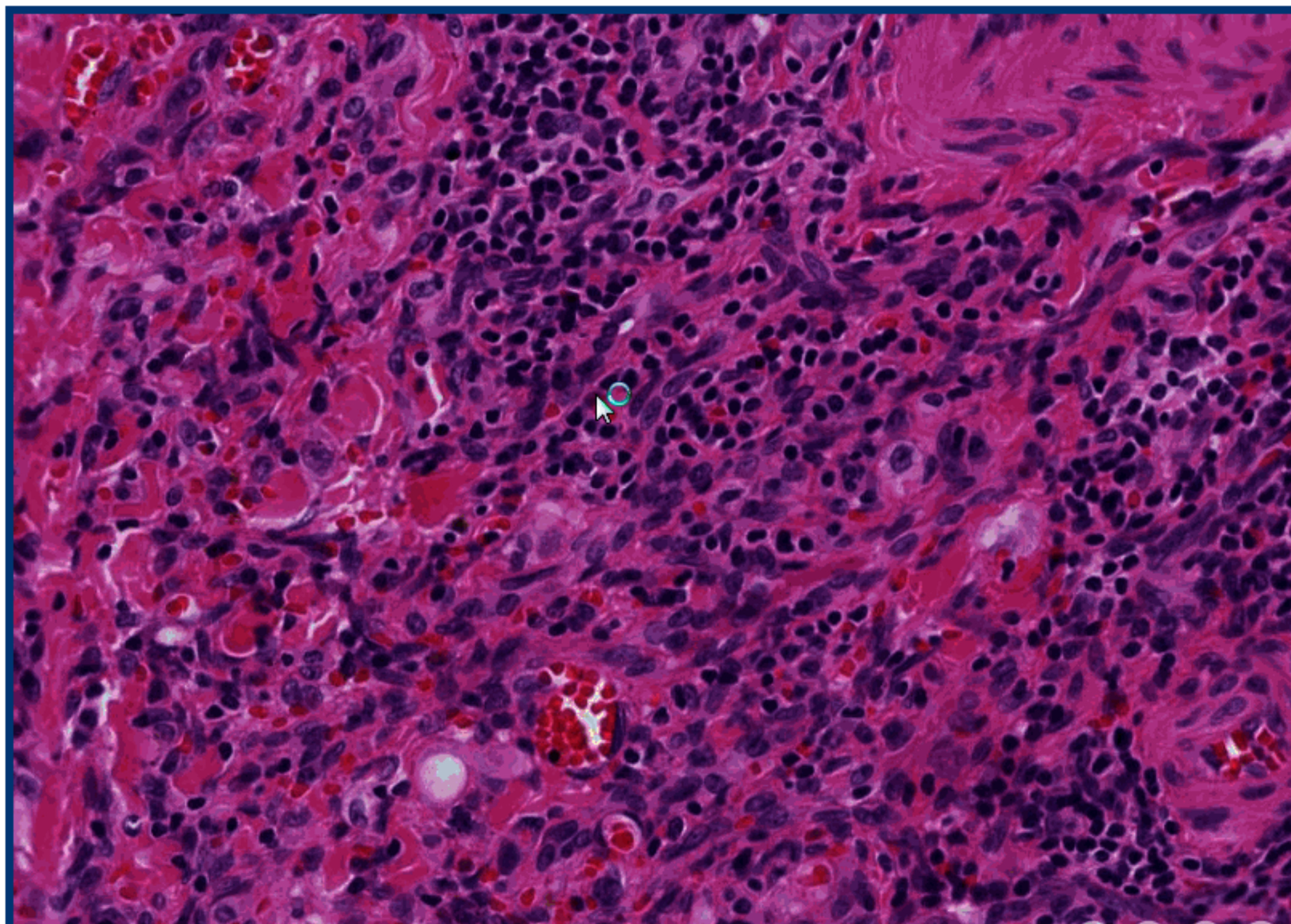
Fall 2

22-jähriger Patient, Tumor rechter Lungenoberlappen, klinisch bestehen multiple unterschiedlich große Knoten im Bereich der rechten Lunge



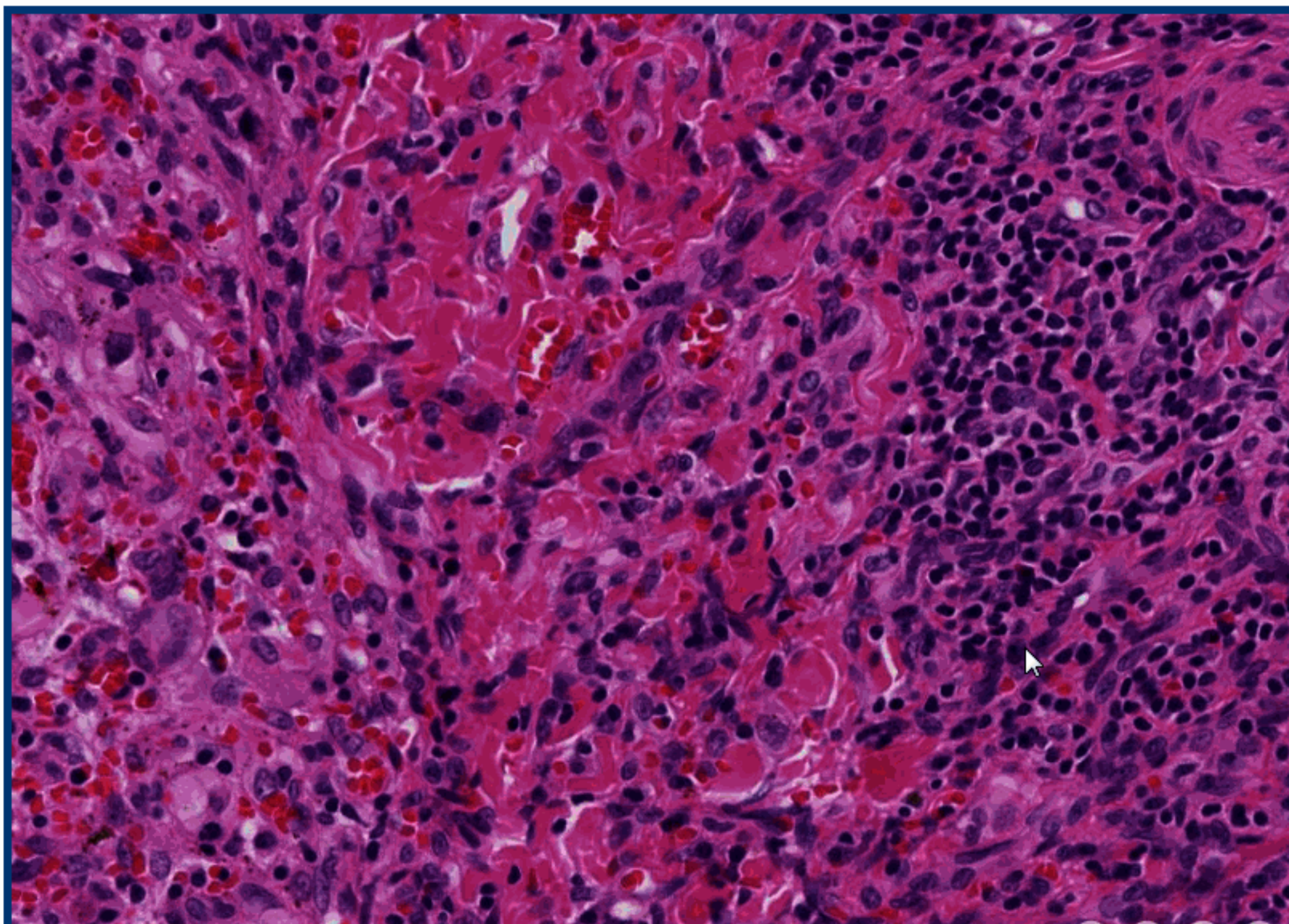
Fall 2

22-jähriger Patient, Tumor rechter Lungenoberlappen, klinisch bestehen multiple unterschiedlich große Knoten im Bereich der rechten Lunge



Fall 2

22-jähriger Patient, Tumor rechter Lungenoberlappen, klinisch bestehen multiple unterschiedlich große Knoten im Bereich der rechten Lunge

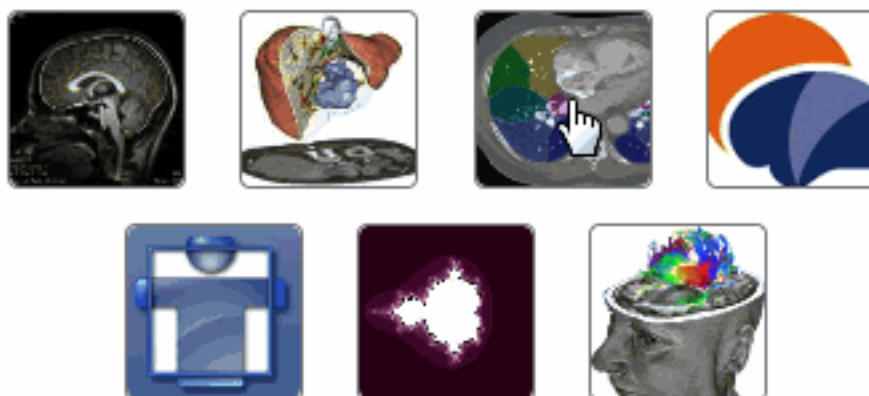


Choose Application

Logout guest



Web Applications

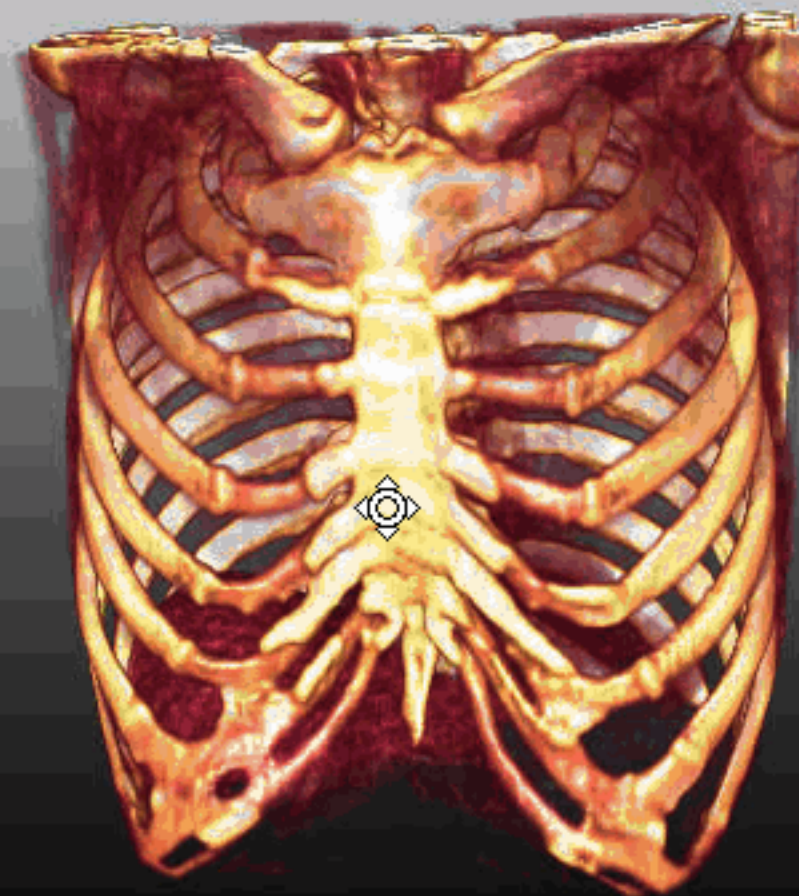
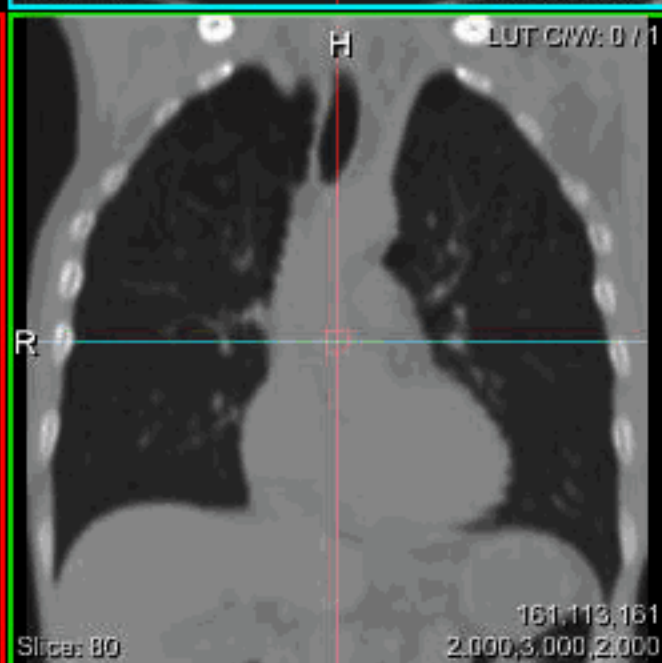
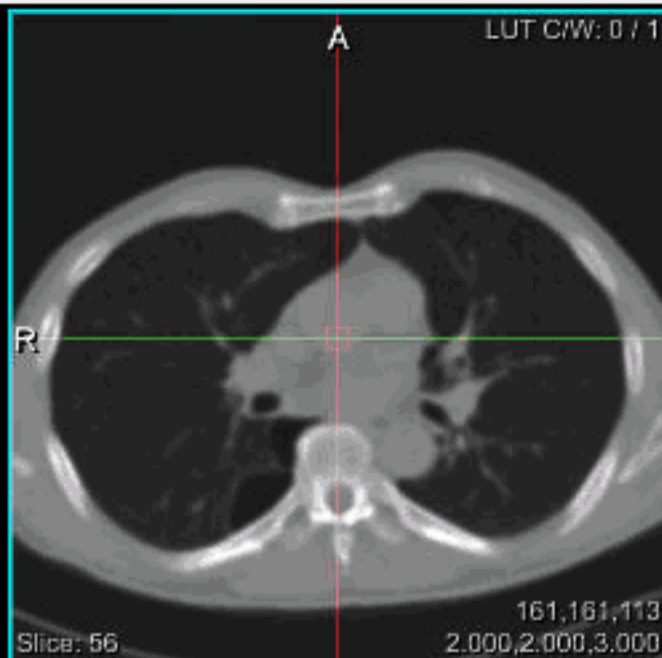


Close

Lung Parenchyma Analysis

YACTA 438519
19420531 M
438519
Radiologie
Volume Zoom
ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
20020606

(27 229 79)
22 HU

☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

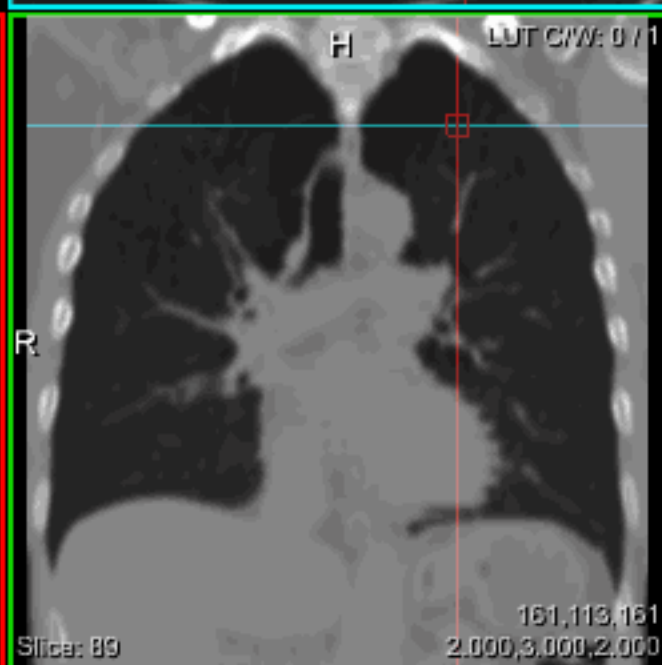
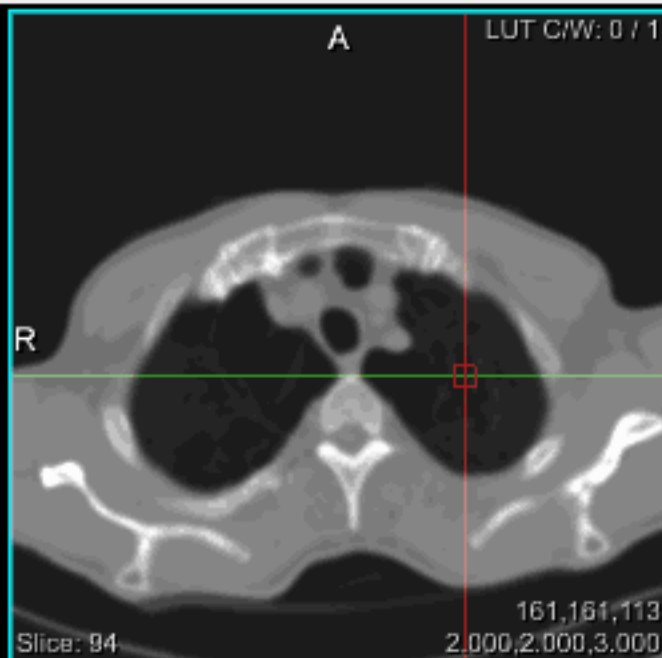
Dataset loaded.

Close

Lung Parenchyma Analysis

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19420531 M
438519
Radiologie
Volume Zoom
ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
20020606

(89 18 49)
-878 HU

☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

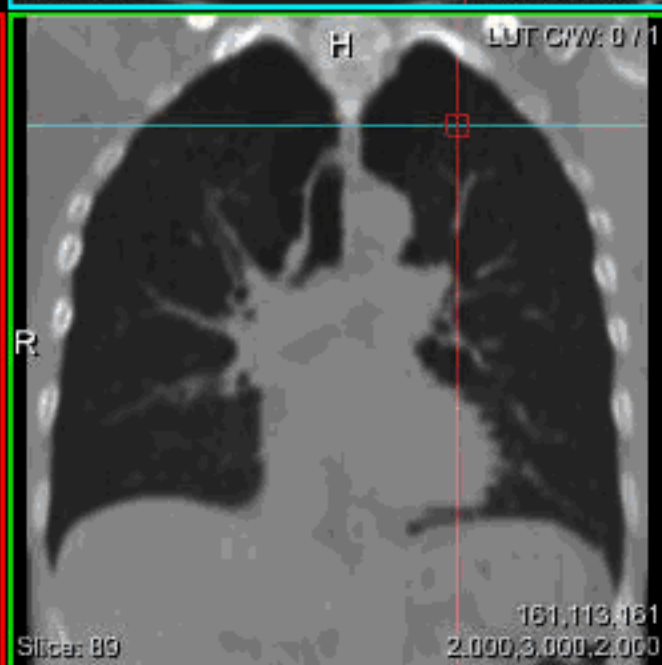
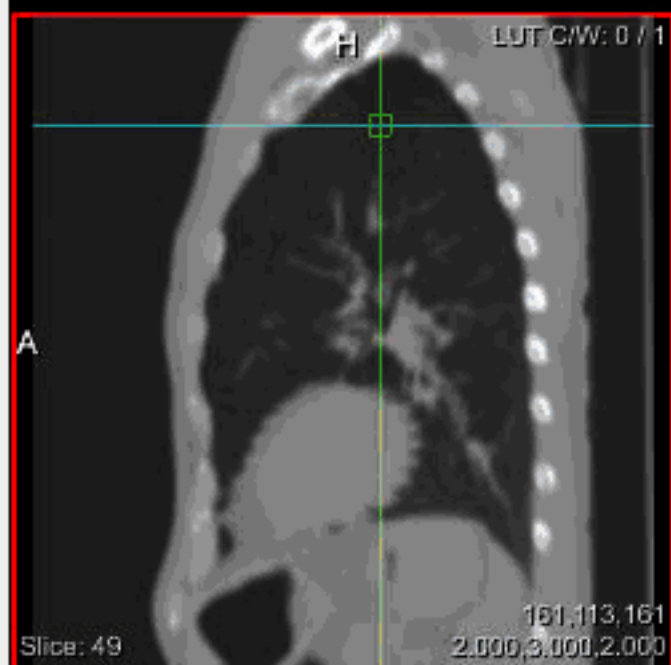
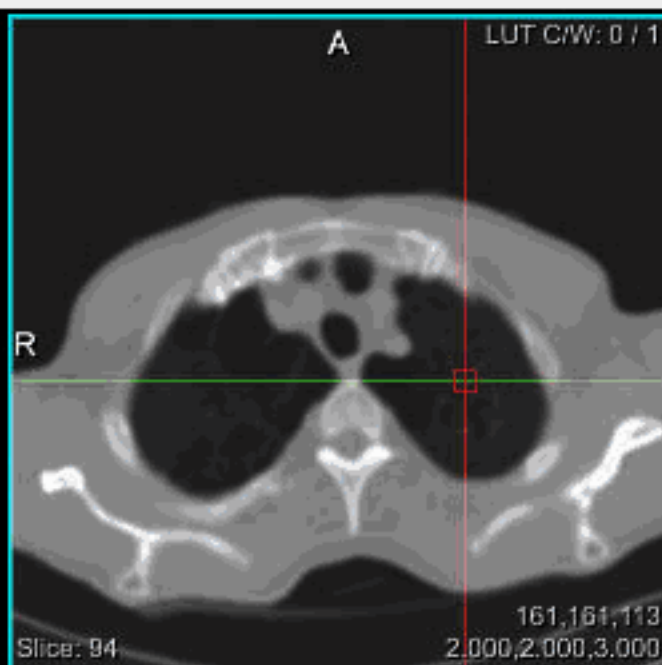
Dataset loaded.

Close

Lung Parenchyma Analysis

YACTA 438519
19420531 M
438519
Radiologie
Volume Zoom
ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
20020606

(154 2 89)
68 HU

☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

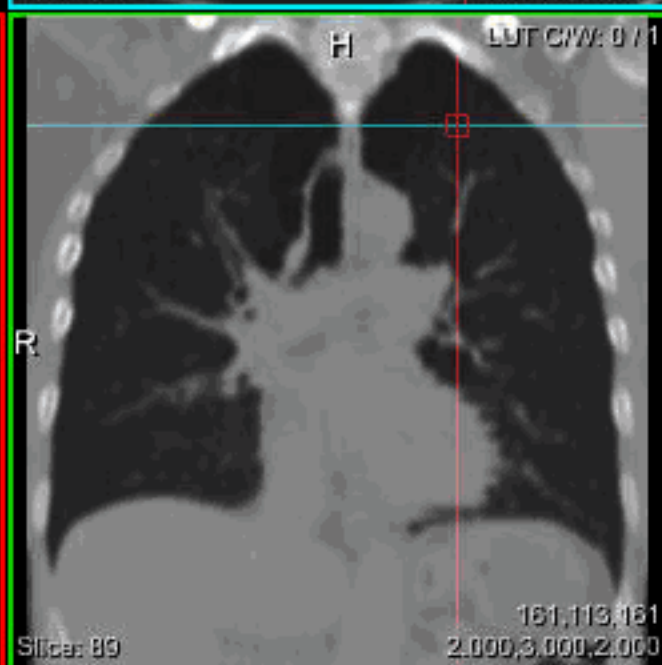
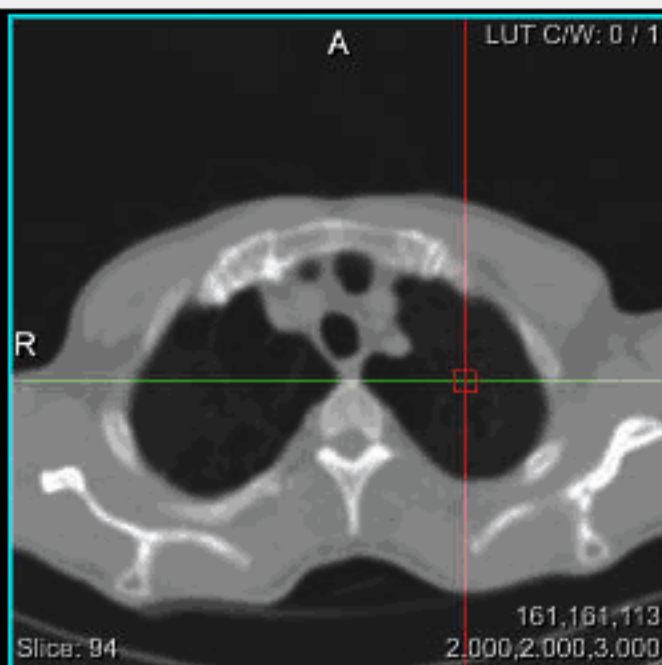
Dataset loaded.

Close

Lung Parenchyma Analysis

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19420531 M
438519
Radiologie
Volume Zoom
ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
20020606

(154 2 89)
68 HU

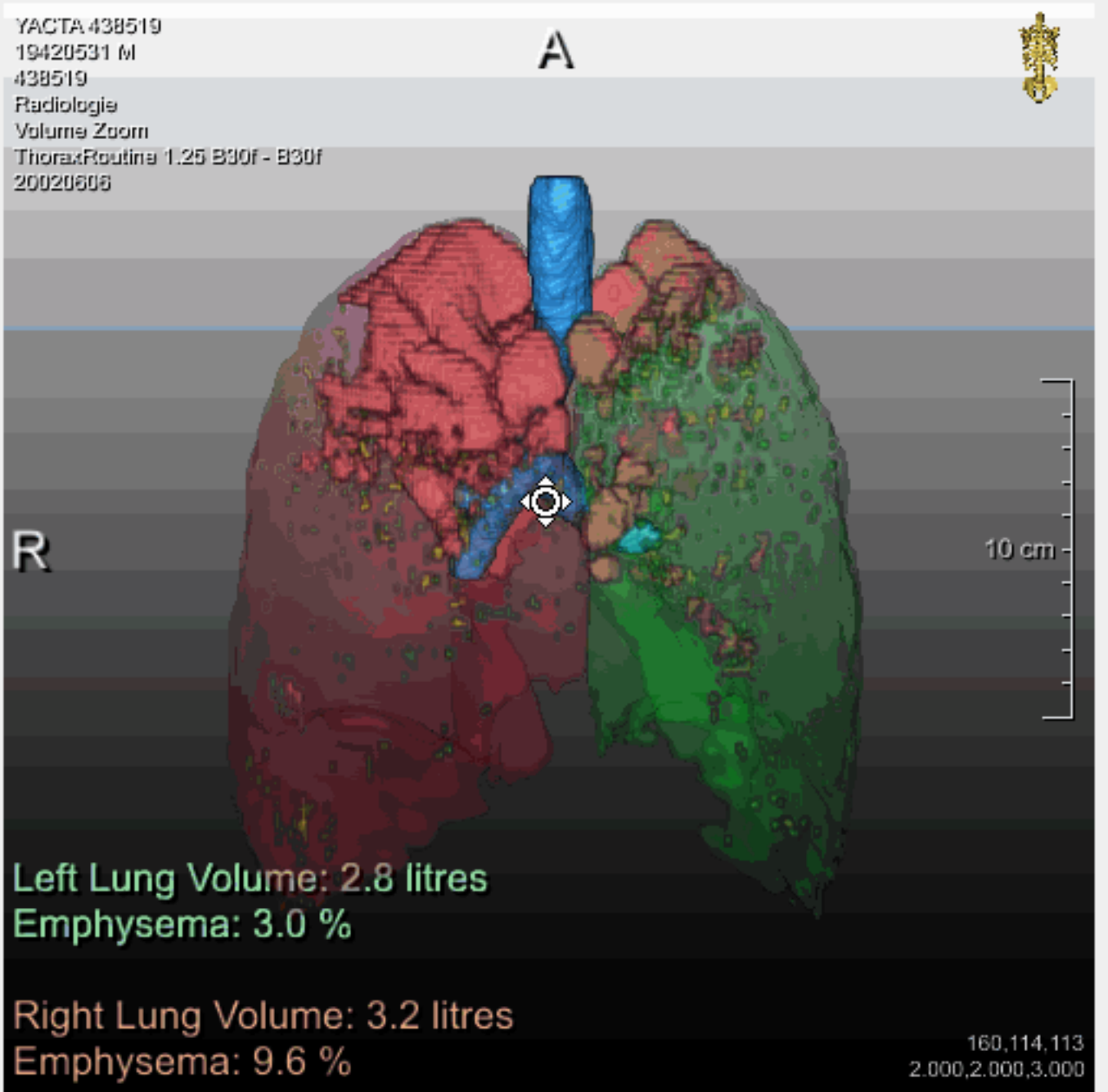
☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

Updating Segmentation...

Close

Lung Parenchyma Analysis



☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

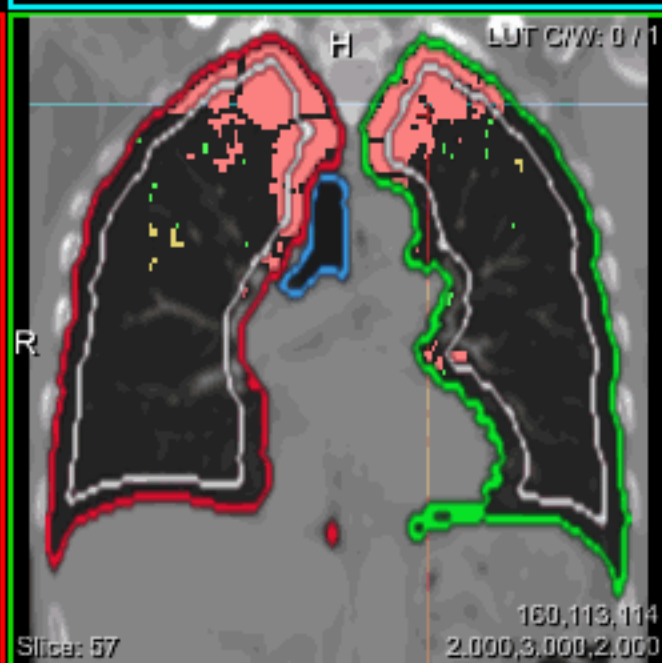
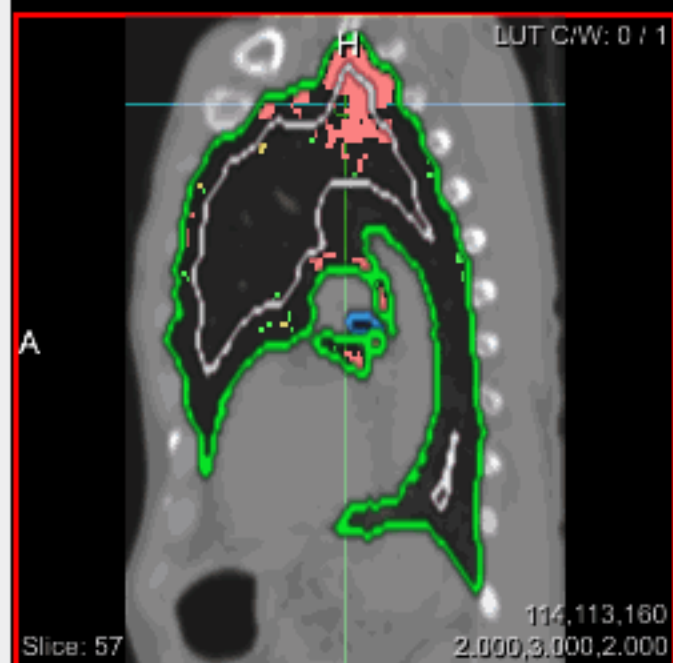
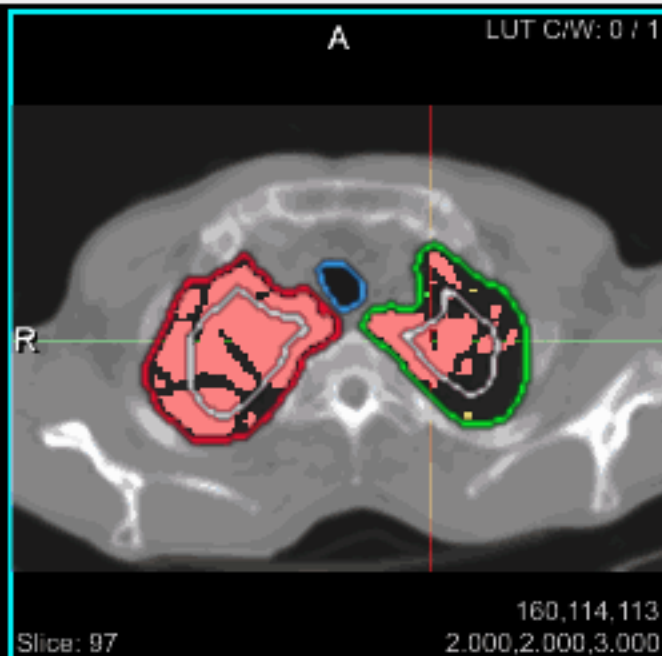
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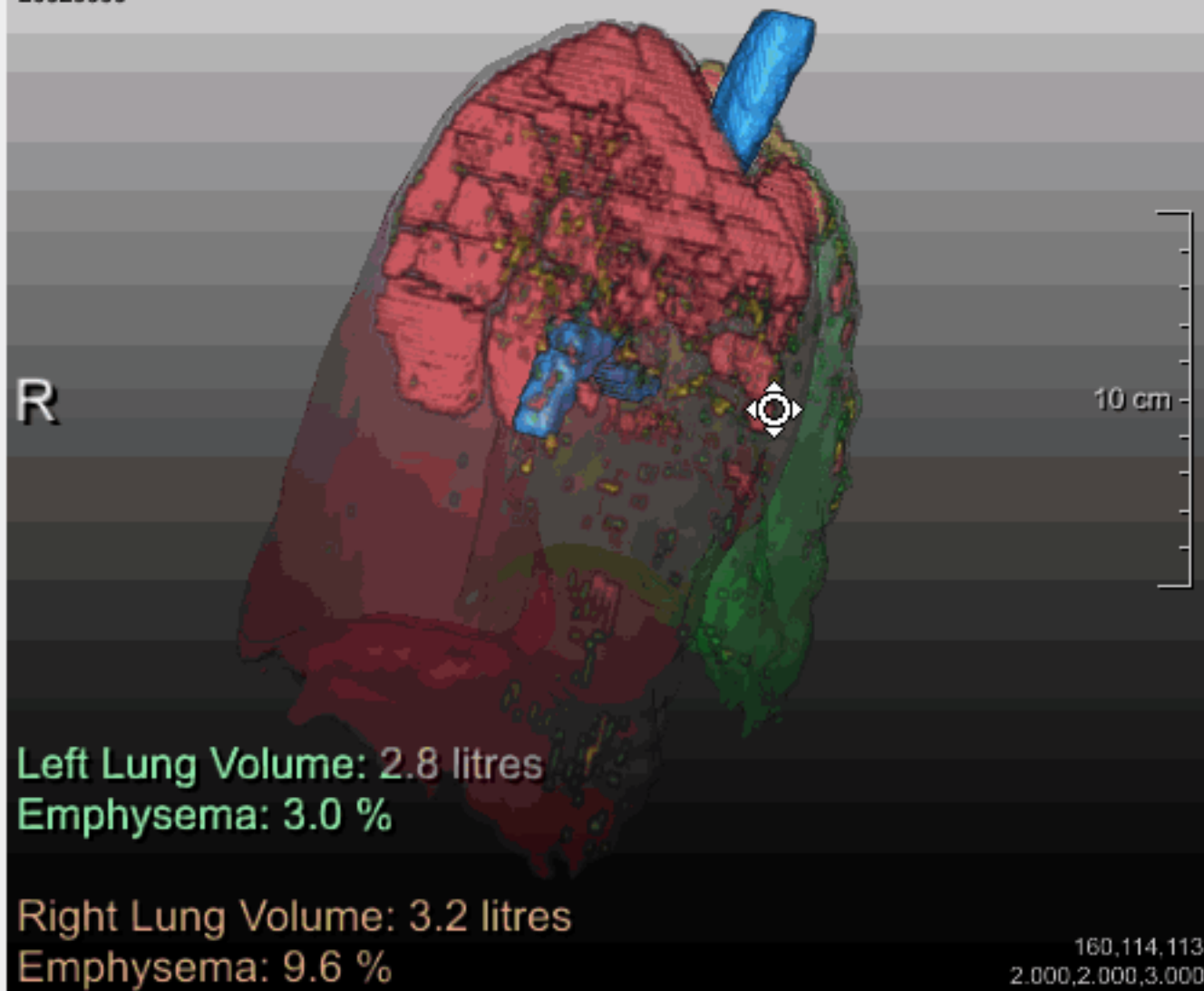
Lung Parenchyma Analysis

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Radiologie
Volume Zoom
ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
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-1001 HU



YACTA 438519
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ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
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☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

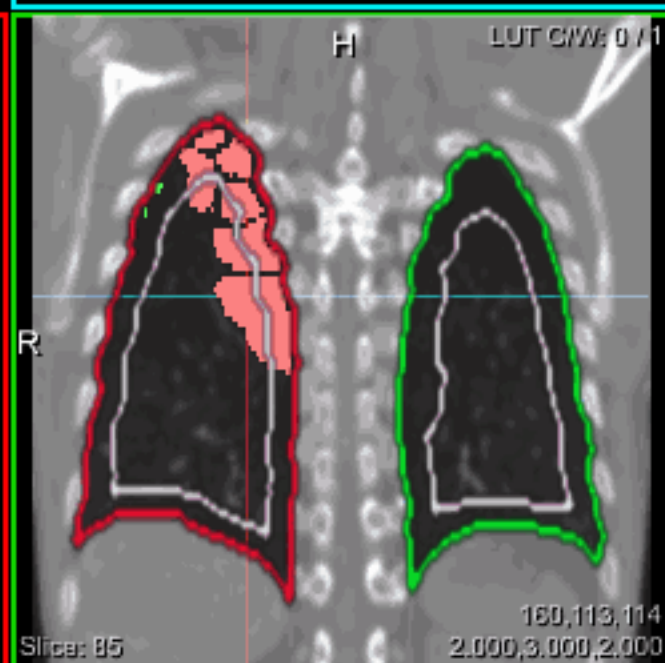
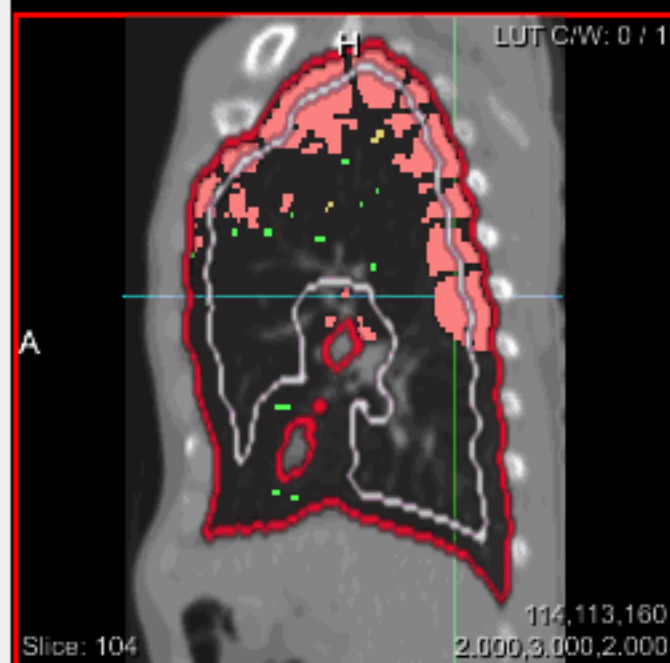
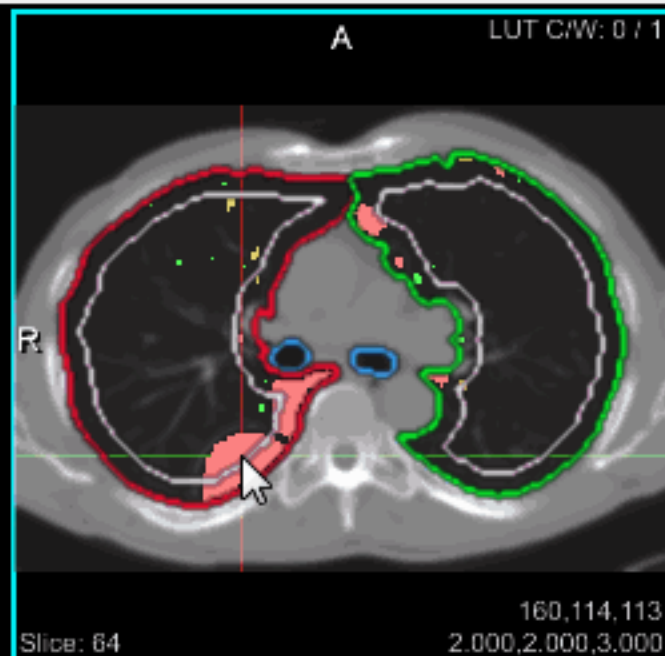
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Close

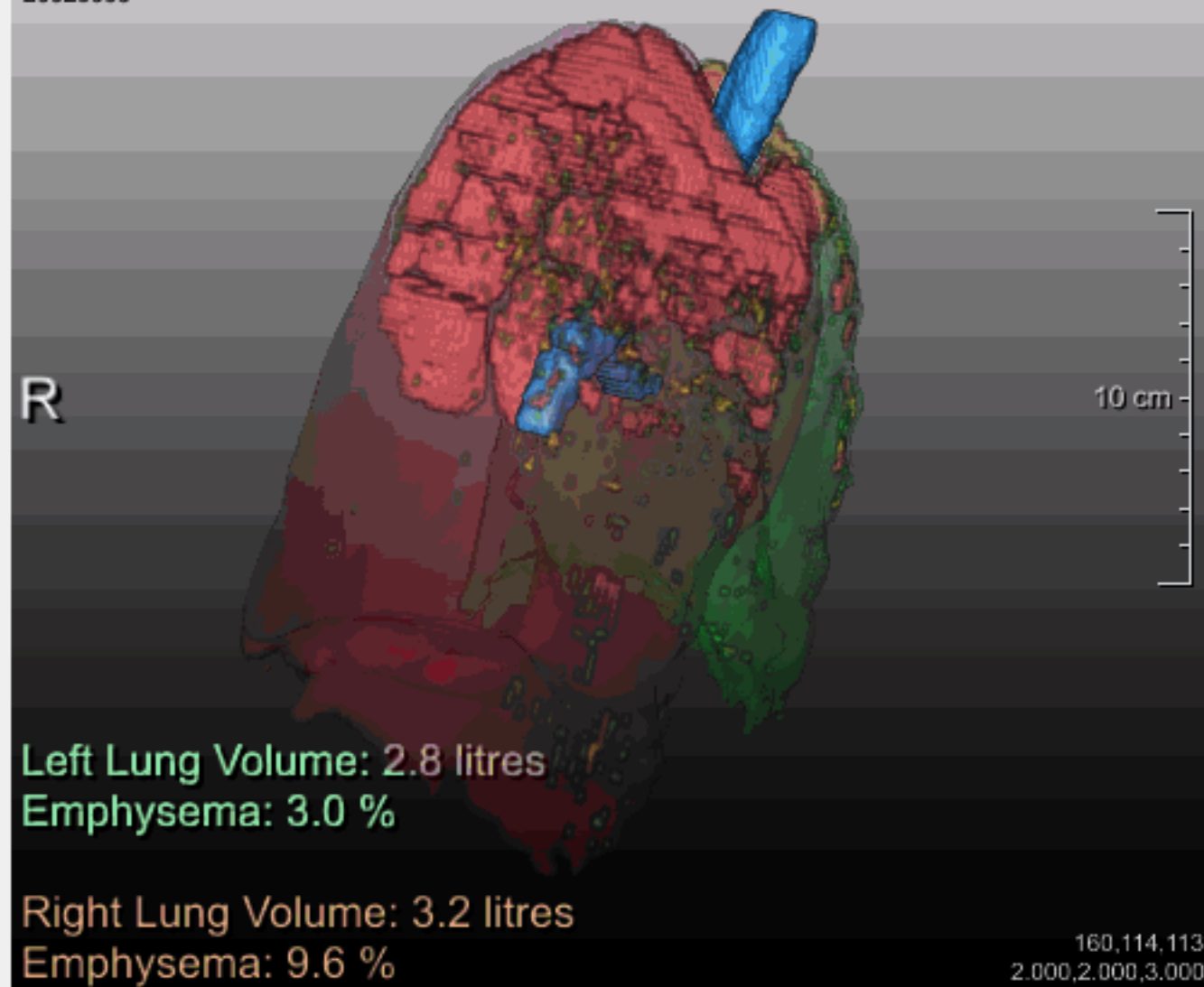
Lung Parenchyma Analysis

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YACTA 438519
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Volume Zoom
ThoraxRoutine 1.25 B30f - B30f
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☒ Include LAV Cluster Analysis

Start Processing

Done.



MeVisLab

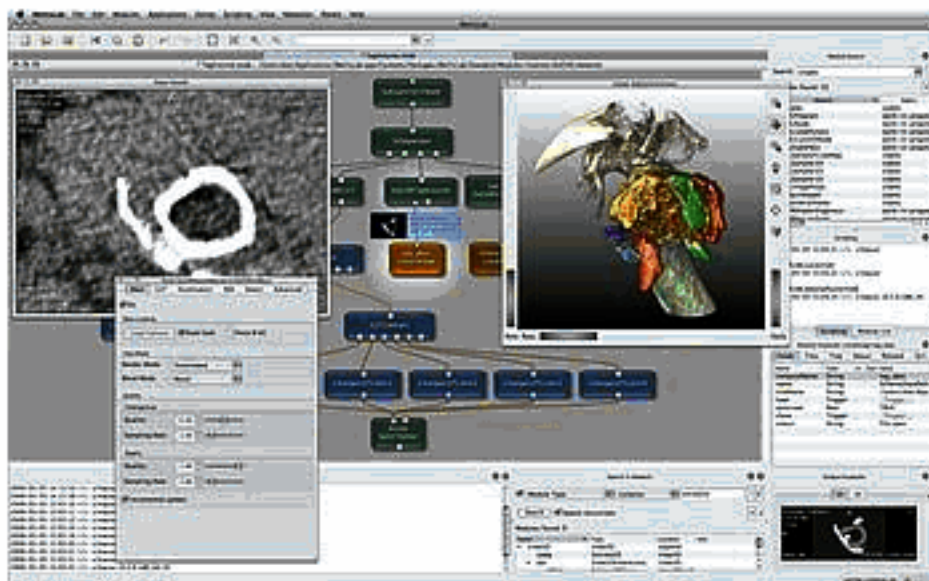
medical image processing and visualization

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Welcome to the home of the [MeVisLab](#) development environment for medical image processing and visualization.

MeVisLab represents a powerful, modular framework for the development of image processing algorithms and visualization and interaction methods, with a special focus on medical imaging.

Besides basic image processing and visualization modules, MeVisLab includes advanced medical imaging algorithms for segmentation, registration, and quantitative morphological and functional image analysis.



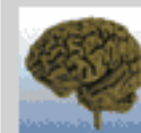
The MeVisLab Development Environment

MeVisLab is being developed and used by [MeVis Medical Solutions AG](#) and [Fraunhofer MEVIS](#) (formerly MeVis Research GmbH) in Bremen, Germany. MeVis Medical Solutions and Fraunhofer MEVIS develop scientific methods and software for computer assistance in medicine in general and radiology in particular, including computer aided diagnosis, therapy planning and monitoring, and computer aided teaching and training.

Recent News

2-10-12

MeVisLab 2.3.1 Bugfix Release Available



MeVis Medical Solutions and Fraunhofer MEVIS announce the MeVisLab 2.3.1 Bugfix Release [[read more](#)]

19-07-12

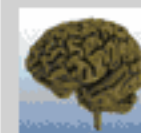
MeVisLab 2.3 Stable Release



MeVis Medical Solutions and Fraunhofer MEVIS announce the MeVisLab 2.3 Stable Release [[read more](#)]

26-06-12

MeVisLab 2.3 Release Candidate



MeVis Medical Solutions and Fraunhofer MEVIS announce the MeVisLab 2.3 Release Candidate [[read more](#)]

7-09-11

MeVisLab 2.2.1 Bugfix Release Available



MeVis Medical Solutions and Fraunhofer MEVIS announce the MeVisLab 2.2.1 Bugfix Release [[read more](#)]

28-06-11



MeVisLab

medical image processing and visualization

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Documentation

[SDK](#)[ITK AddOn](#)[VTK AddOn](#)[Open Inventor](#)[Publications](#)

Movies

Community

Documentation

Please refer to the following documents to learn about the features of MeVisLab.

Getting Started

-  [Getting Started Tutorial](#) gives an introduction to the MeVisLab user interface and explains first steps
-  [MeVisLab Reference Manual](#) lists all details of the MeVisLab user interface and IDE
- [Movies showing MeVisLab in action](#)

SDK Documentation

- The [MeVisLab SDK Documentation Index](#) provides detailed information on the documentation for module development and scripting.

Opens external link in new window

Toolkit AddOns

- [ITK AddOn](#) provides information on the ITK modules.
- [VTK AddOn](#) provides information on the VTK modules.

Release Notes

- [MeVisLab Release Notes](#) include information on current and past releases.

Read more on the following pages...

- [SDK](#)
- [ITK AddOn](#)
- [VTK AddOn](#)
- [Open Inventor](#)
- [Publications](#)



MeVisLab Help Resources

Using MeVisLab

[MeVisLab Reference Manual](#) PDF

[Getting Started](#) PDF

This Version

[New in MeVisLab 2.3](#) PDF

[New in MeVisLab 2.2](#) PDF

[New in MeVisLab 2.1](#) PDF

[New in MeVisLab 2.0](#) PDF

[Release Notes](#) PDF

SDK General Help

[Tool Runner](#) PDF

[MDL \(Panel/GUI\) Reference](#) PDF

[Scripting Reference \(Python/JavaScript\)](#)

[Package Structure](#) PDF

[TestCenter Manual](#) PDF

[TestCenter Reference](#)

SDK C++ Help and References

[QMake](#) PDF

[The ML Guide](#) PDF

[Kernel Programming](#) PDF

[ML Reference](#)

[ToolBox Reference](#)

[Open Inventor Reference](#)

External Library References

[C++](#)

[Python 2.6.4](#)

[NumPy 1.3.x](#)

[Itk](#)

[Vtk](#)

[Qt 4.8](#)

Overviews

[CSO Overview](#)

[GLSL shader framework](#)

[Giga Voxel Renderer](#)

[LUT Functions](#)

[MLImageFormat](#)

[Open Inventor](#)

[SoView2DExtensions](#)

What's New in MeVisLab 2.2?



What's New in MeVisLab 2.2?

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 - 1.2. Integrated Python Debugger
 - 1.3. MeVisLab Help Files
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- 1.2. MATE Help Editor
- 1.3. Profiling Call Graph
- 1.4. Profiling Function Details
- 1.5. Snippets View
- 1.6. Endoscopic First Hit Ray Casting

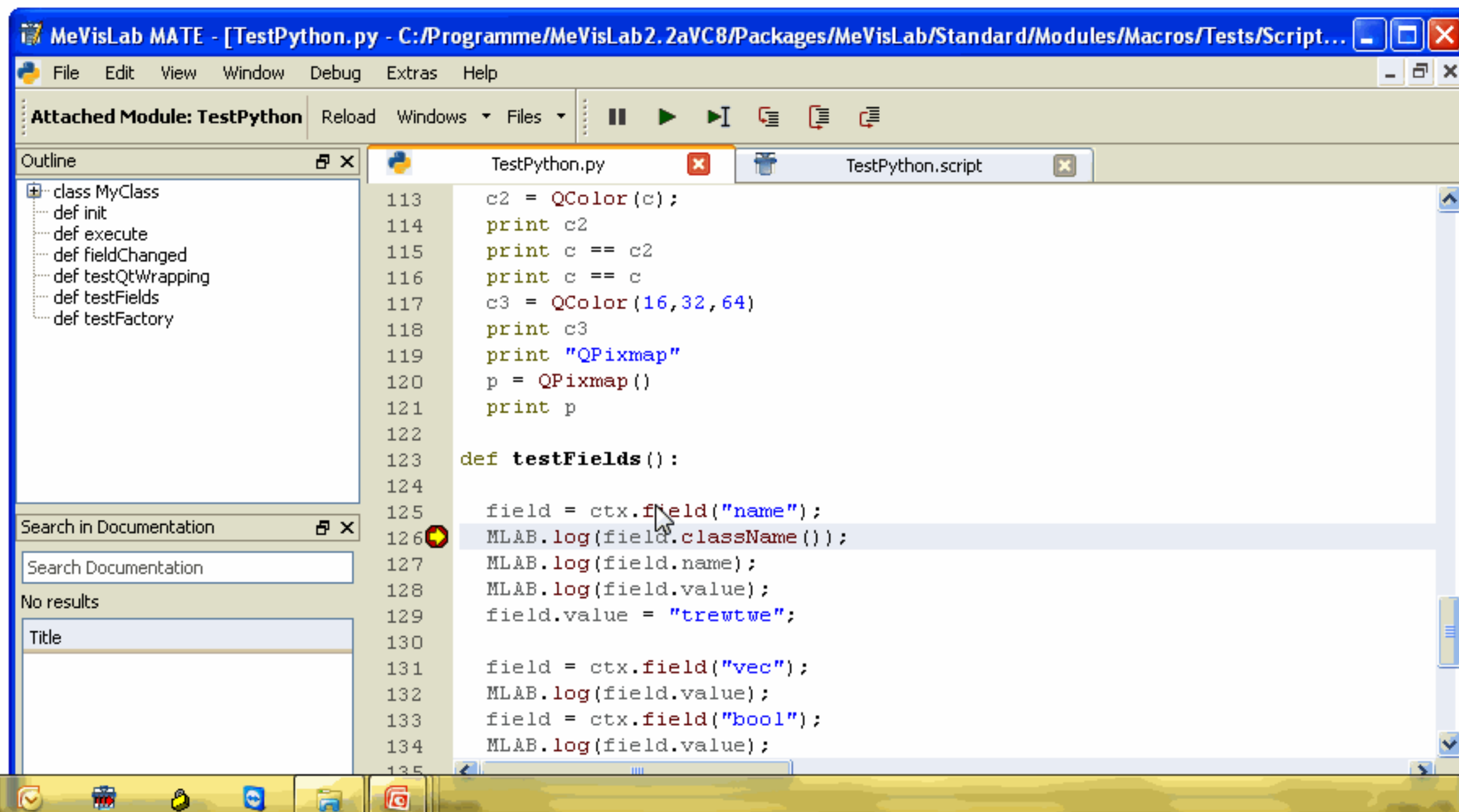
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1.2. Integrated Python Debugger

- MATE now contains a GUI front-end for MeVisLab's integrated Python debugger.
- The debugger supports:
 - Breakpoints in Python code and on exceptions
 - Conditional breakpoints
 - Introspection of the stack frames including all local variables
 - Breaking into running Python code
- Tedious setup of external debugger is no longer needed.

Figure 1.1. Python Debugger



1.4. Profiling Improvements

- Profiling now supports function profiling and offers a call graph view.
- The call graph now includes: FieldListeners, MDL commands, Python calls and MeVisLab API/Qt calls.
- Function details view shows calling and called functions overview.

Figure 1.3. Profiling Call Graph

Function	Type	Elap	Elap	Self
render.subVolumeStartX	Field Notification	1.6...	82...	21...
render.subVolumeStartY	Field Notification	1.6...	82...	21...
render.subVolumeStartZ	Field Notification	1.6...	82...	21...
View3D.script(282).FieldListener.command	MDL Command	1.4...	1.4...	19...
triggerViewAll	Python Function	1.2...	1.2...	92...
MLABBoolField.getProperty(value)	Python Qt Function	6.5...	6.5...	6.5...
MLABMacroModule.field(QString)	Python Qt Function	30....	10....	30....
MLABTriggerField.touch()	Python Qt Function	28...	14...	27...
clip.resetSurround	Field Notification	0.1	0.1	0.1

Figure 1.4. Profiling Function Details

testQtWrapping

Python Function

Elapsed Time: 182.3640 ms
 Self Time: 173.1543 ms
 Time in Children: 9.2098 ms
 Calls: 1

Called By	Elapsed Time	Elapsed Time	Callee	Elapsed Time	Elapsed Time	Self Time	Self Time Per
MDL TestPyth...	182.3640 ms	182.3640 m	MLABM...	45.7123 μs	11.4281 μs	45.7123 μs	11.4281 μs
			QRect.se...	2.9256 μs	2.9256 μs	2.9256 μs	2.9256 μs
			QRect.se...	6.9482 μs	3.4741 μs	6.9482 μs	3.4741 μs
			QRect.n...	6.9483 μs	6.9483 μs	6.9483 μs	6.9483 μs
			MLABW...	4.6484 ms	4.6484 ms	4.6484 ms	4.6484 ms
			QSize._...	6.9482 μs	3.4741 μs	6.9482 μs	3.4741 μs
			QSize.se...	2.9256 μs	2.9256 μs	2.9256 μs	2.9256 μs

1.1. Open Inventor Renovation and New Modules

- Renovated the Open Inventor core by using vertex arrays and VBO to enhance efficiency of renderings.
- Added new class `SoIndexedTriangleSet` to further enhance speed.
- Added modules to render screen space ambient occlusion, and cascaded shadow mapping and soft-shadows (PCSS).
 - `SoScreenSpaceAmbientOcclusion`
 - `SoShadowMapping`
- Added `SoRenderSurfaceIntersection` to render 3D surface intersections on 2D slices.
 - `SoRenderSurfaceIntersection`
- Added `SoFixedFunctionShader` to extent the fixed function Open GL pipeline with user shaders.
 - `SoFixedFunctionShader`
- Supporting MSAA (multisample anti-aliasing) in `SoExaminerViewer`, `SoFramebufferSampler2D`, and `OffscreenRenderer`.
- Module `SoDiagram2D` replaces `Diagram2D` and offers extension modules for rendering curves.
 - `SoDiagram2D`

Figure 1.1. Open Inventor scene without any SSAO or shadow mapping.

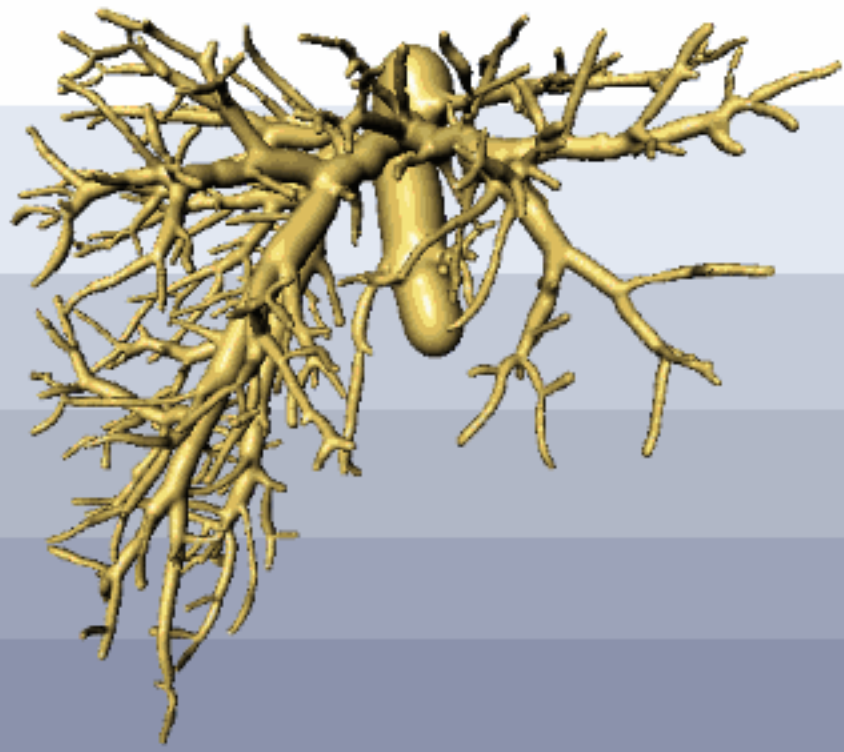


Figure 1.2. Open Inventor scene with screen space ambient occlusion.

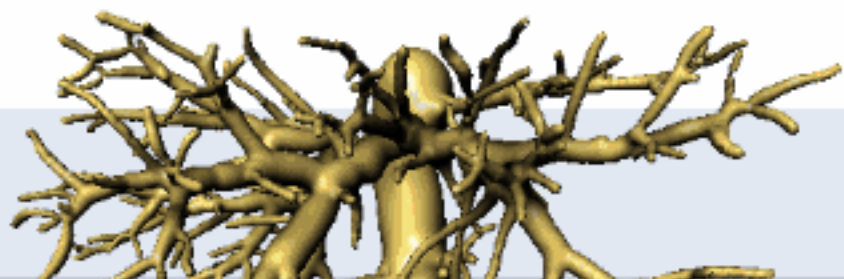


Figure 1.3. Open Inventor scene with soft shadows.



Figure 1.4. Open Inventor scene with SSAO and soft shadows.



Figure 1.5. Polygonal surfaces cut and filled on a 2D viewer.

1.2. New GVR Modules

- Added module for local ambient occlusion (LAO) and deep shadow map rendering.
 - GVRAmbientOcclusion
 - GVRDeepShadowMapping

Figure 1.6. GVR rendering without any LAO or shadows.

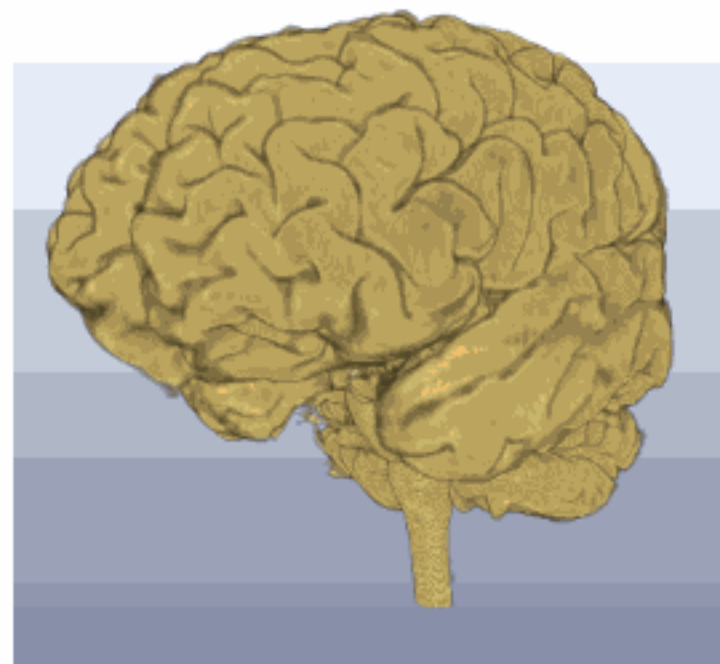


Figure 1.7. GVR rendering with local ambient occlusion.

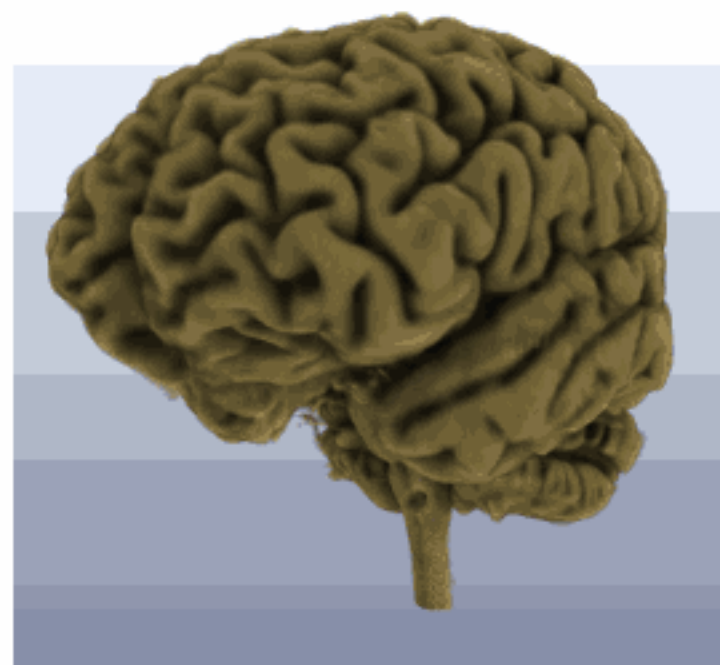


Figure 1.7. GVR rendering with local ambient occlusion.

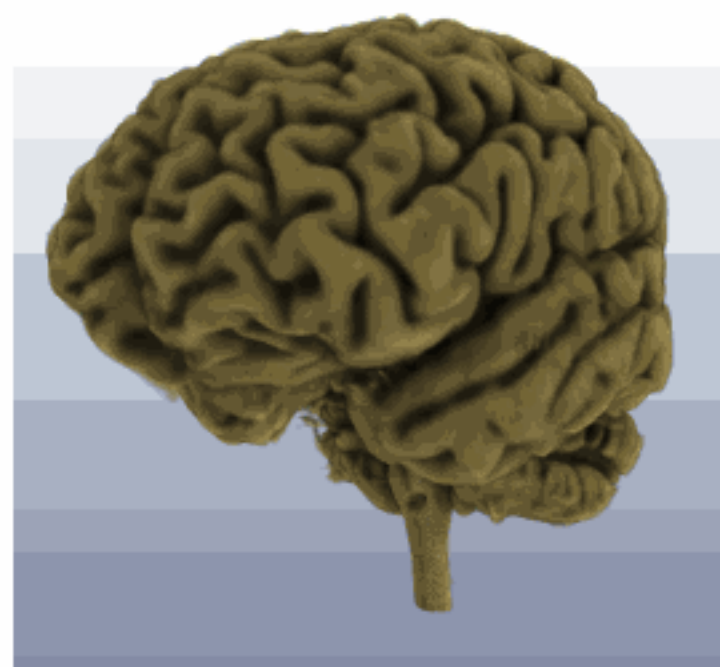
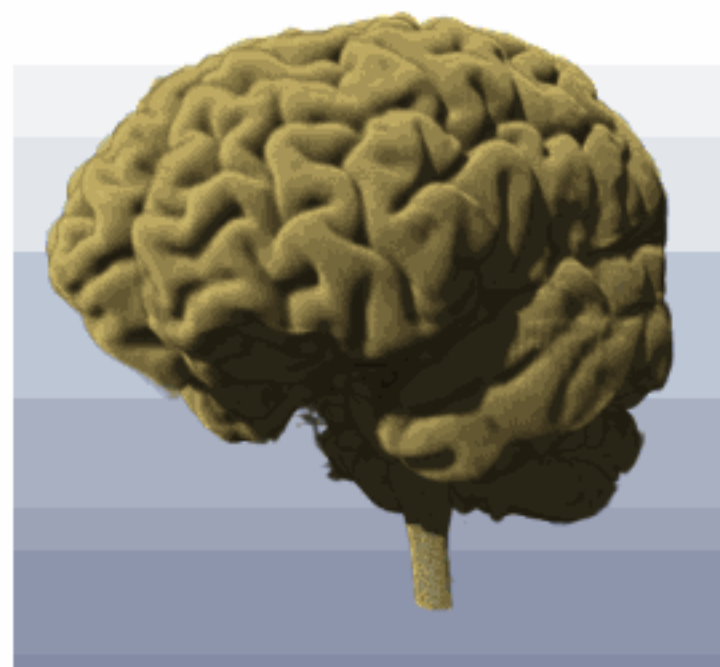


Figure 1.8. GVR rendering with deep shadow mapping.



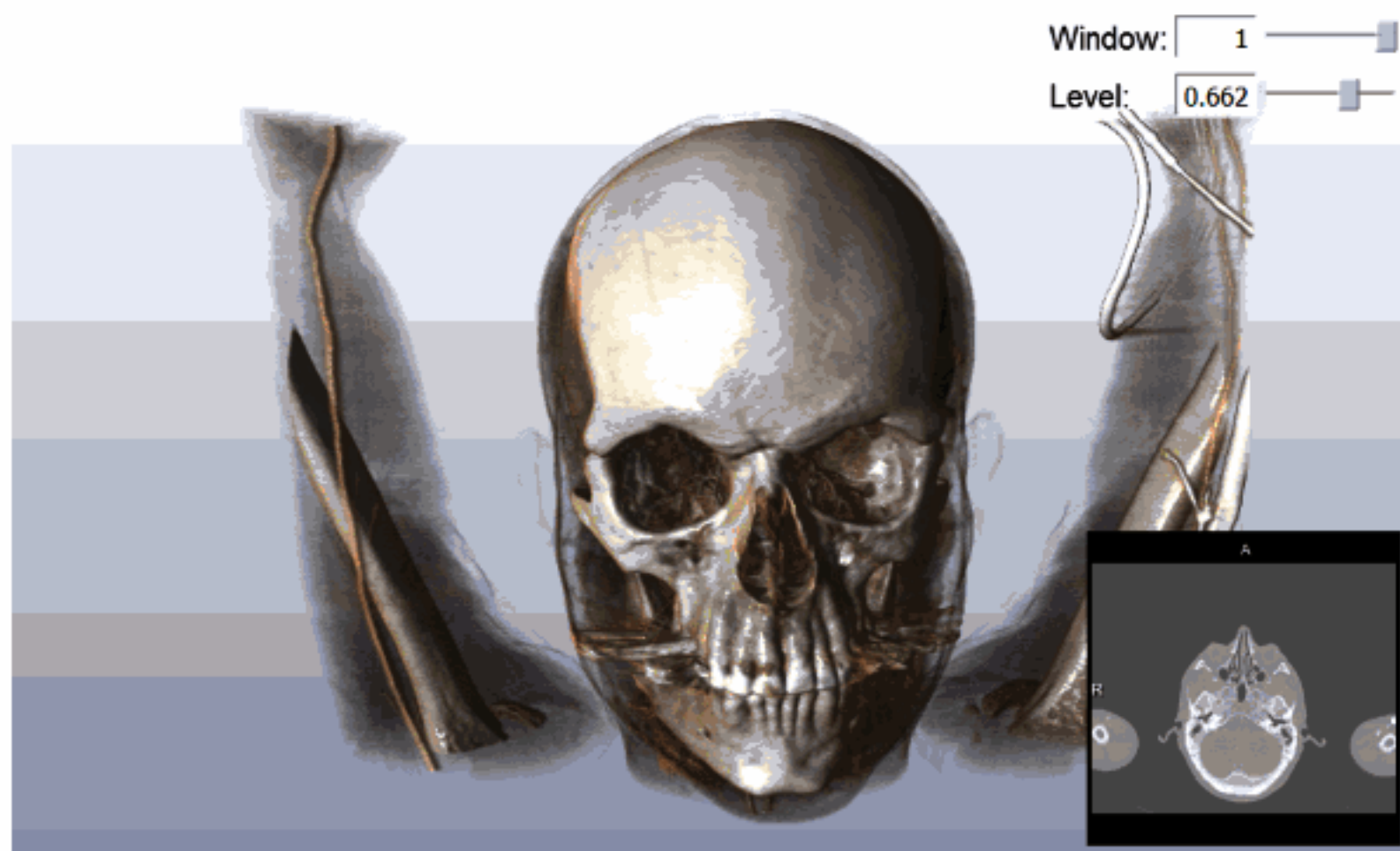
1.5. MDL Control GraphicsView

Chapter 1. What's New in MeVisLab 2.3?

1.5. MDL Control GraphicsView

- The QGraphicsView is now available as an MDL control to mix Open GL renderings with MDL controls.
The GraphicsView features:
 - Supports arbitrary item layout, layering, and animations.
 - Fully scriptable via Python.
 - It offers support for:
 - Inventor render areas,
 - MDL panels,
 - Line, Pixmap, Polygon, Rect, Ellipse items,
 - WebKit WebView, and
 - HotAreas with transitions.
 - Have a look at the macro module GraphicsViewPresentation that is itself implemented using a GraphicsView.

Figure 1.11. Viewer implemented with GraphicsView showing a GVR rendering with an MDL control and a 2D viewer overlayed.



The GraphicsView

New user interface possibilities

Florian Link

MeVis Medical Solutions AG





Introduction

- **GraphicsView** is a new MDL control
- It is scriptable via Python
- Items can be:
 - layouted arbitrarily
 - overlayed with transparent background and alpha
 - animated

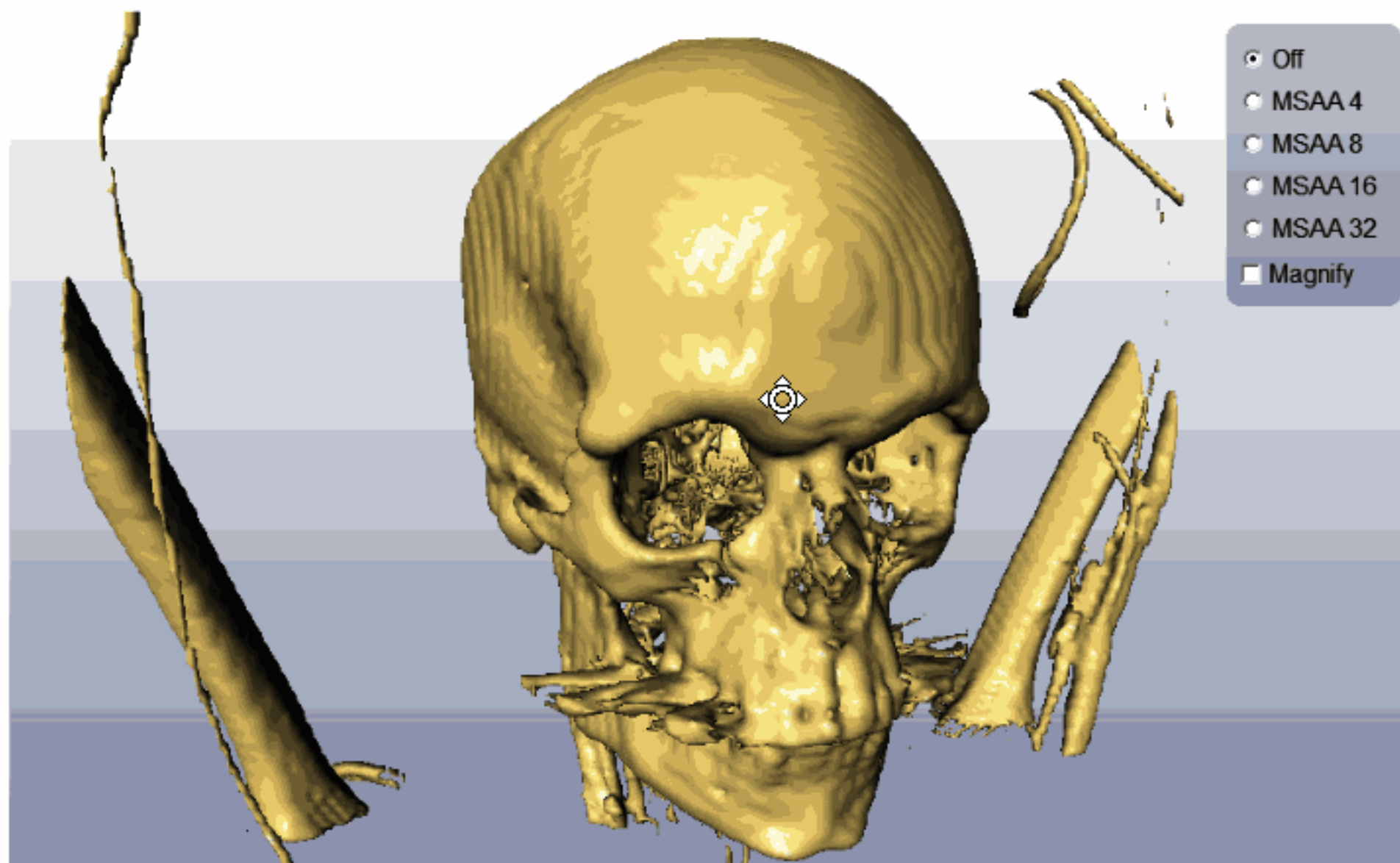


Available Items

- Offered items:
 - Graphics items (Lines, Pixmaps, RichText, ...)
 - Inventor Render Areas
 - MDL Panels
 - WebKit HTML
 - Vertical, Horizontal, Grid and Anchor layouts
 - HotArea layout with HotAreas
 - Frame with gradient or box image
 - MouseArea for interaction

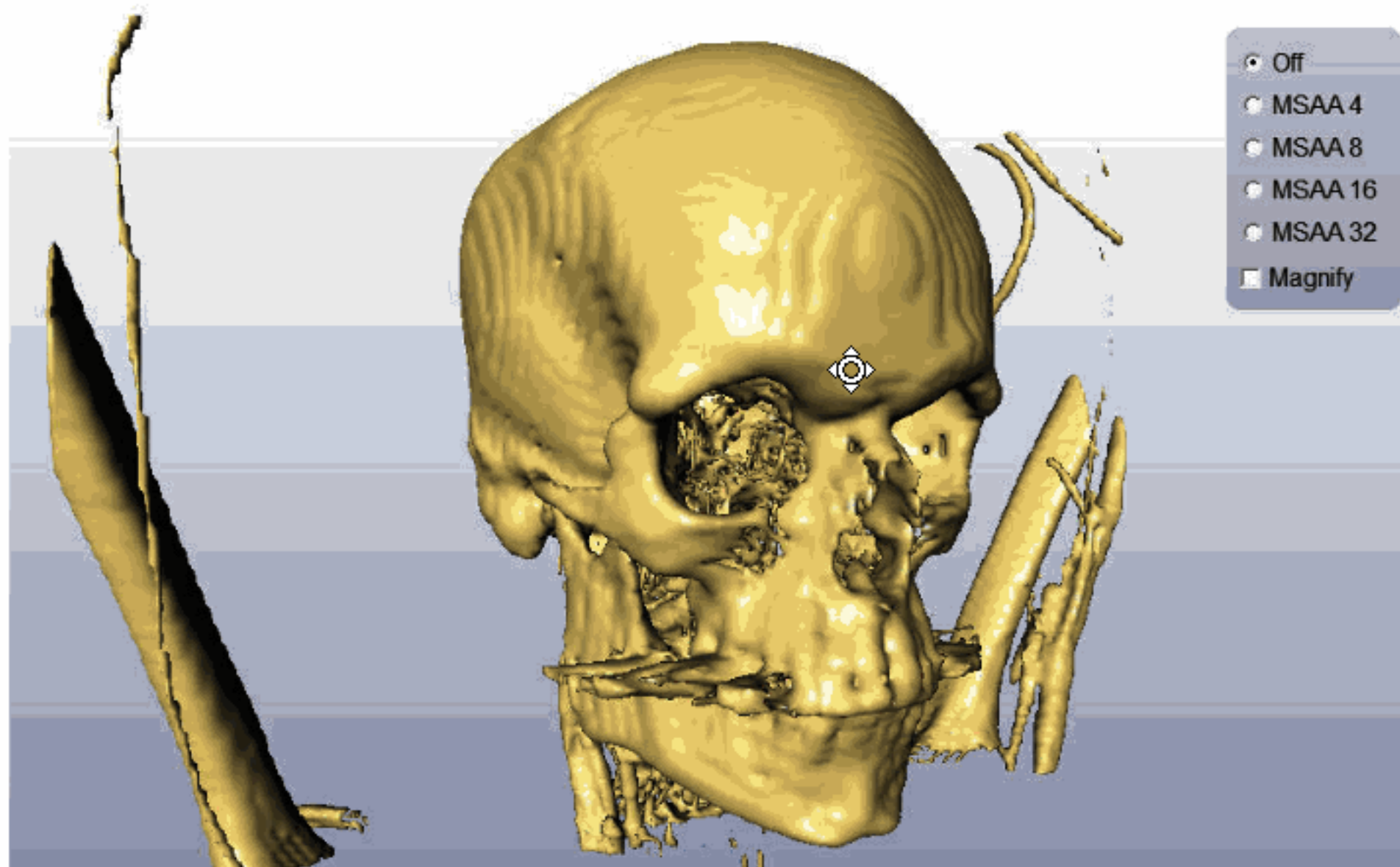


MSAA Example



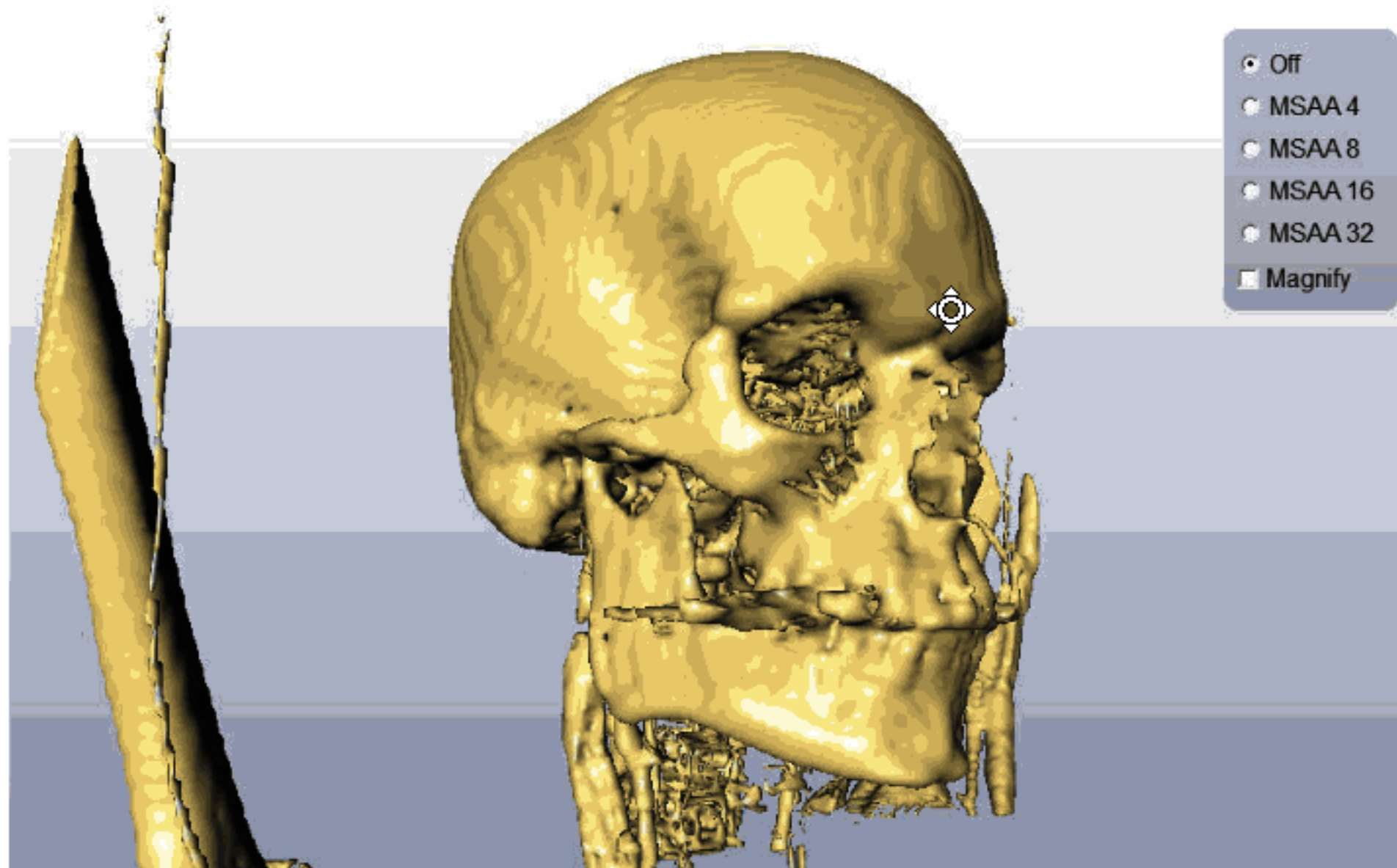


MSAA Example



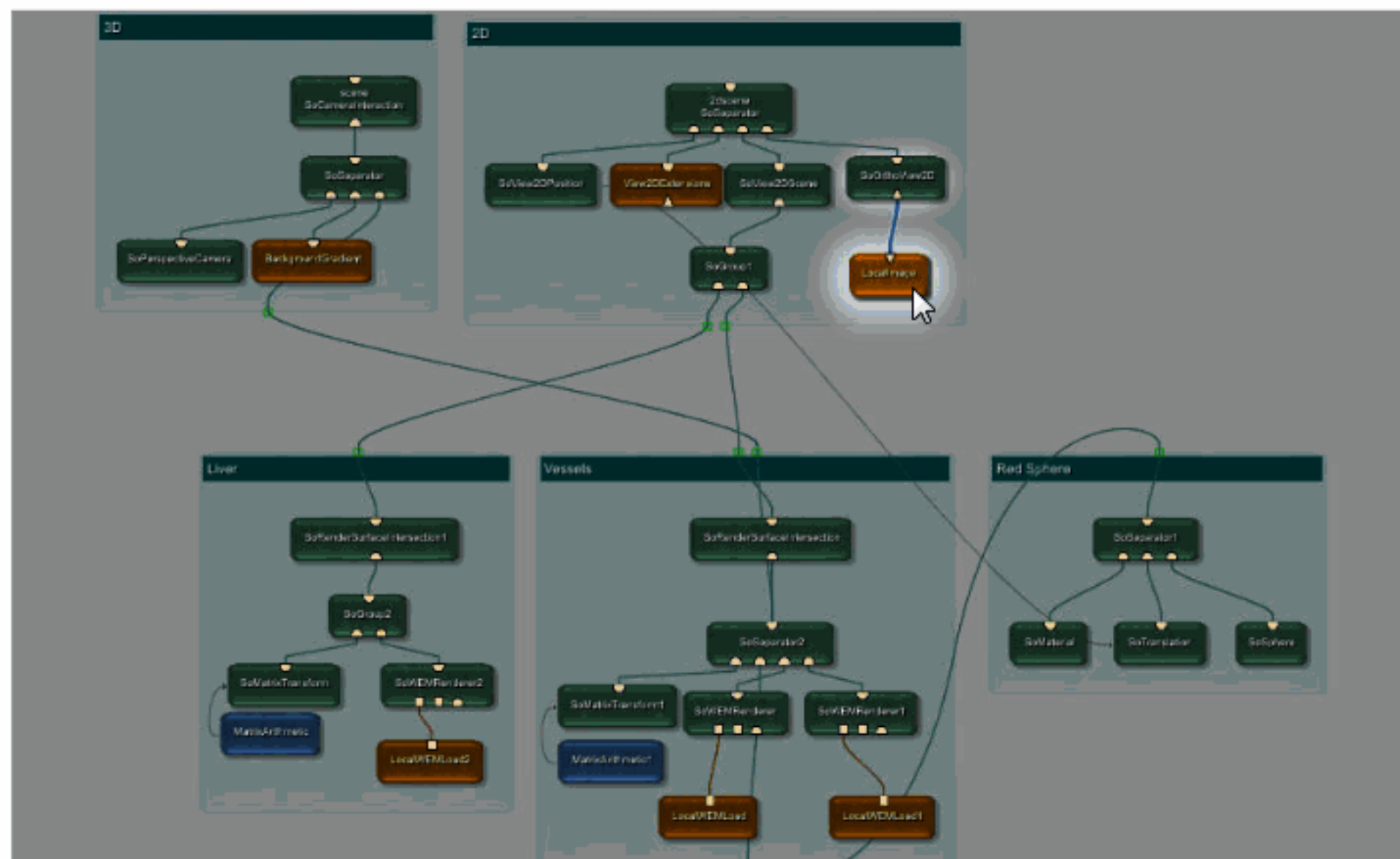


MSAA Example



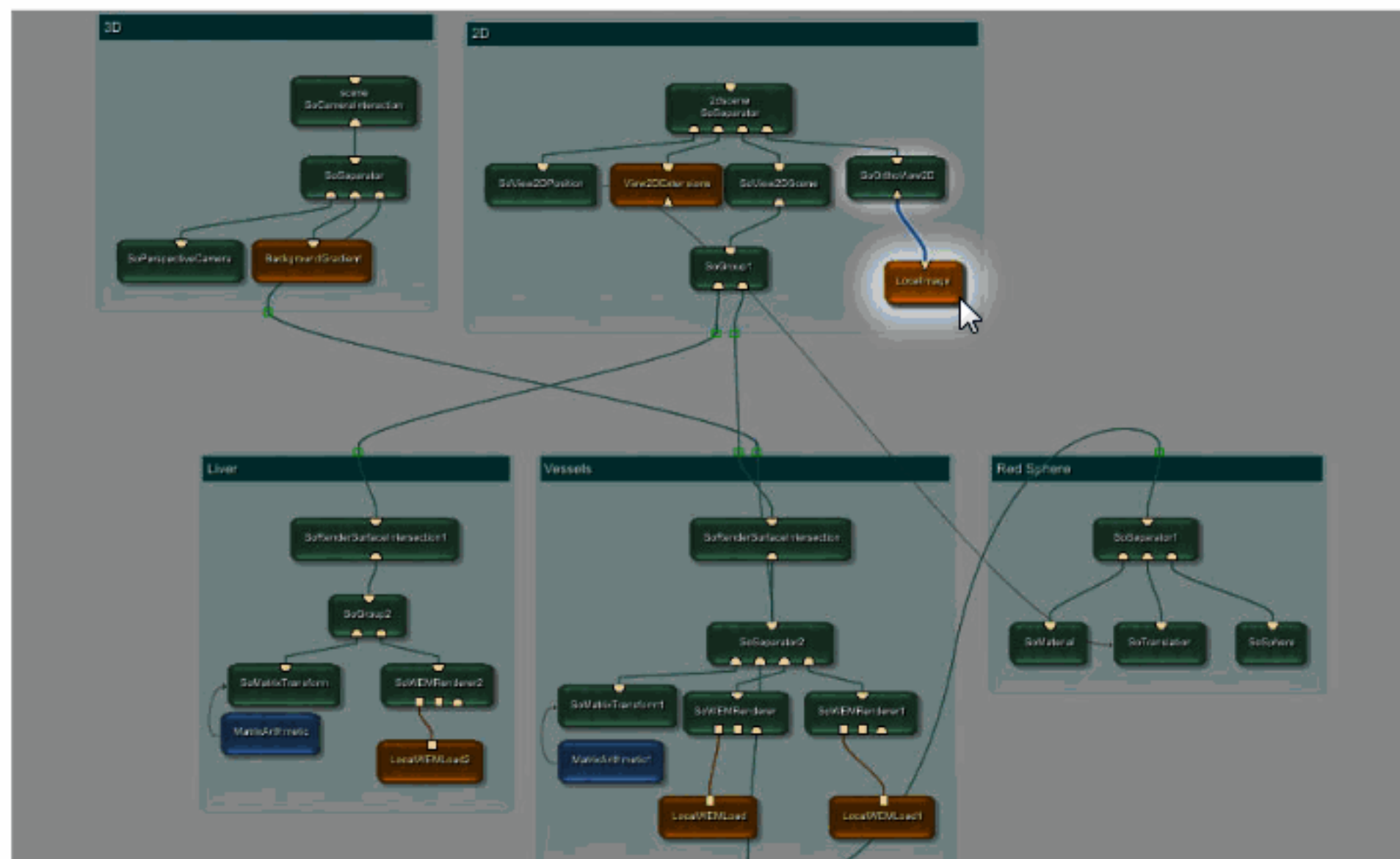


Surface Intersection



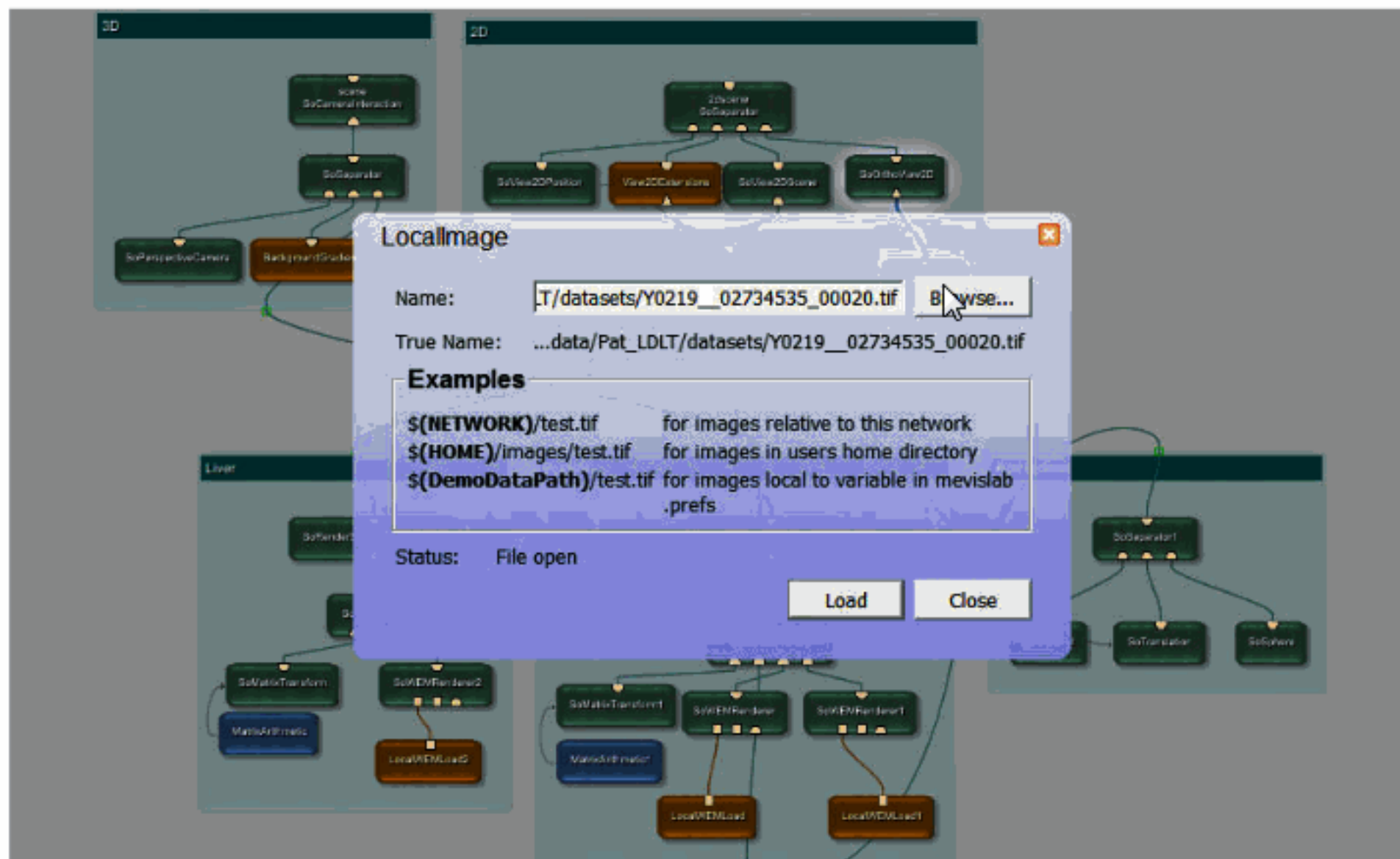


Surface Intersection





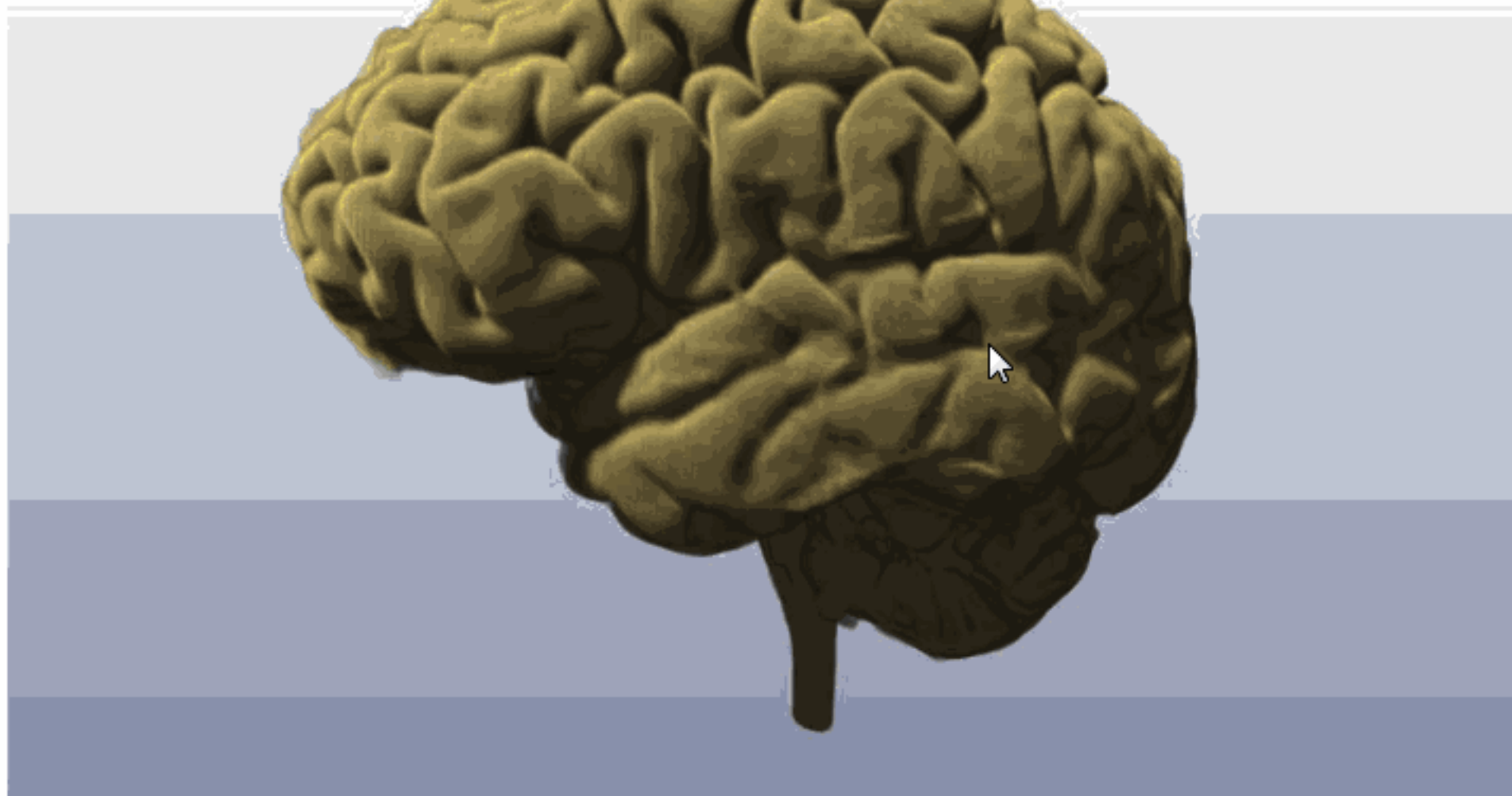
Surface Intersection





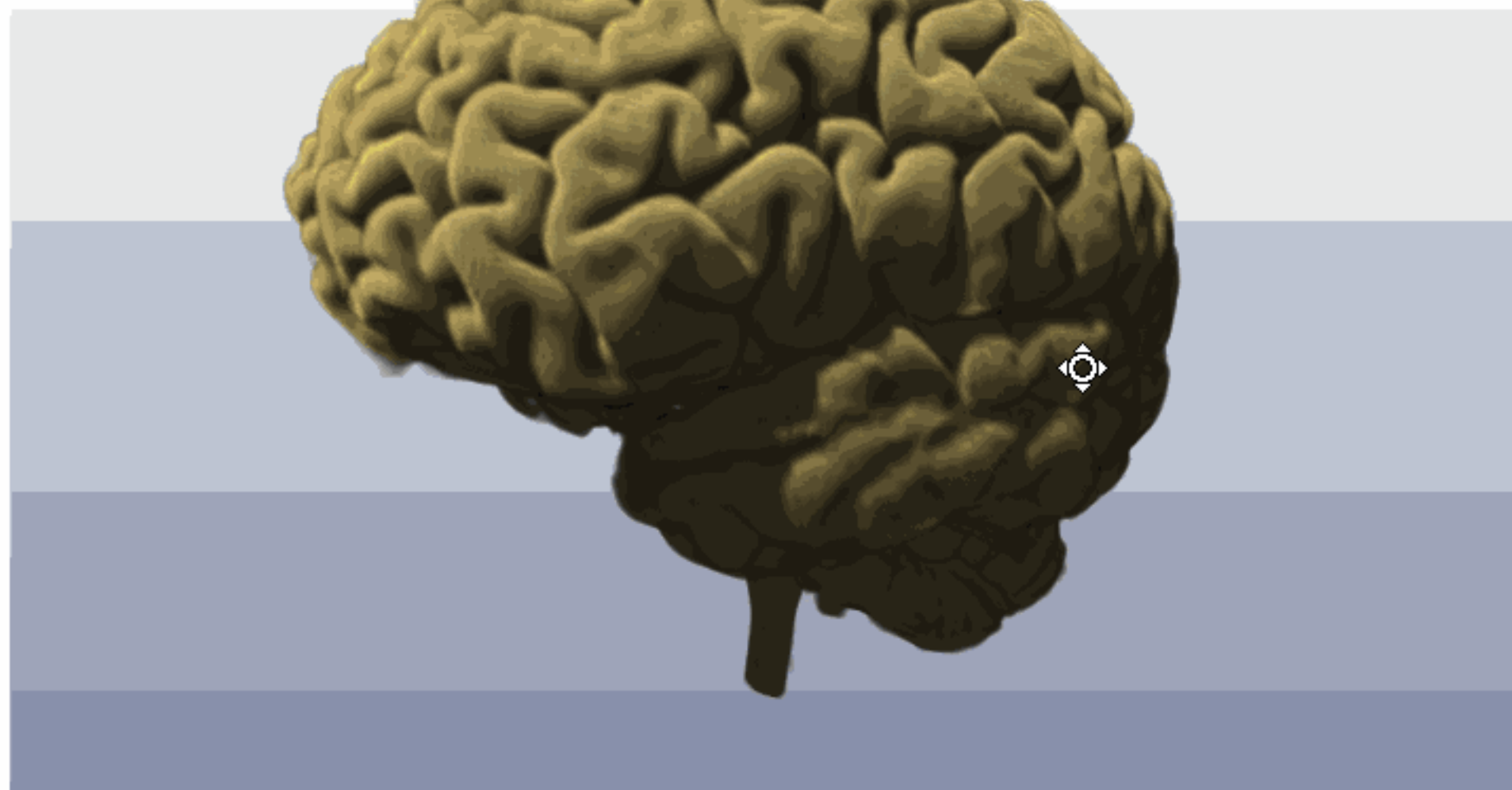
Deep Shadow Mapping

☒ Enabled



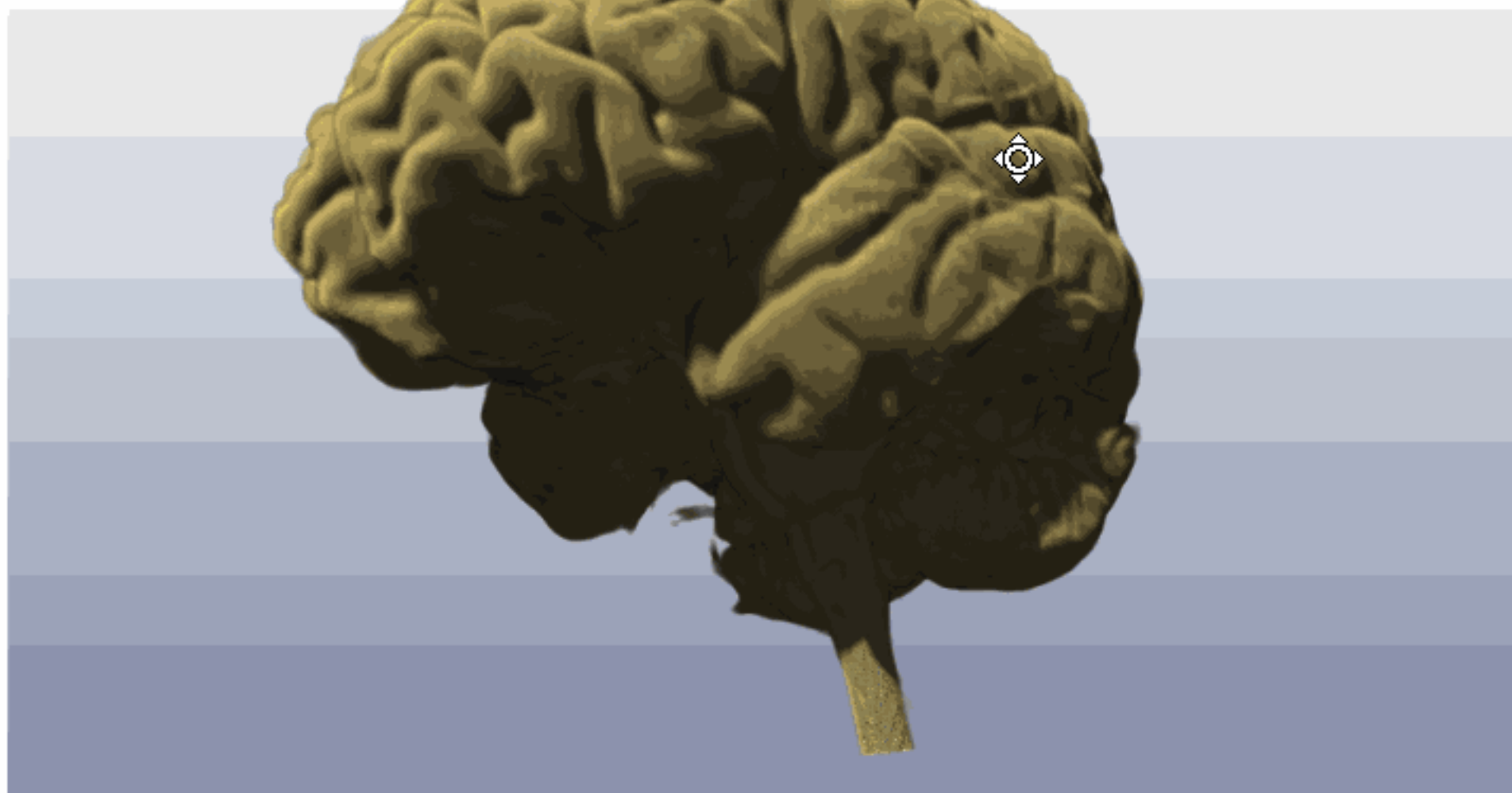


Deep Shadow Mapping

☒ Enabled



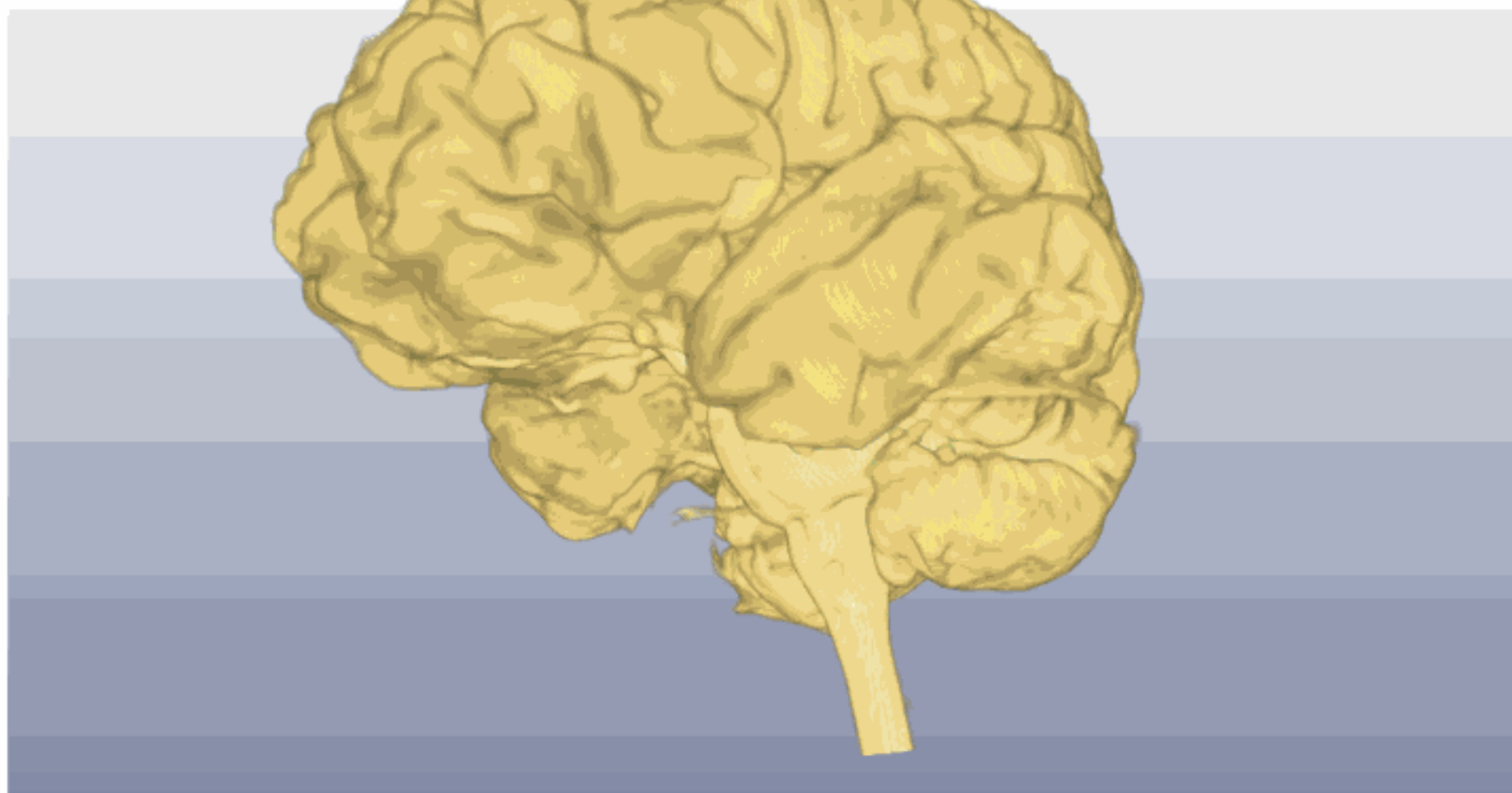
Deep Shadow Mapping

☒ Enabled



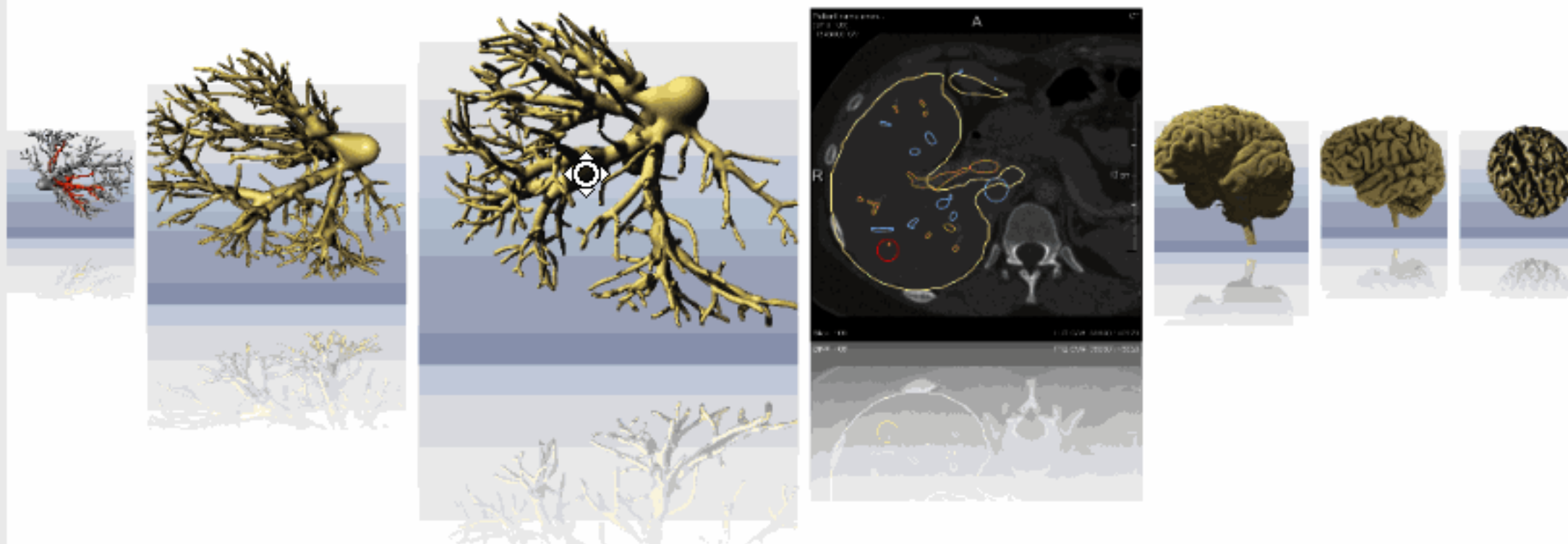
Deep Shadow Mapping

☒ Enabled



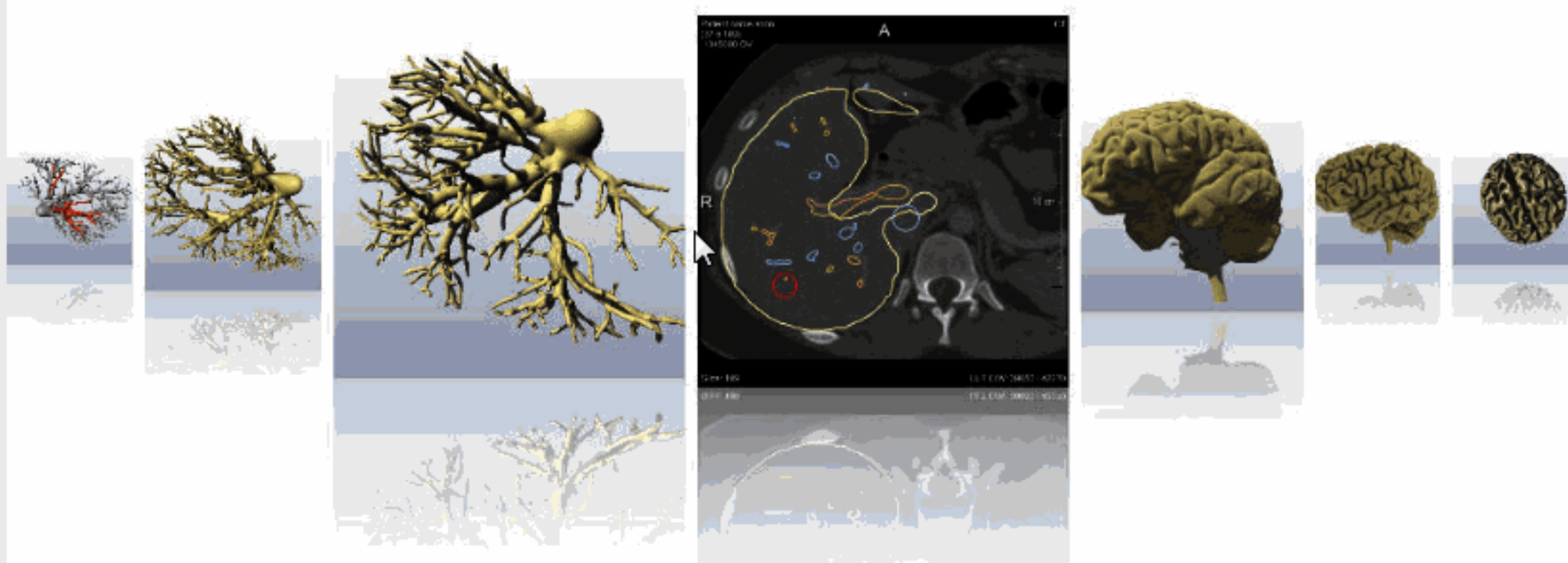


Thanks!



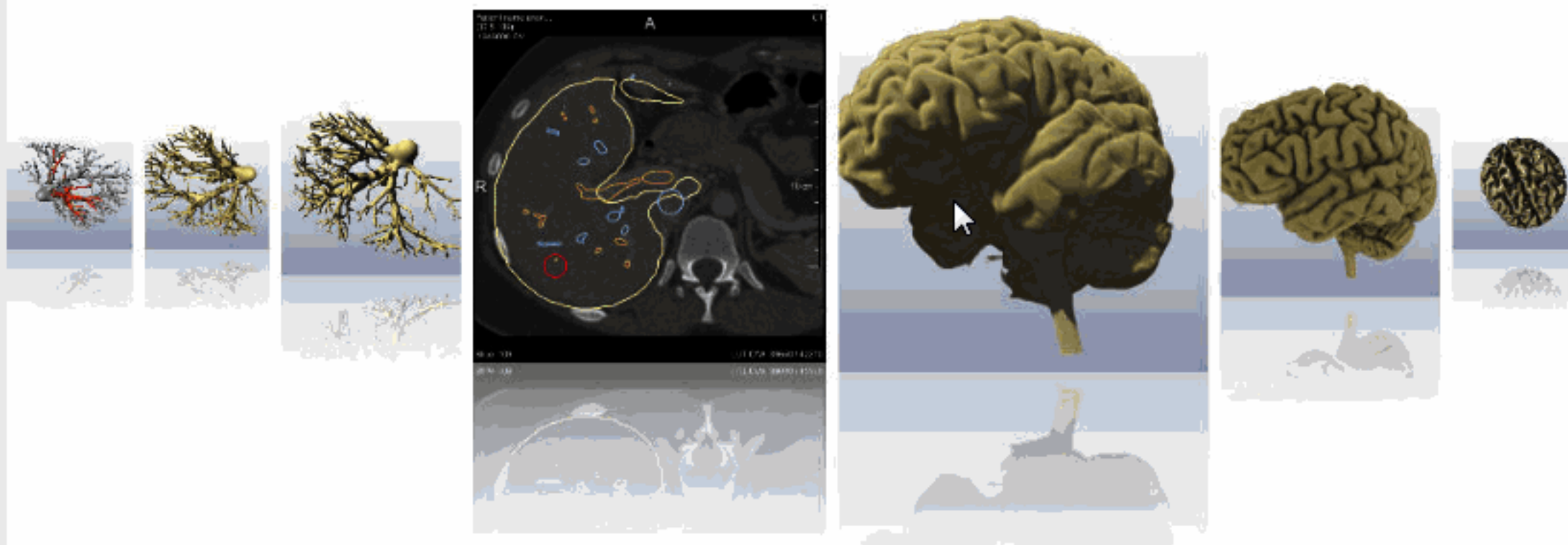


Thanks!



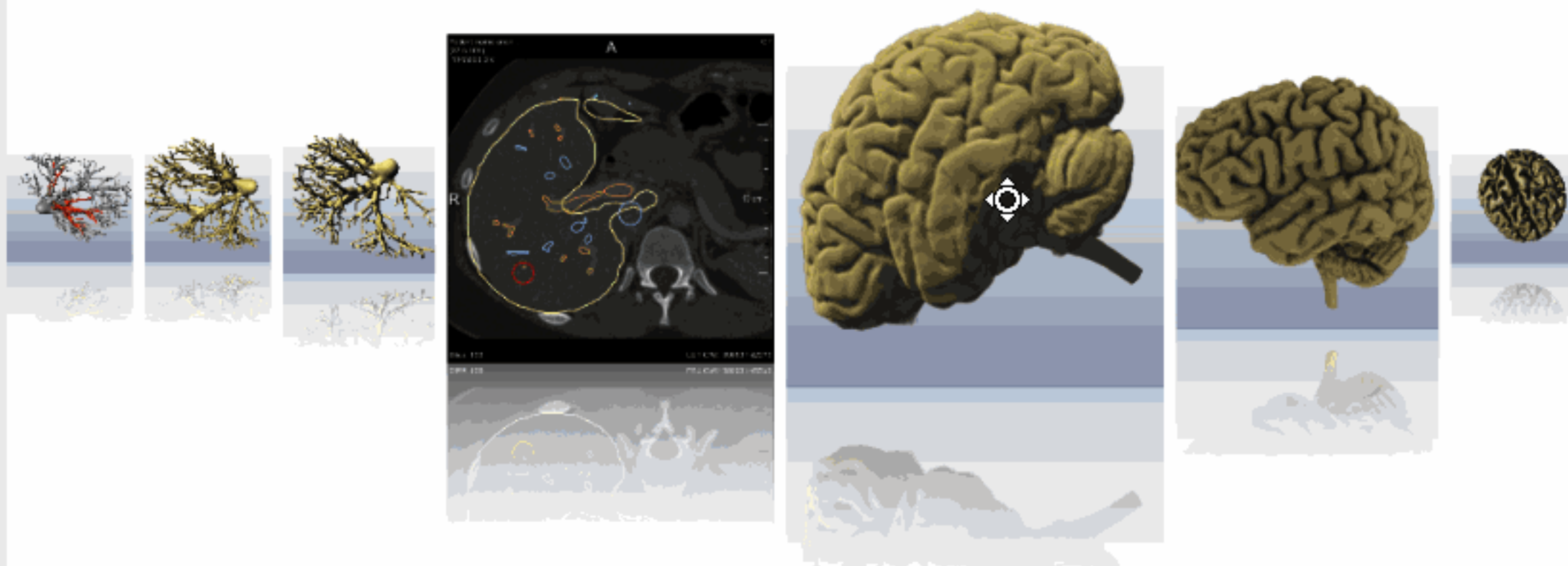


Thanks!



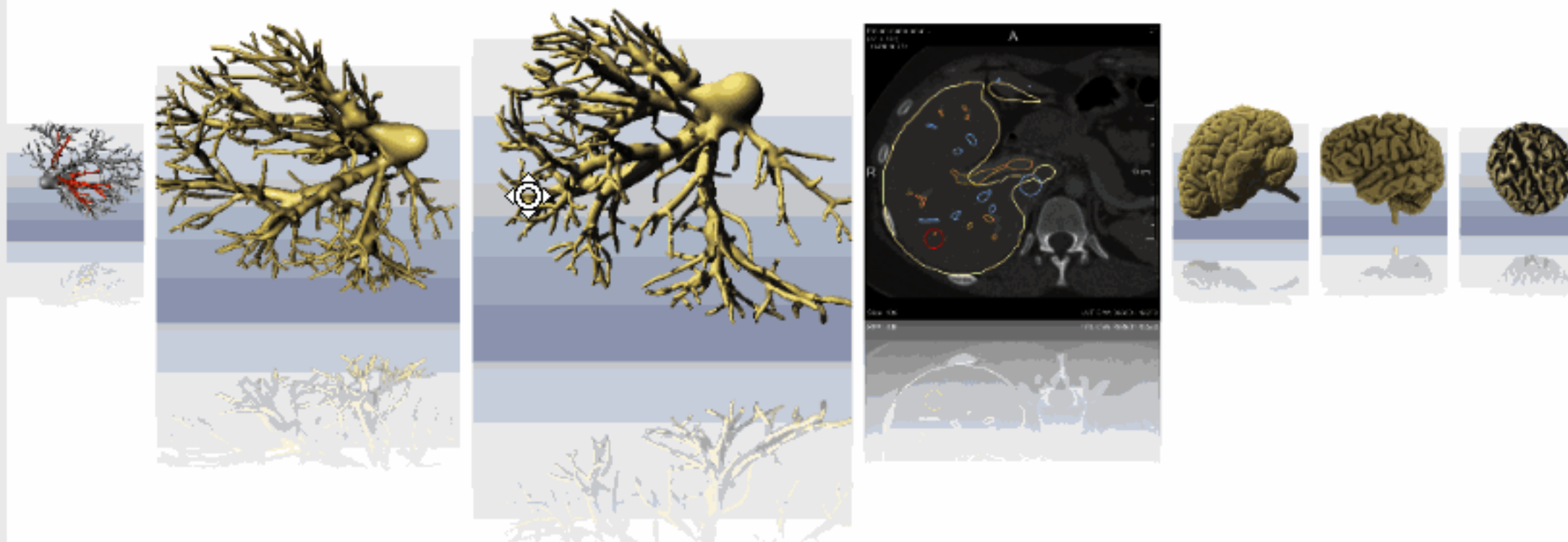


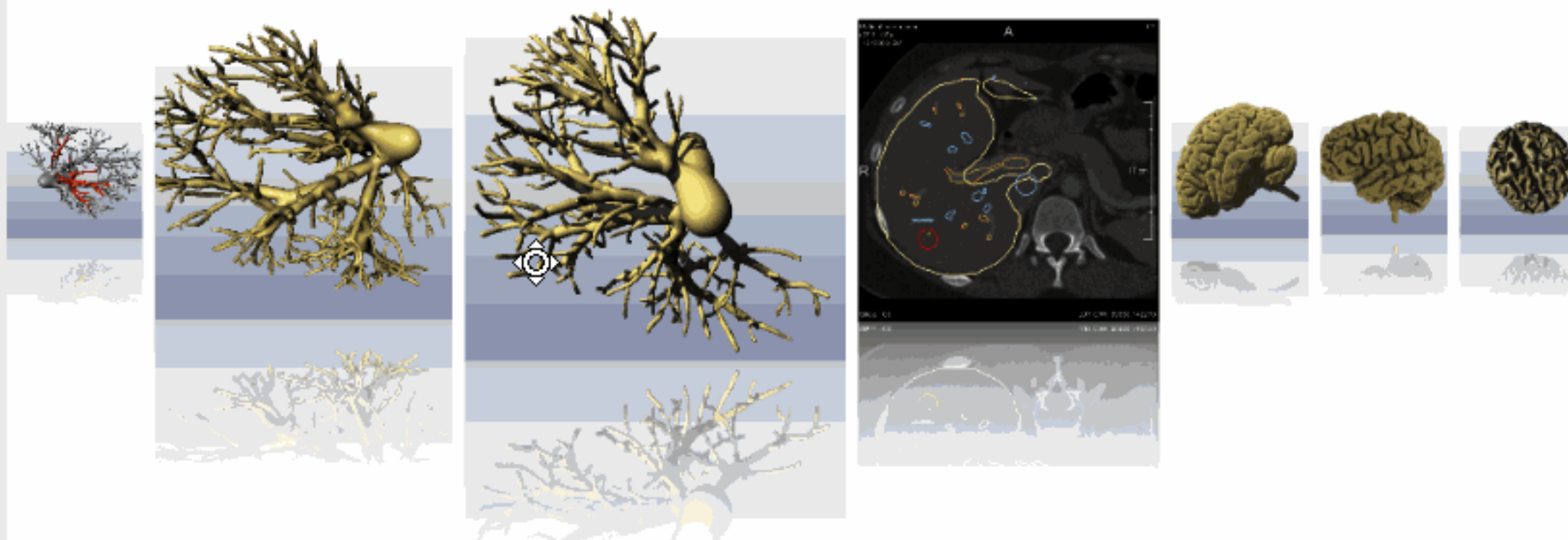
Thanks!





Thanks!





1.7. Contributions by Fraunhofer MEVIS

Chapter 1. What's New in MeVisLab 2.3?

1.7. Contributions by Fraunhofer MEVIS

- Added the registration module MERIT.

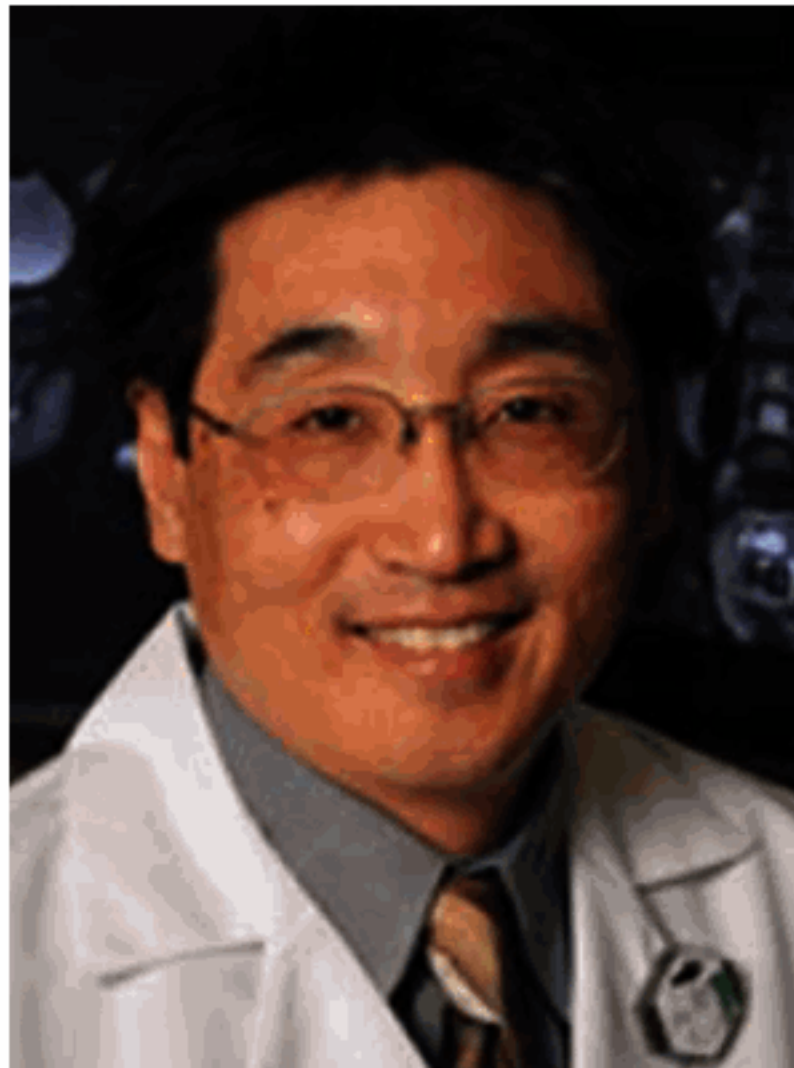
The MERIT (MeVis Image Registration Toolkit) module is a software framework for image registration. It is particularly aimed at the rapid prototyping of registration methods often required in everyday work with MeVisLab. Among its core features are:

- 2-D/3-D affine-linear image transformations (translation, rigid, similarity, rigid+scale, affine) with customizable component orders.
- Newton-type optimization (and approximation thereof) with line-searching (linear or Armijo's rule).
- Multi-resolution image pyramids with custom downsampling, stop levels, and number of levels.
- Inherent pre-registration initialization schemes (e.g., initial matching of centers of gravity).
- Five common image similarity measures (SSD, NCC, NMI, LCC, NGF).
- Nearest neighbor, cubic, Lanczos, and linear image interpolation methods.
- Multi-threading support using OpenMP processor threads.
- Robust convergence criteria, e.g. Gill-Murray-Wright, for a unified convergence behavior of all algorithms.
- Entirely graphical usage through a consistent user interface.
- Error curve output, mask image support, plugin methods, and much more.
- The python-based 2D plotting library Matplotlib (<http://matplotlib.sourceforge.net/>) has been integrated into MeVisLab.
 - Qt4 backend has been ported to PythonQt/MeVisLab.
 - MatplotlibCanvas MDL control allows to embedd plots in MeVisLab UIs.
 - See MatplotlibMDLExample for an example usage.

Figure 1.12. Example graph plotted with matplotlib.

Example graph plotted with matplotlib.

Paul J. Chang, M.D.,
MI12 Plenary Lecture Summary



“Current medical software platforms are incomplete and inefficient.”

San Diego, Feb 2012

COMIC

The image displays a collage of six browser windows showing the 'Grand Challenges in Medical Imaging' website. The windows are arranged in two rows of three. Each window shows a different section of the website, including 'All Challenges', 'Active Challenges', 'Upcoming Challenges', and 'Past Challenges'. The website features various medical imaging challenges, each with a representative image, a title, a website link, and submission information. The challenges are categorized by their status: Upcoming, Active, and Past.

Active Challenges

- MICCAI 2012 Grand Challenge: Website: https://www.grand-challenge.org/index.php/All_Challenges, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 6
- Prostate MR Image Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Prostate-MR-Image-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Latest result: 30
- NIBAD'12: Atrophy challenge to assess brain atrophy: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/NIBAD-12-Atrophy-challenge-to-assess-brain-atrophy/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- RV Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/RV-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Latest result: 30
- MICCAI 2012 DTI Challenge: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/MICCAI-2012-DTI-Challenge/>, Event: MICCAI, Latest result: 30
- Multimodal Brain Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Multimodal-Brain-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Latest result: 30
- Neonatal Brain Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Neonatal-Brain-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- Coronary Artery Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Coronary-Artery-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- VESSEL Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/VESSEL-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10

Upcoming Challenges

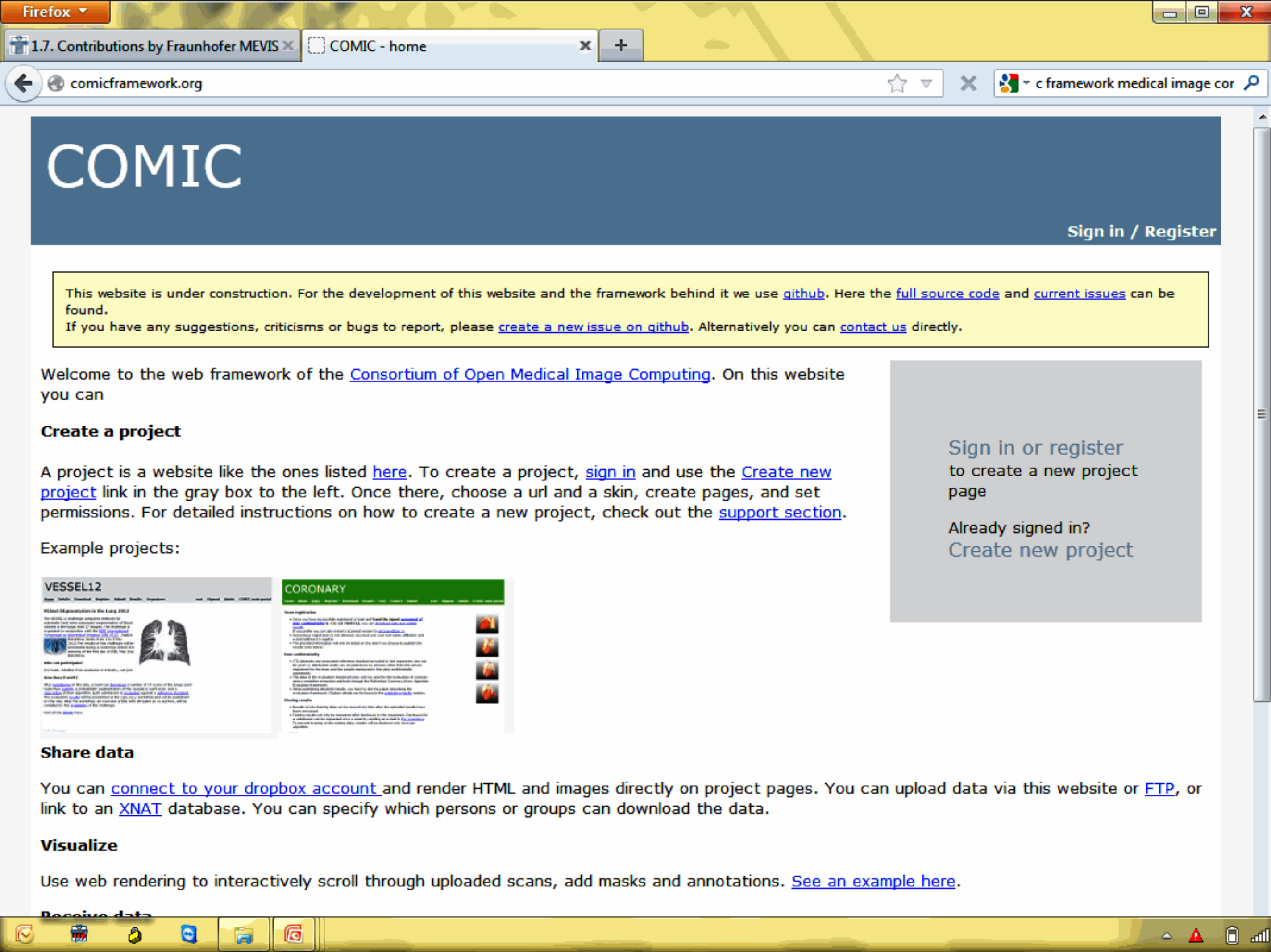
- Cell Tracking Challenge: Website: <http://www.codesolorzano.com/celltrackingchallenge/>, Event: ISBI, April 11, 2013
- Localization Microscopy Challenge: Website: <http://bigwww.epfl.ch/slm/challenge/>, Event: ISBI, April 11, 2013
- Automated Segmentation of Prostate Structure: Website: <http://cancerimagingarchive.net/>, Event: ISBI, April 11, 2013
- 3D Segmentation of Neurites in EM Images: Event: ISBI, April 11, 2013
- Computer Aided Detection of Pulmonary Embolism: Website: <http://www.cad-pe.org/>, Event: ISBI, April 11, 2013

Past Challenges

- Cardiac Deformation Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Cardiac-Deformation-Segmentation/>, Event: ISBI, Number of submissions: 10
- The Carotid Artery Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/The-Carotid-Artery-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- Segmentation of the Parotid Glands: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Segmentation-of-the-Parotid-Glands/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- MS Lesion Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/MS-Lesion-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- EXACT09: Exact Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/EXACT09-Exact-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- ANODE09: Anode Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/ANODE09-Anode-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- Rotterdam Cardiac Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Rotterdam-Cardiac-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- SLIVER07: Sliver Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/SLIVER07-Sliver-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- High angular Cardiac Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/High-angular-Cardiac-Segmentation/>, Event: ISBI, Number of submissions: 10
- Mitosis Detection (dataset): Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Mitosis-Detection-dataset/>, Event: ICP, Number of submissions: 10
- Segmentation of the Parotid Glands: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Segmentation-of-the-Parotid-Glands/>, Event: ISBI, Number of submissions: 10
- Particle tracking: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Particle-tracking/>, Event: ISBI, Number of submissions: 10
- Challenge of ultrasound: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/Challenge-of-ultrasound/>, Event: ISBI, Number of submissions: 10

Other Challenges

- STACOM 2011 - Motion Tracking: Website: <http://cilab2.upf.edu/stacom/>, Event: MICCAI 2011
- STACOM 2011 - EP Simulation: Website: <http://cilab2.upf.edu/stacom/>, Event: MICCAI 2011
- The STACOM 2011 - 4D LV Segmentation: Website: <http://www.cardiacatlas.org/>, Event: MICCAI 2011
- DTI Tractography Challenge: Website: http://www.na-mic.org/Wiki/index.php/Event:MICCAI_2011, Event: MICCAI 2011, Number of submissions: 9
- VOLCANO'09: Vessel Segmentation: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/VOLCANO-09-Vessel-Segmentation/>, Event: MICCAI, Number of submissions: 10
- ROC: Retinopathy: Website: <http://www.grand-challenge.org/ROC-Retinopathy/>, Event: SPIE, Number of submissions: 10
- Head & Neck Auto-segmentation Challenge 2009: Website: <http://www.insight-journal.org/browse/journal/>, Event: MICCAI 2009, Number of submissions: 4
- Cardiac MR Left Ventricle Segmentation: Website: <http://smial.sri.utoronto.ca/>, Event: MICCAI 2009, Number of submissions: 9
- 2009 Prostate Segmentation: Website: <http://wiki.na-mic.org/Wiki/index.php/2009>, Event: MICCAI 2009, Number of submissions: 23, Latest



Perspectives

- Quantification and Characterization of Change Over Time
- Automated Analysis of Digital Pathology
- Interactive Multimodal CAD
- Combined Phenotyping and Decision Support
- Optimized Contrast-Agent Less MRI Protocols
- Knowledge Prototyping (today: tool development)
- Cloud Based Applications, iPad etc.